

LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA  
ONE HUNDRED FOURTH LEGISLATURE  
FIRST SESSION

**LEGISLATIVE BILL 390**

FINAL READING

Introduced by Crawford, 45; Bloomfield, 17; Chambers, 11; Coash, 27;  
Davis, 43; Garrett, 3; Howard, 9; Pansing Brooks, 28;  
Scheer, 19; Watermeier, 1.

Read first time January 16, 2015

Committee: Judiciary

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to controlled substances; to amend sections  
2 28-101, 28-401, 28-401.01, 28-405, and 71-7611, Revised Statutes  
3 Cumulative Supplement, 2014; to provide for the medical use of  
4 cannabidiol as prescribed; to create the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot  
5 Study; to provide powers and duties for the Department of Health and  
6 Human Services and the University of Nebraska Medical Center; to  
7 define and redefine terms; to change schedules of controlled  
8 substances under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act; to provide  
9 for use of naxolone; to provide immunity from certain punitive  
10 actions as prescribed; to change provisions relating to the Nebraska  
11 Health Care Cash Fund; to harmonize provisions; to provide a  
12 termination date; to repeal the original sections; and to declare an  
13 emergency.  
14 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 28-101, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
2 2014, is amended to read:

3 28-101 Sections 28-101 to 28-1357, 28-1418.01, and 28-1429.03 and  
4 sections 5 to 11 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the  
5 Nebraska Criminal Code.

6 Sec. 2. Section 28-401, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
7 2014, is amended to read:

8 28-401 As used in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, unless the  
9 context otherwise requires:

10 (1) Administer means to directly apply a controlled substance by  
11 injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means to the body of a  
12 patient or research subject;

13 (2) Agent means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the  
14 direction of another person but does not include a common or contract  
15 carrier, public warehouse keeper, or employee of a carrier or warehouse  
16 keeper;

17 (3) Administration means the Drug Enforcement Administration of the  
18 United States Department of Justice;

19 (4) Controlled substance means a drug, biological, substance, or  
20 immediate precursor in Schedules I to V of section 28-405. Controlled  
21 substance does not include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages,  
22 tobacco, or any nonnarcotic substance if such substance may, under the  
23 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 301 et seq., as such act  
24 existed on January 1, 2014, and the law of this state, be lawfully sold  
25 over the counter without a prescription;

26 (5) Counterfeit substance means a controlled substance which, or the  
27 container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears the  
28 trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number, or  
29 device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or  
30 dispenser other than the person or persons who in fact manufactured,  
31 distributed, or dispensed such substance and which thereby falsely

1 purports or is represented to be the product of, or to have been  
2 distributed by, such other manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser;

3 (6) Department means the Department of Health and Human Services;

4 (7) Division of Drug Control means the personnel of the Nebraska  
5 State Patrol who are assigned to enforce the Uniform Controlled  
6 Substances Act;

7 (8) Dispense means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate  
8 user or a research subject pursuant to a medical order issued by a  
9 practitioner authorized to prescribe, including the packaging, labeling,  
10 or compounding necessary to prepare the controlled substance for such  
11 delivery;

12 (9) Distribute means to deliver other than by administering or  
13 dispensing a controlled substance;

14 (10) Prescribe means to issue a medical order;

15 (11) Drug means (a) articles recognized in the official United  
16 States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United  
17 States, official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them,  
18 (b) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,  
19 treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or animals, and (c)  
20 substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in  
21 subdivision (a) or (b) of this subdivision, but does not include devices  
22 or their components, parts, or accessories;

23 (12) Deliver or delivery means the actual, constructive, or  
24 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance,  
25 whether or not there is an agency relationship;

26 (13) Marijuana means all parts of the plant of the genus cannabis,  
27 whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, and every compound,  
28 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant or  
29 its seeds, but does not include the mature stalks of such plant, hashish,  
30 tetrahydrocannabinols extracted or isolated from the plant, fiber  
31 produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant,

1 any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or  
2 preparation of such mature stalks, ~~or~~ the sterilized seed of such plant  
3 which is incapable of germination, or cannabidiol obtained pursuant to  
4 sections 5 to 10 of this act. When the weight of marijuana is referred to  
5 in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, it means its weight at or about  
6 the time it is seized or otherwise comes into the possession of law  
7 enforcement authorities, whether cured or uncured at that time. When  
8 industrial hemp as defined in section 2-5701 is in the possession of a  
9 person as authorized under section 2-5701, it is not considered marijuana  
10 for purposes of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act;

11 (14) Manufacture means the production, preparation, propagation,  
12 conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or  
13 indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin,  
14 independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of  
15 extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or  
16 repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container.  
17 Manufacture does not include the preparation or compounding of a  
18 controlled substance by an individual for his or her own use, except for  
19 the preparation or compounding of components or ingredients used for or  
20 intended to be used for the manufacture of methamphetamine, or the  
21 preparation, compounding, conversion, packaging, or labeling of a  
22 controlled substance: (a) By a practitioner as an incident to his or her  
23 prescribing, administering, or dispensing of a controlled substance in  
24 the course of his or her professional practice; or (b) by a practitioner,  
25 or by his or her authorized agent under his or her supervision, for the  
26 purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical  
27 analysis and not for sale;

28 (15) Narcotic drug means any of the following, whether produced  
29 directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin,  
30 independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of  
31 extraction and chemical synthesis: (a) Opium, opium poppy and poppy

1 straw, coca leaves, and opiates; (b) a compound, manufacture, salt,  
2 derivative, or preparation of opium, coca leaves, or opiates; or (c) a  
3 substance and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation  
4 thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of the  
5 substances referred to in subdivisions (a) and (b) of this subdivision,  
6 except that the words narcotic drug as used in the Uniform Controlled  
7 Substances Act does not include decocainized coca leaves or extracts of  
8 coca leaves, which extracts do not contain cocaine or ecgonine, or  
9 isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

10 (16) Opiate means any substance having an addiction-forming or  
11 addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of  
12 conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-  
13 sustaining liability. Opiate does not include the dextrorotatory isomer  
14 of 3-methoxy-n methylmorphinan and its salts. Opiate includes its racemic  
15 and levorotatory forms;

16 (17) Opium poppy means the plant of the species *Papaver somniferum*  
17 L., except the seeds thereof;

18 (18) Poppy straw means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium  
19 poppy after mowing;

20 (19) Person means any corporation, association, partnership, limited  
21 liability company, or one or more persons;

22 (20) Practitioner means a physician, a physician assistant, a  
23 dentist, a veterinarian, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, an optometrist, a  
24 certified nurse midwife, a certified registered nurse anesthetist, a  
25 nurse practitioner, a scientific investigator, a pharmacy, a hospital, or  
26 any other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to  
27 distribute, dispense, prescribe, conduct research with respect to, or  
28 administer a controlled substance in the course of practice or research  
29 in this state, including an emergency medical service as defined in  
30 section 38-1207;

31 (21) Production includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, or

1 harvesting of a controlled substance;

2 (22) Immediate precursor means a substance which is the principal  
3 compound commonly used or produced primarily for use and which is an  
4 immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the  
5 manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary  
6 to prevent, curtail, or limit such manufacture;

7 (23) State means the State of Nebraska;

8 (24) Ultimate user means a person who lawfully possesses a  
9 controlled substance for his or her own use, for the use of a member of  
10 his or her household, or for administration to an animal owned by him or  
11 her or by a member of his or her household;

12 (25) Hospital has the same meaning as in section 71-419;

13 (26) Cooperating individual means any person, other than a  
14 commissioned law enforcement officer, who acts on behalf of, at the  
15 request of, or as agent for a law enforcement agency for the purpose of  
16 gathering or obtaining evidence of offenses punishable under the Uniform  
17 Controlled Substances Act;

18 (27) Hashish or concentrated cannabis means (a) the separated resin,  
19 whether crude or purified, obtained from a plant of the genus cannabis or  
20 (b) any material, preparation, mixture, compound, or other substance  
21 which contains ten percent or more by weight of tetrahydrocannabinols.  
22 When resins extracted from industrial hemp as defined in section 2-5701  
23 are in the possession of a person as authorized under section 2-5701,  
24 they are not considered hashish or concentrated cannabis for purposes of  
25 the Uniform Controlled Substances Act;

26 (28) Exceptionally hazardous drug means (a) a narcotic drug, (b)  
27 thiophene analog of phencyclidine, (c) phencyclidine, (d) amobarbital,  
28 (e) secobarbital, (f) pentobarbital, (g) amphetamine, or (h)  
29 methamphetamine;

30 (29) Imitation controlled substance means a substance which is not a  
31 controlled substance or controlled substance analogue but which, by way

