LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA ONE HUNDRED FIFTH LEGISLATURE FIRST SESSION

## **LEGISLATIVE BILL 162**

Introduced by Krist, 10. Read first time January 09, 2017 Committee: Judiciary

1	A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to crimes and offenses; to amend sections
2	28-111, 28-502, 28-503, 28-519, 28-918, 28-919, 28-920, and 28-1354,
3	Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska; to change provisions relating
4	to criminal mischief; to change and provide additional penalties for
5	bribing or tampering with witnesses or informants and bribing a
6	juror or jury tampering; to harmonize provisions; and to repeal the
7	original sections.

8 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

Section 1. Section 28-111, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
 amended to read:

28-111 Any person who commits one or more of the following criminal 3 4 offenses against a person or a person's property because of the person's color, religion, ancestry, national origin, gender, sexual 5 race, orientation, age, or disability or because of the person's association 6 with a person of a certain race, color, religion, ancestry, national 7 origin, gender, sexual orientation, age, or disability shall be punished 8 9 by the imposition of the next higher penalty classification than the 10 penalty classification prescribed for the criminal offense, unless such criminal offense is already punishable as a Class IB felony or higher 11 classification: Manslaughter, section 28-305; assault in the first 12 13 degree, section 28-308; assault in the second degree, section 28-309; assault in the third degree, section 28-310; terroristic threats, section 14 15 28-311.01; stalking, section 28-311.03; kidnapping, section 28-313; false imprisonment in the first degree, section 28-314; false imprisonment in 16 17 the second degree, section 28-315; sexual assault in the first degree, section 28-319; sexual assault in the second or third degree, section 18 28-320; sexual assault of a child, sections 28-319.01 and 28-320.01; 19 arson in the first degree, section 28-502; arson in the second degree, 20 section 28-503; arson in the third degree, section 28-504; criminal 21 22 damage to property mischief, section 28-519; unauthorized application of graffiti, section 28-524; criminal trespass in the first degree, section 23 24 28-520; or criminal trespass in the second degree, section 28-521.

25 Sec. 2. Section 28-502, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

27 28-502 (1) A person commits arson in the first degree if he or she 28 intentionally damages a building or property contained within a building 29 by starting a fire or causing an explosion when another person is present 30 in the building at the time and either (a) the actor knows that fact, or 31 (b) the circumstances are such as to render the presence of a person

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1 therein a reasonable probability.

2 (2) A person commits arson in the first degree if a fire is started 3 or an explosion is caused in the perpetration of any robbery, burglary, 4 or felony criminal <u>damage to property</u> <u>mischief</u> when another person is 5 present in the building at the time and either (a) the actor knows that 6 fact, or (b) the circumstances are such as to render the presence of a 7 person therein a reasonable probability.

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(3) Arson in the first degree is a Class II felony.

9 Sec. 3. Section 28-503, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 10 amended to read:

11 28-503 (1) A person commits arson in the second degree if he or she 12 intentionally damages a building or property contained within a building 13 by starting a fire or causing an explosion or if a fire is started or an 14 explosion is caused in the perpetration of any robbery, burglary, or 15 felony criminal <u>damage to property mischief</u>.

16 (2) The following affirmative defenses may be introduced into
 17 evidence upon prosecution for a violation of this section:

(a) No person other than the accused has a security or proprietary
interest in the damaged building, or, if other persons have such
interests, all of them consented to his or her conduct; or

(b) The accused's sole intent was to destroy or damage the buildingfor a lawful and proper purpose.

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(3) Arson in the second degree is a Class III felony.

24 Sec. 4. Section 28-519, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 25 amended to read:

28-519 (1) A person commits criminal <u>damage to property</u> mischief if
 he or she:

28 (a) Damages property of another intentionally or recklessly; or

(b) Intentionally tampers with property of another so as to endangerperson or property; or

31 (c) Intentionally or maliciously causes another to suffer pecuniary

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1 loss by deception or threat.

2 (2) Criminal <u>damage to property</u> <u>mischief</u> is a Class IV felony if the
3 actor intentionally, or maliciously, or recklessly causes pecuniary loss
4 of five thousand dollars or more, or a substantial interruption or
5 impairment of public communication, transportation, supply of water, gas,
6 or power, or other public service.

