PREPARED BY: DATE PREPARED: PHONE: Scott Danigole January 22, 2019 471-0055

LB 21

Revision: 00

FISCAL NOTE

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ANALYST ESTIMATE

ESTIMATE OF FISCAL IMPACT – STATE AGENCIES (See narrative for political subdivision estimates)					
	FY 201	9-20	FY 2020-21		
	EXPENDITURES	REVENUE	EXPENDITURES REVENUE		
GENERAL FUNDS					
CASH FUNDS					
FEDERAL FUNDS					
OTHER FUNDS	197,583	197,583	200,760	200,760	
TOTAL FUNDS	197,583	197,583	200,760	200,760	

Any Fiscal Notes received from state agencies and political subdivisions are attached following the Legislative Fiscal Analyst Estimate.

LB 21 provides for formal protest procedures for certain contracts for services.

Section 1 requires the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) to immediately adopt and promulgate rules and regulations establishing formal protest procedures, including for provisions of a contested case hearing, for any contract for services awarded by any state agency pursuant to this section in excess of five million dollars (\$5,000,000).

DAS estimates the need for two additional FTE to address the provisions of LB 21. The total expenditure (and Revolving Fund revenue) is \$197,583 in the first year and \$200,760 in the second year. DAS has identified these costs but notes that the exact amount needed is unknown. This is due to several factors that cannot be accurately determined. For example, the number of protests within the \$5 million range varies from one year to the next. In addition to this, other variables that are mostly controlled by the protesting bidder would directly impact the costs associated with LB 21's impact.

There is no basis to disagree with the fiscal impact.

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES STATE BUDGET DIVISION: REVIEW OF AGENCY & POLT. SUB. RESPONSE				
LB: 21	AM:	AGENCY/POLT. SUB: Departme	ent of Administrative Services	
REVIEWED	BY: Neil Sullivan	DATE: 1/23/2019	PHONE: (402) 471-4179	
COMMENT	S: No basis to disagree	with the Department of Administrative S	Services assessment of fiscal impact from LB 21.	

ADMIN	NISTRATIVE SERVICE	S STATE BUDGET DIVISION: REVIE	W OF AGENCY & POLT. SUB. RESPONSE	
LB: 21	AM:	AGENCY/POLT. SUB: Departi	ment of Health and Human Services	
REVIEWED	BY: Neil Sullivan	DATE: 2/15/2019	PHONE: (402) 471-4179	
COMMENTS: No basis to disagree with the Department of Health and Human Services estimate of indeterminate fiscal impact from LB 21.				

ADMII	NISTRATIVE SERVICE	S STATE BUDGET DIVISION: REVIE	W OF AGENCY & POLT. SUB. RESPONSE
LB: 21	AM:	AGENCY/POLT. SUB: Secreta	ry of State
REVIEWED	BY: Neil Sullivan	DATE: 1/23/2019	PHONE: (402) 471-4179
COMMENTS: No basis to disagree with the Secretary of State estimate of indeterminate fiscal impact from LB 21.			

LB ⁽¹⁾ 21				FISCAL NOTE	
State Agency OR Political Subdivision Name: (2) Prepared by: (3) Dale Shotkoski		Department of Administrative Services (DAS) – Materiel Division – State Purchasing Bureau (SPB)			
		Date Prepared: (4)	1/14/2019 Phone:	(5) 402-471-1638	
	ESTIMATE PROVI	DED BY STATE AGEN	NCY OR POLITICAL SUBDI	VISION	
	EV 90	19-20 -19	EV ac	020-21	
	EXPENDITURES	REVENUE	EXPENDITURES	REVENUE	
GENERAL FUNDS					
CASH FUNDS					
FEDERAL FUNDS REVOLVING					
FUNDS	197,583	197,583	200,760	200,760	
TOTAL FUNDS	197,583	197,583 ⁽¹⁾	200,760	200,760 ⁽¹⁾	

(1) See table below for the enterprise wide impact by fund type for the increase in revenue

Explanation of Estimate:

LB21 would require that bid protests for service contracts over a certain dollar amount (\$5,000,000) be deemed a contested case in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) and be subject to judicial review. The bill also requires DAS to adopt and promulgate rules and regulations.

