Introduced by Mello, 5.

FOR AN ACT relating to motor vehicles: to amend sections 14-3,113, 39-2215, 39-2215.01, 39-2216, 60-101, 60-119.01, 60-123, 60-137, 60-165, 60-301, 60-306, 60-336.01, 60-339, 60-386, 60-393, 60-395, 60-3,100, 60-3,113, 60-3,187, 60-3,190, 60-471, 60-501, 60-520, 60-547, 60-601, 60-605, 60-6,348, 60-6,349, 66-712, 66-738, 66-1405, and 77-1330, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and section 23-187, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2010, to allow operation of low-speed vehicles on highways as prescribed; to define and redefine terms; to require titling and registration for low-speed vehicles; to provide powers for counties; to change and eliminate provisions relating to the use of alternative fuels; to change provisions relating to motor vehicle titling and registration; to provide for additional registration fees; to change and provide fees relating to the use of alternative fuels; to harmonize provisions; to provide an operative date; to repeal the original sections; and to outright repeal sections 66-684, 66-685, 66-686, 66-687, 66-688, 66-691, 66-694, and 66-695, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 14-3,113, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

14-3,113 (1) The city is authorized to improve intersections, spaces opposite alloys, and spaces opposite property not subject to special assessment, with the like material in the manner provided in sections 14-384 to 14-3,127 for improving streets whenever a street, highway, boulevard, main thoroughfare, controlled-access facility, major traffic street, or alley is ordered to be improved at the time of improving such street and in such event is authorized to include in such improvement of such intersection and spaces the construction, replacement, or repair of sidewalks therein and, except as may be otherwise provided, pay for all such improvements from funds provided for the purpose of improving intersections. Provided, that if (a) the first priority in the expenditure of funds for such purposes shall be is given to improvements within street improvement districts, and provided further, and (b) the city shall maintain, maintains, in a separate fund, not less than twenty-five thousand dollars to be expended solely for the purpose of improving intersections.

(2) Such sidewalk construction, replacement, or repair may be included either in the contract for curbing at an intersection or in the contract for paving the same. Provided, that such restrictions shall not apply to any funds derived from Chapter 66, articles 4 and 6, which accumulated prior to December 31, 1962.

Sec. 2. Section 23-187, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2010, is amended to read:

23-187 (1) In addition to the powers granted by section 23-104, a county may, in the manner specified by sections 23-187 to 23-193, regulate the following subjects by ordinance:

(a) Parking of motor vehicles on public roads, highways, and rights-of-way as it pertains to snow removal for and access by emergency vehicles to areas within the county;

(b) Motor vehicles as defined in section 60-339 that are abandoned on public or private property;

(c) Low-speed vehicles as described and operated pursuant to section 32 of this act;

(d) Graffiti on public or private property;

(e) False alarms from electronic security systems that result in requests for emergency response from law enforcement or other emergency responders; and

(f) Violation of the public peace and good order of the county by disorderly conduct, lewd or lascivious behavior, or public nudity.

(2) For the enforcement of any ordinance authorized by this section, a county may impose fines, forfeitures, or penalties and provide for the recovery, collection, and enforcement of such fines, forfeitures, or penalties. A county may also authorize such other measures for the enforcement of ordinances as may be necessary and proper. A fine enacted pursuant to this section shall not exceed five hundred dollars for each offense.

Sec. 3. Section 39-2215, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

39-2215 (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the Highway Trust Fund.

(2) All funds credited to the Highway Trust Fund pursuant to sections 66-489.02, 66-499, 66-4,140, 66-4,147, 66-6,108, and 66-6,109.02, and related penalties and interest, shall be allocated as provided in such sections.

(3) All other motor vehicle fuel taxes, diesel fuel taxes, compressed fuel taxes, and alternative fuel taxes fees related to highway use retained by the state, all motor vehicle registration fees retained by the state other than those fees credited to the State Recreation Road Fund pursuant to subdivision (3) of section 60-3,156, and other highway-user taxes imposed by state law and allocated to the Highway Trust Fund, except for the proceeds of the sales and use taxes derived from motor vehicles, trailers, and semitrailers credited to the fund pursuant to section 77-27,132, are hereby irrevocably pledged for the terms of the bonds issued prior to January 1, 1988, to the payment of the principal, interest, and redemption premium, if any, of such bonds as they mature and become due at maturity or prior redemption and for any reserves therefor and shall, as received by the State Treasurer, be deposited in the fund for such purpose.

(4) Of the money in the fund specified in subsection (3) of this section which is not required for the use specified in such subsection, (a) an amount equal to three dollars times the number of motorcycles registered during the previous month shall be placed in the Motorcycle Safety Education Fund, (b) an amount to be determined annually by the Legislature through the appropriations process may be transferred to the Motor Fuel Tax Enforcement and Collection Cash Fund for use as provided in section 66-738 on a monthly or other less frequent basis as determined by the appropriation language, (c) an amount to be determined annually by the Legislature through the appropriations process shall be transferred to the License Plate Cash Fund as certified by the Director of Motor Vehicles, and (d) the remaining money may be used for the purchase of retirement of the bonds issued prior to January 1, 1988, in the open market.

(5) The State Treasurer shall monthly transfer, from the proceeds of the sales and use taxes credited to the Highway Trust Fund and any money remaining in the fund after the requirements of subsections (2) through (4) of this section are satisfied, thirty thousand dollars to the Grade Crossing Protection Fund.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, the balance of the Highway Trust Fund shall be allocated fifty-three and one-third percent, less the amount provided for in section 39-847.01, to the Department of Roads, twenty-three and one-third percent, less the amount provided for in section 39-847.01, to the various counties for road purposes, and twenty-three and one-third percent to the various municipalities for street purposes. If bonds are issued pursuant to subsection (2) of section 39-2223, the portion allocated to the Department of Roads shall be credited monthly to the Highway Restoration and Improvement Bond Fund, and if no bonds are issued pursuant to such subsection, the portion allocated to the department shall be credited monthly to the Highway Cash Fund. The portions allocated to the counties and municipalities shall be credited monthly to the Highway Allocation Fund and distributed monthly as provided by law. Vehicles accorded prorated registration pursuant to section 60-3,198 shall not be included in any formula involving motor vehicle registrations used to determine the allocation and distribution of state funds for highway purposes to political subdivisions.

