E AND R AMENDMENTS TO LB 895

Introduced by Enrollment and Review Committee: McGill, 26, Chairperson 1 1. Strike the original sections and all amendments 2 thereto and insert the following new sections: 3 Section 1. Section 77-27,187.01, Revised Statutes 4 Supplement, 2007, is amended to read: 77-27,187.01 For purposes of the Nebraska Advantage Rural 5 6 Development Act, unless the context otherwise requires: 7 (1) Any term has the same meaning as used in the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967; 8 9 (2) Equivalent employees means the number of employees 10 computed by dividing the total hours paid in a year to employees by 11 the product of forty times the number of weeks in a year; 12 (3) Livestock means all animals, including cattle, 13 horses, sheep, goats, hogs, chickens, turkeys, and other species 14 of game birds and animals raised and produced subject to permit 15 and regulation by the Game and Parks Commission or the Department 16 of Agriculture; 17 (4) Livestock modernization or expansion means the 18 construction, improvement, or acquisition of buildings, facilities, 19 equipment for livestock housing, confinement, feeding, or 20 production, and waste management. Livestock modernization or 21 expansion does not include any improvements made to correct a 22 violation of the Environmental Protection Act, the Integrated Solid 23 Waste Management Act, the Livestock Waste Management Act, a rule

-1-

1 or regulation adopted and promulgated pursuant to such acts, or 2 any order of the Department of Environmental Quality undertaken 3 within five years after a complaint issued from the Director of 4 Environmental Quality under section 81-1507;

5 Livestock production the (5) means active use, management, and operation of real and personal property for the 6 7 commercial production of livestock, for the commercial breeding, 8 training, showing, or racing of horses, or for the use of horses 9 in a recreational or tourism enterprise. The activity will be 10 considered commercial if the gross income derived from an activity 11 for two or more of the taxable years in the period of seven 12 consecutive taxable years which ends with the taxable year exceeds the deductions attributable to such activity or, if the operation 13 14 has been in existence for less than seven years, if the activity is 15 engaged in for the purpose of generating a profit;

16 (6) Qualified employee leasing company means a company 17 which places all employees of a client-lessee on its payroll and 18 leases such employees to the client-lessee on an ongoing basis 19 for a fee and, by written agreement between the employee leasing 20 company and a client-lessee, grants to the client-lessee input into 21 the hiring and firing of the employees leased to the client-lessee; 22 (7) Related taxpayers includes any corporations that are part of a unitary business under the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 23 but are not part of the same corporate taxpayer, any business 24 25 entities that are not corporations but which would be a part of 26 the unitary business if they were corporations, and any business 27 entities if at least fifty percent of such entities are owned by

-2-

1 the same persons or related taxpayers and family members as defined 2 in the ownership attribution rules of the Internal Revenue Code of 3 1986, as amended;

4 (8) Taxpayer means a corporate taxpayer or other person 5 subject to either an income tax imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 or a franchise tax under Chapter 77, article 38, or a 6 7 partnership, limited liability company, subchapter S corporation, 8 cooperative, including a cooperative exempt under section 521 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, limited cooperative 9 10 association, or joint venture that is or would otherwise be a 11 member of the same unitary group if incorporated, which is, 12 or whose partners, members, or owners representing an ownership interest of at least ninety percent of the control of such 13 14 entity are, subject to or exempt from such taxes, and any other 15 partnership, limited liability company, subchapter S corporation, 16 cooperative, including a cooperative exempt under section 521 of 17 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, limited cooperative association, or joint venture when the partners, members, or owners 18 19 representing an ownership interest of at least ninety percent of 20 the control of such entity are subject to or exempt from such 21 taxes; and

22 (9) Year means the taxable year of the taxpayer.

Sec. 2. Section 77-27,187.02, Revised Statutes
Supplement, 2007, is amended to read:

25 77-27,187.02 (1) To earn the incentives set forth in the
26 Nebraska Advantage Rural Development Act, the taxpayer shall file
27 an application for an agreement with the Tax Commissioner.

-3-

ER8219 LB895 NPN-03/27/2008

(2) The application shall contain:
 (a) A written statement describing the full expected
 employment or type of livestock production and the investment
 amount for a qualified business, as described in section 77-27,189,
 in this state;

6 (b) Sufficient documents, plans, and specifications as 7 required by the Tax Commissioner to support the plan and to define 8 a project; and

9 (c) An application fee of five hundred dollars. The fee 10 shall be remitted to the State Treasurer for credit to the Nebraska 11 Advantage Rural Development Fund, which fund is hereby created. Any 12 money in the fund available for investment shall be invested by the 13 state investment officer pursuant to the Nebraska Capital Expansion 14 Act and the Nebraska State Funds Investment Act. The application 15 and all supporting information shall be confidential except for the 16 name of the taxpayer, the location of the project, and the amounts 17 of increased employment or investment.

18 (3) (a) The Tax Commissioner shall approve the application 19 and authorize the total amount of credits expected to be earned as a result of the project if he or she is satisfied that the plan in 20 the application defines a project that (i) meets the requirements 21 22 established in section 77-27,188 and such requirements will be 23 reached within the required time period and (ii) for projects other 24 than livestock modernization or expansion projects, is located in 25 an eligible county, city, or village. or enterprise zone.

(b) The Tax Commissioner shall not approve furtherapplications once the expected credits from the approved projects

-4-

total two million five hundred thousand dollars in each of fiscal years 2004-05 and 2005-06, and three million dollars in each of fiscal year years 2006-07 through 2008-09, and four million dollars in fiscal year 2009-10 and each fiscal year thereafter. Four hundred dollars of the application fee shall be refunded to the applicant if the application is not approved because the expected credits from approved projects exceed such amounts.

8 (c) Applications for benefits shall be considered in the9 order in which they are received.

10 (d) Applications shall be filed by November 1 and shall 11 be complete by December 1 of each calendar year. Any application 12 that is filed after November 1 or that is not complete on December 13 1 shall be considered to be filed during the following calendar 14 year.

15 (4) After approval, the taxpayer and the Tax Commissioner 16 shall enter into a written agreement. The taxpayer shall agree 17 to complete the project, and the Tax Commissioner, on behalf of the State of Nebraska, shall designate the approved plans of the 18 taxpayer as a project and, in consideration of the taxpayer's 19 agreement, agree to allow the taxpayer to use the incentives 20 21 contained in the Nebraska Advantage Rural Development Act up to 22 the total amount that were authorized by the Tax Commissioner 23 at the time of approval. The application, and all supporting 24 documentation, to the extent approved, shall be considered a part 25 of the agreement. The agreement shall state:

26 (a) The levels of employment and investment required by27 the act for the project;

-5-

(b) The time period under the act in which the required
 level must be met;

3 (c) The documentation the taxpayer will need to supply4 when claiming an incentive under the act;

5 (d) The date the application was filed; and

6 (e) The maximum amount of credits authorized.

