

LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA
ONE HUNDREDTH LEGISLATURE
SECOND SESSION
LEGISLATIVE BILL 308

FINAL READING

Introduced by Stuthman, 22; Burling, 33.

Read first time January 11, 2007

Committee: Health and Human Services

A BILL

1 FOR AN ACT relating to pharmacy; to amend sections 38-178, 38-2866,
2 71-448, and 71-7454, Revised Statutes Supplement,
3 2007; to adopt the Automated Medication Systems Act;
4 to harmonize provisions; to change and eliminate
5 restrictions on drug vending machines; to provide
6 operative dates; to repeal the original sections; to
7 outright repeal section 71-1,147.15, Reissue Revised
8 Statutes of Nebraska, section 38-28,102, Revised Statutes
9 Supplement, 2007, and section 9 of this legislative bill;
10 and to declare an emergency.
11 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Sections 1 to 9 of this act shall be known and
2 may be cited as the Automated Medication Systems Act.

3 Sec. 2. For purposes of the Automated Medication Systems
4 Act:

5 (1) Automated medication distribution machine means a
6 type of automated medication system that stores medication to be
7 administered to a patient by a person credentialed before December
8 1, 2008, under the Uniform Licensing Law and on or after December
9 1, 2008, under the Uniform Credentialing Act;

10 (2) Automated medication system means a mechanical system
11 that performs operations or activities, other than compounding,
12 administration, or other technologies, relative to storage and
13 packaging for dispensing or distribution of medications and that
14 collects, controls, and maintains all transaction information
15 and includes, but is not limited to, a prescription medication
16 distribution machine or an automated medication distribution
17 machine. An automated medication system may only be used in
18 conjunction with the provision of pharmacist care;

19 (3) Chart order means an order for a drug or device
20 issued by a practitioner for a patient who is in the hospital
21 where the chart is stored or for a patient receiving detoxification
22 treatment or maintenance treatment pursuant to section 28-412.
23 Chart order does not include a prescription;

24 (4) Hospital has the definition found in section 71-419;

25 (5) Medical order means a prescription, a chart order, or

1 an order for pharmaceutical care issued by a practitioner;

2 (6) Pharmacist means any person who is licensed by the
3 State of Nebraska to practice pharmacy;

4 (7) Pharmacist care means the provision by a pharmacist
5 of medication therapy management, with or without the dispensing of
6 drugs or devices, intended to achieve outcomes related to the cure
7 or prevention of a disease, elimination or reduction of a patient's
8 symptoms, or arresting or slowing of a disease process;

9 (8) Pharmacist remote order entry means entering an order
10 into a computer system or drug utilization review by a pharmacist
11 licensed to practice pharmacy in the State of Nebraska and located
12 within the United States, pursuant to medical orders in a hospital
13 or pharmacy licensed under the Health Care Facility Licensure Act;

14 (9) Practice of pharmacy means (a) the interpretation,
15 evaluation, and implementation of a medical order, (b) the
16 dispensing of drugs and devices, (c) drug product selection,
17 (d) the administration of drugs or devices, (e) drug utilization
18 review, (f) patient counseling, (g) the provision of pharmaceutical
19 care, and (h) the responsibility for compounding and labeling of
20 dispensed or repackaged drugs and devices, proper and safe storage
21 of drugs and devices, and maintenance of proper records. The active
22 practice of pharmacy means the performance of the functions set
23 out in this subdivision by a pharmacist as his or her principal or
24 ordinary occupation;

25 (10) Practitioner means a certified registered nurse

1 anesthetist, a certified nurse midwife, a dentist, an optometrist,
2 a nurse practitioner, a physician assistant, a physician, a
3 podiatrist, or a veterinarian;

4 (11) Prescription medication distribution machine means
5 a type of automated medication system that packages, labels, or
6 counts medication in preparation for dispensing of medications by a
7 pharmacist pursuant to a prescription; and

8 (12) Telepharmacy means the provision of pharmacist
9 care, by a pharmacist located within the United States, using
10 telecommunications, remote order entry, or other automations and
11 technologies to deliver care to patients or their agents who are
12 located at sites other than where the pharmacist is located.

13 Sec. 3. Any automated machine that dispenses, delivers,
14 or makes available, other than by administration, prescription
15 medication directly to a patient or caregiver is prohibited.