1 of express or implied representations and consideration of other relevant  
2 factors including those specified in section 28-445, would lead a  
3 reasonable person to believe the substance is a controlled substance or  
4 controlled substance analogue. A placebo or registered investigational  
5 drug manufactured, distributed, possessed, or delivered in the ordinary  
6 course of practice or research by a health care professional shall not be  
7 deemed to be an imitation controlled substance;

8 (30)(a) Controlled substance analogue means a substance (i) the  
9 chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical  
10 structure of a Schedule I or Schedule II controlled substance as provided  
11 in section 28-405 or (ii) which has a stimulant, depressant, analgesic,  
12 or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is  
13 substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant,  
14 analgesic, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a  
15 Schedule I or Schedule II controlled substance as provided in section  
16 28-405. A controlled substance analogue shall, to the extent intended for  
17 human consumption, be treated as a controlled substance under Schedule I  
18 of section 28-405 for purposes of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act;  
19 and

20 (b) Controlled substance analogue does not include (i) a controlled  
21 substance, (ii) any substance generally recognized as safe and effective  
22 within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C.  
23 301 et seq., as such act existed on January 1, 2014, (iii) any substance  
24 for which there is an approved new drug application, or (iv) with respect  
25 to a particular person, any substance if an exemption is in effect for  
26 investigational use for that person, under section 505 of the Federal  
27 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355, as such section existed on  
28 January 1, 2014, to the extent conduct with respect to such substance is  
29 pursuant to such exemption;

30 (31) Anabolic steroid means any drug or hormonal substance,  
31 chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone (other than

1 estrogens, progestins, and corticosteroids), that promotes muscle growth  
2 and includes any controlled substance in Schedule III(d) of section  
3 28-405. Anabolic steroid does not include any anabolic steroid which is  
4 expressly intended for administration through implants to cattle or other  
5 nonhuman species and has been approved by the Secretary of Health and  
6 Human Services for such administration, but if any person prescribes,  
7 dispenses, or distributes such a steroid for human use, such person shall  
8 be considered to have prescribed, dispensed, or distributed an anabolic  
9 steroid within the meaning of this subdivision;

10 (32) Chart order means an order for a controlled substance issued by  
11 a practitioner for a patient who is in the hospital where the chart is  
12 stored or for a patient receiving detoxification treatment or maintenance  
13 treatment pursuant to section 28-412. Chart order does not include a  
14 prescription;

15 (33) Medical order means a prescription, a chart order, or an order  
16 for pharmaceutical care issued by a practitioner;

17 (34) Prescription means an order for a controlled substance issued  
18 by a practitioner. Prescription does not include a chart order;

19 (35) Registrant means any person who has a controlled substances  
20 registration issued by the state or the administration;

21 (36) Reverse distributor means a person whose primary function is to  
22 act as an agent for a pharmacy, wholesaler, manufacturer, or other entity  
23 by receiving, inventorying, and managing the disposition of outdated,  
24 expired, or otherwise nonsaleable controlled substances;

25 (37) Signature means the name, word, or mark of a person written in  
26 his or her own hand with the intent to authenticate a writing or other  
27 form of communication or a digital signature which complies with section  
28 86-611 or an electronic signature;

29 (38) Facsimile means a copy generated by a system that encodes a  
30 document or photograph into electrical signals, transmits those signals  
31 over telecommunications lines, and reconstructs the signals to create an



1 exact duplicate of the original document at the receiving end;

2 (39) Electronic signature has the definition found in section  
3 86-621;

4 (40) Electronic transmission means transmission of information in  
5 electronic form. Electronic transmission includes computer-to-computer  
6 transmission or computer-to-facsimile transmission;

7 (41) Long-term care facility means an intermediate care facility, an  
8 intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities, a  
9 long-term care hospital, a mental health center, a nursing facility, or a  
10 skilled nursing facility, as such terms are defined in the Health Care  
11 Facility Licensure Act;

12 (42) Compounding has the same meaning as in section 38-2811; and

13 (43) Cannabinoid receptor agonist shall mean any chemical compound  
14 or substance that, according to scientific or medical research, study,  
15 testing, or analysis, demonstrates the presence of binding activity at  
16 one or more of the CB1 or CB2 cell membrane receptors located within the  
17 human body.

18 Sec. 3. Section 28-401.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
19 2014, is amended to read:

20 28-401.01 Sections 28-401 to 28-456.01 and 28-458 to 28-462 and  
21 sections 5 to 11 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the  
22 Uniform Controlled Substances Act.

23 Sec. 4. Section 28-405, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
24 2014, is amended to read:

25 28-405 The following are the schedules of controlled substances  
26 referred to in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act:

27 Schedule I

28 (a) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters,  
29 ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless  
30 specifically excepted, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters,  
31 ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- 1 (1) Acetylmethadol;
- 2 (2) Allylprodine;
- 3 (3) Alphacetylmethadol, except levo-alphacetylmethadol which is also
- 4 known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, and LAAM;
- 5 (4) Alphameprodine;
- 6 (5) Alphamethadol;
- 7 (6) Benzethidine;
- 8 (7) Betacetylmethadol;
- 9 (8) Betameprodine;
- 10 (9) Betamethadol;
- 11 (10) Betaprodine;
- 12 (11) Clonitazene;
- 13 (12) Dextromoramide;
- 14 (13) DifenoXin;
- 15 (14) Diampromide;
- 16 (15) Diethylthiambutene;
- 17 (16) Dimenoxadol;
- 18 (17) Dimepheptanol;
- 19 (18) Dimethylthiambutene;
- 20 (19) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
- 21 (20) Dipipanone;
- 22 (21) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- 23 (22) Etonitazene;
- 24 (23) EtoXeridine;
- 25 (24) Furethidine;
- 26 (25) Hydroxypethidine;
- 27 (26) Ketobemidone;
- 28 (27) Levomoramide;
- 29 (28) Levophenacymorphan;
- 30 (29) Morpheridine;
- 31 (30) Noracymethadol;

- 1 (31) Norlevorphanol;
- 2 (32) Normethadone;
- 3 (33) Norpipanone;
- 4 (34) Phenadoxone;
- 5 (35) Phenampromide;
- 6 (36) Phenomorphan;
- 7 (37) Phenoperidine;
- 8 (38) Piritramide;
- 9 (39) Proheptazine;
- 10 (40) Properidine;
- 11 (41) Propiram;
- 12 (42) Racemoramide;
- 13 (43) Trimeperidine;
- 14 (44) Alpha-methylfentanyl, N-(1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-
- 15 piperidyl) propionanilide, 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido)
- 16 piperidine;
- 17 (45) Tilidine;
- 18 (46) 3-Methylfentanyl, N-(3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl)-N-
- 19 phenylpropanamide, its optical and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of
- 20 isomers;
- 21 (47) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (MPPP), its optical
- 22 isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
- 23 (48) PEPAP, 1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine, its
- 24 optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
- 25 (49) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl, N-(1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-
- 26 piperidinyl)-N-phenylacetamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts of
- 27 isomers;
- 28 (50) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl, N-(1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
- 29 piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts
- 30 of isomers;
- 31 (51) Benzylfentanyl, N-(1-benzyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide,

1 its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

2 (52) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl, N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-  
3 piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts  
4 of isomers;

5 (53) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl, (other name: N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-  
6 phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide), its optical and  
7 geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

8 (54) 3-methylthiofentanyl, N-(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-  
9 piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical and geometric isomers,  
10 salts, and salts of isomers;

11 (55) N-(1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide  
12 (thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

13 (56) Thiofentanyl, N-phenyl-N-(1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-  
14 propanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; and

15 (57) Para-fluorofentanyl, N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-(2-phenethyl)-4-  
16 piperidinyl)propanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts of  
17 isomers.

18 (b) Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers,  
19 and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the  
20 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within  
21 the specific chemical designation:

22 (1) Acetorphine;

23 (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;

24 (3) Benzylmorphine;

25 (4) Codeine methylbromide;

26 (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;

27 (6) Cyprenorphine;

28 (7) Desomorphine;

29 (8) Dihydromorphine;

30 (9) Drotebanol;

31 (10) Etorphine, except hydrochloride salt;

- 1 (11) Heroin;
- 2 (12) Hydromorphenol;
- 3 (13) Methyldesorphine;
- 4 (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
- 5 (15) Morphine methylbromide;
- 6 (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
- 7 (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 8 (18) Myrophine;
- 9 (19) Nicocodeine;
- 10 (20) Nicomorphine;
- 11 (21) Normorphine;
- 12 (22) Pholcodine; and
- 13 (23) Thebacon.