Sec. 3. Section 77-27,188, Revised Statutes Supplement,
2007, is amended to read:

9 77-27,188 (1) A refundable credit against the taxes 10 imposed by the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 shall be allowed to any 11 taxpayer who has an approved application pursuant to the Nebraska 12 Advantage Rural Development Act, who is engaged in a qualifying 13 business as described in section 77-27,189, and who after January 14 1, 2006:

15 Increases employment by two new equivalent (a)(i) 16 employees and makes an increased investment of at least one hundred 17 twenty-five thousand dollars prior to the end of the first taxable year after the year in which the application was submitted in 18 19 (A) any county in this state with a population of fewer than 20 fifteen thousand inhabitants, according to the most recent federal 21 decennial census, or in any designated enterprise zone pursuant to 22 42 U.S.C. 11501 or the Enterprise Zone Act; (B) any village in this 23 state, or (C) any area within the corporate limits of a city of 24 the metropolitan class consisting of one or more contiguous census 25 tracts, as determined by the most recent federal decennial census, 26 which contain a percentage of persons below the poverty line of 27 greater than thirty percent, and all census tracts contiguous to

-6-

1 <u>such tract or tracts;</u> or

2 (ii) Increases employment by five new equivalent 3 employees and makes an increased investment of at least two hundred 4 fifty thousand dollars prior to the end of the first taxable year 5 after the year in which the application was submitted in any county in this state with a population of less than twenty-five thousand 6 7 inhabitants, according to the most recent federal decennial census, 8 or any city of the second class; and

9 (b) Pays a minimum qualifying wage of eight dollars and 10 twenty-five cents per hour to the new equivalent employees for 11 which tax credits are sought under the Nebraska Advantage Rural 12 Development Act. The Department of Revenue shall adjust the minimum qualifying wages required for applications filed after January 1, 13 14 2004, and each January 1 thereafter, as follows: The current rural 15 Nebraska average weekly wage shall be divided by the rural Nebraska 16 average weekly wage for 2003; and the result shall be multiplied by 17 the eight dollars and twenty-five cents minimum qualifying wage for 2003 and rounded to the nearest one cent. The amount of increase 18 19 or decrease in the minimum qualifying wages for any year shall 20 be the cumulative change in the rural Nebraska average weekly 21 wage since 2003. For purposes of this subsection, rural Nebraska 22 average weekly wage means the most recent average weekly wage paid 23 by all employers in all counties with a population of less than 24 twenty-five thousand inhabitants as reported by October 1 by the 25 Department of Labor.

For purposes of this section, a teleworker working in
Nebraska from his or her residence for a taxpayer shall be

-7-

considered an employee of the taxpayer, and property of the 1 2 taxpayer provided to the teleworker working in Nebraska from his 3 or her residence shall be considered an investment. Teleworker 4 includes an individual working on a per-item basis and an 5 independent contractor working for the taxpayer so long as the taxpayer withholds Nebraska income tax from wages or other payments 6 7 made to such teleworker. For purposes of calculating the number 8 of new equivalent employees when the teleworkers are paid on a 9 per-item basis or are independent contractors, the total wages or 10 payments made to all such new employees during the year shall be 11 divided by the qualifying wage as determined in subdivision (b) of 12 this subsection, with the result divided by two thousand eighty 13 hours.

(2) A refundable credit against the taxes imposed by the
Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 shall be allowed to any taxpayer who
(a) has an approved application pursuant to the Nebraska Advantage
Rural Development Act, (b) is engaged in livestock production, and
(c) after January 1, 2007, invests at least fifty thousand dollars
for livestock modernization or expansion.

20 (3) The amount of the credit allowed under subsection 21 (1) of this section shall be three thousand dollars for each new 22 equivalent employee and two thousand seven hundred fifty dollars 23 for each fifty thousand dollars of increased investment. The amount 24 of the credit allowed under subsection (2) of this section shall 25 be ten percent of the investment, not to exceed a credit of 26 thirty thousand dollars. For each application, a taxpayer engaged 27 in livestock production may qualify for a credit under either

-8-

subsection (1) or (2) of this section, but cannot qualify for more
 than one credit per application.

3 (4) An employee of a qualified employee leasing company 4 shall be considered to be an employee of the client-lessee for 5 purposes of this section if the employee performs services for the 6 client-lessee. A qualified employee leasing company shall provide 7 the Department of Revenue access to the records of employees leased 8 to the client-lessee.

9 (5) The credit shall not exceed the amounts set out in
10 the application and approved by the Tax Commissioner.

(6) (a) If a taxpayer who receives tax credits creates fewer jobs or less investment than required in the project agreement, the taxpayer shall repay the tax credits as provided in this subsection.

15 (b) If less than seventy-five percent of the required 16 jobs in the project agreement are created, one hundred percent 17 of the job creation tax credits shall be repaid. If seventy-five percent or more of the required jobs in the project agreement are 18 19 created, no repayment of the job creation tax credits is necessary. 20 (c) If less than seventy-five percent of the required 21 investment in the project agreement is created, one hundred percent 22 of the investment tax credits shall be repaid. If seventy-five 23 percent or more of the required investment in the project 24 agreement is created, no repayment of the investment tax credits is 25 necessary.

26 (7) For taxpayers who submitted applications for benefits
27 under the Nebraska Advantage Rural Development Act before January

-9-

1, 2006, subsection (1) of this section, as such subsection existed
 immediately prior to such date, shall continue to apply to such
 taxpayers. The changes made by Laws 2005, LB 312, shall not
 preclude a taxpayer from receiving the tax incentives earned prior
 to January 1, 2006.

6 Sec. 4. Section 77-27,196.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of
7 Nebraska, is amended to read:

77-27,196.01 (1) The changes made in sections 77-27,188, 8 77-27,188.02, 77-27,190, 77-27,192, 77-27,193, and 77-27,194 by 9 10 Laws 1997, LB 886, shall become operative for all credits earned in 11 tax years beginning, or deemed to begin, on and after January 1, 12 1998. For all credits earned in tax years beginning, or deemed to begin, prior to January 1, 1998, the provisions of the Employment 13 14 Expansion and Investment Incentive Act as they existed immediately 15 prior to such date shall apply.