16 Sec. 4. Any hospital or pharmacy that uses an automated
17 medication system shall develop, maintain, and comply with policies
18 and procedures developed in consultation with the pharmacist
19 responsible for pharmacist care for that hospital or pharmacy. At a
20 minimum, the policies and procedures shall address the following:

21 (1) The description and location within the hospital or
22 pharmacy of the automated medication system or equipment being
23 used;

24 (2) The name of the individual or individuals responsible
25 for implementation of and compliance with the policies and

1 procedures;

2 (3) Medication access and information access procedures;

3 (4) Security of inventory and confidentiality of records
4 in compliance with state and federal laws, rules, and regulations;

5 (5) A description of how and by whom the automated
6 medication system is being utilized, including processes for
7 filling, verifying, dispensing, and distributing medications;

8 (6) Staff education and training;

9 (7) Quality assurance and quality improvement programs
10 and processes;

11 (8) Inoperability or emergency downtime procedures;

12 (9) Periodic system maintenance; and

13 (10) Medication security and controls.

14 Sec. 5. A prescription medication distribution machine:

15 (1) Is subject to the requirements of section 4 of this
16 act; and

17 (2) May be operated only in a licensed pharmacy
18 where a pharmacist dispenses medications to patients for
19 self-administration pursuant to a prescription.

20 Sec. 6. (1) An automated medication distribution machine:

21 (a) Is subject to the requirements of section 4 of this
22 act; and

23 (b) May be operated in a hospital for medication
24 administration pursuant to a chart order by a licensed health
25 care professional.

1 (2) Drugs placed in an automated medication distribution
2 machine shall be in the manufacturer's original packaging or in
3 containers repackaged in compliance with state and federal laws,
4 rules, and regulations relating to repackaging, labeling, and
5 record keeping.

6 (3) The inventory which is transferred to an automated
7 medication distribution machine in a hospital shall be excluded
8 from the percent of total prescription drug sales revenue described
9 in section 71-7454.

10 Sec. 7. A pharmacist providing pharmacist remote order
11 entry shall:

12 (1) Be located within the United States;

13 (2) Maintain adequate security and privacy in accordance
14 with state and federal laws, rules, and regulations;

15 (3) Be linked to one or more hospitals or pharmacies for
16 which services are provided via computer link, video link, audio
17 link, or facsimile transmission;

18 (4) Have access to each patient's medical information
19 necessary to perform via computer link, video link, or facsimile
20 transmission a prospective drug utilization review as specified
21 before December 1, 2008, in section 71-1,147.35 and on or after
22 December 1, 2008, in section 38-2869; and

23 (5) Be employed by or have a contractual agreement to
24 provide such services with the hospital or pharmacy where the
25 patient is located.

1 Sec. 8. Any person who violates the Automated Medication
2 Systems Act may be subject to disciplinary action by the Division
3 of Public Health of the Department of Health and Human Services
4 under the Health Care Facility Licensure Act, the Uniform Licensing
5 Law, or the Uniform Credentialing Act.

6 Sec. 9. Unless specifically limited by the Board of
7 Pharmacy or the Department of Health and Human Services, a
8 pharmacist may engage in the practice of telepharmacy.

9 Sec. 10. Section 38-178, Revised Statutes Supplement,
10 2007, is amended to read:

11 38-178 Except as otherwise provided in sections 38-1,119
12 to 38-1,123, a credential to practice a profession may be denied,
13 refused renewal, or have other disciplinary measures taken against
14 it in accordance with section 38-185 or 38-186 on any of the
15 following grounds:

16 (1) Misrepresentation of material facts in procuring or
17 attempting to procure a credential;

18 (2) Immoral or dishonorable conduct evidencing unfitness
19 to practice the profession in this state;

20 (3) Abuse of, dependence on, or active addiction to
21 alcohol, any controlled substance, or any mind-altering substance;

22 (4) Failure to comply with a treatment program or an
23 aftercare program, including, but not limited to, a program entered
24 into under the Licensee Assistance Program established pursuant to
25 section 38-175;

1 (5) Conviction of (a) a misdemeanor or felony under
2 Nebraska law or federal law, or (b) a crime in any jurisdiction
3 which, if committed within this state, would have constituted a
4 misdemeanor or felony under Nebraska law and which has a rational
5 connection with the fitness or capacity of the applicant or
6 credential holder to practice the profession;

7 (6) Practice of the profession (a) fraudulently, (b)
8 beyond its authorized scope, (c) with gross incompetence or gross
9 negligence, or (d) in a pattern of incompetent or negligent
10 conduct;