14 (c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
15 any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, their salts,  
16 isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the  
17 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within  
18 the specific chemical designation, and, for purposes of this subdivision  
19 only, isomer shall include the optical, position, and geometric isomers:

20 (1) Bufotenine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not  
21 limited to: 3-(beta-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-  
22 dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N,N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-  
23 dimethyltryptamine; and mappine;

24 (2) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall  
25 include, but are not limited to: 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-  
26 methylphenethylamine; and 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;

27 (3) 4-methoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall include, but  
28 are not limited to: 4-methoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; and  
29 paramethoxyamphetamine, PMA;

30 (4) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall  
31 include, but are not limited to: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-

1 methylphenethylamine; DOM; and STP;

2 (5) Ibogaine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not  
3 limited to: 7-Ethyl-6,6beta,7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-  
4 methano-5H-pyrido (1',2':1,2) azepino (5,4-b) indole; and Tabernanthe  
5 iboga;

6 (6) Lysergic acid diethylamide;

7 (7) Marijuana;

8 (8) Mescaline;

9 (9) Peyote. Peyote shall mean all parts of the plant presently  
10 classified botanically as *Lophophora williamsii* Lemaire, whether growing  
11 or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and  
12 every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation  
13 of such plant or its seeds or extracts;

14 (10) Psilocybin;

15 (11) Psilocyn;

16 (12) Tetrahydrocannabinols, including, but not limited to, synthetic  
17 equivalents of the substances contained in the plant or in the resinous  
18 extractives of cannabis, sp. or synthetic substances, derivatives, and  
19 their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological  
20 activity such as the following: Delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol  
21 and their optical isomers, excluding dronabinol in sesame oil and  
22 encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the  
23 federal Food and Drug Administration; Delta 6 cis or trans  
24 tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers; and Delta 3,4 cis or  
25 trans tetrahydrocannabinol and its optical isomers. Since nomenclature of  
26 these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these  
27 structures shall be included regardless of the numerical designation of  
28 atomic positions covered;

29 (13) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

30 (14) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

31 (15) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall

1 include, but are not limited to: 1-(1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl)-piperidine;  
2 2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TCP; and TCP;

3 (16) Hashish or concentrated cannabis;

4 (17) Parahexyl. Trade and other names shall include, but are not  
5 limited to: 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-  
6 dibenzo(b,d)pyran; and Synhexyl;

7 (18) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall  
8 include, but are not limited to: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine; (1-  
9 phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine;  
10 cyclohexamine; and PCE;

11 (19) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names  
12 shall include, but are not limited to: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-  
13 pyrrolidine; PCPy; and PHP;

14 (20) Alpha-ethyltryptamine. Some trade or other names: etryptamine;  
15 Monase; alpha-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole;  
16 alpha-ET; and AET;

17 (21) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphet-amine; and DOET;

18 (22) 1-(1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl)pyrrolidine; and TCPy;

19 (23) Alpha-methyltryptamine, which is also known as AMT;

20 (24) Salvia divinorum or Salvinorin A. Salvia divinorum or  
21 Salvinorin A includes all parts of the plant presently classified  
22 botanically as Salvia divinorum, whether growing or not, the seeds  
23 thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every compound,  
24 manufacture, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its  
25 seeds, or its extracts, including salts, isomers, and salts of isomers  
26 whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is  
27 possible within the specific chemical designation;

28 (25) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any  
29 quantity of synthetically produced cannabinoids as listed in subdivisions  
30 (A) through (L M) of this subdivision, including their salts, isomers,  
31 salts of isomers, and nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur-heterocyclic nitrogen-

1 ~~heterocyclic~~ analogs, unless specifically excepted elsewhere in this  
2 section. Since nomenclature of these synthetically produced cannabinoids  
3 is not internationally standardized and may continually evolve, these  
4 structures or compounds of these structures shall be included under this  
5 subdivision, regardless of their specific numerical designation of atomic  
6 positions covered, so long as it can be determined through a recognized  
7 method of scientific testing or analysis that the substance contains  
8 properties that fit within one or more of the following categories:

9 (A) Tetrahydrocannabinols: Meaning tetrahydrocannabinols naturally  
10 contained in a plant of the genus cannabis (cannabis plant), as well as  
11 synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant, or in the  
12 resinous extractives of cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances,  
13 derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and  
14 pharmacological activity such as the following: Delta 1 cis or trans  
15 tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers; Delta 6 cis or trans  
16 tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers; Delta 3,4 cis or trans  
17 tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers;

18 (B) Naphthoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-  
19 naphthoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the  
20 indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
21 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
22 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
23 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
24 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
25 on any of the listed ring systems the indole ring to any extent and  
26 ~~whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent;~~

27 (C) Naphthylmethylindoles: Any compound containing a 1 H-indol-3-yl-  
28 (1-naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of  
29 the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
30 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
31 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-



1 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
2 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
3 on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indole ring to any extent and~~  
4 ~~whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent;~~

5 (D) Naphthoylpyrroles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-  
6 naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the  
7 pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
8 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
9 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
10 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
11 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
12 on any of the listed ring systems ~~the pyrrole ring to any extent and~~  
13 ~~whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent;~~

14 (E) Naphthylideneindenes: Any compound containing a  
15 naphthylideneindene structure with substitution at the 3-position of the  
16 indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
17 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
18 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
19 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
20 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
21 on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indene ring to any extent and~~  
22 ~~whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent;~~

23 (F) Phenylacetylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-  
24 phenylacetylindole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of  
25 the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
26 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
27 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
28 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
29 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
30 on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indole ring to any extent and~~  
31 ~~whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent;~~

1 (G) Cyclohexylphenols: Any compound containing a 2-(3-  
2 hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 5-position of  
3 the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
4 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,  
5 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
6 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
7 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not substituted in or on any of  
8 the listed ring systems ~~the cyclohexyl ring~~ to any extent;

9 (H) Benzoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole  
10 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an  
11 alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl, cycloalkylmethyl,  
12 cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
13 piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-  
14 morpholinyl)methyl, or tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not  
15 further substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indole~~  
16 ~~ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to~~  
17 any extent;

18 (I) Adamantoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-adamantoylindole  
19 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an  
20 alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,  
21 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-  
22 (4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-  
23 morpholinyl)methyl, or tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not  
24 further substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indole~~  
25 ~~ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the adamantyl ring~~  
26 to any extent;

27 (J) Tetramethylcyclopropanoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-  
28 tetramethylcyclopropanoylindole structure with substitution at the  
29 nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl,  
30 alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-  
31 methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-

1 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
2 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or  
3 on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indole ring to any extent and~~  
4 ~~whether or not substituted in the tetramethylcyclopropyl ring to any~~  
5 extent;

6 (K) Indole carboxamides: Any compound containing a 1-indole-3-  
7 carboxamide structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the  
8 indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl,  
9 benzyl, \_\_\_\_\_cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
10 piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
11 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
12 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, substitution at the carboxamide group by  
13 an alkyl, methoxy, benzyl, propionaldehyde, adamantyl, 1-naphthyl,  
14 phenyl, or aminoalkyl group, or quinolinyl group, whether or not  
15 further substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems to any extent  
16 or to the adamantyl, 1-naphthyl, phenyl, aminoalkyl, benzyl, or  
17 propionaldehyde groups to any extent;

18 (L) Indole carboxylates: Any compound containing a 1-indole-3-  
19 carboxylate structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the  
20 indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl,  
21 benzyl, \_\_\_\_\_cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
22 piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-  
23 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or  
24 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, substitution at the carboxylate group by  
25 an alkyl, methoxy, benzyl, propionaldehyde, adamantyl, 1-naphthyl,  
26 phenyl, aminoalkyl group, or quinolinyl group, whether or not further  
27 substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems to any extent or to  
28 the adamantyl, 1-naphthyl, phenyl, aminoalkyl, benzyl, or  
29 propionaldehyde groups to any extent; and

30 (M) Any nonnaturally occurring substance, chemical compound,  
31 mixture, or preparation, not specifically listed elsewhere in these

1 schedules and which is not approved for human consumption by the federal  
2 Food and Drug Administration, containing or constituting a cannabinoid  
3 receptor agonist as defined in section 28-401;

4 (26) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any  
5 quantity of a substituted phenethylamine as listed in subdivisions (A)  
6 through (C) of this subdivision, unless specifically excepted, listed in  
7 another schedule, or specifically named in this schedule, that is  
8 structurally derived from phenylethan-2-amine by substitution on the  
9 phenyl ring with a fused methylenedioxy ring, fused furan ring, or a  
10 fused tetrahydrofuran ring; by substitution with two alkoxy groups; by  
11 substitution with one alkoxy and either one fused furan, tetrahydrofuran,  
12 or tetrahydropyran ring system; or by substitution with two fused ring  
13 systems from any combination of the furan, tetrahydrofuran, or  
14 tetrahydropyran ring systems, whether or not the compound is further  
15 modified in any of the following ways:

