LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDREDTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 146

Introduced By: McDonald, 41;

Read first time: January 8, 2007

Committee: Judiciary

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A BILL

FOR AN ACT relating to child support; to amend sections

42-364.01, 43-1718.02, and 43-1723, Reissue Revised Statutes

of Nebraska; to change the administrative fee allowed for income withholding; and to repeal the original sections.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 42-364.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of

Nebraska, is amended to read:

- 42-364.01. In any proceeding when a district court, county court, or separate juvenile court has ordered, temporarily or permanently, a parent, referred to as parent-employee in sections 42-364.01 to 42-364.12, to pay any amount for the support of a minor child, that court shall, following application, hearing, and findings, as required by sections 42-364.02 to 42-364.12, order the employer of such parent:
 - (1) To withhold, from the parent-employee's nonexempt, disposable earnings presently due and to be due in the future, such amounts as shall reduce and satisfy the parent-employee's previous arrearage in child support payments arising from the parent-employee's failure to comply fully with an order previously entered to pay child support, the parent-employee's obligation to pay child support as ordered by the court as such obligation accrues in the future;
 - (2) To pay to the parent-employee, on his or her regularly scheduled payday such earnings then due which are not ordered withheld;
 - (3) To deduct from the sums so withheld an amount set by the court, but not to exceed two dollars and fifty cents ten dollars in any calendar month, as compensation for the employer's reasonable cost incurred in complying with such order;
 - (4) To remit within seven calendar days after the date the obligor is paid such sums withheld, less the deduction as allowed by the court pursuant to subdivision (3) of this section, to the State Disbursement Unit;

1 (5) To refrain from dismissing, demoting, disciplining, and
2 in any way penalizing the parent-employee on account of the proceeding
3 to collect child support, on account of any order or orders entered by
4 the court in such proceeding, and on account of employer compliance
5 with such order or orders; and

- (6) To notify in writing the clerk of the court entering such order of the termination of the employment of such parent-employee, the last-known address of the parent-employee, and the name and address of the parent-employee's new employer, if known, and to provide such written notification within thirty days after the termination of employment.
- 12 Sec. 2. Section 43-1718.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 13 Nebraska, is amended to read:
 - 43-1718.02. (1) In any case in which services are not provided under Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act, as amended, and a support order has been issued or modified on or after July 1, 1994, the obligor's income shall be subject to income withholding regardless of whether or not payments pursuant to such order are in arrears, and the court shall require such income withholding in its order unless:
 - (a) One of the parties demonstrates and the court finds that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or
- 23 (b) A written agreement between the parties providing an 24 alternative arrangement is incorporated into the support order.
 - (2) If the court pursuant to subsection (1) of this section orders income withholding regardless of whether or not payments are in arrears, the obligor shall prepare a notice to withhold income. The

notice to withhold income shall be substantially similar to a prototype prepared by the Department of Health and Human Services and made available by the department to the State Court Administrator and the clerks of the district courts. The notice to withhold shall direct:

- (a) That the employer or other payor shall withhold from the obligor's disposable income the amount stated in the notice to withhold for the purpose of satisfying the obligor's ongoing obligation for support payments as they become due and if there are arrearages, reducing such arrearages in child, spousal, or medical support payments arising from the obligor's failure to fully comply with a support order;
- (b) That the employer or other payor shall pay to the obligor, on his or her regularly scheduled payday, such income then due which is not required to be withheld as stated on the notice or pursuant to any court order;
- (c) That the employer or other payor shall not withhold more than the maximum amount permitted to be withheld under section 303(b) of the federal Consumer Credit Protection Act, 15 U.S.C. 1673(b)(2)(A) and (B), and the amount withheld to satisfy an arrearage of child, spousal, or medical support when added to the amount withheld to pay current support and the fee provided for in subdivision (2)(d) of this section shall not exceed such maximum amount;
- (d) That the employer or other payor may assess an additional administrative fee from the obligor's disposable income not to exceed two dollars and fifty cents ten dollars in any calendar month as compensation for the employer's or other payor's reasonable