LB21 is a departure from the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) and Materiel Division - State Purchasing Bureau (SPB) bid protest process. The current process requires a bidder to submit a written protest to SPB within 10 days of the posting of the intent to award. (Step 1) The Materiel Administrator issues a written response after consultation with legal counsel generally within 10 days. If not satisfied with the response of the Materiel Administrator, the bidder may, within 10 days of the response, make a written request to meet with the Materiel Administrator and the Director of DAS. (Step 2) At the meeting the bidder presents its issues. The Director of DAS provides a final written decision after consultation with legal counsel, generally within 10 days of the meeting. The bidder also has the option to skip the written protest to the Materiel Administrator and proceed directly to requesting a meeting with the Director of DAS. Bidders have the right to file a lawsuit following the final decision of the Director of DAS.

To respond to a bid protest SPB staff must analyze the protest, and review the contract file and facts in relation to the protest. The Materiel Administrator and the Director of DAS, as a part of preparing their respective responses, complete an independent analysis of the protest, and review the procurement file and facts. Bidders may obtain information and documentation on the procurement process through a statutory public records request.

This proposed legislation would add a significant amount of additional staff time and additional cost due to the procedures provided under the APA.

Under the APA the protesting bidder would have the right to an administrative hearing before a hearing officer to present their protest. The parties would be able to present testimony, cross-examine witnesses, and present evidence. Under the APA, the parties have the right to request discovery, subpoenas, and protective orders, and to file motions. The hearing officer can conduct a pre-trial conference to rule on matters brought before the hearing officer, and procedural matters related to conducting the hearing. The protesting party can request that a transcript of the proceedings be made and that the rules of evidence apply to the hearing. Either party is entitled to judicial review of the hearing officer's final ruling in the District Court, and may appeal the District Court ruling to the Court of Appeals.

The costs of the formal hearing are paid by the party against whom the final decision is rendered. If the State appeals a final decision, the court costs and transcription fees would be the obligation of the State. There would also be additional costs based upon the number of hours State employees would have to allocate to respond to the bid protest under the APA that would not be incurred under the current protest process.

The SPB contracting process involves a team of personnel who are responsible for the contracting process. Each contract solicitation involves a team that can consist of staff assistants, one or two buyers, attorneys, a paralegal, a Procurement Supervisor, the State Purchasing Manager, and the Materiel Administrator. Under LB21 each of these personnel could be required to do additional analysis of the bid process and protest, be interviewed regarding their involvement in the bid, be subpoenaed, and deposed and called as a witness. The DAS' attorneys would be responsible for representing SPB's interests in the bid protest.

How much time each of these positions would have to dedicate to the bid protest is difficult to determine as it would be based upon the complexity of the bid protest and by the protesting bidder's determination to overturn the contract award. For SPB staff it could be hours to tens of hours, and for the attorneys it could be tens of hours to over a hundred hours.

The fiscal impact of this bill is difficult to quantify due to the number of variables; variables that are mostly controlled by the protesting bidder. The following provides costs for personnel and services that would be necessary for a bid protest under LB21.

Hearing officer: \$150.00 to \$800.00 per hour plus expenses. (Hearings could last between a half-day to a week)

Court Reporter: If no transcript is order the cost is \$90.00 for the first hour and every hour thereafter is \$70.00. If a transcript is order the cost is \$40.00 for the first hour and \$30.00 per hour for every hour thereafter, but the transcript fee is an additional charge which varies based upon the nature and complexity of the transcript.

Estimated costs per hour are based on current salary and health insurance costs, plus FICA, retirement, life insurance, Employee Assistance Program and Workers' Compensation. Time necessary to respond to discovery, provide witness statements, and prepare necessary work product to prepare for the judicial review and/or court hearings would vary from protest to protest. Such costs for existing personnel would be absorbed within current operations, however allocated resources to bid protests would reduce the resources available to allocate to other procurements.