(7) If it is determined by December 20 of any year that a county will receive from its allocation of state-collected highway revenue and from any funds relinquished to it by municipalities within its boundaries an amount in such year which is less than such county received in state-collected highway revenue in calendar year 1969, based upon the 1976 tax rates for highway-user fuels and registration fees, the Department of Roads shall notify the State Treasurer that an amount equal to the sum necessary to provide such county with funds equal to such county's 1969 highway allocation for such year shall be transferred to such county from the Highway Trust Fund. Such makeup funds shall be matched by the county as provided in sections 39-2501 to 39-2510. The balance remaining in the fund after such transfer shall then be reallocated as provided in subsection (6) of this section.

(8) The State Treasurer shall disburse the money in the Highway Trust Fund as directed by resolution of the commission. All disbursements from the fund shall be made upon warrants drawn by the Director of Administrative Services. Any money in the fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act.
and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act and the earnings, if any, credited to the fund.

Sec. 4. Section 39-2215.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-2215.01 (1) There is hereby created in the state treasury a fund to be known as the Highway Restoration and Improvement Bond Fund.

(2) If bonds are issued pursuant to subsection (2) of section 39-2223, all motor vehicle fuel taxes, diesel fuel taxes, compressed fuel taxes, and alternative fuel taxes fees related to highway use, motor vehicle registration fees, and other highway-user taxes which are retained by the state and allocated to the bond fund from the Highway Trust Fund shall be hereby irrevocably pledged for the terms of the bonds issued after July 1, 1988, to the payment of the principal, interest, and redemption premium, if any, of such bonds as they mature and become due at maturity or prior redemption and for any reserves therefor and shall, as received by the State Treasurer, be deposited directly in the bond fund for such purpose. Of the money in the bond fund not required for such purpose, such remaining money may be used for the purchase for retirement of the bonds in the open market or for any other lawful purpose related to the issuance of bonds, and the balance, if any, shall be transferred monthly to the Highway Cash Fund for such use as may be provided by law.

(3) The State Treasurer shall disburse the money in the bond fund as directed by resolution of the commission. All disbursements from the bond fund shall be made upon warrants drawn by the Director of Administrative Services. Any money in the bond fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act.

Sec. 5. Section 39-2216, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

39-2216 The Legislature hereby irrevocably pledges and agrees with the holders of the bonds issued under the Nebraska Highway Bond Act that so long as such bonds remain outstanding and unpaid it shall not repeal, diminish, or apply to any other purposes the motor vehicle fuel taxes, diesel fuel taxes, compressed fuel taxes, and alternative fuel taxes fees related to highway use, motor vehicle registration fees, and such other highway-user taxes which may be imposed by state law and allocated to the fund or bond fund, as the case may be, if to do so would result in fifty percent of the amount deposited in the fund or bond fund in each year being less than the amount equal to the maximum annual principal and interest requirements of such bonds.

Sec. 6. Section 60-101, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-101 Sections 60-101 to 60-197 and section 10 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Motor Vehicle Certificate of Title Act.

Sec. 7. Section 60-119.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-119.01 Low-speed vehicle means a four-wheeled motor vehicle that
(1) cannot travel whose speed attainable in one mile is more than twenty
miles per hour and not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level
surface, (2) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand
pounds, and (3) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on
January 1, 2007, or (4) is designated by the manufacturer as an off-road or
low-speed vehicle. 2011.

Sec. 8. Section 60-123, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-123 Motor vehicle means any vehicle propelled by any power other
than muscular power. Motor vehicle does not include (1) mopeds, (2) farm
tractors, (3) self-propelled equipment designed and used exclusively to carry and apply fertilizer, chemicals, or related products to agricultural soil and crops, agricultural floaters-spreader implements, and other implements of husbandry designed for and used primarily for tilling the soil and harvesting crops or feeding livestock, (4) power unit hay grinders or a combination which includes a power unit and a hay grinder when operated without cargo, (5) vehicles which run only on rails or tracks, (6) off-road designed vehicles not authorized by law for use on a highway, including, but not limited to, golf carts, go-carts, riding lawnmowers, garden tractors, all-terrain vehicles, utility-type vehicles, snowmobiles registered or exempt from registration under sections 60-3,207 to 60-3,219, and minibikes, (7) road and general-purpose construction and maintenance machinery not designed or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property, including, but not limited to, ditchdigging apparatus, asphalt spreaders, bucket loaders, leveling graders, earthmoving carryalls, power shovels, earthmoving equipment,
and crawler tractors, (8) self-propelled chairs used by persons who are
disabled, and (9) electric personal assistive mobility devices. and (40).

low-speed vehicles.

Sec. 9. Section 60-137, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:
60-137 (1) The Motor Vehicle Certificate of Title Act applies to all
vehicles as defined in the act, except:
(a) Farm trailers;
(b) low-speed vehicles.
(c) Well-boring apparatus, backhoes, bulldozers, and front-end
loaders; and
(d) Trucks and buses from other jurisdictions required to pay
registration fees under the Motor Vehicle Registration Act, except a vehicle
registered or eligible to be registered as part of a fleet of apportionable
vehicles under section 60-3,190.
(2) (a) All new all-terrain vehicles and minibikes sold on or
after January 1, 2004, shall be required to have a certificate of title.
An owner of an all-terrain vehicle or minibike sold prior to such date may
apply for a certificate of title for such all-terrain vehicle or minibike as
provided in rules and regulations of the department.
(b) All new low-speed vehicles sold on or after January 1, 2012,
shall be required to have a certificate of title. An owner of a low-speed
vehicle sold prior to such date may apply for a certificate of title for such
low-speed vehicle as provided in rules and regulations of the department.
(c) An owner of a utility trailer may apply for a certificate of
title upon compliance with the Motor Vehicle Certificate of Title Act.
(d) (a) Every owner of a manufactured home or mobile home shall
obtain a certificate of title for the manufactured home or mobile home prior
to affixing it to real estate.
(b) If a manufactured home or mobile home has been affixed to real
estate and a certificate of title was not issued before it was so affixed, the
owner of such manufactured home or mobile home shall apply for and be issued
a certificate of title at any time for surrender and cancellation as provided
in section 60-169.
(5) All new utility-type vehicles sold on or after January 1, 2011,
shall have a certificate of title. An owner of a utility-type
vehicle sold prior to such date may apply for a certificate of title for such
utility-type vehicle as provided in rules and regulations of the department.

