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redistricting effort of ten years ago to this day. And most of this has been talked about on the floor over time as we went through the various steps getting here. But redistricting is a process that is ongoing over a period of time, and this effort began nearly five years ago with the preparations for putting in place the mechanical and personnel support services that were necessary. The state of Nebraska had to carry out a relationship with the Census Bureau that went on for a number of...several years, phase one and phase two, in identifying the census blocks and making sure that the count, when it happened in Nebraska, was going to happen in a way that it would have meaningful value for the purposes of not only counting the people of Nebraska, but determining what of the various districts that they would live in and how that...those facts might implement all programs...might affect all programs that have to do with population and all sorts of per person government programs. Four years ago or two years ago then we had almost finished phase one and two. The Exec Board then appropriated the money for the hardware and made provisions for the employment of the extra personnel that it would be necessary to implement the most open, I think, redistricting process that probably operated anyplace in the United States during this redistricting year. Last year the Exec Board appointed a Redistricting Committee to put in place tentative guidelines as to how we would carry out the redistricting in the state of Nebraska. Then when we began this new legislative session, the body of the Legislature adopted those guidelines, both the substantive as well as the administrative guidelines, to ensure that our process would be as open and available to the members of the Legislature as it's, I think, humanly possible to make a process like this. A committee was appointed by the Legislature, given the powers of a standing committee to have hearings. Bills were drafted. Hearings were held. And what you have before you then is the legislative committee's recommendation for the districts for the Unicameral in the state of Nebraska for the next ten years. To accomplish this map, essentially the Redistricting Committee was divided on several occasions up into several subcommittees. In the four districts that we've already advanced to Select File, the Supreme Court, State Board of Education, Board of Regents, and the Public Service Commission, the nine-member Redistricting Committee was