AMENDMENTS TO LB574

(Amendments to Final Reading copy)

Introduced by Walz, 15.

Strike the original sections and all amendments thereto and
 insert the following new sections:

3 Section 1. Section 28-347, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
4 2022, is amended to read:

5 28-347 (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to purposely perform 6 or attempt to perform a dismemberment abortion and thereby kill an unborn 7 child unless a dismemberment abortion is necessary due to a medical 8 emergency as defined in subdivision (4) of section 28-3,103.

9 (2) A person accused in any proceeding of unlawful conduct under subsection (1) of this section may seek a hearing before the Board of 10 Medicine and Surgery on whether the performance of a dismemberment 11 12 abortion was necessary due to a medical emergency as defined in subdivision (4) of section 28-3,103. The board's findings are admissible 13 on that issue at any trial in which such unlawful conduct is alleged. 14 Upon a motion of the person accused, the court shall delay the beginning 15 of the trial for not more than thirty days to permit such a hearing to 16 take place. 17

(3) No woman upon whom an abortion is performed or attempted to be 18 19 performed shall be liable for performing or attempting to perform a dismemberment abortion. No nurse, secretary, receptionist, or other 20 employee or agent who is not a physician, but who acts at the direction 21 of a physician, shall be liable for performing or attempting to perform a 22 dismemberment abortion. No pharmacist or other individual who is not a 23 physician, but who fills a prescription or provides instruments or 24 materials used in an abortion at the direction of or to a physician, 25 shall be liable for performing or attempting to perform a dismemberment 26

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1 abortion.

Sec. 2. Section 28-3,102, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

4 28-3,102 Sections 28-3,102 to 28-3,111 shall be known and may be 5 cited as the Pain-Capable Unborn Child Protection Act.

6 Sec. 3. Section 28-3,103, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is7 amended to read:

8 28-3,103 For purposes of the Pain-Capable Unborn Child Protection
9 Act:

(1) Abortion means the use or prescription of any instrument, 10 medicine, drug, or other substance or device to terminate the pregnancy 11 of a woman known to be pregnant with an intention other than to increase 12 the probability of a live birth, to preserve the life or health of the 13 14 child after live birth, or to remove a dead unborn child who died as the 15 result of natural causes in utero, accidental trauma, or a criminal assault on the pregnant woman or her unborn child, and which causes the 16 17 premature termination of the pregnancy;

18 (2) Attempt to perform or induce an abortion means an act, or an 19 omission of a statutorily required act, that, under the circumstances as 20 the actor believes them to be, constitutes a substantial step in a course 21 of conduct planned to culminate in the performance or induction of an 22 abortion in this state in violation of the Pain-Capable Unborn Child 23 Protection Act;

24 (3) Fertilization means the fusion of a human spermatozoon with a25 human ovum;

26 (4) Fetal anomaly incompatible with life means a fetal anomaly
27 diagnosed before birth that will with reasonable certainty result in the
28 death of the unborn child within three months. Fetal anomaly incompatible
29 with life does not include a condition which can be treated;

30 <u>(5)</u> (4) Medical emergency means a condition which, in reasonable 31 medical judgment, so complicates the medical condition of the pregnant

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woman as to necessitate the immediate abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death or for which a delay will create a serious risk of substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function. No condition shall be deemed a medical emergency if based on a claim or diagnosis that the woman will engage in conduct which would result in her death or in substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function;

8 <u>(6)</u> (5) Postfertilization age means the age of the unborn child as 9 calculated from the fertilization of the human ovum;

10 <u>(7)</u> (6) Reasonable medical judgment means a medical judgment that 11 would be made by a reasonably prudent physician, knowledgeable about the 12 case and the treatment possibilities with respect to the medical 13 conditions involved;

(8) (7) Physician means any person licensed to practice medicine and
 surgery or osteopathic medicine under the Uniform Credentialing Act;

16 (9) (8) Probable postfertilization age of the unborn child means 17 what, in reasonable medical judgment, will with reasonable probability be 18 the postfertilization age of the unborn child at the time the abortion is 19 planned to be performed;

20 <u>(10)</u> (9) Unborn child or fetus each mean an individual organism of 21 the species homo sapiens from fertilization until live birth; and

(11) (10) Woman means a female human being whether or not she has
 reached the age of majority.