Buyer III: [salary and benefits] – cost per hour \$41.46

Backup Buyer III: [salary and benefits] – cost per hour \$41.46 Staff assistant: [salary and benefits] – cost per hour \$32.92 Attorney III: [salary and benefits] – cost per hour \$51.54 Paralegal I: [salary and benefits] – cost per hour \$35.91

Procurement Supervisor: [salary and benefits] – cost per hour \$43.66 **State Procurement Manager:** [salary and benefits] – cost per hour \$51.29 **Materiel Administrator:** [salary and benefits] – cost per hour \$79.30

The number of protest for services contracts that DAS received by year is as follows:

2018 - 3 Protests (1 in the range of \$5 million)

2017 - 10 Protests (3 in the range of \$5 million)

2016 - 10 Protests (8 in the range of \$5 million)

2015 - 1 Protests (0 in the range of \$5 million)

2014 - 5 Protests (2 in the range of \$5 million)

An unquantifiable cost to the State of protests under LB 21 would be the extended delay in executing contracts due to APA procedures. Upon issuance of the Notice of Intent to Award, the protesting bidder would have a period of time in which to file the protest. (Currently 10-days) A hearing date would then be set after reasonable notice as required by the APA. A minimum of 30 days would be reasonable for the notice, but that time could be extended based upon motions, discovery, interviews and depositions, and a pre-trial conference. (1-3 additional months) After the hearing and receipt of the final ruling of the hearing officer, which will require time to compose, the losing party has 30 days to file an appeal to the District Court.

The District Court of Lancaster County is currently scheduling matters 3-6 months out. Additional time will be needed for the judge to consider the record and issue a ruling. The District Court judge can also remand the matter back to the hearing officer for further review in accordance with the remand. The amount of time for considering the remand by the hearing officer and issuance of a new ruling is an unknown. The ruling of the hearing officer upon remand can also be appealed to the District Court within 30 days of the issuance of the decision on remand. The appealing party has 30 days to get the record upon remand to the District Court. (For brevity, the timing in the District Court for the appeal on remand and the possibility of additional remand will not be addressed.)

A further appeal may be taken to the Court of Appeals within 30 days of the final ruling in the District Court. The Court of Appeals is currently scheduling matter 3-4 months out. The court will require additional time to review the record and issue a ruling.

A bid protest under LB 21 could results in a delay of an estimated minimum of 60 days and an estimated maximum of one and one-half years. Delay in executing the contract could result in additional unquantifiable costs to maintain continuity of services through statutory exceptions to the normal contracting process.

It has been SPB's experience that there can be multiple bid protests filed on the same intent to award. Additionally, it has been the experience of SPB that upon sustaining a bid protest and awarding to another bidder SPB receives additional protests on the new award. Under LB 21 both of these scenarios will lead to additional costs to the State as indicated above.

It is difficult to determine when existing DAS Materiel and Legal staff could no longer handle the additional workload and additional staff would be required. Any increased cost would result in an increase to the state-wide biennial Purchasing Assessment.

Due to the potential for legal precedence being set by this bid protests process, the State's interests would be best served if the process were centralized.

If the process were centralized in DAS – Materiel - SPB at least one Attorney III and one Paralegal would need to be added to the DAS – Materiel SPB staff to handle statewide bid protests. The estimated cost for these two FTE's is \$197,583 in FY19-20 and \$200,780 in FY20-21. These costs include salary and benefits (health insurance is budgeted using the State's current share of the highest cost family plan as a base); and ongoing annual operating costs (OCIO expenses including computer leasing costs, printing/publication, rent/depreciation surcharge and other supplies. There would also be a one-time cost of \$1,500 for each FTE in FY19-20 for set up costs and the purchase of new non capitalized equipment (monitors, furniture, etc.).

These additional costs would result in the need for additional revolving fund appropriation and an increase in the Materiel – biennial Purchasing Assessment. The FY19-21 biennial Purchasing Assessment has already been published and would need to be adjusted.

The table below summarizes the estimated impact by fund type of the increased statewide Purchasing Assessment. The allocation by fund type is based on a four (4) year [2015-2018] average of operating expenses.

	FY19-20	FY20-21
	Expenditures	Expenditures
General Funds	51,167	51,990
Cash Funds	74,201	75,394
Federal Funds	40,405	41,055
Revolving Funds	31,810	32,321
Total Funds	197,583	200,760

The bill creates a fiscal impact; however the exact fiscal impact is unknown.

