LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA

ONE HUNDREDTH LEGISLATURE

FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 121

Read first time: January 8, 2007

Committee: Banking, Commerce and Insurance

A BILL

- FOR AN ACT relating to insurance; to amend section 77-908,

 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006; to adopt the

 Captive Insurers Act; to provide for a tax on captive insurers; and to repeal the original section.
- 5 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1	Section 1. <u>Sections 1 to 17 of this act shall be known and</u>
2	may be cited as the Captive Insurers Act.
3	Sec. 2. The purposes of the Captive Insurers Act are to set
4	forth the procedures for organizing and regulating the operations of
5	captive insurers within the State of Nebraska and to encourage
6	integrity, financial solvency, and stability of captive insurers for
7	the purpose of promoting the development of Nebraska businesses.
8	Sec. 3. For purposes of the Captive Insurers Act:
9	(1) Affiliated entity means any entity that directly or
10	indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with
11	a captive insurer;
12	(2) Captive insurer means a domestic insurer authorized
13	under the act to provide insurance and reinsurance to its parent, any
14	affiliated entity, or both. Such insurance and reinsurance shall be
15	limited to the risks, hazards, and liabilities of its parent and
16	affiliated entities;
17	(3) Control means the power to direct or cause the
18	direction of the management and policies of an entity through
19	ownership of voting securities;
20	(4) Director means the Director of Insurance; and
21	(5) Parent means an entity that directly or indirectly
22	owns, controls, or holds, with power to vote, more than fifty percent
23	of the outstanding voting securities or other ownership interest of a
24	captive insurer.
25	Sec. 4. No captive insurer shall adopt the name of any
26	existing insurer or any name that may be misleading to the public.
27	Sec. 5. (1) No person shall transact the business of

1	insurance as a captive insurer without first applying for and
2	obtaining from the director a certificate of authority. An applicant
3	shall submit a nonrefundable application fee of five hundred dollars
4	with a plan of operation which includes:
5	(a) Articles of incorporation and bylaws or other documents
6	of organization;
7	(b) Pro forma financial statements for two years;
8	(c) The source and nature of initial and ongoing capital;
9	(d) A feasibility study which discloses the types and
10	adequacy of the insurance programs of the captive insurer, the
11	identity of the parent and affiliated entities benefiting from such
12	insurance program, and the relationships to the captive insurer as
13	well as all projected expenses, contracts, and a holding company
14	system chart identifying the ownership and relationship of the parent
15	and affiliated entities;
16	(e) Copies of all insurance and reinsurance agreements of
17	the captive insurer as well as disclosure of all transactions material
18	to the insurance operations;
19	(f) Financial condition of the parent and, if requested by
20	the director, any affiliated entities, benefiting from the captive
21	insurance program;
22	(g) A management overview including competence, experience,
23	and integrity of those controlling the insurance operations;
24	(h) A statement submitting to the jurisdiction of the
25	director; and
26	(i) An explanation of how the operation of the captive
27	insurer promotes the development of a Nebraska business.

the director, the articles and other documents of organization shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State. A copy of the articles or other documents of organization, certified by the Secretary of State, shall be filed with the director. Amendments to organizational documents shall be deemed a change to the plan of operation and shall be filed with and approved by the director before they are submitted to the Secretary of State.

- (3) The director may refuse to issue a certificate of authority until he or she is reasonably satisfied that the plan of operation contains sufficient indication of a successful insurance operation and that the captive insurer will be able to meet expected or ongoing policy obligations.
- of any subsequent amendments to any components of the original plan of operation. The director shall deem that any captive insurer that has failed to disclose a transaction or a series of transactions that would circumvent the Captive Insurers Act to be in hazardous financial condition with respect to the public or its policyholders and subject to suspension or revocation of the certificate of authority of the captive insurer.
- (5) A captive insurer may transact any line or lines of insurance specified in subdivisions (5), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (18) of section 44-201. A captive insurer shall not transact directors and officers insurance or motor vehicle liability insurance.
- (6) Every captive insurer shall provide to the director books and records in the state as to enable the financial examination

of the captive insurer by the director.