16 (2) The changes made in sections 77-27,187.01 and 17 77-27,188 by Laws 1999, LB 539, shall become operative for all 18 credits earned in tax years beginning, or deemed to begin, on 19 and after January 1, 1999. For all credits earned in tax years 20 beginning, or deemed to begin, prior to January 1, 1999, the 21 provisions of the Employment Expansion and Investment Incentive Act 22 as they existed immediately prior to such date shall apply.

(3) The changes made in sections 77-27,188, 77-27,188.02,
and 77-27,192 by Laws 2001, LB 169, shall become operative for
all credits earned in tax years beginning, or deemed to begin, on
and after January 1, 2001. For all credits earned in tax years
beginning, or deemed to begin, prior to January 1, 2001, the

-10-

26

provisions of the Employment Expansion and Investment Incentive Act 1 2 as they existed immediately prior to such date shall apply. 3 (4) The changes made in sections 77-27,187.01 and 4 77-27,187.02 by this legislative bill become operative for 5 applications filed on and after the effective date of this act. The changes made in section 77-27,188 by this legislative bill become 6 7 operative for applications filed on and after July 1, 2009. 8 Sec. 5. Section 77-5701, Revised Statutes Cumulative 9 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read: 10 77-5701 Sections 77-5701 to 77-5734 and sections 7, 12, 11 13, and 19 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the 12 Nebraska Advantage Act. Sec. 6. Section 77-5703, Revised Statutes Cumulative 13 14 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read: 15 77-5703 For purposes of the Nebraska Advantage Act, the 16 definitions found in sections 77-5704 to 77-5721 and sections 7, 17 12, and 13 of this act shall be used. 18 Sec. 7. County average weekly wage for any calendar year 19 means the most recent average weekly wage paid by all employers in 20 the county as reported by the Department of Labor by October 1 of 21 the year prior to application. 22 Sec. 8. Section 77-5708, Revised Statutes Cumulative 23 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read: 24 77-5708 Entitlement period, for a tier 1 or tier 3 25 project, means the year during which the required increases in

27 thereafter until the end of the ninth year following the year of

-11-

employment and investment were met or exceeded and each year

1 application or the sixth year after the year the required increases 2 were met or exceeded, whichever is sooner. Entitlement period, 3 for a tier 2, tier 4, or tier 5 project, means the year during 4 which the required increases in employment and investment were met 5 or exceeded and each year thereafter until the end of the sixth year after the year the required increases were met or exceeded. 6 7 Entitlement period, for a tier 6 project, means the year during 8 which the required increases in employment and investment were met 9 or exceeded and each year thereafter until the end of the ninth 10 year after the year the required increases were met or exceeded.

Sec. 9. Section 77-5712, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

13 77-5712 Nebraska average weekly wage for any calendar
14 year means the most recent average weekly wage paid by all
15 employers in all counties in Nebraska as reported by the prior
16 October 1 by the Department of Labor by October 1 of the year prior
17 to application.

18 Sec. 10. Section 77-5714, Revised Statutes Cumulative
19 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

20 77-5714 (1) Number of new employees, for a tier 1, tier 21 2, tier 3, or tier 4 project, means the number of equivalent 22 employees that are employed at the project during a year that are 23 in excess of the number of equivalent employees during the base year, not to exceed the number of equivalent employees employed at 24 25 the project during a year who are not base-year employees and who 26 are paid wages at a rate equal to at least sixty percent of the 27 Nebraska average weekly wage for the year of application.

-12-

1 (2) Number of new employees, for a tier 6 project, means 2 the number of equivalent employees that are employed at the project during a year that are in excess of the number of equivalent 3 employees during the base year, not to exceed the number of 4 5 equivalent employees employed at the project during a year who are 6 not base-year employees and who are paid at a rate equal to or 7 greater than the tier 6 weekly required compensation for the year 8 of application.

9 <u>(3)</u> Teleworkers working for wages or salaries in Nebraska 10 from their residences for a taxpayer on tasks interdependent with 11 the work performed at the project shall be considered to be 12 employed at the project.

13 Sec. 11. Section 77-5715, Revised Statutes Supplement,
14 2007, is amended to read:

15 77-5715 (1) For a tier 2, tier 3, tier 4, or tier 5
16 project, qualified business means any business engaged in:

17 (a) The conducting of research, development, or testing
18 for scientific, agricultural, animal husbandry, food product, or
19 industrial purposes;

20 (b) The performance of data processing, 21 telecommunication, insurance, or financial services. For purposes 22 of this subdivision, financial services includes only financial 23 services provided by any financial institution subject to tax 24 under Chapter 77, article 38, or any person or entity licensed by 25 the Department of Banking and Finance or the federal Securities 26 and Exchange Commission and telecommunication services includes 27 community antenna television service, Internet access, satellite

-13-

27

1 ground station, data center, call center, or telemarketing;

2 (c) The assembly, fabrication, manufacture, or processing
3 of tangible personal property;

4 (d) The administrative management of the taxpayer's 5 activities, including headquarter facilities relating to such 6 activities or the administrative management of any of the 7 activities of any business entity or entities in which the taxpayer 8 or a group of its shareholders holds any direct or indirect 9 ownership interest of at least ten percent, including headquarter 10 facilities relating to such activities;

11 (e) The storage, warehousing, distribution,
12 transportation, or sale of tangible personal property;

(f) The sale of software development services, computer 13 14 design, product testing services, or guidance systems or 15 surveillance systems design services or the licensing of technology 16 if the taxpayer derives at least seventy-five percent of the sales 17 or revenue attributable to such activities relating to the project from sales or licensing either to customers who are not related 18 19 persons and located outside the state or to the United States 20 Government; or

21 (g) The research, development, and maintenance of an
22 Internet web portal. For purposes of this subdivision, Internet web
23 portal means an Internet site that allows users to access, search,
24 and navigate the Internet; or

25 (g) (h) Any combination of the activities listed in this
26 subsection.

(2) For a tier 1 project, qualified business means any

-14-

1 business engaged in:

2 (a) The conducting of research, development, or testing
3 for scientific, agricultural, animal husbandry, food product, or
4 industrial purposes;

5 (b) The assembly, fabrication, manufacture, or processing
6 of tangible personal property;

7 (c) The sale of software development services, computer 8 systems design, product testing services, or guidance or 9 surveillance systems design services or the licensing of technology 10 if the taxpayer derives at least seventy-five percent of the sales 11 or revenue attributable to such activities relating to the project 12 from sales or licensing either to customers who are not related persons and are located outside the state or to the United States 13 14 Government; or

15 (d) Any combination of activities listed in this 16 subsection.

17 (3) For a tier 6 project, qualified business means any
18 business except a business excluded by subsection (4) of this
19 section.