Sec. 10. If a low-speed vehicle does not have a manufacturer’s
vehicle identification number, the owner of the low-speed vehicle may apply
for a certificate of title by presenting a manufacturer’s statement of origin
for the low-speed vehicle, a statement that an inspection has been conducted
on the low-speed vehicle, and a vehicle identification number as described
in section 60-148. The certificate of title shall indicate the year of the
low-speed vehicle as the year application for title was made and the make of
the low-speed vehicle.

Sec. 11. Section 60-165, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:
60-165 (1) Any security interest in an all-terrain vehicle or
minibike perfected pursuant to article 9, Uniform Commercial Code, before, on,
or after January 1, 2004, or in a utility-type vehicle so perfected before,
on, or after January 1, 2011, or in a low-speed vehicle so perfected before,
on, or after January 1, 2012, shall continue to be perfected until (a) the
financing statement perfecting such security interest is terminated or lapses
in the absence of the filing of a continuation statement pursuant to article
9, Uniform Commercial Code, or (b) an all-terrain vehicle, utility-type
vehicle, or minibike, or low-speed vehicle certificate of title is issued and
a notation of lien is made as provided in section 60-164.
(2) Any lien noted on the face of an all-terrain vehicle,
utility-type vehicle, or minibike, or low-speed vehicle certificate of title
or on an electronic certificate of title record pursuant to subsection
(1), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of this section, on behalf of the holder of
a security interest in the all-terrain vehicle, utility-type vehicle,
minibike, or low-speed vehicle which was previously perfected pursuant to
article 9, Uniform Commercial Code, shall have priority as of the date such
security interest was originally perfected.
(3) The holder of a certificate of title for an all-terrain
vehicle, utility-type vehicle, or low-speed vehicle shall, upon
request, surrender the certificate of title to a holder of a previously
perfected security interest in the all-terrain vehicle, utility-type vehicle,
minibike, or low-speed vehicle to permit notation of a lien on the
certificate of title or on an electronic certificate of title record and shall
do such other acts as may be required to permit such notation.

(4) If the owner of an all-terrain vehicle or minibike subject to a security interest perfected pursuant to article 9, Uniform Commercial Code, fails or refuses to obtain a certificate of title before January 1, 2004, the security interest holder may obtain a certificate of title in the name of the owner of the all-terrain vehicle or minibike following the procedures of section 60-144 and may have a lien noted on the certificate of title or on an electronic certificate of title record pursuant to section 60-164.

(5) If the owner of a utility-type vehicle subject to a security interest perfected pursuant to article 9, Uniform Commercial Code, fails or refuses to obtain a certificate of title after January 1, 2011, the security interest holder may obtain a certificate of title in the name of the owner of the utility-type vehicle following the procedures of section 60-144 and may have a lien noted on the certificate of title or on an electronic certificate of title record pursuant to section 60-164.

(6) If the owner of a low-speed vehicle subject to a security interest perfected pursuant to article 9, Uniform Commercial Code, fails or refuses to obtain a certificate of title after January 1, 2012, the security interest holder may obtain a certificate of title in the name of the owner of the low-speed vehicle following the procedures of section 60-144 and may have a lien noted on the certificate of title or on an electronic certificate of title record pursuant to section 60-164.

Sec. 12. Section 60-301, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-301 Sections 60-301 to 60-3,222 and sections 16 and 24 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Motor Vehicle Registration Act.

Sec. 13. Section 60-306, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-306 Alternative fuel has the same meaning as in section 66-686, includes electricity, solar power, and any other source of energy not otherwise taxed under the motor fuel laws as defined in section 66-712 which is used to power a motor vehicle. Alternative fuel does not include motor vehicle fuel as defined in section 66-482, diesel fuel as defined in section 66-482, or compressed fuel as defined in section 66-6,100.

Sec. 14. Section 60-336.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-336.01 Low-speed vehicle means a four-wheeled motor vehicle that
(1) cannot travel whose speed attainable in one mile is more than twenty
miles per hour and not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level
surface, (2) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand
pounds, and (3) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on
January 1, 2007, or (4) is designated by the manufacturer as an off-road or
low-speed vehicle.

Sec. 15. Section 60-339, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-339 Motor vehicle means any vehicle propelled by any power other
than muscular power. Motor vehicle does not include (1) mopeds, (2) farm
tractors, (3) self-propelled equipment designed and used exclusively to carry
and apply fertilizer, chemicals, or related products to agricultural soil
and crops, agricultural floaters-spreaders implements, and other implements
of husbandry designed for and used primarily for tilling the soil and
harvesting crops or feeding livestock, (4) power unit hay grinders or a
combination which includes a power unit and a hay grinder when operated
without cargo, (5) vehicles which run only on rails or tracks, (6) off-road
designed vehicles not authorized by law for use on a highway, including,
but not limited to, golf carts, go-carts, riding lawnmowers, garden tractors,
alternal vehicles, utility-type vehicles, snowmobiles registered or exempt
from registration under sections 60-3,207 to 60-3,219, and minibikes, (7)
road and general-purpose construction and maintenance machinery not designed
or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property, including,
but not limited to, ditching apparatus, asphalt spreaders, bucket loaders,
leveling graders, earthmoving carryalls, power shovels, earthmoving equipment,
and crawler tractors, (8) self-propelled chairs used by persons who are
disabled, and (9) electric personal assistive mobility devices and (10)
low-speed vehicles.

Sec. 16. For the registration of every low-speed vehicle, the fee
shall be fifteen dollars.

Sec. 17. Section 60-386, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
60-386 Each new application shall contain, in addition to other information as may be required by the department, the name and residential and mailing address of the applicant and a description of the motor vehicle or trailer, including the color, the manufacturer, the identification number, and the weight of the motor vehicle or trailer required by the Motor Vehicle Registration Act. With the application the applicant shall pay the proper registration fee and shall state whether the motor vehicle is propelled by alternative fuel and, if alternative fuel, the type of fuel. The form shall also contain a notice that bulk fuel purchasers may be subject to federal excise tax liability. The department shall prescribe a form, containing the notice, for supplying the information for motor vehicles to be registered. The county treasurer or designated county official shall include the form in each mailing made pursuant to section 60-3,186. The county treasurer or designated county official or his or her agent shall notify the Motor Fuel Tax Enforcement and Collection Division of the Department of Revenue whenever a motor vehicle powered by an alternative fuel is registered. The notification shall include the name and address of the registrant, the date of registration, the type of motor vehicle registered, and the type of alternative fuel used to propel the motor vehicle as indicated on the registration application.