16 (A) Substitution of the phenyl ring by any halo, hydroxyl, alkyl,  
17 trifluoromethyl, alkoxy, or alkylthio groups; (B) substitution at the 2-  
18 position by any alkyl groups; or (C) substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen  
19 atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, hydroxybenzyl or methoxybenzyl groups,  
20 and including, but not limited to:

21 (i) 2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known  
22 as 2C-C or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chlorophenethylamine;

23 (ii) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known  
24 as 2C-D or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenethylamine;

25 (iii) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known  
26 as 2C-E or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenethylamine;

27 (iv) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-H  
28 or 2,5-Dimethoxyphenethylamine;

29 (v) 2-(4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known as  
30 2C-I or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodophenethylamine;

31 (vi) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine, which is also known

- 1 as 2C-N or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine;
- 2 (vii) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine, which is also  
3 known as 2C-P or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-propylphenethylamine;
- 4 (viii) 2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine, which is  
5 also known as 2C-T-2 or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylthiophenethylamine;
- 6 (ix) 2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine, which is  
7 also known as 2C-T-4 or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-isopropylthiophenethylamine;
- 8 (x) 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known  
9 as 2C-B or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromophenethylamine;
- 10 (xi) 2-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-(methylthio)phenyl)ethanamine, which is also  
11 known as 2C-T or 4-methylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine;
- 12 (xii) 1-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-iodophenyl)-propan-2-amine, which is also  
13 known as DOI or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodoamphetamine;
- 14 (xiii) 1-(4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane, which is also  
15 known as DOB or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromoamphetamine;
- 16 (xiv) 1-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)propan-2-amine, which is also  
17 known as DOC or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chloroamphetamine;
- 18 (xv) 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-  
19 methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-B-NBOMe; 25B-  
20 NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromo-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 21 (xvi) 2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-  
22 methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-I-NBOMe; 25I-  
23 NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodo-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 24 (xvii) N-(2-Methoxybenzyl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine,  
25 which is also known as Mescaline-NBOMe or 3,4,5-trimethoxy-N-(2-  
26 methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 27 (xviii) 2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-  
28 methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-C-NBOMe; or  
29 25C-NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chloro-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 30 (xix) 2-(7-Bromo-5-methoxy-2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-4-yl)ethanamine,  
31 which is also known as 2CB-5-hemiFLY;

- 1 (xx) 2-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrofuro [2,3-f][1]benzofuran-4-  
2 yl)ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-B-FLY;
- 3 (xxi) 2-(10-Bromo-2,3,4,7,8,9-hexahydropyrano[2,3-g]chromen-5-  
4 yl)ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-B-butterFLY;
- 5 (xxii) N-(2-Methoxybenzyl)-1-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7- tetrahydrobenzo[1,2-  
6 b:4,5-b']difuran-4-yl)-2-aminoethane, which is also known as 2C-B-FLY-  
7 NBOMe;
- 8 (xxiii) 1-(4-Bromofuro[2,3-f][1]benzofuran-8-yl)propan-2-amine,  
9 which is also known as bromo-benzodifuranylisopropylamine or bromo-  
10 dragonFLY;
- 11 (xxiv) N-(2-Hydroxybenzyl)-4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine, which  
12 is also known as 2C-INBOH or 25I-NBOH;
- 13 (xxv) 5-(2-Aminoprpyl)benzofuran, which is also known as 5-APB;
- 14 (xxvi) 6-(2-Aminopropyl)benzofuran, which is also known as 6-APB;
- 15 (xxvii) 5-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, which is also known  
16 as 5-APDB;
- 17 (xxviii) 6-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, which is also  
18 known as 6-APDB;
- 19 (xxix) 2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, which is also known as 2, 5-  
20 dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 2, 5-DMA;
- 21 (xxx) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine, which is also known as DOET;
- 22 (xxxi) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine, which is also  
23 known as 2C-T-7;
- 24 (xxxii) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;
- 25 (xxxiii) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, which is also known as  
26 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amethylphenethylamine; DOM and STP;
- 27 (xxxiv) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine, which is also known as MDA;
- 28 (xxxv) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine, which is also known as  
29 MDMA;
- 30 (xxxvi) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine, which is also known  
31 as N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, MDE, MDEA; and

1 (xxxvii) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;

2 (27) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any  
3 quantity of a substituted tryptamine unless specifically excepted, listed  
4 in another schedule, or specifically named in this schedule, that is  
5 structurally derived from 2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethanamine, which is also  
6 known as tryptamine, by mono- or di-substitution of the amine nitrogen  
7 with alkyl or alkenyl groups or by inclusion of the amino nitrogen atom  
8 in a cyclic structure whether or not the compound is further substituted  
9 at the alpha position with an alkyl group or whether or not further  
10 substituted on the indole ring to any extent with any alkyl, alkoxy,  
11 halo, hydroxyl, or acetoxy groups, and including, but not limited to:

12 (A) 5-methoxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine, which is also known as 5-MeO-  
13 DALT;

14 (B) 4-acetoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine, which is also known as 4-AcO-  
15 DMT or OAcetylpsilocin;

16 (C) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-ethyltryptamine, which is also known as 4-  
17 HO-MET;

18 (D) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine, which is also known as 4-  
19 HO-DIPT;

20 (E) 5-methoxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine, which is also known as  
21 5-MeOMiPT;

22 (F) 5-Methoxy-N,N-Dimethyltryptamine, which is also known as 5-MeO-  
23 DMT;

24 (G) 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine, which is also known as 5-  
25 MeO-DiPT;

26 (H) Diethyltryptamine, which is also known as N,N-Diethyltryptamine,  
27 DET; and

28 (I) Dimethyltryptamine, which is also known as DMT; and

29 (28)(A) Any substance containing any quantity of the following  
30 materials, compounds, mixtures, or structures:

31 (i) 3,4-methylenedioxymethcathinone, or bk-MDMA, or methylone;

- 1 (ii) 3,4-methylenedioxypropylvalerone, or MDPV;
- 2 (iii) 4-methylmethcathinone, or 4-MMC, or mephedrone;
- 3 (iv) 4-methoxymethcathinone, or bk-PMMA, or PMMC, or methedrone;
- 4 (v) Fluoromethcathinone, or FMC;
- 5 (vi) Naphthylpropylvalerone, or naphyrone; or
- 6 (vii) Beta-keto-N-methylbenzodioxolylpropylamine or bk-MBDB or
- 7 butylone; or

8 (B) Unless listed in another schedule, any substance which contains  
9 any quantity of any material, compound, mixture, or structure, other than  
10 bupropion ~~buproprien~~, that is structurally derived by any means from 2-  
11 aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl,  
12 naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is  
13 further modified in any of the following ways:

14 (i) Substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl,  
15 alkoxy, alkylendioxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents,  
16 whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one or more  
17 other univalent substituents;

18 (ii) Substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl  
19 substituent; or

20 (iii) Substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl or  
21 dialkyl groups, or by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic  
22 structure.

23 (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
24 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
25 any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on  
26 the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of  
27 isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of  
28 isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- 29 (1) Mecloqualone;
- 30 (2) Methaqualone; and
- 31 (3) Gamma-Hydroxybutyric Acid. Some other names include: GHB; Gamma-



1 hydroxybutyrate; 4-Hydroxybutyrate; 4-Hydroxybutanoic Acid; Sodium  
2 Oxybate; and Sodium Oxybutyrate.

3 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
4 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
5 any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the  
6 central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of  
7 isomers:

8 (1) Fenethylamine;

9 (2) N-ethylamphetamine;

10 (3) Amphetamine; amphetamine; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; or 4,5-  
11 dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazolamine;

12 (4) Cathinone; 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone; alpha-  
13 aminopropiophenone; 2-aminopropiophenone; and norephedrine;

14 (5) Methcathinone, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical  
15 isomers. Some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propionophenone; alpha-  
16 (methylamino)propionophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one; alpha-  
17 N-methylaminopropionophenone; methylcathinone; monomethylpropion;  
18 ephedrine; N-methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463; and UR1432;

19 (6) (+/-)-cis-4-methylamphetamine; and (+/-)-cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-  
20 phenyl-2-oxazolamine;

21 (7) N,N-dimethylamphetamine; N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine;  
22 and N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine; and

23 (8) Benzylpiperazine, 1-benzylpiperazine.

24 (f) Any controlled substance analogue to the extent intended for  
25 human consumption.