24 Sec. 4. Section 28-3,106, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 25 amended to read:

26 28-3,106 <u>(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section,</u> 27 <u>no No person shall perform or induce or attempt to perform or induce an</u> 28 abortion upon a woman when it has been determined, by the physician 29 performing or inducing the abortion or by another physician upon whose 30 determination that physician relies, that the probable postfertilization 31 age of the woman's unborn child is <u>twelve twenty</u> or more weeks.

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(2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply if:

2 (a) In unless, in reasonable medical judgment:

3 (i) The woman (1) she has a condition which so complicates her medical condition as to necessitate the abortion of her pregnancy to 4 5 avert her death or to avert serious risk of substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function or (2) it is necessary to 6 7 preserve the life of an unborn child. No such condition shall be deemed 8 to exist if it is based on a claim or diagnosis that the woman will 9 engage in conduct which would result in her death or in substantial and 10 irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function; -

11 (ii) An abortion is necessary to preserve the life of another unborn 12 child; or

13

<u>(iii) There is a fetal anomaly incompatible with life; or</u>

14 (b) The woman informs the physician that the pregnancy resulted from 15 a sexual assault as defined in section 28-319 or 28-319.01 or incest as defined in section 28-703. No person shall perform or induce or attempt 16 17 to perform or induce an abortion upon a woman under this subdivision (2) (b) when it has been determined, by the physician performing or inducing 18 19 the abortion or by another physician upon whose determination that physician relies, that the probable postfertilization age of the woman's 20 21 unborn child is twenty or more weeks.

22 (3) If a physician performs or induces or attempts to perform or
 23 induce an abortion pursuant to:

24 (a) Subdivision (2)(a) of this section, the physician shall certify 25 in writing the reason for the abortion; or

(b) Subdivision (2)(b) of this section, the physician shall comply
 with section 28-902 and shall certify in writing the reason for the
 abortion and the physician's compliance with such section.

29 (4) The physician shall include any certification made under
 30 subsection (3) of this section in the woman's medical records.

31 (5) If an abortion is necessary under subdivision (2)(a)(i) of this

section In such a case, the physician shall terminate the pregnancy in 1 the manner which, in reasonable medical judgment, provides the best 2 3 opportunity for the unborn child to survive, unless, in reasonable medical judgment, termination of the pregnancy in that manner would pose 4 5 a greater risk either of the death of the pregnant woman or of the substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily 6 7 function of the woman than would another available method. No such 8 greater risk shall be deemed to exist if it is based on a claim or 9 diagnosis that the woman will engage in conduct which would result in her death or in substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major 10 11 bodily function.

12 Sec. 5. Section 28-3,107, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 13 amended to read:

14 28-3,107 (1) Any physician who performs or induces or attempts to 15 perform or induce an abortion shall report to the Department of Health 16 and Human Services, on a schedule and in accordance with forms and rules 17 and regulations adopted and promulgated by the department:

(a) If a determination of probable postfertilization age was made,
the probable postfertilization age determined and the method and basis of
the determination;

(b) If a determination of probable postfertilization age was not
made, the basis of the determination that a medical emergency existed;

23 (c) If the probable postfertilization age was determined to be 24 twelve twenty or more weeks, the basis of the determination that an 25 abortion was necessary for a reason provided in subsection (2) of section 26 <u>28-3,106</u> the pregnant woman had a condition which so complicated her 27 medical condition as to necessitate the abortion of her pregnancy to 28 avert her death or to avert serious risk of substantial and irreversible 29 physical impairment of a major bodily function, or the basis of the 30 determination that it was necessary to preserve the life of an unborn 31 child; and

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(d) The method used for the abortion and, in the case of an abortion 1 2 performed <u>pursuant to subdivision (2)(a)(i) of section 28-3,106</u> when the 3 probable postfertilization age was determined to be twenty or more weeks, whether the method of abortion used was one that, in reasonable medical 4 5 judgment, provided the best opportunity for the unborn child to survive 6 or, if such a method was not used, the basis of the determination that 7 termination of the pregnancy in that manner would pose a greater risk 8 either of the death of the pregnant woman or of the substantial and 9 irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function of the woman than would other available methods. 10

11 (2) By June 30 of each year, the department shall issue a public 12 report providing statistics for the previous calendar year compiled from all of the reports covering that year submitted in accordance with this 13 14 section for each of the items listed in subsection (1) of this section. 15 Each such report shall also provide the statistics for all previous calendar years during which this section was in effect, adjusted to 16 17 reflect any additional information from late or corrected reports. The 18 department shall take care to ensure that none of the information public reports could 19 included in the reasonably lead to the 20 identification of any pregnant woman upon whom an abortion was performed.