BREAKE	OOWN BY MAJ	OR OBJECTS O	F EXPENDITURE	
Personal Services:				
POSITION TITLE	NUMBER OF <u>19-20</u>	POSITIONS <u>20-21</u>	2019-20 <u>EXPENDITURES</u>	2020-21 EXPENDITURES
Attorney III	1	1	71,761	73,196
Paralegal I	1	1	43,245	44,109
Benefits	. •		69,850	73,728
Operating			12,727	9,727
Travel				
Capital outlay				
Aid				
Capital improvements				
TOTAL			197,583	200,760

	ESTIMATE PROVID	ED BY STATE AGENCY OR F	POLITICAL SUBDIVISION	
State Agency or Politic	al Subdivision Name:(2) Depar	tment of Health and Humar	n Services	
Prepared by: (3) Mike Mi	chalski Date Prepa	red 1-28-1	Pho	ne: (5) 471-6719
	FY 2019-2	2020	FY 2020-20	<u>)21</u>
	EXPENDITURES	REVENUE	EXPENDITURES	REVENUE
GENERAL FUNDS		_		_
CASH FUNDS				
FEDERAL FUNDS				
OTHER FUNDS				
TOTAL FUNDS	See Below	See Below	See Below	See Below

Return by date specified or 72 hours prior to public hearing, whichever is earlier.

Explanation of Estimate:

This bill would provide that the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) must immediately promulgate rules and regulations setting for a contested case hearing process, pursuant to the Administrative procedures Act, for contracts meeting the following criteria: (1) For services, as defined by Neb. Rev. Stat. 73-502; (2) was competitively bid out by DAS or any other state agency; and (3) Have a value in excess of \$5 million.

The Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) could see the impact of staff costs due to additional time in drafting amendments to contracts or drafting new contracts to continue essential services during the time and pendency of appeal. Additional time may be required in reviewing, preparing, processing such amendments or contracts. Another consideration will be the time preparing such amendments and contracts for additional review by federal awarding agencies. Additional staff time may be required in preparing discovery requests, preparing for and testifying at hearings, being deposed, and other time spent as part of Administrative Procedure Act process.

Additional costs would be incurred as a result of this bill likely delaying some procurements, causing DHHS to continue existing agreements with existing vendors or resort to emergency procurements. This in turn would result in additional cost to the state, as vendors would be in a strong position to negotiate an increase in costs.

DHHS could lose federal funds if procurements are delayed via an APA appeal process and DHHS misses out on federal funding deadlines. As many high-level procurements involve Medicaid, this could put some Medicaid funds at risk. CMS approval is often required of all contracts, so any change of vendor would require additional re-approval by CMS.

An additional appropriation for any DAS assessment increase as a result of additional costs incurred by DAS in putting together an APA process would be required.

PERSONAL SERVICES:				
	NUMBER OF		2019-2020	2020-2021
POSITION TITLE	19-20	20-21	EXPENDITURES	EXPENDITURES
Benefits				
Operating		_		
Travel		_		
Capital Outlay		_		
Aid		_		
Capital Improvements		_		
TOTAL		_		
		_		

LB ⁽¹⁾ 21			FISCAL NOTE		
State Agency OR Political Subdivision Name: (2)	Nebraska Secretary of State's Office				
Prepared by: (3) Joan Arnold	Date Prepared: (4)	1/17/2019 Phone:	(5) 402-471-2384		
ESTIMATE PROV	IDED BY STATE AGEN	ICY OR POLITICAL SUBDIV	/ISION		
EV	2010 20	EV ao	020-21		
EXPENDITURES	2019-20 REVENUE	EXPENDITURES	REVENUE		
GENERAL FUNDS					
CASH FUNDS					
FEDERAL FUNDS					
OTHER FUNDS	-				
TOTAL FUNDS					
	=				
Explanation of Estimate:					
Administrative Services assessments be	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Personal Services:	VN BY MAJOR OBJECT	S OF EXPENDITURE			
N	UMBER OF POSITION		2020-21		
POSITION TITLE	<u>19-20</u> <u>20-21</u>	<u>EXPENDITURES</u>	EXPENDITURES		
		<u> </u>			
Benefits					
Operating					
Travel					
Capital outlay					
Aid					
Capital improvements					
TOTAL					