Doug Gibbs February 02, 2015 402-471-0051

LB 204

Revision: 01 FISCAL NOTE LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ANALYST ESTIMATE

Revised to correct error

ESTIMATE OF FISCAL IMPACT – STATE AGENCIES (See narrative for political subdivision estimates)								
	FY 201	5-16	FY 2016-17					
	EXPENDITURES	REVENUE	EXPENDITURES	REVENUE				
GENERAL FUNDS	\$128,956	(\$44,500)	\$124,445	(\$93,600)				
CASH FUNDS								
FEDERAL FUNDS								
OTHER FUNDS								
TOTAL FUNDS	\$128,956	(\$44,500)	\$124,445	(\$93,600)				

Any Fiscal Notes received from state agencies and political subdivisions are attached following the Legislative Fiscal Analyst Estimate.

LB 204 amends the Nebraska Liquor Control Act.

The bill would create a nonrefundable credit against the excise tax imposed by Section 53-160 for any manufacturer of beer if the manufacturer used a percentage of beer-related crops that were grown in Nebraska in the production of their beer.

"Beer-related crops" are defined as meaning barley, hops, or any other grain customarily used in the manufacture of beer.

<u>NOTE</u>: Corn and other grains such as rice, rye, oats, and wheat are sometimes used in the brewing process to supplement another ingredient or to obtain a specific flavor or quality.

The credit is determined by multiplying the total amount of tax paid in the previous calendar year on the first 20,000 barrels of beer sold by the manufacturer by a percentage.

The percentage to be used in the calculation is determined by the percentage of beer-related crops grown in Nebraska used by the manufacturer in the previous calendar year, as follows:

>If percentage of beer-related crops used were at least 10% but less than 40%, percentage to be used is 15%;

>If percentage of beer-related crops used were at least 40% but less than 70%, percentage to be used is 25%;

>If percentage of beer-related crops used were at least 70%, percentage to be used is 35%.

To obtain the credit the manufacturer shall apply to the Liquor Control Commission on a form prescribed by the Commission by January 25 of each year. If the manufacturer qualifies for the credit, they may claim the credit on the reports due each month to the Commission as an offset of taxes due until the credit is fully utilized or until December 31 of that year, whichever occurs first.

The Liquor Control Commission estimates the fiscal impact of LB 204 to the General Fund as follows:

FY2015-16:	(\$88,229)
FY2016-17:	(\$88,229)

The Commission estimates expenditures of \$128,956 for FY2015-16 and \$122,956 for FY2016-17, for 1.0 FTE Auditor and 1.0 FTE Accountant, plus operating expenses. PSL would be \$66,212 for each year of the biennium.

We disagree slightly with the Commission's estimate of cost. We estimate an expenditure of \$128,956 for FY2015-16, with PSL of \$66,212. For FY2016-17, we estimate an expenditure of \$124,445, with PSL of \$67,701.

The Department of Revenue estimates the fiscal impact of LB 204 to the General Fund as follows:

FY2015-16:	(\$ 90,000)
FY2016-17:	(\$ 99,000)
FY2017-18:	(\$ 110,000)
FY2018-19:	(\$ 122,000)

We disagree slightly with both the Commission's and the Department's estimate of fiscal impact, in that we believe the entirety of the revenue loss from the credit will not be felt until FY16-17. Assuming the effective date of LB 204 to be sometime in early September, a beer manufacturer will not be able to apply for the credit until January 2016 and, in most cases, not be able to fully utilize the credit during the 2015-16 fiscal year given that the bill provides for the credit to be used in installments on the monthly reports the manufacturers are required to file.

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES-STATE BUDGET DIVISION: REVIEW OF AGENCY & POLT. SUB. RESPONSES							
LB: 204	AM:	AGENCY/POLT. SUB: Liquor Control Comm.					
REVIEWED BY: Lyn	Heaton		DATE: 1/30/2015	PHONE: 471-4181			
COMMENTS: The provisions of the bill do not appear to support the Commission's estimate that the bill itself would require							
the addition of 2.0 FTE to properly administer the tax credit.							