20 (3) (4) Qualified business does not include any business 21 activity in which eighty percent or more of the total sales are 22 sales to the ultimate consumer of food prepared for immediate 23 consumption or are sales to the ultimate consumer of tangible 24 personal property which is not assembled, fabricated, manufactured, 25 or processed by the taxpayer or used by the purchaser in any of the 26 activities listed in subsection (1) or (2) of this section.

27 Sec. 12. <u>Tier 6 weekly required compensation means two</u>

-15-

1 hundred percent of the county average weekly wage for the county 2 in which the project is located or one hundred fifty percent of the state average weekly wage, whichever is higher. If the project 3 is located in more than one county, the higher county average 4 5 weekly wage shall be used to determine the tier 6 weekly required 6 compensation. 7 Sec. 13. Wages means compensation. Sec. 14. Section 77-5723, Revised Statutes Cumulative 8 Supplement, 2006, is amended to read: 9 10 77-5723 (1) In order to utilize the incentives set 11 forth in the Nebraska Advantage Act, the taxpayer shall file 12 an application, on a form developed by the Tax Commissioner, requesting an agreement with the Tax Commissioner. 13 14 (2) The application shall contain: 15 (a) A written statement describing the plan of employment 16 and investment for a qualified business in this state; 17 (b) Sufficient documents, plans, and specifications as required by the Tax Commissioner to support the plan and to define 18 19 a project; 20 (c) If more than one location within this state is 21 involved, sufficient documentation to show that the employment and 22 investment at different locations are interdependent parts of the 23 plan. A headquarters shall be presumed to be interdependent with 24 each other location directly controlled by such headquarters. A 25 showing that the parts of the plan would be considered parts of 26 a unitary business for corporate income tax purposes shall not 27 be sufficient to show interdependence for the purposes of this

-16-

1 subdivision;

2 (d) A nonrefundable application fee of one thousand
3 dollars for a tier 1 project, two thousand five hundred dollars for
4 a tier 2, tier 3, or tier 5 project, and five thousand dollars for
5 a tier 4 project, and ten thousand dollars for a tier 6 project.
6 The fee shall be credited to the Nebraska Advantage Fund; and

7 (e) A timetable showing the expected sales tax refunds 8 and what year they are expected to be claimed. The timetable shall 9 include both direct refunds due to investment and credits taken as 10 sales tax refunds as accurately as possible.

11 The application and all supporting information shall be 12 confidential except for the name of the taxpayer, the location of 13 the project, the amounts of increased employment and investment, 14 and the information required to be reported by sections 77-5731 and 15 77-5734.

16 (3) An application must be complete to establish the date 17 of the application. An application shall be considered complete 18 once it contains the items listed in subsection (2) of this 19 section, regardless of the Tax Commissioner's additional needs 20 pertaining to information or clarification in order to approve or 21 not approve the application.

(4) Once satisfied that the plan in the application defines a project consistent with the purposes stated in the Nebraska Advantage Act in one or more qualified business activities within this state, that the taxpayer and the plan will qualify for benefits under the act, and that the required levels of employment and investment for the project will be met prior to the end of the

-17-

1 fourth year after the year in which the application was submitted
2 for a tier 1, or tier 3, or tier 6 project or the end of the
3 sixth year after the year in which the application was submitted
4 for a tier 2, tier 4, or tier 5 project, the Tax Commissioner shall
5 approve the application.

6 (5) After approval, the taxpayer and the Tax Commissioner 7 shall enter into a written agreement. The taxpayer shall agree 8 to complete the project, and the Tax Commissioner, on behalf of the State of Nebraska, shall designate the approved plan of the 9 10 taxpayer as a project and, in consideration of the taxpayer's 11 agreement, agree to allow the taxpayer to use the incentives 12 contained in the Nebraska Advantage Act. The application, and all supporting documentation, to the extent approved, shall be 13 14 considered a part of the agreement. The agreement shall state:

15 (a) The levels of employment and investment required by16 the act for the project;

17 (b) The time period under the act in which the required18 levels must be met;

(c) The documentation the taxpayer will need to supplywhen claiming an incentive under the act;

21 (d) The date the application was filed; and

(e) A requirement that the company update the Department of Revenue annually on any changes in plans or circumstances which affect the timetable of sales tax refunds as set out in the application. If the company fails to comply with this requirement, the Tax Commissioner may defer any pending sales tax refunds until the company does comply.

-18-

ER8219 LB895 NPN-03/27/2008

(6) The incentives contained in section 77-5725 shall be 1 2 in lieu of the tax credits allowed by the Nebraska Advantage Rural Development Act for any project. In computing credits under the 3 4 act, any investment or employment which is eligible for benefits 5 or used in determining benefits under the Nebraska Advantage Act shall be subtracted from the increases computed for determining 6 7 the credits under section 77-27,188. New investment or employment 8 at a project location that results in the meeting or maintenance 9 of the employment or investment requirements, the creation of 10 credits, or refunds of taxes under the Employment and Investment 11 Growth Act shall not be considered new investment or employment 12 for purposes of the Nebraska Advantage Act. The use of carryover credits under the Employment and Investment Growth Act, the Invest 13 14 Nebraska Act, the Nebraska Advantage Rural Development Act, or the 15 Quality Jobs Act shall not preclude investment and employment from 16 being considered new investment or employment under the Nebraska 17 Advantage Act. The use of property tax exemptions at the project 18 under the Employment and Investment Growth Act shall not preclude 19 investment not eligible for the property tax exemption from being 20 considered new investment under the Nebraska Advantage Act.

(7) A taxpayer and the Tax Commissioner may enter into agreements for more than one project and may include more than one project in a single agreement. The projects may be either sequential or concurrent. A project may involve the same location as another project. No new employment or new investment shall be included in more than one project for either the meeting of the employment or investment requirements or the creation of credits.

-19-

When projects overlap and the plans do not clearly specify, then
 the taxpayer shall specify in which project the employment or
 investment belongs.