11 (7) Practice of the profession while the ability to
12 practice is impaired by alcohol, controlled substances, drugs,
13 mind-altering substances, physical disability, mental disability,
14 or emotional disability;

15 (8) Physical or mental incapacity to practice the
16 profession as evidenced by a legal judgment or a determination by
17 other lawful means;

18 (9) Illness, deterioration, or disability that impairs
19 the ability to practice the profession;

20 (10) Permitting, aiding, or abetting the practice of a
21 profession or the performance of activities requiring a credential
22 by a person not credentialed to do so;

23 (11) Having had his or her credential denied, refused
24 renewal, limited, suspended, revoked, or disciplined in any manner
25 similar to section 38-196 by another state or jurisdiction based

1 upon acts by the applicant or credential holder similar to acts
2 described in this section;

3 (12) Use of untruthful, deceptive, or misleading
4 statements in advertisements;

5 (13) Conviction of fraudulent or misleading advertising
6 or conviction of a violation of the Uniform Deceptive Trade
7 Practices Act;

8 (14) Distribution of intoxicating liquors, controlled
9 substances, or drugs for any other than lawful purposes;

10 (15) Violations of the Uniform Credentialing Act or the
11 rules and regulations relating to the particular profession;

12 (16) Unlawful invasion of the field of practice of any
13 profession regulated by the Uniform Credentialing Act which the
14 credential holder is not credentialed to practice;

15 (17) Violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act
16 or any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to the act;

17 (18) Failure to file a report required by section
18 38-1,124 or 38-1,125;

19 (19) Failure to maintain the requirements necessary to
20 obtain a credential;

21 (20) Violation of an order issued by the department;

22 (21) Violation of an assurance of compliance entered into
23 under section 38-1,108;

24 (22) Failure to pay an administrative penalty; ~~or~~

25 (23) Unprofessional conduct as defined in section 38-179;

1 ~~or-~~

2 (24) Violation of the Automated Medication Systems Act.

3 Sec. 11. Section 38-2866, Revised Statutes Supplement,
4 2007, is amended to read:

5 38-2866 Unless specifically limited by the board or the
6 department, a pharmacist may (1) engage in the practice of pharmacy
7 and telepharmacy as defined in section 2 of this act, (2) use
8 automation in the practice of pharmacy and telepharmacy, (3) use
9 the abbreviation R.P. or the title licensed pharmacist, ~~(3)~~ (4)
10 enter into delegated dispensing agreements, and ~~(4)~~ (5) possess,
11 without dispensing, prescription drugs and devices, including
12 controlled substances, for purposes of administration.

13 Sec. 12. Section 71-448, Revised Statutes Supplement,
14 2007, is amended to read:

15 71-448 The Division of Public Health of the Department of
16 Health and Human Services may take disciplinary action against a
17 license issued under the Health Care Facility Licensure Act on any
18 of the following grounds:

19 (1) Violation of any of the provisions of the
20 Assisted-Living Facility Act, the Health Care Facility Licensure
21 Act, the Nebraska Nursing Home Act, or the rules and regulations
22 adopted and promulgated under such acts;

23 (2) Committing or permitting, aiding, or abetting the
24 commission of any unlawful act;

25 (3) Conduct or practices detrimental to the health or

1 safety of a person residing in, served by, or employed at the
2 health care facility or health care service;

3 (4) A report from an accreditation body or public
4 agency sanctioning, modifying, terminating, or withdrawing the
5 accreditation or certification of the health care facility or
6 health care service;

7 (5) Failure to allow an agent or employee of the
8 Department of Health and Human Services access to the health care
9 facility or health care service for the purposes of inspection,
10 investigation, or other information collection activities necessary
11 to carry out the duties of the Department of Health and Human
12 Services;

13 (6) Discrimination or retaliation against a person
14 residing in, served by, or employed at the health care facility or
15 health care service who has submitted a complaint or information to
16 the Department of Health and Human Services;

17 (7) Discrimination or retaliation against a person
18 residing in, served by, or employed at the health care facility or
19 health care service who has presented a grievance or information to
20 the office of the state long-term care ombudsman;

21 (8) Failure to allow a state long-term care ombudsman or
22 an ombudsman advocate access to the health care facility or health
23 care service for the purposes of investigation necessary to carry
24 out the duties of the office of the state long-term care ombudsman
25 as specified in the rules and regulations adopted and promulgated

1 by the Department of Health and Human Services;

2 (9) Violation of the Emergency Box Drug Act;

3 (10) Failure to file a report required by section
4 38-1,127;

5 (11) Violation of the Medication Aide Act; ~~or~~

6 (12) Failure to file a report of suspected abuse or
7 neglect as required by sections 28-372 and 28-711; or-

8 (13) Violation of the Automated Medication Systems Act.