Fiscal Note 2015

State Agency Estimate								
State Agency Name: Department of F	Revenue				Date Due LFA:	1/22/2015		
Approved by: Len Sloup		Date Prepared:	1/22/2015		Phone: 471-5896			
	FY 2015	5-2016	FY 201	6-2017	FY 201	7-2018		
	Expenditures	Revenue	Expenditures	Revenue	Expenditures	Revenue		
General Funds		(\$90,000)		(\$99,000)		(\$110,000)		
Cash Funds								
Federal Funds								
Other Funds								
Total Funds		(\$90,000)		(\$99,000)		(\$110,000)		

LB 204 provides a tax credit to approved beer manufacturers for a percent of the excise tax imposed on the manufacturer if at least ten percent of the beer-related crops used by such manufacturer in the previous calendar year were grown in this state. The amount of the credit (15%, 25%, 35%) varies based on the percent of beer-related crops used by the manufacturer in the previous calendar year that were grown in this state. The manufacturer must file an application with the Liquor Control Commission to qualify for the credit.

Departmental cost to implement LB 204 is expected to be minimal.

Assuming full utilization of the credit, LB 204 is estimated to reduce revenue to the General Fund by the following amounts:

FY 2015-16: \$90,000 FY 2016-17: \$99,000 FY 2017-18: \$110,000 FY 2018-19: \$122,000

Major Objects of Expenditure									
	15-16 16-17 17-18 15-16 16-17 17-18								
Class Code	Classification Title	<u>FTE</u>	FTE	FTE	Expenditures	Expenditures	Expenditures		
Benefits									
Operating Costs									
Travel									
Capital Outlay									
4 * 1									
Capital Improvements									

Please complete <u>ALL</u> (5) blanks in the first three lines.

Capital improvements.....

returns.

TOTAL

LB ⁽¹⁾ 204						FISCAL NOTE		
State Agency OR Political Subdivision Name: ⁽²⁾			NEBRASKA LIQUOR CONTROL COMMISSION					
Prepared by: ⁽³⁾ JERRY	VAN ACKEREN	Date I	Prepared: ⁽⁴⁾	1/29/2015	Phone: (5)	1-4892		
ESTIMATE PROVIDED BY STATE AGENCY OR POLITICAL SUBDIVISION								
	FY 20	15-16		FY 2016-17				
	EXPENDITURES		<u>REVENUE</u> <u>EXPENDITURE</u>			REVENUE		
GENERAL FUNDS	\$122,956	<	\$88,229>	\$122,956		<\$88,229>		
CASH FUNDS								
FEDERAL FUNDS								
OTHER FUNDS								
TOTAL FUNDS	\$122,956		\$88,229>	\$122,956		<\$88,229>		
Explanation of Estimate: See		attachm	ent for expla	nation				
Personal Services:	<u>BREAKDOWN</u>	BY MAJ	OR OBJECT	<u>S OF EXPENDITURI</u>	<u> </u>			
			POSITIONS			2016-17		
POSITION TIT	<u>'LE 15</u>	<u>5-16</u>	<u>16-17</u>	EXPENDITUR	<u>RES</u>	EXPENDITURES		
Auditor		1	1	38,212		38,212		
Accountant		1	1	28,000		28,000		
Benefits				47,244		47,244		
Operating								
Travel				8,000		8,000		
Capital outlay				7,500		1,500		
Aid								

Expenditure: Conduct field audits, process & verify state excise tax

128,956

122,956

2015

Estimate of Financial Impact: 2014 Total Brewpub Taxable Production 25,292 barrels (31 gallons to a barrel) Or 784,052 Taxable gallons Tax Rate _____31 cents \$243,056 State Excise Tax Paid Discount .01 <u>\$2,430.56</u> Net Tax Paid \$240,625.00

Number of Brewpub or manufacturer licenses in calendar year 2014 equals 33

Under the provision of LB-204

Scenario One: Assuming all brewpub or manufacturer licensees fit into the 10% to 40% range: \$240,625 previous year taxes paid <u>15% tax reduction</u> \$36.094 Tax Credits

Scenario Two: Assuming all brewpub or manufacturer licensees fit into the 40% to 70% range: \$240,625 previous year taxes paid 25% tax reduction \$60,156 Tax Credits

Scenario Three: Assuming all brewpub or manufacturer licensees fit into the 70% range: \$240,625 previous year taxes paid 70% tax reduction \$168,438 tax Credits

The above estimates assume each brewpub licensee will remain under the 20,000 barrel max in any given year. Assumes the number of manufacturers will remain constant.

Estimate Average when looking at all scenarios:

Scenario One: \$36,094 Tax Credit Scenario Two: \$60,156 Tax Credit Scenario Three: \$168,438 Tax Credit Total Credits \$264,688

Then: \$264,688 Tax Credits divided by 3 scenario projections equals estimated impact of \$88,229 per year.