21 (3) Any physician who fails to submit a report by the end of thirty 22 days following the due date shall be subject to a late fee of five 23 hundred dollars for each additional thirty-day period or portion of a 24 thirty-day period the report is overdue. Any physician required to report in accordance with the Pain-Capable Unborn Child Protection Act who has 25 26 not submitted a report, or has submitted only an incomplete report, more 27 than one year following the due date, may, in an action brought in the manner in which actions are brought to enforce the Uniform Credentialing 28 29 Act pursuant to section 38-1,139, be directed by a court of competent 30 jurisdiction to submit a complete report within a time period stated by court order or be subject to civil contempt. Failure by any physician to 31

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conform to any requirement of this section, other than late filing of a
 report, constitutes unprofessional conduct pursuant to section 38-2021.
 Failure by any physician to submit a complete report in accordance with a
 court order constitutes unprofessional conduct pursuant to section
 38-2021. Intentional or reckless falsification of any report required
 under this section is a Class V misdemeanor.

7 (4) <u>The Within ninety days after October 15, 2010, the</u> department
8 <u>may shall</u> adopt and promulgate rules and regulations to <u>carry out</u> assist
9 <u>in compliance with</u> this section.

Sec. 6. Section 28-3,108, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

12 28-3,108 <u>No woman upon whom an abortion is attempted, induced, or</u> 13 <u>performed shall be liable for a violation of the Unborn Child Protection</u> 14 <u>Act. Any person who intentionally or recklessly performs or attempts to</u> 15 <u>perform an abortion in violation of section 28-3,106 is guilty of a Class</u> 16 <u>IV felony. No penalty shall be assessed against the woman upon whom the</u> 17 <u>abortion is performed or attempted to be performed.</u>

Sec. 7. Section 28-3,111, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

20 28-3,111 If any one or more provisions, sections, subsections, 21 sentences, clauses, phrases, or words of the Pain-Capable Unborn Child 22 Protection Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance 23 is found to be unconstitutional, the same is hereby declared to be 24 severable and the balance of the Pain-Capable Unborn Child Protection Act shall remain effective notwithstanding such unconstitutionality. The 25 26 Legislature hereby declares that it would have passed the Pain-Capable 27 Unborn Child Protection Act, and each provision, section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or word thereof, irrespective of the fact that 28 29 any one or more provisions, sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, 30 phrases, or words of the Pain-Capable Unborn Child Protection Act, or the application of the Pain-Capable Unborn Child Protection Act, would be 31

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1 declared unconstitutional.

Sec. 8. Section 38-178, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2022, is amended to read:

4 38-178 Except as otherwise provided in sections 38-1,119 to 5 38-1,123, a credential to practice a profession may be <u>issued subject to</u> 6 <u>discipline</u>, denied, refused renewal, or have other disciplinary measures 7 taken against it in accordance with section <u>38-183</u>, <u>38-185</u>, or <u>38-186</u> on 8 any of the following grounds:

9 (1) Misrepresentation of material facts in procuring or attempting
10 to procure a credential;

(2) Immoral or dishonorable conduct evidencing unfitness to practice
 the profession in this state;

(3) Abuse of, dependence on, or active addiction to alcohol, any
 controlled substance, or any mind-altering substance;

(4) Failure to comply with a treatment program or an aftercare
program, including, but not limited to, a program entered into under the
Licensee Assistance Program established pursuant to section 38-175;

(5) Conviction of (a) a misdemeanor or felony under Nebraska law or federal law, or (b) a crime in any jurisdiction which, if committed within this state, would have constituted a misdemeanor or felony under Nebraska law and which has a rational connection with the fitness or capacity of the applicant or credential holder to practice the profession;

(6) Practice of the profession (a) fraudulently, (b) beyond its
authorized scope, (c) with gross incompetence or gross negligence, or (d)
in a pattern of incompetent or negligent conduct;