- 1 cost incurred in complying with the notice;
- 2 (e) That the employer or other payor shall remit, within
- 3 seven days after the date the obligor is paid and in the manner
- 4 specified in the notice, the income withheld, less the deduction
- 5 allowed as an administrative fee by subdivision (2)(d) of this
- 6 section, to the State Disbursement Unit and shall notify the unit of
- 7 the date such income was withheld;
- 8 (f) That the notice to withhold income shall terminate with
- 9 respect to the employer or other payor without any court action or
- 10 action by the obligor thirty days after the obligor ceases employment
- 11 with or is no longer entitled to income from such employer or other
- 12 payor;
- 13 (g) That the employer or other payor may combine amounts
- 14 required to be withheld from the income of two or more obligors in a
- single payment to the unit if the portion of the single payment which
- 16 is attributable to each individual obligor is separately identified;
- 17 (h) That an employer or other payor who fails to withhold
- and remit income of an obligor after receiving proper notice or who
- 19 discriminates, demotes, disciplines, or terminates an employee or
- 20 payee after receiving a notice to withhold income shall be subject to
- 21 the penalties prescribed in subsections (4) and (5) of this section;
- 22 and
- 23 (i) That if the employer or other payor receives more than
- 24 one notice to withhold income of a single obligor and the amount of
- 25 income available to be withheld pursuant to the limits specified in
- subdivision (c) of this subsection is insufficient to satisfy the
- 27 total support amount certified in the notices, the income available

shall first be applied to current support. If the total amount of income available to be withheld is insufficient to satisfy the total amount of current support certified by the notices, the employer or other payor shall withhold for each notice the proportion that the amount of the current support certified in such notice bears to the total amount of current support certified in all notices received for the obligor. Any remaining income available to be withheld after current support is satisfied for all notices shall be applied to arrearages. If arrearages are certified in more than one notice, the employer or other payor shall withhold for each notice the proportion that the amount of the arrearage certified in such notice bears to the total amount of arrearage certified in all notices received for the obligor.

Compliance with the order by the employer or other payor shall operate as a discharge of the employer's or other payor's liability to the obligor as to the portion of the obligor's income withheld.

- (3) The obligor shall deliver the notice to withhold income to his or her current employer or other payor and provide a copy of such notice to the clerk of the district court.
- 21 (4) Any employer or other payor who fails to withhold and 22 remit any income of an obligor receiving income from the employer or 23 other payor, after proper notice as provided in subsection (2) of this 24 section, shall be required to pay to the unit the amount specified in 25 the notice.
- 26 (5) An employer or other payor shall not use an order or notice to withhold income or order or the possibility of income

withholding as a basis for (a) discrimination in hiring, (b) demotion
of an employee or payee, (c) disciplinary action against an employee
or payee, or (d) termination of an employee or payee.

Upon application by the obligor and after a hearing on the matter, the court may impose a civil fine of up to five hundred dollars for each violation of this subsection.

An employer or other payor who violates this subsection shall be required to make full restitution to the aggrieved employee or payee, including reinstatement and backpay.

- entitled to income from an employer or other payor, the notice to withhold income shall not cease to operate against the obligor and income withholding shall continue to apply to any subsequent employment or income of the obligor. The notice to withhold income shall terminate with respect to the employer or other payor without any court action or action by the obligor thirty days after the obligor ceases employment with or is no longer entitled to income from such employer or other payor. A notice to withhold income shall also terminate when the child, spousal, or medical support obligation terminates and all past-due support has been paid, in which case the obligor shall notify the employer or other payor to cease withholding income.
- (7) A notice to withhold income may be modified or revoked by a court of competent jurisdiction as a result of modification of the support order. A notice to withhold income may also be modified or revoked by a court of competent jurisdiction, for other good cause shown, after notice and a hearing on the issue.