Sec. 15. Section 77-5725, Revised Statutes Supplement,
2007, is amended to read:

6 77-5725 (1) Applicants may qualify for benefits under the
7 Nebraska Advantage Act in one of five six tiers:

8 (a) Tier 1, investment in qualified property of at least 9 one million dollars and the hiring of at least ten new employees. 10 There shall be no new project applications for benefits under 11 this tier filed on or after January 1, 2011, without further 12 authorization of the Legislature. All complete project applications filed before January 1, 2011, shall be considered by the Tax 13 14 Commissioner and approved if the project and taxpayer qualify 15 for benefits. Agreements may be executed with regard to completed 16 project applications filed before January 1, 2011. All project 17 agreements pending, approved, or entered into before such date shall continue in full force and effect; 18

19 (b) Tier 2, investment in qualified property of at least 20 three million dollars and the hiring of at least thirty new 21 employees;

(c) Tier 3, the hiring of at least thirty new employees.
There shall be no new project applications for benefits under
this tier filed on or after January 1, 2011, without further
authorization of the Legislature. All complete project applications
filed before January 1, 2011, shall be considered by the Tax
Commissioner and approved if the project and taxpayer qualify

-20-

1 for benefits. Agreements may be executed with regard to completed 2 project applications filed before January 1, 2011. All project 3 agreements pending, approved, or entered into before such date 4 shall continue in full force and effect;

5 (d) Tier 4, investment in qualified property of at least 6 ten million dollars and the hiring of at least one hundred new 7 employees; and

8 (e) Tier 5, investment in qualified property of at least 9 thirty million dollars. Failure to maintain an average number of 10 equivalent employees as defined in section 77-5727 greater than or 11 equal to the number of equivalent employees in the base year shall 12 result in a partial recapture of benefits; and -

(f) Tier 6, investment in qualified property of at least 13 14 ten million dollars and the hiring of at least seventy-five new 15 employees or the investment in qualified property of at least 16 one hundred million dollars and the hiring of at least fifty new 17 employees. Agreements may be executed with regard to completed 18 project applications filed before January 1, 2016. All project 19 agreements pending, approved, or entered into before such date 20 shall continue in full force and effect.

(2) When the taxpayer has met the required levels of
employment and investment contained in the agreement for a tier 1,
tier 2, tier 4, or tier 5, or tier 6 project, the taxpayer shall be
entitled to the following incentives:

(a) A refund of all sales and use taxes for a tier 2,
tier 4, or tier 5<u>, or tier 6</u> project or a refund of one-half of
all sales and use taxes for a tier 1 project paid under the Local

-21-

1 Option Revenue Act, the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, and sections 2 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 from the date of the application 3 through the meeting of the required levels of employment and 4 investment for all purchases, including rentals, of:

5

(i) Qualified property used as a part of the project;

6 (ii) Property, excluding motor vehicles, based in this 7 state and used in both this state and another state in connection 8 with the project except when any such property is to be used for 9 fundraising for or for the transportation of an elected official;

10 (iii) Tangible personal property by the owner of the 11 improvement to real estate that is incorporated into real estate as 12 a part of a project; and

(iv) Tangible personal property by a contractor or repairperson after appointment as a purchasing agent of the owner of the improvement to real estate. The refund shall be based on fifty percent of the contract price, excluding any land, as the cost of materials subject to the sales and use tax; and

(b) A refund of all sales and use taxes for a tier 2, 18 tier 4, Θ tier 5, or tier 6 project or a refund of one-half of 19 all sales and use taxes for a tier 1 project paid under the Local 20 Option Revenue Act, the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, and sections 21 22 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 on the types of purchases, including 23 rentals, listed in subdivision (a) of this subsection for such 24 taxes paid during each year of the entitlement period in which 25 the taxpayer is at or above the required levels of employment and 26 investment.

27

(3) Any taxpayer who qualifies for a tier 1, tier 2,

-22-

tier 3, or tier 4 project shall be entitled to a credit equal to 1 2 three percent times the average wage of new employees times the 3 number of new employees if the average wage of the new employees 4 equals at least sixty percent of the Nebraska average annual wage 5 for the year of application. The credit shall equal four percent 6 times the average wage of new employees times the number of new 7 employees if the average wage of the new employees equals at least 8 seventy-five percent of the Nebraska average annual wage for the 9 year of application. The credit shall equal five percent times the 10 average wage of new employees times the number of new employees 11 if the average wage of the new employees equals at least one 12 hundred percent of the Nebraska average annual wage for the year of application. The credit shall equal six percent times the average 13 14 wage of new employees times the number of new employees if the 15 average wage of the new employees equals at least one hundred 16 twenty-five percent of the Nebraska average annual wage for the 17 year of application. For computation of such credit:

(a) Average annual wage means the total compensation paid
to employees during the year at the project who are not base-year
employees and who are paid wages equal to at least sixty percent
of the Nebraska average weekly wage for the year of application,
<u>excluding any compensation in excess of one million dollars paid</u>
to any one employee during the year, divided by the number of
equivalent employees making up such total compensation;

25 (b) Average wage of new employees means the average 26 annual wage paid to employees during the year at the project who 27 are not base-year employees and who are paid wages equal to at

-23-

ER8219 ER8219 LB895 LB895 NPN-03/27/2008 NPN-03/27/2008 1 least sixty percent of the Nebraska average weekly wage for the 2 year of application, excluding any compensation in excess of one 3 million dollars paid to any one employee during the year; and 4 (c) Nebraska average annual wage means the Nebraska 5 average weekly wage times fifty-two. 6 (4) (a) Any taxpayer who qualifies for a tier 6 project 7 shall be entitled to a credit equal to ten percent times the total 8 compensation paid to all employees, other than base year employees, 9 excluding any compensation in excess of one million dollars paid to 10 any one employee during the year, employed at the project. 11 (b) For purposes of this subsection: (i) Average annual compensation means the total 12 13 compensation paid to employees during the year at the project who 14 are not base-year employees and who are paid at a rate equal to or 15 greater than the tier 6 annual required compensation for the year 16 of application, excluding any compensation in excess of one million 17 dollars for any one employee in a year, divided by the number of 18 equivalent employees making up such total compensation; and 19 (ii) Tier 6 annual required compensation means the tier 6 20 weekly required compensation times fifty-two. 21 (4) (5) Any taxpayer who has met the required levels of 22 employment and investment for a tier 2 or tier 4 project shall 23 receive a credit equal to ten percent of the investment made in qualified property at the project. Any taxpayer who has met the 24 25 required levels of investment and employment for a tier 1 project 26 shall receive a credit equal to three percent of the investment

27 made in qualified property at the project. Any taxpayer who has

-24-

ER8219 ER8219 LB895 LB895 NPN-03/27/2008 NPN-03/27/2008 met the required levels of investment and employment for a tier

2 <u>6 project shall receive a credit equal to fifteen percent of the</u>

3 investment made in qualified property at the project.

1

4 (5) (6) The credits prescribed in subsections (3) and 5 (4) (3), (4), and (5) of this section shall be allowable for 6 compensation paid and investments made during each year of the 7 entitlement period that the taxpayer is at or above the required 8 levels of employment and investment.

9 (6) (7) The credit prescribed in subsection (4) (5) of 10 this section shall also be allowable during the first year of 11 the entitlement period for investment in qualified property at the 12 project after the date of the application and before the required 13 levels of employment and investment were met.

