AMENDMENTS TO LB259

Introduced by Judiciary.

Strike the original sections and insert the following new
 sections:

3 Section 1. Section 25-1577, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
4 amended to read:

5 25-1577 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, 6 if If any person, party, or witness disobeys disobey an order of the judge or referee, duly served, such person, party, or witness may be 7 punished by the judge as for contempt, and if a party, he or she shall be 8 9 committed to the jail of the county wherein the proceedings are pending until he or she complies shall comply with such order; or, in case he or 10 she has, since the service of such order upon him or her, rendered it 11 impossible for him or her to comply therewith, until he or she has 12 13 restored to the opposite party what such party has lost by such disobedience, or until discharged by due course of law. 14

15 (2) No imprisonment related to the debt collection process shall be 16 allowed unless, after a hearing, a judgment debtor is found to be in 17 willful contempt of court. A judgment debtor shall not be committed to 18 jail for failing to appear pursuant to section 25-1565 unless, after 19 service of an order to appear and show cause as to why the judgment 20 debtor should not be found in contempt for failing to appear, the 21 judgment debtor is found to be in willful contempt.

22 (3) An indigent judgment debtor shall be entitled to representation
 23 by court-appointed counsel for contempt proceedings under this section if
 24 imprisonment is a possibility.

25 Sec. 2. Section 29-901, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 26 amended to read:

27 29-901 (1) Any bailable defendant shall be ordered released from

-1-

custody pending judgment on his or her personal recognizance unless the 1 2 judge determines in the exercise of his or her discretion that such a 3 release will not reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required or that such a release could jeopardize the safety and 4 5 maintenance of evidence or the safety of victims, witnesses, or other 6 persons in the community. The court shall consider all methods of bond 7 and conditions of release to avoid pretrial incarceration. If the court imposes an appearance bond requiring payment of deposit, the court shall 8 9 appoint counsel to represent such defendant upon finding that the defendant is indigent. If When such determination is made, the judge 10 11 determines that the defendant shall not be released on his or her 12 personal recognizance, the judge shall consider the defendant's financial ability to pay a bond and shall impose the least onerous of the following 13 14 conditions that will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance or that 15 will eliminate or minimize the risk of harm to others or the public at large either in lieu of or in addition to such a release impose the first 16 17 of the following conditions of release which will reasonably assure the appearance of the person for trial or, if no single condition gives that 18 19 assurance, any combination of the following conditions:

(a) (1) Place the defendant in the custody of a designated person or
 organization agreeing to supervise the defendant;

(b) (2) Place restrictions on the travel, association, or place of
 abode of the defendant during the period of such release; or

24 (c) (3) Require, at the option of any bailable defendant, either of
 25 the following:

26 (i) (a) The execution of an appearance bond in a specified amount 27 and the deposit with the clerk of the court in cash of a sum not to 28 exceed ten percent of the amount of the bond, ninety percent of such 29 deposit to be returned to the defendant upon the performance of the 30 appearance or appearances and ten percent to be retained by the clerk as 31 appearance bond costs, except that when no charge is subsequently filed

-2-

against the defendant or if the charge or charges which are filed are 1 2 dropped before the appearance of the defendant which the bond was to 3 assure, the entire deposit shall be returned to the defendant. If the bond is subsequently reduced by the court after the original bond has 4 5 been posted, no additional appearance bond costs shall be retained by the 6 clerk. The difference in the appearance bond costs between the original 7 bond and the reduced bond shall be returned to the defendant. In no event 8 shall the deposit be less than twenty-five dollars. Whenever jurisdiction 9 is transferred from a court requiring an appearance bond under this subdivision to another state court, the transferring court shall transfer 10 11 the ninety percent of the deposit remaining after the appearance bond 12 costs have been retained. No further costs shall be levied or collected by the court acquiring jurisdiction; or 13

14 (ii) (b) The execution of a bail bond with such surety or sureties 15 as shall seem proper to the judge or, in lieu of such surety or sureties, at the option of such person, a cash deposit of such sum so fixed, 16 17 conditioned for his or her appearance before the proper court, to answer the offense with which he or she may be charged and to appear at such 18 times thereafter as may be ordered by the proper court. The cash deposit 19 shall be returned to the defendant upon the performance of all 20 21 appearances.