26 Schedule II

27 (a) Any of the following substances except those narcotic drugs  
28 listed in other schedules whether produced directly or indirectly by  
29 extraction from substances of vegetable origin, independently by means of  
30 chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction and chemical  
31 synthesis:

1 (1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or  
2 preparation of opium or opiate, excluding apomorphine, buprenorphine,  
3 thebaine-derived butorphanol, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, nalmeferene,  
4 naloxone, and naltrexone and their salts, but including the following:

- 5 (A) Raw opium;
- 6 (B) Opium extracts;
- 7 (C) Opium fluid;
- 8 (D) Powdered opium;
- 9 (E) Granulated opium;
- 10 (F) Tincture of opium;
- 11 (G) Codeine;
- 12 (H) Ethylmorphine;
- 13 (I) Etorphine hydrochloride;
- 14 (J) Hydrocodone;
- 15 (K) Hydromorphone;
- 16 (L) Metopon;
- 17 (M) Morphine;
- 18 (N) Oxycodone;
- 19 (O) Oxymorphone;
- 20 (P) Oripavine;
- 21 (Q) Thebaine; and
- 22 (R) Dihydroetorphine;

23 (2) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is  
24 chemically equivalent to or identical with any of the substances referred  
25 to in subdivision (1) of this subdivision, except that these substances  
26 shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

27 (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw;

28 (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation  
29 of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation  
30 thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of these  
31 substances, including cocaine and its salts, optical isomers, and salts

1 of optical isomers, except that the substances shall not include  
2 decocainized coca leaves or extractions which do not contain cocaine or  
3 ecgonine; and

4 (5) Concentrate of poppy straw, the crude extract of poppy straw in  
5 either liquid, solid, or powder form which contains the phenanthrene  
6 alkaloids of the opium poppy.

7 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless in another schedule any  
8 of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts,  
9 and salts of their isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of  
10 such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific  
11 chemical designation, dextrorphan excepted:

12 (1) Alphaprodine;

13 (2) Anileridine;

14 (3) Bezitramide;

15 (4) Diphenoxylate;

16 (5) Fentanyl;

17 (6) Isomethadone;

18 (7) Levomethorphan;

19 (8) Levorphanol;

20 (9) Metazocine;

21 (10) Methadone;

22 (11) Methadone-intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4,4-diphenyl  
23 butane;

24 (12) Moramide-intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1,1-  
25 diphenylpropane-carboxylic acid;

26 (13) Pethidine or meperidine;

27 (14) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;

28 (15) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-  
29 carboxylate;

30 (16) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-  
31 carboxylic acid;

- 1 (17) Phenazocine;
- 2 (18) Piminodine;
- 3 (19) Racemethorphan;
- 4 (20) Racemorphan;
- 5 (21) Dihydrocodeine;
- 6 (22) Bulk Propoxyphene in nondosage forms;
- 7 (23) Sufentanil;
- 8 (24) Alfentanil;
- 9 (25) Levo-alpha-acetylmethadol which is also known as levo-alpha-
- 10 acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, and LAAM;
- 11 (26) Carfentanil;
- 12 (27) Remifentanil; and
- 13 (28) Tapentadol.

14 (c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
15 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse  
16 associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:

- 17 (1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its
- 18 optical isomers;
- 19 (2) Phenmetrazine and its salts;
- 20 (3) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers;
- 21 ~~and~~
- 22 (4) Methylphenidate; and -
- 23 (5) Lisdexamfetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers.

24 (d) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
25 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse  
26 associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system,  
27 including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the  
28 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within  
29 the specific chemical designations:

- 30 (1) Amobarbital;
- 31 (2) Secobarbital;

- 1 (3) Pentobarbital;
- 2 (4) Phencyclidine; and
- 3 (5) Glutethimide.

4 (e) Hallucinogenic substances known as:

- 5 (1) Nabilone. Another name for nabilone: (+/-)-trans-3-(1,1-
- 6 dimethylheptyl)- 6,6a,7,8,10,10a-Hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-9H-
- 7 dibenzo(b,d)pyran-9-one.

8 (f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
9 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
10 any quantity of the following substances:

- 11 (1) Immediate precursor to amphetamine and methamphetamine:  
12 Phenylacetone. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited  
13 to: Phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; and methyl benzyl  
14 ketone; ~~or~~

15 (2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine, PCP:

- 16 (A) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine; or
- 17 (B) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile, PCC; or ~~or~~

18 (3) Immediate precursor to fentanyl; 4-anilino-N-phenethyl-4-  
19 piperidine (ANNPP).

20 Schedule III

21 (a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
22 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse  
23 associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system,  
24 including their salts, isomers, whether optical, position, or geometric,  
25 and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers,  
26 and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical  
27 designation:

- 28 (1) Benzphetamine;
- 29 (2) Chlorphentermine;
- 30 (3) Clortermine; and
- 31 (4) Phendimetrazine.

1 (b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
2 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse  
3 associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system:

4 (1) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of  
5 barbituric acid or any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid, except  
6 those substances which are specifically listed in other schedules of this  
7 section;

8 (2) Chlorhexadol;

9 (3) Embutramide;

10 (4 ~~3~~) Lysergic acid;

11 (5 ~~4~~) Lysergic acid amide;

12 (6 ~~5~~) Methyprylon;

13 (7) Perampanel;

14 (8 ~~6~~) Sulfondiethylmethane;

15 (9 ~~7~~) Sulfonethylmethane;

16 (10 ~~8~~) Sulfonmethane;

17 (11 ~~9~~) Nalorphine;

18 (12 ~~10~~) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing  
19 amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt thereof and one or  
20 more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any  
21 schedule;

22 (13 ~~11~~) Any suppository dosage form containing amobarbital,  
23 secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt of any of these drugs and  
24 approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for marketing only  
25 as a suppository;

26 (14 ~~12~~) Any drug product containing gamma-hydroxybutyric acid,  
27 including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an  
28 application is approved under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and  
29 Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355, as such section existed on January 1, 2014;

30 (15 ~~13~~) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. Some  
31 other names for ketamine: (+/-)-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-

1 cyclohexanone; and

2 (16 14) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt thereof. Trade or other  
3 names for a tiletamine-zolazepam combination product shall include, but  
4 are not limited to: telazol. Trade or other names for tiletamine shall  
5 include, but are not limited to: 2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-  
6 cyclohexanone. Trade or other names for zolazepam shall include, but are  
7 not limited to: 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-  
8 (3,4-e) (1,4)-diazepin-7(1H)-one, and flupyrazapon.

9 (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
10 schedule:

11 (1) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing  
12 limited quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs, or any salts  
13 calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities  
14 as set forth below:

15 (A) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of codeine per one  
16 hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit,  
17 with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;

18 (B) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of codeine per one  
19 hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit,  
20 with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized  
21 therapeutic amounts;

22 ~~(C) Not more than three hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeinone which~~  
23 ~~is also known as hydrocodone per one hundred milliliters or not more than~~  
24 ~~fifteen milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity~~  
25 ~~of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;~~

26 ~~(D) Not more than three hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeinone which~~  
27 ~~is also known as hydrocodone per one hundred milliliters or not more than~~  
28 ~~fifteen milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic~~  
29 ~~ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;~~

30 (C E) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of dihydrocodeine per  
31 one hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage

1 unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized  
2 therapeutic amounts;

3 (D F) Not more than three hundred milligrams of ethylmorphine per  
4 one hundred milliliters or not more than fifteen milligrams per dosage  
5 unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized  
6 therapeutic amounts;

7 (E G) Not more than five hundred milligrams of opium per one hundred  
8 milliliters or per one hundred grams, or not more than twenty-five  
9 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic  
10 ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and

11 (E H) Not more than fifty milligrams of morphine per one hundred  
12 milliliters or per one hundred grams with one or more active, nonnarcotic  
13 ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and

14 (2) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any  
15 of the following narcotic drug or its salts, as set forth below:

16 (A) Buprenorphine.