1 (8) The obligee or obligor may file an action in district 2 court to enforce this section.

- (9) If after an order is issued in any case under this section the case becomes one in which services are provided under Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act, as amended, the county attorney or authorized attorney or the Director of Health and Human Services shall implement income withholding as otherwise provided in the Income Withholding for Child Support Act.
- 9 Sec. 3. Section 43-1723, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

- 43-1723. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the county attorney, the authorized attorney, or the department shall notify the obligor's employer or other payor, by first-class mail or by electronic means, within the time determined by the department which shall comply with the requirements of Title IV-D of the federal Social Security Act, as amended. The notice shall specify the basis for the assignment of income and shall direct:
- (1) That the employer or other payor shall withhold from the obligor's disposable income the amount certified by the county attorney, the authorized attorney, or the department for the purpose of reducing and satisfying the obligor's (a) previous arrearage in child, spousal, or medical support payments arising from the obligor's failure to fully comply with a support order previously entered and (b) ongoing obligation for support payments as they become due;
- (2) That the employer or other payor shall implement income withholding no later than the first pay period that begins following the date on the notice;

1 (3) That the employer or other payor shall pay to the 2 obligor, on his or her regularly scheduled payday, such income then 3 due which is not certified to be withheld pursuant to section 43-1722 4 or any court order;

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- (4) That the employer or other payor may assess an additional administrative fee from the obligor's disposable income not to exceed two dollars and fifty cents ten dollars in any calendar month as compensation for the employer's or other payor's reasonable cost incurred in complying with the notice;
- (5) That the employer or other payor shall remit, within seven days after the date the obligor is paid and in the manner specified in the notice, the income withheld, less the deduction allowed as an administrative expense by subdivision (4) of this section, to the State Disbursement Unit as designated in the notice and shall notify the unit of the date such income was withheld;
- (6) That the employer or other payor shall notify the county attorney, the authorized attorney, or the department in writing of the termination of the employment or income of the obligor, the last-known address of the obligor, and the name and address of the obligor's new employer or other payor, if known, and shall provide such written notification within thirty days after the termination of employment or income;
- 23 (7) That income withholding is binding on the employer or 24 other payor until further notice by the county attorney, the 25 authorized attorney, or the department;
 - (8) That the employer or other payor may combine amounts required to be withheld from the income of two or more obligors in a

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single payment to the unit as designated in an income withholding notice if the portion of the single payment which is attributable to each individual obligor is separately identified;

(9) That an employer or other payor who fails to withhold and remit income of an obligor after receiving proper notice or who discriminates, demotes, disciplines, or terminates an employee or payee after receiving an income withholding notice shall be subject to the penalties prescribed in sections 43-1724 and 43-1725; and

(10) That if the employer or other payor receives more than one notice to withhold income of a single obligor and the amount of income available to be withheld pursuant to the limits specified in section 43-1722 is insufficient to satisfy the total support amount certified in the notices, the income available shall first be applied to current support. If the total amount of income available to be withheld is insufficient to satisfy the total amount of current support certified by the notices, the employer or other payor shall withhold for each notice the proportion that the amount of the current support certified in such notice bears to the total amount of current support certified in all notices received for the obligor. Any remaining income available to be withheld after current support is satisfied for all notices shall be applied to arrearages. arrearages are certified in more than one notice, the employer or other payor shall withhold for each notice the proportion that the amount of the arrearage certified in such notice bears to the total amount of arrearage certified in all notices received for the obligor.

Compliance with the order by the employer or other payor shall operate as a discharge of the employer's or other payor's

liability to the obligor as to the portion of the obligor's income withheld. The county attorney, the authorized attorney, or the department need not notify the Commissioner of Labor as a payor if the commissioner is withholding for child support from the obligor under

6 Sec. 4 Original sections 42-364.01, 43-1718.02, and 43-1723,

7 Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.

section 48-647 for the same support order.