9 Sec. 13. Section 71-7454, Revised Statutes Supplement,
10 2007, is amended to read:

11 71-7454 (1) No wholesale drug distributor, manufacturer,
12 or pharmacy shall knowingly purchase or receive any prescription
13 drug from any source other than a person or entity licensed under
14 the Wholesale Drug Distributor Licensing Act except transfers for
15 emergency medical reasons and except as provided in subsection (3)
16 of section 6 of this act, the gross dollar value of which shall not
17 exceed five percent of the total prescription drug sales revenue
18 of the transferor or transferee holder of a pharmacy license or
19 practitioner as defined in section 38-2838 during the immediately
20 preceding calendar year, and except as otherwise provided in the
21 act.

22 (2) A wholesale drug distributor may receive returns or
23 exchanges of prescription drugs from a pharmacy, chain pharmacy
24 warehouse, health care practitioner facility as defined in section
25 71-414, or hospital as defined in section 71-419 pursuant to

1 the terms and conditions agreed upon between such wholesale
2 drug distributor and such pharmacy, chain pharmacy warehouse,
3 health care practitioner facility, or hospital. Such returns and
4 exchanges shall not be subject to sections 71-7455 to 71-7457. A
5 wholesale drug distributor shall not receive from a pharmacy, chain
6 pharmacy warehouse, health care practitioner facility, or hospital
7 an amount or quantity of a prescription drug greater than the
8 amount or quantity that was originally sold by the wholesale drug
9 distributor to such pharmacy, chain pharmacy warehouse, health care
10 practitioner facility, or hospital.

11 (3) A manufacturer or wholesale drug distributor shall
12 furnish prescription drugs only to persons licensed by the
13 department and shall verify such licensure before furnishing
14 prescription drugs to a person not known to the manufacturer
15 or wholesale drug distributor.

16 (4) Prescription drugs furnished by a manufacturer or
17 wholesale drug distributor shall be delivered only to the premises
18 listed on the license, except that a manufacturer or wholesale drug
19 distributor may furnish prescription drugs to a person licensed
20 by the department or his or her agent at the premises of the
21 manufacturer or wholesale drug distributor if:

22 (a) The identity and authorization of the recipient is
23 properly established; and

24 (b) This method of receipt is employed only to meet
25 the prescription drug needs of a particular patient of the person

1 licensed by the department.

2 (5) Prescription drugs may be furnished to a hospital
3 pharmacy receiving area. Receipt of such drugs shall be
4 acknowledged by written receipt signed by a pharmacist or other
5 authorized personnel. The receipt shall contain the time of
6 delivery and the type and quantity of the prescription drug
7 received. Any discrepancy between the signed receipt and the type
8 and quantity of prescription drug actually received shall be
9 reported by the receiving authorized pharmacy personnel to the
10 delivering manufacturer or wholesale drug distributor by the next
11 business day after the delivery to the pharmacy receiving area.

12 (6) A manufacturer or wholesale drug distributor shall
13 only accept payment or allow the use of credit to establish an
14 account for the purchase of prescription drugs from the owner
15 or owners of record, the chief executive officer, or the chief
16 financial officer listed on the license of a person or entity
17 legally authorized to receive prescription drugs. Any account
18 established for the purchase of prescription drugs shall bear the
19 name of such licensee.

20 Sec. 14. Sections 10, 11, 15, and 17 of this act become
21 operative on December 1, 2008. The other sections of this act
22 become operative on their effective date.

23 Sec. 15. Original sections 38-178 and 38-2866, Revised
24 Statutes Supplement, 2007, are repealed.

25 Sec. 16. Original sections 71-448 and 71-7454, Revised

1 Statutes Supplement, 2007, are repealed.

2 Sec. 17. The following sections are outright repealed:
3 Section 38-28,102, Revised Statutes Supplement, 2007, and section 9
4 of this legislative bill.

5 Sec. 18. The following section is outright repealed:
6 Section 71-1,147.15, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.

7 Sec. 19. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect
8 when passed and approved according to law.