Sec. 18. Section 60-393, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-393 Any owner who has two or more motor vehicles or trailers required to be registered under the Motor Vehicle Registration Act may register all such motor vehicles or trailers on a calendar-year basis or on an annual basis for the same registration period beginning in a month chosen by the owner. When electing to establish the same registration period for all such motor vehicles or trailers, the owner shall pay the registration fee, the motor vehicle tax imposed in section 60-3,185, and the motor vehicle fee imposed in section 60-3,190, and the alternative fuel fee imposed in section 24 of this act on each motor vehicle for the number of months necessary to extend its current registration period to the registration period under which all such motor vehicles or trailers will be registered. Credit shall be given for registration paid on each motor vehicle or trailer when the motor vehicle or trailer has a later expiration date than that chosen by the owner except as otherwise provided in sections 60-3,121, 60-3,122.02, and 60-3,128. Thereafter all such motor vehicles or trailers shall be registered on an annual basis starting in the month chosen by the owner.

Sec. 19. Section 60-395, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-395 (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section and sections 60-3,121, 60-3,122.02, and 60-3,128, the registration shall expire and the registered owner or lessee may, by returning the registration certificate, the license plates, and, when appropriate, the validation decals and by either making application on a form prescribed by the department to the county treasurer or designated county official of the occurrence of an event described in subdivisions (a) through (e) of this subsection or in the case of a change in situs, displaying to the county treasurer or designated county official the registration certificate of such other state as evidence of a change in situs, receive a refund of that part of the unused fees and taxes on motor vehicles or trailers based on the number of unexpired months remaining in the registration period from the date of any of the following events:

(a) Upon transfer of ownership of any motor vehicle or trailer;
(b) In case of loss of possession because of fire, theft, dismantlement, or junking;
(c) When a salvage branded certificate of title is issued;
(d) Whenever a type or class of motor vehicle or trailer previously registered is subsequently declared by legislative act or court decision to be illegal or ineligible to be operated or towed on the public roads and no longer subject to registration fees, the motor vehicle tax imposed in section 60-3,185, and the motor vehicle fee imposed in section 60-3,190, and the alternative fuel fee imposed in section 24 of this act;
(e) Upon a trade-in or surrender of a motor vehicle under a lease; or
(f) In case of a change in the situs of a motor vehicle or trailer to a location outside of this state.

(2) If the date of the event falls within the same calendar month in which the motor vehicle or trailer is acquired, no refund shall be allowed for such month.

(3) If the transferor or lessee acquires another motor vehicle at the time of the transfer, trade-in, or surrender, the transferor or lessee
shall have the credit provided for in this section applied toward payment of the motor vehicle fees and taxes then owing. Otherwise, the transferor or lessee shall file a claim for refund with the county treasurer or designated county official upon an application form prescribed by the department.  

(4) The registered owner or lessee shall make a claim for refund or credit of the fees and taxes for the unexpired months in the registration period within sixty days after the date of the event or shall be deemed to have forfeited his or her right to such refund or credit.

(5) For purposes of this section, the date of the event shall be: (a) In the case of a transfer or loss, the date of the transfer or loss; (b) in the case of a change in the situs, the date of registration in another state; (c) in the case of a trade-in or surrender under a lease, the date of trade-in or surrender; (d) in the case of a legislative act, the effective date of the act; and (e) in the case of a court decision, the date the decision is rendered.

(6) Application for registration or for reassignment of license plates and, when appropriate, validation decals to another motor vehicle or trailer shall be made within thirty days of the date of purchase.

(7) If a motor vehicle or trailer was reported stolen under section 60-178, a refund under this section shall not be reduced for a lost plate charge and a credit under this section may be reduced for a lost plate charge but the applicant shall not be required to pay the plate fee for new plates.

(8) The county treasurer or designated county official shall refund the motor vehicle fee and registration fee from the fees which have not been transferred to the State Treasurer. The county treasurer shall make payment to the claimant from the undistributed motor vehicle taxes of the taxing unit where the tax money was originally distributed. No refund of less than two dollars shall be paid.

Sec. 20. Section 60-3,100, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-3,100 (1) The department shall issue to every person whose motor vehicle or trailer is registered fully reflectorized license plates upon which shall be displayed (a) the registration number consisting of letters and numerals assigned to such motor vehicle or trailer in figures not less than two and one-half inches nor more than three inches in height and (b) also the word Nebraska suitably lettered so as to be attractive. Two license plates shall be issued for every motor vehicle, except that one plate shall be issued for dealers, motorcycles, mintrucks, truck-tractors, trailers, buses, and apportionable vehicles. The license plates shall be of a color designated by the director. The color of the plates shall be changed each time the license plates are changed. Each time the license plates are changed, the director shall secure competitive bids for materials pursuant to sections 81-145 to 81-162. Motorcycle, minitruck, low-speed vehicle, and trailer license plate letters and numerals may be one-half the size of those required in this section.

(2) When two license plates are issued, one shall be prominently displayed at all times on the front and one on the rear of the registered motor vehicle or trailer. When only one plate is issued, it shall be prominently displayed on the rear of the registered motor vehicle or trailer. When only one plate is issued for motor vehicles registered pursuant to section 60-3,198 and truck-tractors, it shall be prominently displayed on the front of the apportionable vehicle.

Sec. 21. Section 60-3,113, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-3,113 (1) The department shall, without the payment of any fee except the taxes and fees required by sections 60-3,100, 60-3,102, 60-3,185, and 60-3,190 and section 24 of this act, issue license plates for one motor vehicle not used for hire and a license plate for one motorcycle not used for hire to: (a) Any permanently handicapped or disabled person as defined in section 18-1738 or his or her parent, legal guardian, foster parent, or agent upon application and proof of a permanent handicap or disability; or (b) A trust which owns the motor vehicle or motorcycle if a designated beneficiary of the trust qualifies under subdivision (a) of this subsection.

Beginning January 1, 2005, an application and proof of disability in the form and with the information required by section 18-1738 shall be filed before license plates are issued or reissued.