(7) Practice of the profession while the ability to practice is
 impaired by alcohol, controlled substances, drugs, mind-altering
 substances, physical disability, mental disability, or emotional
 disability;

31 (8) Physical or mental incapacity to practice the profession as

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1 evidenced by a legal judgment or a determination by other lawful means;

2 (9) Illness, deterioration, or disability that impairs the ability3 to practice the profession;

4 (10) Permitting, aiding, or abetting the practice of a profession or
5 the performance of activities requiring a credential by a person not
6 credentialed to do so;

7 (11) Performing or offering to perform scleral tattooing as defined
8 in section 38-10,172 by a person not credentialed to do so;

9 (12) Having had his or her credential denied, refused renewal, 10 limited, suspended, revoked, or disciplined in any manner similar to 11 section 38-196 by another state or jurisdiction based upon acts by the 12 applicant or credential holder similar to acts described in this section;

(13) Use of untruthful, deceptive, or misleading statements in
 advertisements, including failure to comply with section 38-124;

(14) Conviction of fraudulent or misleading advertising or
conviction of a violation of the Uniform Deceptive Trade Practices Act;

17 (15) Distribution of intoxicating liquors, controlled substances, or18 drugs for any other than lawful purposes;

(16) Violations of the Uniform Credentialing Act or the rules andregulations relating to the particular profession;

(17) Unlawful invasion of the field of practice of any profession regulated by the Uniform Credentialing Act which the credential holder is not credentialed to practice;

(18) Violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act or any rules
and regulations adopted pursuant to the act;

26 (19) Failure to file a report required by section 38-1,124,
27 38-1,125, or 71-552;

(20) Failure to maintain the requirements necessary to obtain acredential;

30 (21) Violation of an order issued by the department;

31 (22) Violation of an assurance of compliance entered into under

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1 section 38-1,108; 2 (23) Failure to pay an administrative penalty; 3 (24) Unprofessional conduct as defined in section 38-179; (25) Violation of the Automated Medication Systems Act; or 4 5 (26) Failure to comply with section 38-1,147; or -6 (27) Violation of the Unborn Child Protection Act. 7 Sec. 9. Section 38-179, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 8 2022, is amended to read:

9 38-179 For purposes of section 38-178, unprofessional conduct means 10 any departure from or failure to conform to the standards of acceptable 11 and prevailing practice of a profession or the ethics of the profession, 12 regardless of whether a person, consumer, or entity is injured, or 13 conduct that is likely to deceive or defraud the public or is detrimental 14 to the public interest, including, but not limited to:

(1) Receipt of fees on the assurance that an incurable disease canbe permanently cured;

(2) Division of fees, or agreeing to split or divide the fees, 17 received for professional services with any person for bringing or 18 referring a consumer other than (a) with a partner or employee of the 19 20 applicant or credential holder or his or her office or clinic, (b) with a 21 landlord of the applicant or credential holder pursuant to a written 22 agreement that provides for payment of rent based on gross receipts, or 23 (c) with a former partner or employee of the applicant or credential 24 holder based on a retirement plan or separation agreement;

(3) Obtaining any fee for professional services by fraud, deceit, or
misrepresentation, including, but not limited to, falsification of thirdparty claim documents;

(4) Cheating on or attempting to subvert the credentialingexamination;

30 (5) Assisting in the care or treatment of a consumer without the
 31 consent of such consumer or his or her legal representative;

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(6) Use of any letters, words, or terms, either as a prefix, affix,
 or suffix, on stationery, in advertisements, or otherwise, indicating
 that such person is entitled to practice a profession for which he or she
 is not credentialed;

5 (7) Performing, procuring, or aiding and abetting in the performance
6 or procurement of a criminal abortion;

7 (8) Knowingly disclosing confidential information except as
8 otherwise permitted by law;

9 (9) Commission of any act of sexual abuse, misconduct, or 10 exploitation related to the practice of the profession of the applicant 11 or credential holder;

12 (10) Failure to keep and maintain adequate records of treatment or13 service;

(11) Prescribing, administering, distributing, dispensing, giving,
 or selling any controlled substance or other drug recognized as addictive
 or dangerous for other than a medically accepted therapeutic purpose;