14 (7) (a) (8) (a) A taxpayer who has met the required levels 15 of employment and investment for a tier 4 or tier 6 project shall 16 receive the incentive provided in this subsection. Such investment 17 and hiring of new employees shall be considered a required level of 18 investment and employment for this subsection and for the recapture 19 of benefits under this subsection only.

(b) The following property used in connection with such
project or projects and acquired by the taxpayer, whether by
lease or purchase, after the date the application was filed shall
constitute separate classes of personal property:

(i) Turbine-powered aircraft, including turboprop,
turbojet, and turbofan aircraft, except when any such aircraft is
used for fundraising for or for the transportation of an elected
official;

-25-

ER8219 LB895 NPN-03/27/2008

Computer systems, made up of equipment that is 1 (ii) 2 interconnected in order to enable the acquisition, storage, 3 manipulation, management, movement, control, display, transmission, 4 or reception of data involving computer software and hardware, used 5 for business information processing which require environmental controls of temperature and power and which are capable of 6 7 simultaneously supporting more than one transaction and more than 8 one user. A computer system includes peripheral components which 9 require environmental controls of temperature and power connected 10 to such computer systems. Peripheral components shall be limited to 11 additional memory units, tape drives, disk drives, power supplies, 12 cooling units, data switches, and communication controllers;

(iii) Depreciable personal property used for a distribution facility, including, but not limited to, storage racks, conveyor mechanisms, forklifts, and other property used to store or move products; and

17 (iv) Personal property which is business equipment 18 located in a single project if the business equipment is involved 19 directly in the manufacture or processing of agricultural products; 20 and -

(v) For a tier 6 project, any other personal property
 located at the project.

(c) Such property shall be eligible for exemption from the tax on personal property from the first January 1 following the date of acquisition for property in subdivision (7)(b)(i) <u>(8)(b)(i)</u> of this section, or from the first January 1 following the end of the year during which the required levels were exceeded for

-26-

1 property in subdivisions (7) (b) (ii), (iii), and (iv) (8) (b) (ii), 2 (iii), (iv), and (v) of this section, through the ninth December 31 after the first year any property included in subdivisions 3 (7) (b) (ii), (iii), and (iv) (8) (b) (ii), (iii), (iv), and (v) of 4 5 this section qualifies for the exemption. In order to receive the property tax exemptions allowed by subdivisions (7) (b) (i), (ii), 6 7 (iii), and (iv) subdivision (8) (b) of this section, the taxpayer 8 shall annually file a claim for exemption with the Tax Commissioner 9 on or before May 1. The form and supporting schedules shall be 10 prescribed by the Tax Commissioner and shall list all property 11 for which exemption is being sought under this section. A separate 12 claim for exemption must be filed for each project and each county in which property is claimed to be exempt. A copy of this form 13 14 must also be filed with the county assessor in each county in 15 which the applicant is requesting exemption. The Tax Commissioner 16 shall determine the eligibility of each item listed for exemption 17 and, on or before August 10, certify such to the taxpayer and to the affected county assessor. In determining the eligibility of 18 19 items of personal property for exemption, the Tax Commissioner is 20 limited to the question of whether the property claimed as exempt by the taxpayer falls within the classes of property described in 21 22 subdivision (7) (b) (8) (b) of this section. The determination of 23 whether a taxpayer is eligible to obtain exemption for personal 24 property based on meeting the required levels of investment and 25 employment is the responsibility of the Tax Commissioner.

26 (8) (9) The investment thresholds in this section for
27 a particular year of application shall be adjusted by the method

-27-

provided in this subsection. Beginning October 1, 2006, and each 1 2 October 1 thereafter, the Producer Price Index for all commodities, 3 published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor 4 Statistics, for the most recent available period shall be divided 5 by the Producer Price Index for the first quarter of 2006 and the result multiplied by the applicable investment threshold. The 6 7 investment thresholds shall be adjusted for cumulative inflation 8 since 2006. If the resulting amount is not a multiple of one 9 million dollars, the amount shall be rounded to the next lowest 10 one million dollars. The investment thresholds established by this 11 subsection apply for purposes of project qualifications for all 12 applications filed on or after January 1 of the following year for all years of the project. Adjustments do not apply to projects 13 14 after the year of application.

Sec. 16. Section 77-5726, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

17 77-5726 (1)(a) The credits prescribed in section 77-5725 shall be established by filing the forms required by the Tax 18 19 Commissioner with the income tax return for the year. The credits may be used and shall be applied in the order in which they 20 21 were first allowed. The credits may be used after any other 22 nonrefundable credits to reduce the taxpayer's income tax liability 23 imposed by sections 77-2714 to 77-27,135. Any decision on how part 24 of the credit is applied shall not limit how the remaining credit 25 could be applied under this section.

26 (b) The taxpayer may use the credit provided in 27 subsection (3) and (4) of section 77-5725 to

-28-

reduce the taxpayer's income tax withholding employer or payor 1 2 tax liability under section 77-2756 or 77-2757 to the extent such 3 liability is attributable to the number of new employees at the 4 project. To the extent of the credit used, such withholding shall 5 not constitute public funds or state tax revenue and shall not 6 constitute a trust fund or be owned by the state. The use by the 7 taxpayer of the credit shall not change the amount that otherwise 8 would be reported by the taxpayer to the employee under section 9 77-2754 as income tax withheld and shall not reduce the amount that 10 otherwise would be allowed by the state as a refundable credit on an employee's income tax return as income tax withheld under 11 12 section 77-2755.

13 The amount of credits used against income tax withholding 14 shall not exceed the withholding attributable to new employees at 15 the project. If the amount of credit used by the taxpayer against 16 income tax withholding exceeds this amount, the excess withholding 17 shall be returned to the Department of Revenue in the manner provided in section 77-2756, such excess amount returned shall be 18 considered unused, and the amount of unused credits may be used 19 as otherwise permitted in this section or shall carry over to the 20 21 extent authorized in subdivision (1) (d) of this section.

(c) Credits may be used to obtain a refund of sales and use taxes under the Local Option Revenue Act, the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967, and sections 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 which are not otherwise refundable that are paid on purchases, including rentals, for use at the project for a tier 1, tier 2, tier 3, or tier 4 project or for use within this state for a tier 6 project.

-29-

1 (d) The credits earned for a tier 6 project may be used 2 to obtain a payment from the state equal to the real property 3 taxes due after the year the required levels of employment and 4 investment were met and before the end of the carryover period, 5 for real property that is included in such project and acquired 6 by the taxpayer, whether by lease or purchase, after the date the 7 application was filed. The payment from the state shall be made 8 only after payment of the real property taxes have been made to the 9 county as required by law. Payments shall not be allowed for any 10 taxes paid on real property for which the taxes are divided under 11 section 18-2147 or 58-507.