(2) The license plate or plates shall carry the internationally accepted wheelchair symbol, which symbol is a representation of a person seated in a wheelchair surrounded by a border six units wide by seven units high, and such other letters or numbers as the director prescribes. Such
license plate or plates shall be used by such person in lieu of the usual license plate or plates.

(3) The department shall compile and maintain a registry of the names, addresses, and license numbers of all persons who obtain special license plates pursuant to this section and all persons who obtain a handicapped or disabled parking permit as described in section 18-1739.

Sec. 22. Section 60-3,187, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read: 60-3,187 (1) The motor vehicle tax schedules are set out in this section.

(2) The motor vehicle tax shall be calculated by multiplying the base tax times the fraction which corresponds to the age category of the vehicle as shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YEAR</th>
<th>FRACTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First</td>
<td>1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Second</td>
<td>0.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third</td>
<td>0.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fourth</td>
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<td>Fifth</td>
<td>0.60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sixth</td>
<td>0.51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seventh</td>
<td>0.42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eighth</td>
<td>0.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ninth</td>
<td>0.24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tenth and Eleventh</td>
<td>0.15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Twelfth and Thirteenth</td>
<td>0.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fourteenth and older</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) The base tax shall be:
(a) Automobiles and motorcycles — An amount determined using the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value when new</th>
<th>Base tax</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Up to $3,999</td>
<td>$ 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>$100,000 and over</td>
<td>1,900</td>
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(b) Assembled automobiles — $60  
(c) Assembled motorcycles — $25  
(d) Cabin trailers, up to one thousand pounds — $10  
(e) Cabin trailers, one thousand pounds and over and less than two thousand pounds — $25  
(f) Cabin trailers, two thousand pounds and over — $40
(g) Recreational vehicles, less than eight thousand pounds — $160
(h) Recreational vehicles, eight thousand pounds and over and less than twelve thousand pounds — $410
(i) Recreational vehicles, twelve thousand pounds and over — $860
(j) Assembled recreational vehicles and buses shall follow the schedules for body type and registered weight
(k) Trucks — Over seven tons and less than ten tons — $360
(l) Trucks — Ten tons and over and less than thirteen tons — $560
(m) Trucks — Thirteen tons and over and less than sixteen tons — $760
(n) Trucks — Sixteen tons and over and less than twenty-five tons — $960
(o) Trucks — Twenty-five tons and over — $1,160
(p) Buses — $360
(q) Trailers other than semitrailers — $10
(r) Semitrailers — $110
(s) Minitrucks — $50
(t) Low-speed vehicles — $50

(4) For purposes of subsection (3) of this section, truck means all trucks and combinations of trucks except those trucks, trailers, or combinations thereof registered under section 60-3,198, and the tax is based on the gross vehicle weight rating as reported by the manufacturer.

(5) Current model year vehicles are designated as first-year motor vehicles for purposes of the schedules.

(6) When a motor vehicle is registered which is newer than the current model year by the manufacturer’s designation, the motor vehicle is subject to the initial motor vehicle tax in the first registration period and ninety-five percent of the initial motor vehicle tax in the second registration period.

(7) Assembled cabin trailers, assembled recreational vehicles, and assembled buses shall be designated as sixth-year motor vehicles in their first year of registration for purposes of the schedules.

(8) When a motor vehicle is registered which is required to have a title branded as previous salvage pursuant to section 60-175, the motor vehicle tax shall be reduced by twenty-five percent.

Sec. 23. Section 60-3,190, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-3,190 (1) A motor vehicle fee is imposed on all motor vehicles registered for operation in this state. An owner of a motor vehicle which is exempt from the imposition of a motor vehicle tax pursuant to section 60-3,185 shall also be exempt from the imposition of the motor vehicle fee imposed pursuant to this section.

(2) The county treasurer or designated county official shall annually determine the motor vehicle fee on each motor vehicle registered in the county based on the age of the motor vehicle pursuant to this section and cause a notice of the amount of the fee to be mailed to the registrant at the address shown upon his or her registration certificate. The notice shall be printed on a form prescribed by the department, shall be combined with the notice of the motor vehicle tax, and shall be mailed on or before the first day of the last month of the registration period.

(3) The motor vehicle fee schedules are set out in this subsection and subsection (4) of this section. Except for automobiles with a value when new of less than $20,000, and for assembled automobiles, the fee shall be calculated by multiplying the base fee times the fraction which corresponds to the age category of the automobile as shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YEAR</th>
<th>FRACTION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>First through fifth</td>
<td>1.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sixth through tenth</td>
<td>.70</td>
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<tr>
<td>Eleventh and over</td>
<td>.35</td>
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</table>

(4) The base fee shall be:
(a) Automobiles, with a value when new of less than $20,000, and assembled automobiles — $5
(b) Automobiles, with a value when new of $20,000 through $39,999 — $20
(c) Automobiles, with a value when new of $40,000 or more — $30
(d) Motorcycles — $10
(e) Recreational vehicles and cabin trailers — $10
(f) Trucks over seven tons and buses — $30
(g) Trailers other than semitrailers – $10
(h) Semitrailers – $30
(i) Minitrucks – $10–

(5) The motor vehicle tax, motor vehicle fee, and registration fee shall be paid to the county treasurer or designated official prior to the registration of the motor vehicle for the following registration period. After retaining one percent of the motor vehicle fee collected for costs, the remaining proceeds shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Motor Vehicle Fee Fund. The State Treasurer shall return funds from the Motor Vehicle Fee Fund remitted by a county treasurer or designated county official which are needed for refunds or credits authorized by law.

(6)(a) The Motor Vehicle Fee Fund is created. On or before the last day of each calendar quarter, the State Treasurer shall distribute all funds in the Motor Vehicle Fee Fund as follows: (i) Fifty percent to the county treasurer of each county, amounts in the same proportion as the most recent allocation received by each county from the Highway Allocation Fund; and (ii) fifty percent to the treasurer of each municipality, amounts in the same proportion as the most recent allocation received by each municipality from the Highway Allocation Fund. Any money in the fund available for investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act.

(b) Funds from the Motor Vehicle Fee Fund shall be considered local revenue available for matching state sources.

(c) All receipts by counties and municipalities from the Motor Vehicle Fee Fund shall be used for road, bridge, and street purposes.