17 (d) Unless contained on the administration's list of exempt anabolic  
18 steroids as the list existed on January 1, 2014, any anabolic steroid,  
19 which shall include any material, compound, mixture, or preparation  
20 containing any quantity of the following substances, including its salts,  
21 isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts of  
22 isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

23 (1) 3-beta,17-dihydroxy-5a-androstane ~~Boldenone~~;

24 (2) 3-alpha,17-beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane ~~Boldione~~;

25 (3) 5-alpha-androstan-3,17-dione ~~Chlorotestosterone~~ (4-  
26 ~~chlortestosterone~~);

27 (4) 1-androstenediol (3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-  
28 ene) ~~Clotestbol~~;

29 (5) 1-androstenediol (3-alpha,17-beta-dihydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-  
30 ene) ~~Dehydrochloromethyltestosterone~~;

31 (6) 4-androstenediol (3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene)



- 1 Desoxymethyltestosterone;
- 2 (7) 5-androstenediol (3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene)
- 3 Dihydrotestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);
- 4 (8) 1-androstenedione ([5-alpha]-androst-1-en-3,17-dione)
- 5 Drostanolone;
- 6 (9) 4-androstenedione (androst-4-en-3,17-dione) Ethylestrenol;
- 7 (10) 5-androstenedione (androst-5-en-3,17-dione) Fluoxymesterone;
- 8 (11) Bolasterone (7-alpha,17-alpha-dimethyl-17-beta-
- 9 hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one) Formebolone (formebolone);
- 10 (12) Boldenone (17-beta-hydroxyandrost-1,4-diene-3-one) Mesterolone;
- 11 (13) Boldione (androsta-1,4-diene-3,17-3-one) Methandienone;
- 12 (14) Calusterone (7-beta,17-alpha-dimethyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-
- 13 en-3-one) Methandranone;
- 14 (15) Clostebol (4-chloro-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one)
- 15 Methandriol;
- 16 (16) Dehydrochloromethyltestosterone (4-chloro-17-beta-hydroxy-17-
- 17 alpha-methyl-androst-1,4-dien-3-one) Methandrostenolone;
- 18 (17) Desoxymethyltestosterone (17-alpha-methyl-5-alpha-androst-2-
- 19 en-17-beta-ol) (a.k.a. 'madol') Methenolone;
- 20 (18) Delta-1-Dihydrotestosterone (a.k.a. '1-testosterone')(17-beta-
- 21 hydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-en-3-one) Methyltestosterone;
- 22 (19) 4-Dihydrotestosterone (17-beta-hydroxy-androstan-3-one)
- 23 Mibolerone;
- 24 (20) Drostanolone (17-beta-hydroxy-2-alpha-methyl-5-alpha-
- 25 androstan-3-one) Nandrolone;
- 26 (21) Ethylestrenol (17-alpha-ethyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-ene)
- 27 Norethandrolone;
- 28 (22) Fluoxymesterone (9-fluoro-17-alpha-methyl-11-beta,17-beta-
- 29 dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one) Oxandrolone;
- 30 (23) Formebolone (formebolone); (2-formyl-17-alpha-methyl-11-alpha,
- 31 17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one) Oxymesterone;

- 1           (24) Furazabol (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrostano[2,3-c]-  
2 furazan) Oxymetholone;
- 3           (25) 13-beta-ethyl-17-beta-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one Stanolone;
- 4           (26) 4-hydroxytestosterone (4,17-beta-dihydroxy-androst-4-en-3-one)  
5 Stanozolol;
- 6           (27) 4-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (4,17-beta-dihydroxy-estr-4-en-3-  
7 one) Testolactone;
- 8           (28) Mestanolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-5-androstan-3-one)  
9 Testosterone;
- 10          (29) Mesterolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-5-androstan-3-one)  
11 Trenbolone;
- 12          (30) Methandienone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-1,4-  
13 dien-3-one); 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione; and
- 14          (31) Methandriol (17-alpha-methyl-3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-5-  
15 ene);
- 16          (32) Methasterone (2-alpha,17-alpha-dimethyl-5-alpha-androstan-17-  
17 beta-ol-3-one);
- 18          (33) Methenolone (1-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-en-3-  
19 one);
- 20          (34) 17-alpha-methyl-3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;
- 21          (35) 17-alpha-methyl-3-alpha,17-beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;
- 22          (36) 17-alpha-methyl-3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-4-ene;
- 23          (37) 17-alpha-methyl-4-hydroxynandrolone (17-alpha-methyl-4-  
24 hydroxy-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
- 25          (38) Methyldienolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyestra-4,9(10)-  
26 dien-3-one);
- 27          (39) Methyltrienolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-  
28 trien-3-one);
- 29          (40) Methyltestosterone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-  
30 en-3-one);
- 31          (41) Mibolerone (7-alpha,17-alpha-dimethyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-

- 1 en-3-one);
- 2 (42) 17-alpha-methyl-delta-1-dihydrotestosterone (17-beta-
- 3 hydroxy-17-alpha-methyl-5-alpha-androst-1-en-3-one) (a.k.a. '17-alpha-
- 4 methyl-1-testosterone');
- 5 (43) Nandrolone (17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
- 6 (44) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3-beta, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-4-ene);
- 7 (45) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3-alpha, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-4-ene);
- 8 (46) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3-beta, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-5-ene);
- 9 (47) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3-alpha, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-5-ene);
- 10 (48) 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione (estra-4,9(10)-diene-3,17-
- 11 dione);
- 12 (49) 19-nor-4-androstenedione (estr-4-en-3,17-dione);
- 13 (50) 19-nor-5-androstenedione (estr-5-en-3,17-dione);
- 14 (51) Norbolethone (13-beta, 17-alpha-diethyl-17-beta-hydroxygon-4-
- 15 en-3-one);
- 16 (52) Norclostebol (4-chloro-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
- 17 (53) Norethandrolone (17-alpha-ethyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-
- 18 one);
- 19 (54) Normethandrolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-
- 20 one);
- 21 (55) Oxandrolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-2-oxa-[5-alpha]-
- 22 androstan-3-one);
- 23 (56) Oxymesterone (17-alpha-methyl-4,17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-4-
- 24 en-3-one);
- 25 (57) Oxymetholone (17-alpha-methyl-2-hydroxymethylene-17-beta-
- 26 hydroxy-[5-alpha]-androstan-3-one);
- 27 (58) Prostanozolol (17-beta-hydroxy-5-alpha-androstano[3,2-
- 28 c]pyrazole);
- 29 (59) Stanozolol (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-[5-alpha]-
- 30 androst-2-eno[3,2-c]-pyrazole);
- 31 (60) Stenbolone (17-beta-hydroxy-2-methyl-[5-alpha]-androst-1-en-3-

1 one);

2 (61) Testolactone (13-hydroxy-3-oxo-13,17-secoandrosta-1,4-dien-17-  
3 oic acid lactone);

4 (62) Testosterone (17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);

5 (63) Tetrahydrogestrinone (13-beta, 17-alpha-diethyl-17-beta-  
6 hydroxygon-4,9,11-trien-3-one);

7 (64) Trenbolone (17-beta-hydroxyestr-4,9,11-trien-3-one); and

8 (65 ~~31~~) Any salt, ester, or ether of a drug or substance described  
9 or listed in this subdivision if the salt, ester, or ether promotes  
10 muscle growth.

11 (e) Hallucinogenic substances known as:

12 (1) Dronabinol, synthetic, in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft  
13 gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the federal Food and Drug  
14 Administration. Some other names for dronabinol are (6aR-trans)-6a,  
15 7,8,10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo (b,d)pyran-1-ol or  
16 (-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol.

17 Schedule IV

18 (a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
19 any quantity of the following substances, including their salts, isomers,  
20 and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and  
21 salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

22 (1) Barbital;

23 (2) Chloral betaine;

24 (3) Chloral hydrate;

25 (4) Chlordiazepoxide, but not including librax (chlordiazepoxide  
26 hydrochloride and clindinium bromide) or menrium (chlordiazepoxide and  
27 water soluble esterified estrogens);

28 (5) Clonazepam;

29 (6) Clorazepate;

30 (7) Diazepam;

31 (8) Ethchlorvynol;

- 1 (9) Ethinamate;
- 2 (10) Flurazepam;
- 3 (11) Mebutamate;
- 4 (12) Meprobamate;
- 5 (13) Methohexital;
- 6 (14) Methylphenobarbital;
- 7 (15) Oxazepam;
- 8 (16) Paraldehyde;
- 9 (17) Petrichloral;
- 10 (18) Phenobarbital;
- 11 (19) Prazepam;
- 12 (20) Alprazolam;
- 13 (21) Bromazepam;
- 14 (22) Camazepam;
- 15 (23) Clobazam;
- 16 (24) Clotiazepam;
- 17 (25) Cloxazolam;
- 18 (26) Delorazepam;
- 19 (27) Estazolam;
- 20 (28) Ethyl loflazepate;
- 21 (29) Fludiazepam;
- 22 (30) Flunitrazepam;
- 23 (31) Halazepam;
- 24 (32) Haloxazolam;
- 25 (33) Ketazolam;
- 26 (34) Loprazolam;
- 27 (35) Lorazepam;
- 28 (36) Lormetazepam;
- 29 (37) Medazepam;
- 30 (38) Nimetazepam;
- 31 (39) Nitrazepam;

- 1 (40) Nordiazepam;
- 2 (41) Oxazolam;
- 3 (42) Pinazepam;
- 4 (43) Temazepam;
- 5 (44) Tetrazepam;
- 6 (45) Triazolam;
- 7 (46) Midazolam;
- 8 (47) Quazepam;
- 9 (48) Zolpidem;
- 10 (49) Dichloralphenazone; ~~and~~
- 11 (50) Zaleplon; ~~and~~
- 12 (51) Zopiclone;
- 13 (52) Fospropofol;
- 14 (53) Alfaxalone;
- 15 (54) Suvorexant; and
- 16 (55) Carisoprodol.