7 (3) Criminal <u>damage to property mischief</u> is a Class I misdemeanor if
8 the actor intentionally, <del>or</del> maliciously, <u>or recklessly</u> causes pecuniary
9 loss of one thousand five hundred dollars or more but less than five
10 thousand dollars.

(4) Criminal <u>damage to property</u> <u>mischief</u> is a Class II misdemeanor
if the actor intentionally, <del>or</del> maliciously, <u>or recklessly</u> causes
pecuniary loss of five hundred dollars or more but less than one thousand
five hundred dollars.

15 (5) Criminal <u>damage to property</u> mischief is a Class III misdemeanor 16 if the actor intentionally, maliciously, or recklessly causes pecuniary 17 loss in an amount of less than five hundred dollars<sub> $\tau$ </sub> or if his or her 18 action results in no pecuniary loss.

Sec. 5. Section 28-918, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

21 28-918 (1) A person commits bribery of a witness if he <u>or she</u> 22 offers, confers, or agrees to confer any benefit upon a witness or a 23 person he <u>or she</u> believes is about to be called as a witness in any 24 official proceeding with intent to:

(a) Influence him <u>or her</u> to testify falsely or unlawfully withhold
any testimony; or

(b) Induce him <u>or her</u> to avoid legal process summoning him <u>or her</u> to
testify; or

(c) Induce him <u>or her to absent himself <u>or herself</u> from an official
proceeding to which he <u>or she</u> has been legally summoned.
</u>

31 (2) Bribery of a witness is a Class <u>III</u> <del>IV</del> felony, except it shall

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<u>be a Class IIA felony when the official proceeding or investigation is</u>
 <u>for a violation of any statute punishable as a Class IIA felony or higher</u>
 classification.

4 (3) A person who is a witness or has been called as a witness in any
5 official proceeding commits a Class <u>III</u> <del>IV</del> felony if he <u>or she</u> accepts or
6 agrees to accept any benefit from any other person for the purposes set
7 forth in subsection (1) of this section, except it shall be a Class <u>IIA</u>
8 <u>felony when the official proceeding or investigation is for a violation</u>
9 <u>of any statute punishable as a Class IIA felony or higher classification</u>.

Sec. 6. Section 28-919, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

12 28-919 (1) A person commits the offense of tampering with a witness 13 or informant if, believing that an official proceeding or investigation 14 of a criminal or civil matter is pending or about to be instituted, he or 15 she attempts to induce or otherwise cause a witness or informant to:

16 (a) Testify or inform falsely;

17 (b) Withhold any testimony, information, document, or thing;

18 (c) Elude legal process summoning him or her to testify or supply19 evidence; or

20 (d) Absent himself or herself from any proceeding or investigation21 to which he or she has been legally summoned.

(2) A person commits the offense of jury tampering if, with intent to influence a juror's vote, opinion, decision, or other action in a case, he or she attempts directly or indirectly to communicate with a juror other than as a part of the proceedings in the trial of the case.

26 (3) Tampering with witnesses or informants is a Class <u>III</u> <del>IV</del> felony,
27 <u>except it shall be a Class IIA felony when the official proceeding or</u>
28 <u>investigation is for a violation of any statute punishable as a Class IIA</u>
29 <u>felony or higher classification</u>.

30 (4) Jury tampering is a Class <u>III</u> <del>IV</del> felony, except it shall be a
 31 <u>Class IIA felony when the official proceeding or investigation is for a</u>

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1 violation of any statute punishable as a Class IIA felony or higher
2 classification.

3 Sec. 7. Section 28-920, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 28-920 (1) A person commits bribery of a juror if he <u>or she</u> offers, 6 confers, or agrees to confer any benefit upon a juror with intent to 7 influence the juror's vote, opinion, decision, or other action as a 8 juror.

9 (2) Bribery of a juror is a Class <u>III</u> <del>IV</del> felony, except it shall be
a Class IIA felony when the official proceeding or investigation is for a
violation of any statute punishable as a Class IIA felony or higher
classification.

(3) A juror commits a Class <u>III</u> <del>IV</del> felony if he <u>or she</u> accepts or
agrees to accept any benefit from another person for the purpose of
influencing his <u>or her</u> vote, opinion, decision, or other action as a
juror, except it shall be a Class IIA felony when the official proceeding
or investigation is for a violation of any statute punishable as a Class
<u>IIA felony or higher classification</u>.