12 (d) (e) Credits may be carried over until fully utilized, 13 except that such credits may not be carried over more than nine 14 years after the year of application for a tier 1 or tier 3 project, 15 or fourteen years after the year of application for a tier 2 16 or tier 4 project, or more than one year past the end of the 17 entitlement period for a tier 6 project.

18 (2) (a) No refund claims shall be filed until after the
19 required levels of employment and investment have been met.

20 (b) Refund claims shall be filed no more than once each 21 quarter for refunds under the Nebraska Advantage Act, except that 22 any claim for a refund in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars 23 may be filed at any time.

(c) Any refund claim for sales and use taxes on materials
incorporated into real estate as a part of the project shall be
filed by and the refund paid to the owner of the improvement
to real estate. A refund claim for such materials purchased

-30-

by a purchasing agent shall include a copy of the purchasing agent appointment, the contract price, and a certification by the contractor or repairperson of the percentage of the materials incorporated into the project on which sales and use taxes were paid to Nebraska after appointment as purchasing agent.

(d) All refund claims shall be filed, processed, and 6 7 allowed as any other claim under section 77-2708, except that 8 the amounts allowed to be refunded under the Nebraska Advantage 9 Act shall be deemed to be overpayments and shall be refunded 10 notwithstanding any limitation in subdivision (2)(a) of section 11 77-2708. The refund may be allowed if the claim is filed within 12 three calendar years from the end of the year the required levels of employment and investment are met or within the period set forth 13 14 in section 77-2708.

15 (e) If a claim for a refund of sales and use taxes under the Local Option Revenue Act or sections 13-319, 13-324, and 16 17 13-2813 of more than twenty-five thousand dollars is filed by June 15 of a given year, the refund shall be made on or after November 18 19 15 of the same year. If such a claim is filed on or after June 16 of a given year, the refund shall not be made until on or 20 21 after November 15 of the following year. The Tax Commissioner shall 22 notify the affected city, village, county, or municipal county of 23 the amount of refund claims of sales and use taxes under the Local Option Revenue Act or sections 13-319, 13-324, and 13-2813 that are 24 25 in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars on or before July 1 of 26 the year before the claims will be paid under this section.

27 (f) Interest shall not be allowed on any sales and use

-31-

ER8219 LB895 NPN-03/27/2008

1 taxes refunded under the Nebraska Advantage Act.

(3) The appointment of purchasing agents shall be 2 3 recognized for the purpose of changing the status of a contractor 4 or repairperson as the ultimate consumer of tangible personal 5 property purchased after the date of the appointment which is physically incorporated into the project and becomes the property 6 7 of the owner of the improvement to real estate. The purchasing 8 agent shall be jointly liable for the payment of the sales and use 9 tax on the purchases with the owner of the improvement to real 10 estate.

11 (4) A determination that a taxpayer is not engaged in a 12 qualified business or has failed to meet or maintain the required levels of employment or investment for incentives, exemptions, or 13 14 recapture may be protested to the Tax Commissioner within thirty 15 days after the written determination by the Department of Revenue. 16 The Tax Commissioner shall issue a written order resolving such 17 protests. The determination of the Tax Commissioner may be appealed to the district court of Lancaster County within thirty days after 18 19 the issuance of the order.

Sec. 17. Section 77-5727, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

22 77-5727 (1) (a) If the taxpayer fails either to meet the 23 required levels of employment or investment for the applicable 24 project by the end of the fourth year after the end of the year 25 the application was submitted for a tier $1_{,}$ or tier $3_{,}$ or tier 26 <u>6</u> project or by the end of the sixth year after the end of the 27 year the application was submitted for a tier 2, tier 4, or tier

-32-

1 5 project or to utilize such project in a qualified business at 2 employment and investment levels at or above those required in the 3 agreement for the entire entitlement period, all or a portion of 4 the incentives set forth in the Nebraska Advantage Act shall be 5 recaptured or disallowed.

6 (b) In the case of a taxpayer who has failed to meet 7 the required levels of investment or employment within the required 8 time period, all reduction in the personal property tax because of 9 the act shall be recaptured.

10 (2) In the case of a taxpayer who has failed to maintain 11 the project at the required levels of employment or investment 12 for the entire entitlement period, any reduction in the personal property tax, any refunds in tax allowed under subsection (2) 13 14 of section 77-5725, and any refunds or reduction in tax allowed 15 because of the use of a credit allowed under subsection (7) of 16 section 77-5725 shall be partially recaptured from either the 17 taxpayer or the owner of the improvement to real estate and any carryovers of credits shall be partially disallowed. One-seventh 18 19 of the refunds, one-seventh of the reduction in personal property 20 tax, and one-seventh of the credits used shall be recaptured and 21 one-seventh of the remaining carryovers and the last remaining year 22 of personal property tax exemption shall be disallowed for each 23 year the taxpayer did not maintain such project at or above the 24 required levels of employment or investment.

25 (3) In the case of a taxpayer qualified under tier
26 5 who has failed to maintain the average number of equivalent
27 employees at the project at the end of the six years following

-33-

the year the taxpayer attained the required amount of investment, 1 2 any refunds in tax allowed under subdivision (2)(a) of section 3 77-5725 shall be partially recaptured from the taxpayer. The amount 4 of recapture shall be the total amount of refunds allowed for 5 all years times the reduction in the average number of equivalent employees employed at the end of the entitlement period from the 6 7 number of equivalent employees employed in the base year divided 8 by the number of equivalent employees employed in the base year. For purposes of this subsection, the average number of equivalent 9 10 employees shall be calculated at the end of the entitlement period 11 by adding the number of equivalent employees in the year the 12 taxpayer attains the required level of investment and each of the next following six years and dividing the result by seven. 13

14 (4) If the taxpayer receives any refunds or reduction 15 in tax to which the taxpayer was not entitled or which were in 16 excess of the amount to which the taxpayer was entitled, the refund 17 or reduction in tax shall be recaptured separate from any other 18 recapture otherwise required by this section. Any amount recaptured 19 under this subsection shall be excluded from the amounts subject to 20 recapture under other subsections of this section.

(5) Any refunds or reduction in tax due, to the extent required to be recaptured, shall be deemed to be an underpayment of the tax and shall be immediately due and payable. When tax benefits were received in more than one year, the tax benefits received in the most recent year shall be recovered first and then the benefits received in earlier years up to the extent of the required recapture.