17 (b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
18 any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, isomers,  
19 whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers,  
20 whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is  
21 possible: Fenfluramine.

22 (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
23 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
24 any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the  
25 central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, whether optical,  
26 position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers whenever the existence  
27 of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the  
28 specific chemical designation:

- 29 (1) Diethylpropion;
- 30 (2) Phentermine;
- 31 (3) Pemoline, including organometallic complexes and chelates

1 thereof;

2 (4) Mazindol;

3 (5) Pipradrol;

4 (6) SPA, ((-)-1-dimethylamino- 1,2-diphenylethane);

5 (7) Cathine. Another name for cathine is ((+)-norpseudoephedrine);

6 (8) Fencamfamin;

7 (9) Fenproporex;

8 (10) Mefenorex;

9 (11) Modafinil; and

10 (12) Sibutramine.

11 (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
12 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
13 any quantity of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts or isomers  
14 calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities  
15 as set forth below:

16 (1) Propoxyphene in manufactured dosage forms; ~~and~~

17 (2) Not more than one milligram of difenoxin and not less than  
18 twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit; and -

19 (3) 2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexanol, its  
20 salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of these isomers to  
21 include: Tramadol.

22 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
23 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
24 any quantity of the following substance, including its salts:

25 (1) Pentazocine; and -

26 (2) Butorphanol (including its optical isomers).

27 (f) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
28 any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers,  
29 and salts of such isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers,  
30 and salts of isomers is possible: Lorcaserin ~~Unless specifically excepted~~  
31 ~~or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or~~

1 ~~preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance,~~  
2 ~~including its salts, isomers, and salts of such isomers: Butorphanol.~~

3 ~~(g) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another~~  
4 ~~schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains~~  
5 ~~any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, isomers,~~  
6 ~~and salts of such isomers: Carisoprodol.~~

7 (g ~~h~~)(1) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another  
8 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains  
9 any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, optical  
10 isomers, and salts of such optical isomers: Ephedrine.

11 (2) The following drug products containing ephedrine, its salts,  
12 optical isomers, and salts of such optical isomers, are excepted from  
13 subdivision ~~(g)(1)~~ ~~(h)(1)~~ of Schedule IV if they (A) are stored behind a  
14 counter, in an area not accessible to customers, or in a locked case so  
15 that a customer needs assistance from an employee to access the drug  
16 product; (B) are sold by a person, eighteen years of age or older, in the  
17 course of his or her employment to a customer eighteen years of age or  
18 older with the following restrictions: No customer shall be allowed to  
19 purchase, receive, or otherwise acquire more than three and six-tenths  
20 grams of ephedrine base during a twenty-four-hour period; no customer  
21 shall purchase, receive, or otherwise acquire more than nine grams of  
22 ephedrine base during a thirty-day period; and the customer shall display  
23 a valid driver's or operator's license, a Nebraska state identification  
24 card, a military identification card, an alien registration card, or a  
25 passport as proof of identification; (C) are labeled and marketed in a  
26 manner consistent with the pertinent OTC Tentative Final or Final  
27 Monograph; (D) are manufactured and distributed for legitimate medicinal  
28 use in a manner that reduces or eliminates the likelihood of abuse; and  
29 (E) are not marketed, advertised, or represented in any manner for the  
30 indication of stimulation, mental alertness, euphoria, ecstasy, a buzz or  
31 high, heightened sexual performance, or increased muscle mass:



1 (i) Primatene Tablets; and

2 (ii) Bronkaid Dual Action Caplets.

3 Schedule V

4 (a) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the  
5 following limited quantities of narcotic drugs or salts calculated as the  
6 free anhydrous base or alkaloid, which shall include one or more  
7 nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to  
8 confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal  
9 qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:

10 (1) Not more than two hundred milligrams of codeine per one hundred  
11 milliliters or per one hundred grams;

12 (2) Not more than one hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeine per one  
13 hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;

14 (3) Not more than one hundred milligrams of ethylmorphine per one  
15 hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;

16 (4) Not more than two and five-tenths milligrams of diphenoxylate  
17 and not less than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage  
18 unit;

19 (5) Not more than one hundred milligrams of opium per one hundred  
20 milliliters or per one hundred grams; and

21 (6) Not more than five-tenths milligram of difenoxin and not less  
22 than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.

23 (b) Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in  
24 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which  
25 contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant  
26 effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and  
27 salts of isomers: Pyrovalerone.

28 (c) Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in  
29 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which  
30 contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant  
31 effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and

1 salts of isomers:

2 (1) Ezogabine (N-(2-amino-4-(4-fluorobenzylamino)-phenyl)-carbamic  
3 acid ethyl ester);

4 (2) Lacosamide ((R)-2-acetoamido-N-benzyl-3-methoxy-propionamide);  
5 and

6 (3) Pregabalin ((S)-3-(aminomethyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid).

7 Sec. 5. (1) For purposes of sections 5 to 10 of this act:

8 (a) Cannabidiol means processed cannabis plant extract, oil, or  
9 resin that contains more than ten percent cannabidiol by weight, but not  
10 more than three-tenths of one percent tetrahydrocannabinols by weight,  
11 and delivered in the form of a liquid or solid dosage form; and

12 (b) Intractable seizures means intractable, catastrophic genetic, or  
13 metabolic epilepsies; Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome; epilepsies consisting of  
14 drop seizures at risk for significant bodily injury; or cluster seizures  
15 that result in significant life-threatening apnea after the trial and  
16 failure of at least three antiepileptic therapies that directly address  
17 the epilepsy in question.

18 (2) The Legislature finds:

19 (a) There are individuals in Nebraska who suffer from intractable  
20 seizures and treatment resistant seizures for which currently available  
21 treatment options have been ineffective. Cannabidiol shows promise in  
22 treating individuals with intractable seizures and treatment resistant  
23 seizures; and

24 (b) Additional study of cannabidiol for the treatment of intractable  
25 seizures and treatment resistant seizures should be undertaken.

26 (3) The purpose of sections 5 to 10 of this act is to permit medical  
27 professionals to conduct limited-scope, evidence-based studies exploring  
28 the safety and efficacy of treating intractable seizures and treatment  
29 resistant seizures using cannabidiol.

30 Sec. 6. (1) The University of Nebraska and Nebraska Medicine shall  
31 be the only entities in this state authorized to produce or possess

1 cannabidiol for research for purposes of the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot  
2 Study.

3 (2) Cannabidiol shall be obtained from or tested at the University  
4 of Nebraska Medical Center and dispensed by the Nebraska Medicine  
5 Research Pharmacy.

6 (3) Cannabidiol may only be obtained by patients with intractable  
7 seizures and treatment resistant seizures and on the order of a physician  
8 who is licensed to practice medicine and surgery in Nebraska and  
9 designated as a medical provider under section 7 of this act and  
10 administered to a patient by or under the direction or supervision of  
11 such medical provider participating in the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot  
12 Study.

13 Sec. 7. (1) The University of Nebraska Medical Center shall create  
14 the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot Study. The pilot study shall designate at  
15 least two medical providers to conduct research on the safety and  
16 preliminary effectiveness of cannabidiol to treat patients with  
17 intractable seizures and treatment resistant seizures. The medical  
18 providers shall be physicians licensed to practice medicine and surgery  
19 in Nebraska, and at least one shall be a pediatric neurologist. The  
20 medical providers shall adhere to the policies and procedures established  
21 by the University of Nebraska Medical Center for the pilot study.

22 (2) A physician designated as a medical provider or a licensed  
23 pharmacist participating in the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot Study shall not  
24 be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized or disciplined in any  
25 manner, or denied any right or privilege for approving or recommending  
26 the use of cannabidiol under the pilot study.

27 (3)(a) A physician designated as a medical provider conducting  
28 research under the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot Study shall:

29 (i) Determine eligibility for participation in the pilot study;

30 (ii) Keep a record of the evaluation and observation of a patient  
31 under the physician's care, including the patient's response to

1 cannabidiol treatment; and

2 (iii) Transmit the record described in subdivision (a)(ii) of this  
3 subsection to the department upon request.

4 (b) All medical records received or maintained by the department  
5 pursuant to this section are confidential and may not be disclosed to the  
6 public.

7 (4) The University of Nebraska Medical Center shall create a risks  
8 and benefits form to be signed by the medical provider conducting the  
9 cannabidiol trial and by the patient who is to be administered  
10 cannabidiol or a parent or legal guardian of the patient if the patient  
11 is under nineteen years of age. The risks and benefits form shall  
12 document their discussion of the risks and benefits of invasive  
13 therapies, including, but not limited to, neurostimulation such as vagus  
14 nerve stimulation and responsive neurostimulation and epilepsy surgery,  
15 including corpus callosotomy, if indicated. This form shall be completed  
16 and on file with the University of Nebraska Medical Center before the  
17 patient begins the cannabidiol trial.