(12) Prescribing any controlled substance to (a) oneself or (b) except in the case of a medical emergency (i) one's spouse, (ii) one's child, (iii) one's parent, (iv) one's sibling, or (v) any other person living in the same household as the prescriber;

(13) Failure to comply with any federal, state, or municipal law,
ordinance, rule, or regulation that pertains to the applicable
profession;

(14) Disruptive behavior, whether verbal or physical, which
 interferes with consumer care or could reasonably be expected to
 interfere with such care; and

27 (15) Violation of the Unborn Child Protection Act;

(16) Beginning October 1, 2023, performing gender-affirming genital
 surgery or gender-affirming nongenital surgery or providing gender affirming medical treatment for an individual younger than nineteen years
 of age in violation of section 15 of this act; and

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(17) (15) Such other acts as may be defined in rules and
 regulations.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to exclude determination
of additional conduct that is unprofessional by adjudication in
individual contested cases.

6 Sec. 10. Section 38-192, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is7 amended to read:

8 38-192 (1) If the director determines upon completion of a hearing 9 under section <u>38-183 or 38-186</u> that a violation has occurred, the director may, at his or her discretion, consult with the appropriate 10 11 board concerning sanctions to be imposed or terms and conditions of the sanctions. When the director consults with a board, the credential holder 12 and the Attorney General shall be provided with a copy of the director's 13 14 request, the recommendation of the board, and an opportunity to respond 15 in such manner as the director determines.

16 (2) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, the The 17 director shall have the authority through entry of an order to exercise 18 in his or her discretion any or all of the sanctions authorized under 19 <u>subsection (1) of section 38-196</u>.

(3) If the director determines upon completion of a hearing under
section 38-183 or 38-186 that a licensee has performed or induced or
attempted to perform or induce an abortion in violation of the Unborn
Child Protection Act, the director shall enter an order imposing a
sanction authorized under subdivision (2) of section 38-196.

25 Sec. 11. Section 38-193, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

27 38-193 (1) If the petition is brought with respect to subdivision 28 (3) of section 38-2021, the director shall make findings as to whether 29 the licensee's conduct was necessary to save the life of a mother whose 30 life was endangered by a physical disorder, physical illness, or physical 31 injury, including a life-endangering physical condition caused by or

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arising from the pregnancy itself. The director shall have the authority
 through entry of an order to exercise in his or her discretion any or all
 of the sanctions authorized under section 38-196, irrespective of the
 petition.

5 (2) If the petition is brought with respect to subdivision (4) of section 38-2021, the director shall make findings as to whether the 6 7 licensee performed or induced or attempted to perform or induce an 8 abortion in violation of the Unborn Child Protection Act. If the director 9 finds such a violation, the director shall enter an order revoking the licensee's credential to practice pursuant to the Uniform Credentialing 10 11 Act in the State of Nebraska in accordance with subsection (2) of section <u>38-196 and section 38-1,100.</u> 12

Sec. 12. Section 38-196, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

15 38-196 <u>(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section,</u> 16 <u>upon</u> Upon the completion of any hearing held regarding discipline of a 17 credential, the director may dismiss the action or impose any of the 18 following sanctions:

- 19 <u>(a)</u> (1) Censure;
- 20 <u>(b)</u> (2) Probation;
- 21 <u>(c)</u> (3) Limitation;
- 22 (d) (4) Civil penalty;
- 23 <u>(e)</u> (5) Suspension; or
- 24 <u>(f)</u> (6) Revocation.

(2) Upon completion of any hearing regarding discipline of a
 credential for performing or inducing or attempting to perform or induce
 an abortion in violation of the Unborn Child Protection Act, if the
 director determines that such violation occurred, the director shall
 impose a sanction of revocation in accordance with section 38-1,100.
 Sec. 13. Section 38-2021, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,

31 2022, is amended to read:

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1 38-2021 Unprofessional conduct means any departure from or failure 2 to conform to the standards of acceptable and prevailing practice of 3 medicine and surgery or the ethics of the profession, regardless of 4 whether a person, patient, or entity is injured, or conduct that is 5 likely to deceive or defraud the public or is detrimental to the public 6 interest, including, but not limited to:

7 (1) Performance by a physician of an abortion as defined in 8 subdivision (1) of section 28-326 under circumstances when he or she will 9 not be available for a period of at least forty-eight hours for 10 postoperative care unless such postoperative care is delegated to and 11 accepted by another physician;

12 (2) Performing an abortion upon a minor without having satisfied the
 13 requirements of sections 71-6901 to 71-6911;

14 (3) The intentional and knowing performance of a partial-birth 15 abortion as defined in subdivision (8) of section 28-326, unless such 16 procedure is necessary to save the life of the mother whose life is 17 endangered by a physical disorder, physical illness, or physical injury, 18 including a life-endangering physical condition caused by or arising from 19 the pregnancy itself; and

20 (4) <u>Performing or inducing or attempting to perform or induce</u>
 21 <u>Performance by a physician of</u> an abortion in violation of the <u>Pain-</u>
 22 <u>Capable</u> Unborn Child Protection Act.

Sec. 14. Section 38-2894, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2022, is amended to read:

38-2894 (1) A registration to practice as a pharmacy technician may 25 26 denied, refused renewal, removed, or suspended or have other be 27 disciplinary measures taken against it by the department, with the recommendation of the board, for failure to meet the requirements of or 28 29 for violation of any of the provisions of subdivisions (1) through (18) 30 and (20) through (27) (26) of section 38-178 and sections 38-2890 to 38-2897 or the rules and regulations adopted under such sections. 31

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1 (2) If the department proposes to deny, refuse renewal of, or remove 2 or suspend a registration, it shall send the applicant or registrant a 3 notice setting forth the action to be taken and the reasons for the 4 determination. The denial, refusal to renew, removal, or suspension shall 5 become final thirty days after mailing the notice unless the applicant or 6 registrant gives written notice to the department of his or her desire 7 for an informal conference or for a formal hearing.

8 (3) Notice may be served by any method specified in section 9 25-505.01, or the department may permit substitute or constructive 10 service as provided in section 25-517.02 when service cannot be made with 11 reasonable diligence by any of the methods specified in section 12 25-505.01.

(4) Pharmacy technicians may participate in the Licensee Assistance
Program described in section 38-175.

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Sec. 15. (1) For purposes of this section:

16 (a) Gender-affirming genital surgery means genital reconstruction
 17 surgery to affirm a person's gender identity for the treatment of gender
 18 incongruence;

19 (b) Gender-affirming nongenital surgery means surgery other than 20 genital reconstruction surgery to affirm a person's gender identity for 21 the treatment of gender incongruence;

(c) Gender-affirming medical treatment means medical interventions,
 provided by a health care practitioner to treat gender incongruence,
 including services by a health care practitioner or hospital services and
 the prescribing of medications. Gender-affirming medical treatment does
 not include mental or behavioral health care services, gender-affirming
 genital surgery, or gender-affirming nongenital surgery;
 (d) Gender incongruence means a diagnostic term that describes an

(d) Gender incongruence means a diagnostic term that describes an
 individual's marked and persistent experience of an incompatibility
 between that individual's gender identity and the gender expected of such
 individual based on such individual's birth-assigned sex; and

1 (e) Health care practitioner means a physician, physician assistant, 2 advanced practice registered nurse, or nurse practitioner licensed or 3 certified under the Uniform Credentialing Act. (2) No health care practitioner shall perform gender-affirming 4 5 genital surgery in this state for an individual younger than nineteen 6 years of age. 7 (3) No health care practitioner shall perform gender-affirming nongenital surgery in this state for an individual younger than nineteen 8 9 years of age unless the following criteria are met: (a) The parent or guardian of such individual has provided voluntary 10 11 and informed written consent. A health care practitioner shall make an 12 effort to seek consent from all parents or guardians of the patient and 13 shall document such efforts; 14 (b) The patient demonstrates the emotional and cognitive maturity required to provide informed assent for the surgery; 15 16 (c) The patient meets the diagnostic criteria of gender incongruence 17 and the patient's gender incongruence is marked and sustained over time; (d) The patient has written documentation recommending gender-18 19 affirming nongenital surgery from at least two licensed mental health 20 professionals, psychologists, or psychiatrists who are not part of the 21 same clinic as each other; 22 (e) The patient has been informed of any reproductive effects and 23 any other potential side effects or consequences of such surgery; 24 (f) The patient has reached the Tanner stage two of puberty; (g) Mental health concerns, if any, that may interfere with 25 26 diagnostic clarity, capacity to consent, or gender-affirming nongenital 27 surgery have been addressed sufficiently so that such surgery can be 28 provided optimally; and 29 (h) The patient has been under the care of a health care 30 practitioner, licensed mental health provider, psychologist, or psychiatrist for the treatment of gender incongruence for at least twelve 31