(7) For purposes of subdivisions (4)(a), (b), (c), and (f) of this section, automobiles or trucks includes all trucks and combinations of trucks or truck-tractors, except those trucks, trailers, or semitrailers registered under section 60-3,198, and the fee is based on the gross vehicle weight rating as reported by the manufacturer.

(8) Current model year vehicles are designated as first-year motor vehicles for purposes of the schedules.

(9) When a motor vehicle is registered which is newer than the current model year by the manufacturer’s designation, the motor vehicle is subject to the initial motor vehicle fee for six registration periods.

(10) Assembled vehicles other than assembled automobiles shall follow the schedules for the motor vehicle body type.

Sec. 24. In addition to any other fee required under the Motor Vehicle Registration Act, a fee for registration of each motor vehicle powered by an alternative fuel shall be charged. The fee shall be seventy-five dollars. The fee shall be collected by the county treasurer and remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Highway Trust Fund.

Sec. 25. Section 60-471, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-471 Motor vehicle means all vehicles propelled by any power other than muscular power. Motor vehicle does not include (1) self-propelled chairs used by persons who are disabled, (2) farm tractors, (3) farm tractors used occasionally outside general farm usage, (4) road rollers, (5) vehicles which run only on rails or tracks, (6) electric personal assistive mobility devices as defined in section 60-618.02, and (7) off-road designed vehicles not authorized by law for use on a highway, including, but not limited to, golf carts, go-carts, riding lawn mowers, garden tractors, all-terrain vehicles and utility-type vehicles as defined in section 60-6,355, minibikes as defined in section 60-636, and snowmobiles as defined in section 60-663.

Sec. 26. Section 60-501, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

60-501 For purposes of the Motor Vehicle Safety Responsibility Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) Department means Department of Motor Vehicles;

(2) Judgment means any judgment which shall become final by the expiration of the time within which an appeal might have been perfected without being appealed, or by final affirmation on appeal, rendered by a court of competent jurisdiction of any state or of the United States, (a) upon a cause of action arising out of the ownership, maintenance, or use of any motor vehicle for damages, including damages for care and loss of services, because of bodily injury to or death of any person or for damages because of injury to or destruction of property, including the loss of use thereof, or (b) upon a cause of action on an agreement of settlement for such damages;

(3) License means any license issued to any person under the laws of this state pertaining to operation of a motor vehicle within this state;

(4) Low-speed vehicle means a four-wheeled motor vehicle (a) whose
speed attainable in one mile is more than twenty miles per hour and not
more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level surface, (b) whose
gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand pounds, and (c) that
complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on January 1, 2011:
44. (5) Minitruck means a foreign-manufactured import vehicle or
domestic-manufactured vehicle which (a) is powered by an internal combustion
engine with a piston or rotor displacement of one thousand cubic centimeters
or less, (b) is sixty-seven inches or less in width, (c) has a dry weight of
four thousand two hundred pounds or less, (d) travels on four or more
tires, (e) has a top speed of approximately fifty-five miles per hour, (f) is
equipped with a bed or compartment for hauling, (g) has an enclosed passenger
cab, (h) is equipped with headlights, tailights, turn signals, windshield
wipers, a rearview mirror, and an occupant protection system, and (i) has a
four-speed, five-speed, or automatic transmission;
45. (6) Motor vehicle means any self-propelled vehicle which is
designed for use upon a highway, including trailers designed for use with
such vehicles, and minitrucks, and low-speed vehicles. Motor vehicle does not
include (a) mopeds as defined in section 60-637, (b) traction engines, (c)
road rollers, (d) farm tractors, (e) tractor cranes, (f) power shovels, (g)
well drillers, (h) every vehicle which is propelled by electric power obtained
from overhead wires but not operated upon rails, (i) electric personal
assistive mobility devices as defined in section 60-618.02, and (j) off-road
designed vehicles, including, but not limited to, golf carts, go-carts, riding
lawnmowers, garden tractors, all-terrain vehicles, and utility-type vehicles
as defined in section 60-6,355, minibikes as defined in section 60-636, and
snowmobiles as defined in section 60-663;
46. (7) Nonresident means every person who is not a resident of this
state;
47. (8) Nonresident’s operating privilege means the privilege
conferred upon a nonresident by the laws of this state pertaining to the
operation by him or her of a motor vehicle or the use of a motor vehicle owned
by him or her in this state;
48. (9) Operator means every person who is in actual physical
control of a motor vehicle;
49. (10) Owner means a person who holds the legal title of a motor
vehicle, or in the event (a) a motor vehicle is the subject of an agreement
for the conditional sale or lease thereof with the right of purchase upon
performance of the conditions stated in the agreement and with an immediate
right of possession vested in the conditional vendee or lessee or (b) a
mortgagee of a vehicle is entitled to possession, then such conditional vendee
or lessee or mortgagee shall be deemed the owner for the purposes of the act;
50. (11) Person means every natural person, firm, partnership,
limited liability company, association, or corporation;
51. (12) Proof of financial responsibility means evidence of
ability to respond in damages for liability, on account of accidents occurring
subsequent to the effective date of such proof, arising out of the ownership,
maintenance, or use of a motor vehicle, (a) in the amount of twenty-five
thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one
accident, (b) subject to such limit for one person, in the amount of fifty
thousand dollars because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons
in any one accident, and (c) in the amount of twenty-five thousand dollars
because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident;
52. (13) Registration means registration certificate or
certificates and registration plates issued under the laws of this state
pertaining to the registration of motor vehicles;
53. (14) State means any state, territory, or possession of the
United States, the District of Columbia, or any province of the Dominion of
Canada; and
54. (15) The forfeiture of bail, not vacated, or of collateral
deposited to secure an appearance for trial shall be regarded as equivalent to
conviction of the offense charged.
Sec. 27. Section 60-520, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:
60-520  Judgments in excess of the amounts specified in subdivision
411. (12) of section 60-501 shall, for the purpose of the Motor Vehicle
Safety Responsibility Act only, be deemed satisfied when payments in the
amounts so specified have been credited thereon. Payments made in settlement
of any claims because of bodily injury, death, or property damage arising from
a motor vehicle accident shall be credited in reduction of the respective
amounts so specified.
Sec. 28. Section 60-547, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:
60-547 Proof of financial responsibility may be evidenced by the bond of a surety company duly authorized to transact business within this state, or a bond with at least two individual sureties who each own real estate within this state, which real estate shall be scheduled in the bond approved by a judge of a court of record. The bond shall be conditioned for the payment of the amounts specified in subdivision (4)(c)(12) of section 60-501. It shall be filed with the department and shall not be cancelable except after ten days' written notice to the department. Such bond shall constitute a lien in favor of the state upon the real estate so scheduled of any surety, which lien shall exist in favor of any holder of a final judgment against the person who has filed such bond, for damages, including damages for care and loss of services, because of bodily injury to or death of any person, or for damages because of injury to or destruction of property, including the loss of use thereof, resulting from the ownership, maintenance, use, or operation of a motor vehicle after such bond was filed, upon the filing of notice to that effect by the department in the office of the register of deeds of the county where such real estate shall be located.