18 (5) The University of Nebraska Medical Center shall provide a  
19 document to patients who are to be administered cannabidiol or a parent  
20 or legal guardian of such patients confirming participation in the  
21 Medical Cannabidiol Pilot Study. The document shall include, at a  
22 minimum, the patient's name, date of birth, and address, as well as the  
23 name and contact information of the patient's medical provider. If the  
24 patient is under nineteen years of age, the document shall also include  
25 the name, date of birth, and address of the parent or legal guardian of  
26 the patient. The document may be provided by the patient to law  
27 enforcement agencies in order to verify participation in the pilot study.

28 Sec. 8. (1) The University of Nebraska Medical Center and Nebraska  
29 Medicine, when using cannabidiol for research, shall comply with the  
30 Uniform Controlled Substances Act regarding possession of controlled  
31 substances, record-keeping requirements relative to the dispensing, use,

1 or administration of controlled substances, and inventory requirements,  
2 as applicable.

3 (2) The University of Nebraska Medical Center and Nebraska Medicine  
4 are authorized to pursue any federal permits or waivers necessary to  
5 conduct the activities authorized under sections 5 to 10 of this act.

6 Sec. 9. (1) In a prosecution for the unlawful possession of  
7 marijuana under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, it is an  
8 affirmative and complete defense to prosecution that:

9 (a) The defendant suffered from intractable seizures and the use or  
10 possession of cannabidiol was pursuant to the order of a physician  
11 designated as a medical provider under section 7 of this act; or

12 (b) The defendant is the parent or legal guardian of an individual  
13 who suffers from intractable seizures and the use or possession of  
14 cannabidiol was pursuant to the order of a physician designated as a  
15 medical provider under section 7 of this act.

16 (2) An agency of this state or a political subdivision thereof,  
17 including any law enforcement agency, may not initiate proceedings to  
18 remove a child from a home based solely upon the possession or use of  
19 cannabidiol by the child or possession of cannabidiol by a parent or  
20 legal guardian for use by the child as authorized under sections 5 to 10  
21 of this act.

22 (3) An employee of the state or any division, agency, or institution  
23 thereof or any employee of Nebraska Medicine involved in the research,  
24 ordering, dispensing, and administration of cannabidiol under sections 5  
25 to 10 of this act, including its cultivation and processing, shall not be  
26 subject to prosecution for unlawful possession, use, distribution, or  
27 dispensing of marijuana under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act for  
28 activities arising from or related to the use of cannabidiol in the  
29 treatment of individuals diagnosed with intractable seizures or treatment  
30 resistant seizures.

31 Sec. 10. The University of Nebraska Medical Center shall submit a

1 report electronically to the chairperson of the Judiciary Committee of  
2 the Legislature, the chairperson of the Health and Human Services  
3 Committee of the Legislature, and the Clerk of the Legislature on or  
4 before September 15, 2016, and each September 15 thereafter, containing  
5 the following performance measures:

6 (1) The number of patients enrolled in the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot  
7 Study, including the number of patients under nineteen years of age;

8 (2) The number of patients previously enrolled in the pilot study  
9 and no longer receiving treatment under the pilot study;

10 (3) Any changes in intractable seizure or treatment resistant  
11 seizure frequency and severity;

12 (4) Any relevant or related adverse health outcomes for patients;  
13 and

14 (5) A summary of findings concerning appropriate dosing.

15 Sec. 11. (1) A health professional who is authorized to prescribe  
16 or dispense naloxone, if acting with reasonable care, may prescribe,  
17 administer, or dispense naloxone to any of the following persons without  
18 being subject to administrative action or criminal prosecution;

19 (a) A person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to  
20 experience an opioid-related overdose; or

21 (b) A family member, friend, or other person in a position to assist  
22 a person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to experience an  
23 opioid-related overdose.

24 (2) A family member, friend, or other person who is in a position to  
25 assist a person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to  
26 experience an opioid-related overdose, other than an emergency responder  
27 or peace officer, is not subject to actions under the Uniform  
28 Credentialing Act, administrative action, or criminal prosecution if the  
29 person, acting in good faith, obtains naloxone from a health professional  
30 or a prescription for naloxone from a health professional and administers  
31 the naloxone obtained from the health professional or acquired pursuant

1 to the prescription to a person who is apparently experiencing an opioid-  
2 related overdose.

3 (3) An emergency responder is not subject to administrative action  
4 or criminal prosecution if the emergency responder, acting in good faith,  
5 obtains naloxone from the emergency responder's emergency medical service  
6 organization and administers the naloxone to a person who is apparently  
7 experiencing an opioid-related overdose.

8 (4) A peace officer is not subject to administrative action or  
9 criminal prosecution if the peace officer, acting in good faith, obtains  
10 naloxone from the peace officer's law enforcement agency and administers  
11 the naloxone to a person who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related  
12 overdose.

13 (5) For purposes of this section:

14 (a) Administer has the same meaning as in section 38-2806;

15 (b) Dispense has the same meaning as in section 38-2817;

16 (c) Emergency responder means first responder, emergency medical  
17 technician, emergency medical technician-intermediate, or emergency  
18 medical technician-paramedic licensed under the Emergency Medical  
19 Services Practice Act;

20 (d) Health professional means a physician, physician assistant,  
21 nurse practitioner, or pharmacist licensed under the Uniform  
22 Credentialing Act;

23 (e) Law enforcement agency means police department, a town marshal,  
24 the office of sheriff, or the Nebraska State Patrol;

25 (f) Naloxone means naloxone hydrochloride; and

26 (g) Peace officer has the same meaning as in section 49-801.

27 Sec. 12. Section 71-7611, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,  
28 2014, is amended to read:

29 71-7611 (1) The Nebraska Health Care Cash Fund is created. The State  
30 Treasurer shall transfer (a) fifty-six million one hundred thousand  
31 dollars no later than July 15, 2009, (b) fifty-nine million one hundred

1 thousand dollars on or before July 15, 2010, July 15, 2011, July 15,  
2 2012, and July 15, 2013, ~~and~~ (c) sixty million one hundred thousand  
3 dollars on or before July 15, 2014, (d) sixty million three hundred fifty  
4 thousand dollars on or before July 15, 2015, (e) sixty million three  
5 hundred fifty thousand dollars on or before July 15, 2016, (f) sixty  
6 million three hundred fifty thousand dollars on or before July 15, 2017,  
7 (g) sixty million three hundred fifty thousand dollars on or before July  
8 15, 2018, and (h) sixty million one hundred thousand dollars ~~and~~ on or  
9 before every July 15 thereafter from the Nebraska Medicaid  
10 Intergovernmental Trust Fund and the Nebraska Tobacco Settlement Trust  
11 Fund to the Nebraska Health Care Cash Fund, except that such amount shall  
12 be reduced by the amount of the unobligated balance in the Nebraska  
13 Health Care Cash Fund at the time the transfer is made. The state  
14 investment officer upon consultation with the Nebraska Investment Council  
15 shall advise the State Treasurer on the amounts to be transferred from  
16 the Nebraska Medicaid Intergovernmental Trust Fund and from the Nebraska  
17 Tobacco Settlement Trust Fund under this section in order to sustain such  
18 transfers in perpetuity. The state investment officer shall report  
19 electronically to the Legislature on or before October 1 of every even-  
20 numbered year on the sustainability of such transfers. Except as  
21 otherwise provided by law, no more than the amount specified in this  
22 subsection may be appropriated or transferred from the Nebraska Health  
23 Care Cash Fund in any fiscal year.

24 It is the intent of the Legislature that no additional programs are  
25 funded through the Nebraska Health Care Cash Fund until funding for all  
26 programs with an appropriation from the fund during FY2012-13 are  
27 restored to their FY2012-13 levels.

28 (2) Any money in the Nebraska Health Care Cash Fund available for  
29 investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to  
30 the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds  
31 Investment Act.



1           (3) The University of Nebraska and postsecondary educational  
2 institutions having colleges of medicine in Nebraska and their affiliated  
3 research hospitals in Nebraska, as a condition of receiving any funds  
4 appropriated or transferred from the Nebraska Health Care Cash Fund,  
5 shall not discriminate against any person on the basis of sexual  
6 orientation.

7           Sec. 13. Sections 5 to 10 of this act terminate on October 1, 2019.

8           Sec. 14. Original sections 28-101, 28-401, 28-401.01, 28-405, and  
9 71-7611, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, are repealed.

10          Sec. 15. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when  
11 passed and approved according to law.