Sec. 6. A board of directors or other governing body consisting of not less than three individuals shall manage the business of each captive insurer. The organizational documents or bylaws shall provide for the terms, meetings, and elections of the directors and officers of the governing body. No individual may serve as a director or officer who has been convicted of fraud involving any financial institution or of a felony involving misuse of funds.

Sec. 7. The certificate of authority issued to a captive insurer shall expire on June 30 of each year. The director shall renew the certificate of authority upon payment of an annual renewal fee of five hundred dollars and all other required fees and the filing of all required reports.

Sec. 8. (1) Every captive insurer with a certificate of

Sec. 8. (1) Every captive insurer with a certificate of authority to transact business in this state pursuant to the Captive Insurers Act shall file with the director a report, signed and sworn to by its chief officers, of its financial condition as of the end of each fiscal year. The report shall be in a form prescribed by the director and contain such information as the director deems necessary for the purpose of ascertaining whether the captive insurer can continue to meet its policy obligations to its parent, affiliated entities, and claimants. The report shall be filed within sixty days following the end of the captive insurer's fiscal year. The director may require that the report include the information required by section 44-322, including any instructions, procedures, and quidelines consistent with the act.

(2) The director may prescribe the format and frequency of

1 other reports to be filed, which may include, but not be limited to, summary loss reports, quarterly financial statements, audited annual 2 financial statements, holding company statements, biographical 3 information on officers and directors, and other professional 4 5 reports. Sec. 9. (1) No captive insurer shall be permitted to 6 7 transact any business in this state unless it maintains total capital 8 and surplus in the amount of at least one hundred thousand dollars in such form as is acceptable to the director. 9 (2) Upon a written finding by the director that the 10 11 approved plan of operation or the operational results of the captive 12 insurer require either additional capital or a larger surplus than 13 required by this section, the director may require that additional 14 capital or surplus, or both, be obtained. Additional capital or surplus may be tendered in the form of an irrevocable evergreen 15 16 <u>letter of credit acceptable to the director.</u> 17 (3) Any letter of credit provided to satisfy the requirements of the Captive Insurers Act shall be: 18 (a) Jointly held under the control of the director and the 19 captive insurer for the benefit of claimants; 20 21 (b) Issued or confirmed by an institution that is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; 22 (c) The sole property of such captive insurer; and 23 24 (d) Free and clear of any claim or encumbrance. Sec. 10. The director may examine the financial condition, 25 affairs, and management of any applicant or captive insurer pursuant 26 27 to the Insurers Examination Act.

1 Sec. 11. (1) Captive insurers shall be subject to the types and nature of investments as set forth in the Insurers Investment Act, 2 but not subject to any limitations contained in such act as to 3 invested amounts, except that the director may prohibit or limit any 4 5 investment that threatens the solvency or liquidity of any such 6 company or if such investments are not made in accordance with the approved plan of operation. 7 8 (2) No captive insurer may make a loan to or an investment in its parent or affiliated entities without prior written approval of 9 the director and any such transaction shall be evidenced by 10 11 documentation approved by the director. Loans of minimum capital and 12 surplus funds are prohibited. 13 Sec. 12. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) 14 of this section, any captive insurer authorized to do business in this state may take credit for reserves on risks ceded to a reinsurer 15 16 pursuant to the provisions of sections 44-416.05 to 44-416.10 and any rules and regulations adopted and promulgated under such sections. 17 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) of 18 this section, any captive insurer may cede risks to a reinsurer not 19 meeting the standards of sections 44-416.05 to 44-416.10 and may take 20 reserve credits if the captive insurer receives prior written 21 22 approval from the director. Sec. 13. A captive insurer shall not be a member of the 23 24 Nebraska Property and Liability Insurance Guaranty Association or the 25 Nebraska Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association. The Nebraska Property and Liability Insurance Guaranty Association Act and the 26 Nebraska Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association Act shall not 27

