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know, I'm just guessing if it were a large estate. You have problems of that nature. And, also under the present probate laws whether it's a \$30,000 estate or a \$3,000,000 estate, the same procedural niceties must be followed by the attorney. In other words, that's one of the things LB354 will do. It will do away with treating the \$30,000 estate the same way as the \$3,000,000 or a \$500,000 or whatever you want to pick...estate....because it does away with a lot of the unnecessary what some of us feel are unnecessary court appearances, a total waste of the lawyer's time, what Judge McGowan of the...County Judge of Douglas County calls mickey mouse, paper shuffling activities. Which this will do away. And now if that would have affected that estate, I don't know, but if it did, there would be fewer hours spent and there would be an adjustment. I would submit that the larger estates would not be that vitally changed.

SENATOR SCHMIT: In other words, Senator, what you're saying is that the substantial estates are going to be handled much the way they are today in any case.

SENATOR LUEDTKE: Except the charges will be made, you will be able to see how much time the attorney puts in it. He'll have to show you a time sheet if you ask him for it and how much do you charge an hour. And you ought to have that out at the beginning. Ask him how much he's going to charge per hour and how many hours do you think you're going to spend. That which is hard to tell but you could guess on that.

SENATOR SCHMIT: May I continue, Mr. President?

PRESIDENT: Yes.

SENATOR SCHMIT: Then the principal benefactors under LB354 will those persons whose estates are smaller in nature, under what size would you say?

SENATOR LUEDTKE: Well, of course, for the principal benefactors that we're talking about in this area would probably be those under the \$60,000 federal estate tax level where you do not have to have a federal estate tax return. Those where...oh, maybe there's only a widow or a widower, there's only maybe a couple of children, they can go in and they can get themselves appointed as the person to administer that estate. And they are, by the way, if there's a will under the informal probate situation, that person has the highest priority and goes then in and can take over immediately. It's the immediacy of the thing. The flexibility and the immediacy of action. Quit fooling around with all of the paper shuffling.

SENATOR SCHMIT: Can I ask one more question?

PRESIDENT: Yes, and before you do, Senator Kelly has been waiting to speak. We also have a motion to recess. I'm going to allow it because I think Senator Kelly has some input on this particular point and I'm going to allow if you two gentlemen will allow that Senator Kelly also.....

SENATOR SCHMIT: Mr. President, I will yield to Senator Kelly and then we'll come back at a later time. Thank you.

PRESIDENT: Senator Kelly.