1	months prior to surgery.
2	<u>(4) No health care practitioner shall provide irreversible gender-</u>
3	affirming medical treatment for an individual younger than nineteen years
4	of age unless the following criteria are met:
5	<u>(a) The parent or guardian of such individual has provided voluntary</u>
6	and informed written consent. A health care practitioner shall make an
7	effort to seek consent from all parents or guardians of the patient and
8	<u>shall document such efforts;</u>
9	(b) The patient demonstrates the emotional and cognitive maturity
10	required to provide informed assent for the treatment;
11	(c) The patient meets the diagnostic criteria of gender incongruence
12	and the patient's gender incongruence is marked and sustained over time;
13	(d) The patient has written documentation recommending gender-
14	affirming medical treatment from at least two licensed mental health
15	professionals, psychologists, or psychiatrists that are not part of the
16	same clinic as each other;
17	(e) The patient has been informed of any reproductive effects and
18	any other potential side effects or consequences of such treatment;
19	<u>(f) The patient has reached the Tanner stage two of puberty; and</u>
20	<u>(g) Mental health concerns, if any, that may interfere with</u>
21	diagnostic clarity, capacity to consent, or gender-affirming medical
22	treatment have been addressed sufficiently so that such medical treatment
23	<u>can be provided optimally.</u>
24	(5) The intentional and knowing performance of gender-affirming
25	genital surgery, gender-affirming nongenital surgery, or irreversible
26	gender-affirming medical treatment by a health care practitioner for an
27	individual younger than nineteen years of age in violation of subsection
28	(2), (3), or (4) of this section shall be considered unprofessional
29	conduct as defined in section 38-179.
30	(6) The denial of consent for gender-affirming nongenital surgery or
31	gender-affirming medical treatment by a parent or guardian of an

<u>individual younger than nineteen years of age shall not require mandatory</u>
 <u>reporting under 28-711.</u>

3 Sec. 16. Section 15 of this act becomes operative on October 1,
4 2023. The other sections of this act become operative on their effective
5 date.

6 Sec. 17. If any section in this act or any part of any section is 7 declared invalid or unconstitutional, the declaration shall not affect 8 the validity or constitutionality of the remaining portions.

9 Sec. 18. Original sections 28-3,102, 28-3,103, 28-3,106, 28-3,107,
10 28-3,108, 28-3,111, 38-192, 38-193, and 38-196, Reissue Revised Statutes
11 of Nebraska, and sections 28-347, 38-178, 38-179, 38-2021, and 38-2894,
12 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022, are repealed.

Sec. 19. The following sections are outright repealed: Sections
28-3,104, 28-3,109, and 28-3,110, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.

Sec. 20. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when passed and approved according to law.

17 2. On page 1, strike beginning with "section" in line 1 through line 4 and insert "sections 28-3,102, 28-3,103, 28-3,106, 28-3,107, 28-3,108, 18 38-193, and 38-196, Reissue Revised Statutes of 19 28-3,111, 38-192, 20 Nebraska, and sections 28-347, 38-178, 38-179, 38-2021, and 38-2894, 21 Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2022; to rename and change 22 provisions of the Pain Capable Unborn Child Protection Act; to prohibit 23 gender-affirming genital surgery, gender-affirming nongenital surgery, 24 and irreversible gender-affirming medical treatment for an individual younger than nineteen years of age as prescribed; to provide for 25 26 discipline under the Uniform Credentialing Act; to harmonize provisions; 27 to eliminate provisions relating to legislative findings, an action for damages, and anonymity in court orders under the Pain Capable Unborn 28 29 Child Protection Act; to provide operative dates; to provide 30 severability; to repeal the original sections; to outright repeal sections 28-3,104, 28-3,109, and 28-3,110, Reissue Revised Statutes of 31

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1 Nebraska; and to declare an emergency.".