the tax roles if county boards want to do that. That was not constitutional. So we just simply...included in that personal property, incidentally, were jet aircraft. She just didn't name them, that is all. She just didn't name them, but it was included. So, too, are mainframe computers. She just didn't name them, but that was included. What we did is we said, let's be real honest about it, we will give you a narrow exemption. We are targeting it to the home offices just like we targeted the exemption of seeds for agriculture, the exemption of chemicals for agriculture, the exempting of water used for irrigation purposes from the sales taxes, just like we have exempted tons and tons of things. I now have my list and I will slowly go through this list...

SPEAKER BARRETT: Time has expired.

SENATOR V. JOHNSON: ...and let you fully appreciate the kinds of exemptions that we have created in this state over a long period of time.

SPEAKER BARRETT: For the discussion on the Schmit amendment, Senator Chambers.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Mr. Clerk, every time I speak today, I am going to try to pick up the amendment that we are dealing with, the portion of the bill, and address that. Senator Johnson, on page 10, in line 10, we start with these words, "The following property used in connection with..." What does used in connection with mean? It means any way that this property may be used that may have any impact or association with the project. It is a very broad categorization, isn't it? Page 10, line 10. In connection with...

SENATOR V. JOHNSON: Yes, it is broad language.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: Very broad.

SENATOR V. JOHNSON: Yes.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: So, I wouldn't ask you to define what it means and it would be difficult for anybody to define completely what that means, but you agree it is broad.

SENATOR V. JOHNSON: Yeah.

SENATOR CHAMBERS: And there is no limit to the number of