- be applicable to coverage offered by a captive insurer.
- 2 Sec. 14. The director shall approve any voluntary
- 3 dissolution of the captive insurer if the director determines that all
- 4 <u>obligations of the captive insurer have been satisfied. The</u>
- 5 <u>dissolution of a captive insurer shall not impair the right of any</u>
- 6 person to commence an action against the captive insurer for any
- 7 liability previously incurred.
- 8 Sec. 15. (1) After notice and a hearing conducted pursuant
- 9 to the Administrative Procedure Act, the director may suspend or
- 10 revoke a certificate of authority or may impose an administrative
- 11 fine not to exceed one thousand dollars per violation, or any
- 12 <u>combination of such actions, if the director finds the captive</u>
- 13 <u>insurer:</u>
- 14 (a) Engages in financial practices that make further
- 15 transaction of business in this state hazardous or injurious to
- 16 claimants or the public as defined by rule and regulation adopted and
- 17 promulgated by the director;
- 18 (b) Within fifteen business days fails to respond to an
- inquiry of the director;
- 20 (c) Fails to pay any final judgment rendered against it in
- 21 this state on any contractual obligation in a reasonable period of
- 22 <u>time;</u>
- 23 (d) Conducts business fraudulently or has not met its
- 24 <u>contractual obligations in good faith; or</u>
- 25 (e) Violates any provision of the laws of this or any other
- 26 state.
- 27 (2) In lieu of or in addition to the administrative fines

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1 set forth in subsection (1) of this section, the director may issue a

- 2 <u>cease and desist order to a captive insurer if the captive insurer</u>
- 3 engages in any of the activities set forth in subsection (1) of this
- 4 <u>section</u>.
- 5 Sec. 16. The director may adopt and promulgate rules and
- 6 regulations to carry out the Captive Insurers Act.
- 7 Sec. 17. (1) The insurance laws of this state shall not
- 8 apply to captive insurers except as permitted in the Captive
- 9 Insurers Act.
- 10 (2) The following provisions of Chapter 44 apply to captive
- 11 <u>insurers:</u>
- 12 <u>(a) The Insurers Examination Act;</u>
- (b) Sections 44-101, 44-101.01, 44-102, 44-103, 44-114,
- 14 44-116, 44-154, 44-205.01, 44-231, 44-301, 44-318, 44-320, 44-326, and
- 15 <u>44-360; and</u>
- 16 (3) The Nebraska Insurers Supervision, Rehabilitation, and
- 17 Liquidation Act. Such act shall only apply to a captive insurer that
- 18 provides insurance and reinsurance to a parent or affiliated entity
- 19 <u>that is an insurer.</u>
- 20 Sec. 18. Section 77-908, Revised Statutes Cumulative
- 21 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:
- 22 77-908. Every insurance company organized under the stock,
- 23 mutual, assessment, or reciprocal plan, except fraternal benefit
- 24 societies, which is transacting business in this state shall, on or
- 25 before March 1 of each year, pay a tax to the director of one percent
- 26 of the gross amount of direct writing premiums received by it during
- 27 the preceding calendar year for business done in this state, except

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that (1) for group sickness and accident insurance the rate of such tax shall be five-tenths of one percent, (2) for property and casualty insurance, excluding individual sickness and accident insurance, the rate of such tax shall be one percent, and (3) for capitation payments made in accordance with the Medical Assistance Act, the rate of tax shall be five percent. A captive insurer authorized under the Captive Insurers Act that is transacting business in this state shall, on or before March 1 of each year, pay to the director a tax of one percent of the gross amount of direct writing premiums received by such insurer during the preceding calendar year for business transacted in the state. The taxable premiums shall include premiums paid on the lives of persons residing in this state and premiums paid for risks located in this state whether the insurance was written in this state or not, including that portion of a group premium paid which represents the premium for insurance on Nebraska residents or risks located in Nebraska included within the group when the number of lives in the group exceeds five hundred. The tax shall also apply to premiums received by domestic companies for insurance written on individuals residing outside this state or risks located outside this state if no comparable tax is paid by the direct writing domestic company to any other appropriate taxing authority. Companies whose scheme of operation contemplates the return of a portion of premiums to policyholders, without such policyholders being claimants under the terms of their policies, may deduct such return premiums or dividends from their gross premiums for the purpose of tax calculations. Any such insurance company shall receive a credit on the tax imposed as provided in the Community Development Assistance Act and section

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- 1 77-27,222.
- 2 Sec. 19. Original section 77-908, Revised Statutes

3 Cumulative Supplement, 2006, is repealed.