-34-

(6) Any personal property tax that would have been due 1 2 except for the exemption allowed under the Nebraska Advantage 3 Act, to the extent it becomes due under this section, shall be considered delinquent and shall be immediately due and payable to 4 5 the county or counties in which the property was located when 6 exempted. All amounts received by a county under this section shall 7 be allocated to each taxing unit levying taxes on tangible personal 8 property in the county in the same proportion that the levy on 9 tangible personal property of such taxing unit bears to the total 10 levy of all of such taxing units.

11 (7) Notwithstanding any other limitations contained in 12 the laws of this state, collection of any taxes deemed to be 13 underpayments by this section shall be allowed for a period of 14 three years after the end of the entitlement period.

15 (8) Any amounts due under this section shall be 16 recaptured notwithstanding other allowable credits and shall not be 17 subsequently refunded under any provision of the Nebraska Advantage 18 Act unless the recapture was in error.

(9) The recapture required by this section shall not
occur if the failure to maintain the required levels of employment
or investment was caused by an act of God or national emergency.

Sec. 18. Section 77-5731, Revised Statutes Cumulative
Supplement, 2006, is amended to read:

24 77-5731 (1) The Tax Commissioner shall submit an annual
25 report to the Legislature no later than July 15 of each year.

26 (2) The report shall list (a) the agreements which have
27 been signed during the previous calendar year, (b) the agreements

-35-

which are still in effect, (c) the identity of each taxpayer who is
 party to an agreement, and (d) the location of each project.

3 (3) The report shall also state, for taxpayers who are 4 parties to agreements, by industry group (a) the specific incentive 5 options applied for under the Nebraska Advantage Act, (b) the refunds allowed on the investment, (c) the credits earned, (d) the 6 7 credits used to reduce the corporate income tax and the credits 8 used to reduce the individual income tax, (e) the credits used to obtain sales and use tax refunds, (f) the credits used against 9 10 withholding liability, (g) the number of jobs created under the 11 act, (h) the total number of employees employed in the state on the 12 last day of the calendar quarter prior to the application date and 13 the total number of employees employed in the state on subsequent 14 reporting dates, (i) the expansion of capital investment, (j) the 15 estimated wage levels of jobs created under the act subsequent to 16 the application date, (k) the total number of qualified applicants, 17 (1) the projected future state revenue gains and losses, (m) the sales tax refunds owed, (n) the credits outstanding under the act, 18 19 and (o) the value of personal property exempted by class in each county under the act, (p) the value of property for which payments 20 21 equal to property taxes paid were allowed in each county, and (q) 22 the total amount of the payments.

(4) In estimating the projected future state revenue
gains and losses, the report shall detail the methodology utilized,
state the economic multipliers and industry multipliers used to
determine the amount of economic growth and positive tax revenue,
describe the analysis used to determine the percentage of new jobs

-36-

attributable to the Nebraska Advantage Act assumption, and identify
 limitations that are inherent in the analysis method.

3 (5) The report shall provide an explanation of the audit 4 and review processes of the Department of Revenue in approving and 5 rejecting applications or the grant of incentives and in enforcing 6 incentive recapture. The report shall also specify the median 7 period of time between the date of application and the date the 8 agreement is executed for all agreements executed by December 31 of 9 the prior year.

10 (6) report shall provide information The on 11 project-specific total incentives used every two years for 12 each approved project. The report shall disclose (a) the identity 13 of the taxpayer, (b) the location of the project, and (c) the total 14 credits used and refunds approved during the immediately preceding 15 two years expressed as a single, aggregated total. The incentive 16 information required to be reported under this subsection shall not 17 be reported for the first year the taxpayer attains the required 18 employment and investment thresholds. The information on first-year 19 incentives used shall be combined with and reported as part of the 20 second year. Thereafter, the information on incentives used for 21 succeeding years shall be reported for each project every two years 22 containing information on two years of credits used and refunds 23 approved. The incentives used shall include incentives which have been approved by the department, but not necessarily received, 24 25 during the previous two calendar years.

26 (7) The report shall include an executive summary which27 shows aggregate information for all projects for which the

-37-

ER8219 LB895 NPN-03/27/2008

information on incentives used in subsection (6) of this section 1 2 is reported as follows: (a) The total incentives used by all 3 taxpayers for projects detailed in subsection (6) of this section 4 during the previous two years; (b) the number of projects; (c) 5 the total number of employees of these taxpayers employed in the state on the last day of the calendar quarter prior to the 6 7 application date, the new jobs at the project for which credits 8 have been granted, and the total number of employees employed in 9 the state by these taxpayers on subsequent reporting dates; (d) the 10 average compensation paid employees in the state in the year of 11 application and for the new jobs at the project; and (e) the total 12 investment for which incentives were granted. The executive summary shall summarize the number of states which grant investment tax 13 14 credits, job tax credits, sales and use tax refunds for qualified 15 investment, and personal property tax exemptions and the investment 16 and employment requirements under which they may be granted.

17 (8) No information shall be provided in the report that18 is protected by state or federal confidentiality laws.

Sec. 19. <u>The changes made in sections 77-5703, 77-5708,</u> 77-5712, 77-5714, 77-5715, 77-5723, 77-5725, 77-5726, 77-5727, and 77-5731 by this legislative bill and sections 7, 12, and 13 of this act apply to all applications filed on and after the effective date of this act. For all applications filed prior to such date, the provisions of the Nebraska Advantage Act as they existed immediately prior to such date apply.

26 Sec. 20. Original section 77-27,196.01, Reissue Revised
27 Statutes of Nebraska, sections 77-5701, 77-5703, 77-5708,

-38-

77-5712, 77-5714, 77-5723, 77-5726, 77-5727, and 77-5731, Revised
 Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, and sections 77-27,187.01,
 77-27,187.02, 77-27,188, 77-5715, and 77-5725, Revised Statutes
 Supplement, 2007, are repealed.

5 Sec. 21. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect
6 when passed and approved according to law.

7 2. On page 1, strike beginning with "sections" in line 1 through line 9 and insert "section 77-27,196.01, Reissue 8 Revised Statutes of Nebraska, sections 77-5701, 77-5703, 77-5708, 9 10 77-5712, 77-5714, 77-5723, 77-5726, 77-5727, and 77-5731, Revised 11 Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2006, and sections 77-27,187.01, 77-27,187.02, 77-27,188, 77-5715, and 77-5725, Revised Statutes 12 13 Supplement, 2007; to change provisions of certain tax incentive 14 laws; to define and redefine terms; to provide a fee; to provide 15 for applicability; to harmonize provisions; to repeal the original 16 sections; and to declare an emergency.".