Sec. 29. Section 60-601, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
60-601 Sections 60-601 to 60-6,379 and sections 31 and 32 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Nebraska Rules of the Road.

Sec. 30. Section 60-605, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
60-605 For purposes of the Nebraska Rules of the Road, the definitions found in sections 60-606 to 60-676 and section 31 of this act shall be used.

Sec. 31. Low-speed vehicle means a four-wheeled motor vehicle (1) whose speed attainable in one mile is more than twenty miles per hour and not more than twenty-five miles per hour on a paved, level surface, (2) whose gross vehicle weight rating is less than three thousand pounds, and (3) that complies with 49 C.F.R. part 571, as such part existed on January 1, 2011.

Sec. 32. A low-speed vehicle may be operated on any highway on which the speed limit is not more than thirty-five miles per hour. A low-speed vehicle may cross a highway on which the speed limit is more than thirty-five miles per hour. Nothing in this section shall prevent a county, city, or village from adopting more stringent ordinances governing low-speed vehicle operation if the governing body of the county, city, or village determines that such ordinances are necessary in the interest of public safety. Any person operating a low-speed vehicle as authorized under this section shall have a valid Class O operator's license and shall have liability insurance coverage for the low-speed vehicle. The Department of Roads may prohibit the operation of low-speed vehicles on any highway under its jurisdiction if it determines that the prohibition is necessary in the interest of public safety.

Sec. 33. Section 60-6,348, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
60-6,348 Minibikes and all off-road designed vehicles not authorized by law for use on a highway, including, but not limited to, golf carts, go-carts, snowmobiles, lawn mowers, garden tractors, and snowmobiles, shall be exempt from the provisions of sections 60-678 and 60-6,351 to 60-6,353 and section 32 of this act during any public emergency or while being used in parades by regularly organized units of any recognized charitable, social, educational, or community service organization.

Sec. 34. Section 60-6,349, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
60-6,349 All minibikes and similar two-wheeled, three-wheeled, and four-wheeled miniature vehicles offered for sale in this state shall bear the following notice to the customer and user: This vehicle as manufactured or sold is for off-road use only. This section shall not apply to a low-speed vehicle, as applicable to its design, or to an electric personal assistive mobility device.

Sec. 35. Section 66-712, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
66-712 For purposes of Chapter 66, articles 4, 5, 6, and 14, the Compressed Fuel Tax Act, the International Fuel Tax Agreement Act, the sections 66-482 to 66-4,149, 66-501 to 66-531, and sections 66-712 to 66-737:
(1) Department means the Motor Fuel Tax Enforcement and Collection Division of the Department of Revenue, except that for purposes of enforcement of Chapter 66, article 14, the International Fuel Tax Agreement Act, department means the Division of Motor Carrier Services of the Department of Motor Vehicles;
(2) Motor fuel means any fuel defined as motor vehicle fuel in section 66-482, any fuel defined as diesel fuel in section 66-482, and any
fuel defined as compressed fuel in section 66-6,100;
(3) Motor fuel laws means the provisions of Chapter 66, articles 4, 5, and 6 Compressed Fuel Tax Act and sections 66-482 to 66-4,149, 66-501 to 66-531, and sections 66-712 to 66-737, except that for purposes of enforcement of Chapter 66, article 14, the International Fuel Tax Agreement Act, motor fuel laws means the provisions of Chapter 66, article 14, the International Fuel Tax Agreement Act and sections 66-712 to 66-737, and
(4) Person means any individual, firm, partnership, limited liability company, company, agency, association, corporation, state, county, municipality, or other political subdivision. Whenever a fine, imprisonment, or both are prescribed or imposed in sections 66-712 to 66-737, the word person as applied to a partnership, a limited liability company, or an association means the partners or members thereof.
Sec. 36. Section 66-738, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
66-738 The Motor Fuel Tax Enforcement and Collection Division is hereby created within the Department of Revenue. The division shall be funded by a separate appropriation program within the department. All provisions of Chapter 66, articles 4, 5, 6, and 12, and sections 66-712 to 66-737 and the provisions of Chapter 3, article 1, and Chapter 66, article 15, the Compressed Fuel Tax Act, the Petroleum Release Remedial Action Act, the State Aeronautics Department Act, and sections 66-482 to 66-4,149, 66-501 to 66-531, and 66-712 to 66-737, pertaining to the Department of Revenue, the Tax Commissioner, or the division shall be entirely and separately undertaken and enforced by the division, except that the division may utilize services provided by other programs of the Department of Revenue in functional areas known on July 1, 1991, as the budget subprograms designated revenue operations and administration. Appropriations for the division that are used to fund costs allocated for such functional operations shall be expended by the division in an appropriate pro rata share and shall be subject to biennial audit by the Auditor of Public Accounts, which audit shall be provided to the budget division of the Department of Administrative Services and the Legislative Fiscal Analyst by October 1 of each even-numbered year. Audit information useful to other divisions of the Department of Revenue may be shared by the Motor Fuel Tax Enforcement and Collection Division with the other divisions of the department and the Division of Motor Carrier Services of the Department of Motor Vehicles, but audits shall not be considered as a functional operation for purposes of this section. Except for staff performing in functional areas, staff funded from the separate appropriation program shall only be utilized to carry out the provisions of such activities acts and sections. The auditors and field investigators in the Motor Fuel Tax Enforcement and Collection Division shall be adequately trained for the purposes of motor fuel tax enforcement and collection. The Tax Commissioner shall hire for or assign to the division sufficient staff to carry out the responsibility of the division for the enforcement of the motor fuel laws.
Funds appropriated to the division may also be used to contract with other public agencies or private entities to aid in the issuance of motor fuel permit numbers as provided in subsection (2) of section 66-503, and such contracted funds shall only be used for such purpose. The amount of any contracts entered into pursuant to this section shall be appropriated and accounted for in a separate budget program of the division.
Sec. 37. Section 66-1405, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
66-1405 The amount of the tax imposed and collected on behalf of this state under an agreement shall be determined as provided in Chapter 66, articles 4 and 6, the Compressed Fuel Tax Act and sections 66-482 to 66-4,149. The Department of Revenue in administering such articles the Compressed Fuel Tax Act and sections 66-482 to 66-4,149 shall provide information and assistance to the director regarding the amount of tax imposed and collected from time to time as may be necessary. The amount of tax due under an agreement may be collected by setoff against any state income tax refund due to the taxpayer pursuant to sections 77-27,210 to 77-27,221.
Sec. 38. Section 77-1330, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:
77-1330 (1) The Property Tax Administrator and Tax Commissioner shall prepare, issue, and annually revise guides for county assessors in the form of property tax laws, rules, regulations, manuals, and directives. The Property Tax Administrator and Tax Commissioner may issue such directives without the necessity of compliance with the terms of the Administrative Procedure Act relating to the promulgation of rules and regulations. The assessment and appraisal function performed by counties shall comply with the standards, and county assessors shall continually use the materials
in the performance of their duties. The standards shall not require the implementation of a specific computer software or hardware system if the existing software or system produces data and reports in compliance with the standards.