Sec. 8. Section 28-1354, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, isamended to read:

21 28-1354 For purposes of the Public Protection Act:

22 Enterprise means any individual, sole (1)proprietorship, partnership, corporation, trust, association, or any legal entity, union, 23 24 or group of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity, 25 and shall include illicit as well as licit enterprises as well as other 26 entities;

(2) Pattern of racketeering activity means a cumulative loss for one or more victims or gains for the enterprise of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars resulting from at least two acts of racketeering activity, one of which occurred after August 30, 2009, and the last of which occurred within ten years, excluding any period of imprisonment,

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1 after the commission of a prior act of racketeering activity;

(3) Until January 1, 2017, person means any individual or entity, as
defined in section 21-2014, holding or capable of holding a legal,
equitable, or beneficial interest in property. Beginning January 1, 2017,
person means any individual or entity, as defined in section 21-214,
holding or capable of holding a legal, equitable, or beneficial interest
in property;

8 (4) Prosecutor includes the Attorney General of the State of 9 Nebraska, the deputy attorney general, assistant attorneys general, a 10 county attorney, a deputy county attorney, or any person so designated by 11 the Attorney General, a county attorney, or a court of the state to carry 12 out the powers conferred by the act;

(5) Racketeering activity includes the commission of, criminal attempt to commit, conspiracy to commit, aiding and abetting in the commission of, aiding in the consummation of, acting as an accessory to the commission of, or the solicitation, coercion, or intimidation of another to commit or aid in the commission of any of the following:

(a) Offenses against the person which include: Murder in the first 18 degree under section 28-303; murder in the second degree under section 19 28-304; manslaughter under section 28-305; assault in the first degree 20 under section 28-308; assault in the second degree under section 28-309; 21 assault in the third degree under section 28-310; terroristic threats 22 23 section 28-311.01; kidnapping under section under 28-313; false 24 imprisonment in the first degree under section 28-314; false imprisonment 25 in the second degree under section 28-315; sexual assault in the first degree under section 28-319; and robbery under section 28-324; 26

(b) Offenses relating to controlled substances which include: To unlawfully manufacture, distribute, deliver, dispense, or possess with intent to manufacture, distribute, deliver, or dispense a controlled substance under subsection (1) of section 28-416; possession of marijuana weighing more than one pound under subsection (12) of section 28-416;

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possession of money used or intended to be used to facilitate a violation 1 2 of subsection (1) of section 28-416 prohibited under subsection (17) of any violation of section 28-418; 3 section 28-416; to unlawfully 4 manufacture, distribute, deliver, or possess with intent to distribute or 5 deliver imitation controlled substance under section an 28-445; ammonia with the intent to 6 possession of anhydrous manufacture 7 methamphetamine under section 28-451; and possession of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, or phenylpropanolamine with the intent to manufacture 8 9 methamphetamine under section 28-452;

(c) Offenses against property which include: Arson in the first 10 degree under section 28-502; arson in the second degree under section 11 28-503; arson in the third degree under section 28-504; burglary under 12 13 section 28-507; theft by unlawful taking or disposition under section 28-511; theft by shoplifting under section 28-511.01; theft by deception 14 under section 28-512; theft by extortion under section 28-513; theft of 15 16 services under section 28-515; theft by receiving stolen property under 17 section 28-517; criminal <u>damage to property</u> mischief under section 28-519; and unlawfully depriving or obtaining property or services using 18 a computer under section 28-1344; 19

(d) Offenses involving fraud which include: Burning to defraud an 20 insurer under section 28-505; forgery in the first degree under section 21 28-602; forgery in the second degree under section 28-603; criminal 22 possession of a forged instrument under section 28-604; criminal 23 24 possession of written instrument forgery devices under section 28-605; 25 criminal impersonation under section 28-638; identity theft under section 28-639; identity fraud under section 28-640; false statement or book 26 entry under section 28-612; tampering with a publicly exhibited contest 27 under section 28-614; issuing a false financial statement for purposes of 28 obtaining a financial transaction device under 29 section 28-619; unauthorized use of a financial transaction device under section 28-620; 30 criminal possession of a financial transaction device under section 31