(2) The Property Tax Administrator, or his or her agent or representative, may examine or cause to have examined any books, papers, records, or memoranda of any county relating to the assessment of property to determine compliance with the laws, rules, regulations, manuals, and directives described in subsection (1) of this section. Such production of records shall not include the photocopying of records between January 1 and April 1. Failure to provide such records to the Property Tax Administrator may constitute grounds for the suspension of the assessor’s certificate of any county assessor who willfully fails to make requested records available to the Property Tax Administrator.

(3) After an examination the Property Tax Administrator shall provide a written report of the results to the county assessor and county board. If the examination indicates a failure to meet the standards contained in the laws, rules, regulations, manuals, and directives, the Property Tax Administrator shall, in the report, set forth the facts and cause of such failures as well as corrective measures the county or county assessor may implement to correct those failures.

(4) After the issuance of the report of the results of the examination, the Property Tax Administrator may seek to order a county or county assessor to take corrective measures to remedy failures to comply with the materials described in subsection (1) of this section. Such corrective orders may only be issued after written notice and a hearing before the Tax Commissioner conducted at least ten days after the issuance of the written notice of hearing. The performance of such corrective measures shall be implemented by the county to which the order is issued. If the county fails to implement such corrective measures, the Property Tax Administrator may seek to suspend the assessment function of the county under the terms of subsection (5) of this section and shall implement the corrective measures pursuant to subsection (6) of this section. The performance of such corrective measures shall be a charge on the county, and upon completion, the Property Tax Administrator shall notify the county board of the cost and make demand for such cost. If payment is not received within one hundred twenty days after the start of the next fiscal year, the Tax Commissioner shall report such fact to the State Treasurer. The State Treasurer shall immediately make payment to the Department of Revenue for the costs incurred by the department for such corrective measures. The payment shall be made out of any money to which such county may be entitled under the Compressed Fuel Tax Act, Chapter 77, articles 27 and 35, and Chapter 66, articles 4 and 6, sections 66-482 to 66-4,149.

(5) If, within one year from the service of the order, the measures in the corrective order have not been taken, the Tax Commissioner (a) may, at any time during the continuance of such failure, issue an order requiring the county assessor and county board to show cause why the authority of the county with respect to assessments or any matter related thereto should not be suspended, (b) shall set a time and place at which the Tax Commissioner or his or her representative shall hear the county assessor and county board on the question of compliance by the county assessor or county with the laws, rules, regulations, manuals, directives, or corrective orders described in this section, and (c) after such hearing shall determine whether and to what extent the assessment function of the county shall be so suspended. Such hearing shall be held at least ten days after the issuance of such notice in the county.

(6) During the continuance of a suspension pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, the Property Tax Administrator shall succeed to the authority and duties from which the county has been suspended and shall exercise and perform the same. Such exercise and performance shall be a charge on the suspended county. The suspension shall continue until the Tax Commissioner finds that the conditions responsible for the failure to meet the minimum standards contained in the laws, rules, regulations, manuals, and directives have been corrected.

(7) The Property Tax Administrator, subject to rules and regulations to be published and furnished to every county assessor and county board, shall have the power to petition the Tax Commissioner to invalidate the certificate of any assessor or deputy assessor who willfully fails or refuses to diligently perform his or her duties in accordance with the laws, rules, regulations, manuals, and orders issued by the Tax Commissioner governing the assessment of property and the duties of each assessor and deputy assessor. No certificate shall be revoked or suspended except after notice and a hearing before the Tax Commissioner or his or her designee. Such hearing shall be
held at least ten days after the issuance of such notice in the county. Prior to revocation, a one-year probationary period, subject to oversight by the Tax Commissioner, shall be imposed. At the end of the one-year probationary period, a second hearing shall be held. If assessment practices have improved, the probationary period shall end and no revocation shall be made. If assessment practices have not improved, the assessor certificate shall be revoked. If during the probationary period, the assessor continues to willfully fail or refuse to diligently perform his or her duties, the Tax Commissioner may immediately hold the second hearing. If the county assessor certificate of a person serving as assessor or deputy assessor is revoked, such person shall be removed from office by the Tax Commissioner, the office shall be declared vacant, and such person shall not be eligible to hold that office for a period of five years after the date of removal. The Tax Commissioner shall mail a copy of his or her written order to the affected party within seven days after the date of the order.

(8) All hearings described in this section shall be governed by the Administrative Procedure Act. Any county aggrieved by a determination of the Tax Commissioner after a hearing pursuant to subsections (4) and (5) of this section or alleging that its suspension is no longer justified or any assessor or deputy assessor whose county assessor certificate has been revoked may appeal within thirty days after the date of the written order of the Tax Commissioner to the Tax Equalization and Review Commission in accordance with section 77-5013.

Sec. 39. This act becomes operative on January 1, 2012.


Sec. 41. The following sections are outright repealed: Sections 66-684, 66-685, 66-686, 66-687, 66-688, 66-691, 66-694, and 66-695, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.