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1 28-621; unlawful circulation of a financial transaction device in the 2 first degree under section 28-622; unlawful circulation of a financial transaction device in the second degree under section 28-623; criminal 3 possession of a blank financial transaction device under section 28-624; 4 5 criminal sale of a blank financial transaction device under section 28-625; criminal possession of a financial transaction forgery device 6 under section 28-626; unlawful manufacture of a financial transaction 7 device under section 28-627; laundering of sales forms under section 8 9 28-628; unlawful acquisition of sales form processing services under section 28-629; unlawful factoring of a financial transaction device 10 under section 28-630; and fraudulent insurance acts under section 28-631; 11 (e) Offenses involving governmental operations which include: Abuse 12 of public records under section 28-911; perjury or subornation of perjury 13 under section 28-915; bribery under section 28-917; bribery of a witness 14 under section 28-918; tampering with a witness or informant or jury 15 16 tampering under section 28-919; bribery of a juror under section 28-920; 17 assault on an officer, an emergency responder, a state correctional employee, a Department of Health and Human Services employee, or a health 18 care professional in the first degree under section 28-929; assault on an 19 officer, an emergency responder, a state correctional employee, a 20 Department of Health and Human Services employee, or a health care 21 professional in the second degree under section 28-930; assault on an 22 officer, an emergency responder, a state correctional employee, a 23 24 Department of Health and Human Services employee, or a health care 25 professional in the third degree under section 28-931; and assault on an officer, an emergency responder, a state correctional employee, a 26 Department of Health and Human Services employee, or a health care 27 28 professional using a motor vehicle under section 28-931.01;

(f) Offenses involving gambling which include: Promoting gambling in
the first degree under section 28-1102; possession of gambling records
under section 28-1105; gambling debt collection under section 28-1105.01;

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1 and possession of a gambling device under section 28-1107;

2 (g) Offenses relating to firearms, weapons, and explosives which include: weapon under 3 Carrying а concealed section 28-1202; 4 transportation or possession of machine guns, short rifles, or short 5 shotguns under section 28-1203; unlawful possession of a handgun under section 28-1204; unlawful transfer of a firearm to a juvenile under 6 section 28-1204.01; using a deadly weapon to commit a felony or 7 possession of a deadly weapon during the commission of a felony under 8 section 28-1205; possession of a deadly weapon by a prohibited person 9 under section 28-1206; possession of a defaced firearm under section 10 28-1207; defacing a firearm under section 28-1208; unlawful discharge of 11 a firearm under section 28-1212.02; possession, receipt, retention, or 12 disposition of a stolen firearm under section 28-1212.03; unlawful 13 possession of explosive materials in the first degree under section 14 28-1215; unlawful possession of explosive materials in the second degree 15 under section 28-1216; unlawful sale of explosives under section 28-1217; 16 use of explosives without a permit under section 28-1218; obtaining an 17 explosives permit through false representations under section 28-1219; 18 possession of a destructive device under section 28-1220; threatening the 19 use of explosives or placing a false bomb under section 28-1221; using 20 explosives to commit a felony under section 28-1222; using explosives to 21 damage or destroy property under section 28-1223; and using explosives to 22 kill or injure any person under section 28-1224; 23

(h) Any violation of the Securities Act of Nebraska pursuant tosection 8-1117;

(i) Any violation of the Nebraska Revenue Act of 1967 pursuant to
 section 77-2713;

(j) Offenses relating to public health and morals which include:
Prostitution under section 28-801; pandering under section 28-802;
keeping a place of prostitution under section 28-804; labor trafficking,
sex trafficking, labor trafficking of a minor, or sex trafficking of a

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1 minor under section 28-831; a violation of section 28-1005; and any act 2 relating to the visual depiction of sexually explicit conduct prohibited 3 in the Child Pornography Prevention Act; and

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(k) A violation of the Computer Crimes Act;

5 (6) State means the State of Nebraska or any political subdivision or any department, agency, or instrumentality thereof; and 6

(7) Unlawful debt means a debt of at least one thousand five hundred 7 8 dollars:

9 (a) Incurred or contracted in gambling activity which was in violation of federal law or the law of the state or which 10 is unenforceable under state or federal law in whole or in part as to 11 principal or interest because of the laws relating to usury; or 12

(b) Which was incurred in connection with the business of gambling 13 in violation of federal law or the law of the state or the business of 14 lending money or a thing of value at a rate usurious under state law if 15 the usurious rate is at least twice the enforceable rate. 16

Sec. 9. Original sections 28-111, 28-502, 28-503, 28-519, 28-918, 17 28-919, 28-920, and 28-1354, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are 18 19 repealed.

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