22 (2) If the amount of bail is deemed insufficient by the court before 23 which the offense is pending, the court may order an increase of such 24 bail and the defendant shall provide the additional undertaking, written or cash, to secure his or her release. All recognizances in criminal 25 26 cases shall be in writing and be continuous from term to term until final 27 judgment of the court in such cases and shall also extend, when the court has suspended execution of sentence for a limited time, as provided in 28 29 section 29-2202, or, when the court has suspended execution of sentence 30 to enable the defendant to apply for a writ of error to the Supreme Court or Court of Appeals, as provided in section 29-2301, until the period of 31

-3-

suspension has expired. When two or more indictments or informations are 1 2 returned against the same person at the same term of court, the 3 recognizance given may be made to include all offenses charged therein. Each surety on such recognizance shall be required to justify under oath 4 5 in a sum twice the amount of such recognizance and give the description 6 of real estate owned by him or her of a value above encumbrance equal to 7 the amount of such justification and shall name all other cases pending 8 in which he or she is a surety. No one shall be accepted as surety on 9 recognizance aggregating a sum in excess of his or her equity in the real estate, but such recognizance shall not constitute a lien on the real 10 11 estate described therein until judgment is entered thereon against such 12 surety. ; or

13 (3) In order to assure compliance with the conditions of release 14 referred to in subsection (1) of this section, the court may order a 15 defendant to be supervised by an approved person or organization or a pretrial services program. A court shall waive any fees or costs 16 17 associated with the conditions of release or supervision if the court finds the defendant is unable to pay for such costs. Eligibility for 18 19 release or supervision by such pretrial release program shall under no 20 circumstances be conditioned upon the defendant's ability to pay. While 21 under supervision of an approved entity, and in addition to the 22 conditions of release referred to in subsection (1) of this section, the 23 court may impose the following conditions:

24 (a) Periodic telephone contact by the defendant with the
 25 organization or pretrial services program;

(b) Periodic office visits by the defendant to the organization or
 pretrial services program;

28 (c) Periodic visits to the defendant's home by the organization or
 29 pretrial services program;

30 (d) Mental health or substance abuse treatment for the defendant,
 31 including residential treatment, if the defendant consents or agrees to

-4-

1 <u>the treatment;</u>

2 <u>(e) Periodic alcohol or drug testing of the defendant;</u>

3 (f) Domestic violence counseling for the defendant, if the defendant
4 consents or agrees to the counseling;

5 (g) Electronic or global-positioning monitoring of the defendant;
6 and

(h) Any other supervision techniques shown by research to increase
 court appearance and public safety rates for defendants released on bond.

9 <u>(4) The incriminating results of any drug or alcohol test or any</u> 10 <u>information learned by a representative of an organization or program</u> 11 <u>shall not be admissible in any proceeding, except for a proceeding</u> 12 <u>relating to revocation or amendment of conditions of bond release.</u>

(4) Impose any other condition deemed reasonably necessary to assure
 appearances as required, including a condition requiring that the
 defendant return to custody after specified hours.

Sec. 3. Section 29-901.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

29-901.01 In determining which condition or conditions of release 18 shall reasonably assure appearance and deter possible threats to the 19 20 safety and maintenance of evidence or the safety of victims, witnesses, 21 or other persons in the community, the judge shall, on the basis of 22 available information, consider the defendant's financial ability to pay 23 in setting the amount of bond. The judge may also take into account the 24 and circumstances of the offense charged, including nature any information to indicate that the defendant might engage in additional 25 26 criminal activity or pose a threat to himself or herself, yet to be 27 collected evidence, alleged victims, potential witnesses, or members of the general public, the defendant's family ties, employment, financial 28 29 resources, character and mental condition, the length of the defendant's 30 residence in the community, the defendant's record of criminal and the defendant's record of appearances at court 31 convictions,

-5-

proceedings or of flight to avoid prosecution or of failure to appear at
 court proceedings.

Sec. 4. Section 29-1823, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is
amended to read:

5 29-1823 (1) If at any time prior to trial it appears that the 6 accused has become mentally incompetent to stand trial, such disability 7 may be called to the attention of the district or county court by the 8 county attorney or city attorney, by the accused, or by any person for 9 the accused. The judge of the district or county court of the county where the accused is to be tried shall have the authority to determine 10 11 whether or not the accused is competent to stand trial. The district 12 judge may also cause such medical, psychiatric, or psychological examination of the accused to be made as he or she deems warranted and 13 14 hold such hearing as he or she deems necessary. The cost of the 15 examination, when ordered by the court, shall be the expense of the county in which the crime is charged. The district judge may allow any 16 17 physician, psychiatrist, or psychologist a reasonable fee for his or her services, which amount, when determined by the district judge, shall be 18 certified to the county board which shall cause payment to be made. 19 20 Should the district judge determine after a hearing that the accused is 21 mentally incompetent to stand trial and that there is a substantial 22 probability that the accused will become competent within the foreseeable 23 future, the district judge shall order the accused to be committed to a 24 state hospital for the mentally ill or some other appropriate state-owned or state-operated facility for appropriate treatment until such time as 25 26 the disability may be removed.

(2) Within six months after the commencement of the treatment ordered by the district <u>or county</u> court, and every six months thereafter until either the disability is removed or other disposition of the accused has been made, the court shall hold a hearing to determine (a) whether the accused is competent to stand trial or (b) whether or not

-6-

there is a substantial probability that the accused will become competent
 within the foreseeable future.

3 (3) If it is determined that there is not a substantial probability that the accused will become competent within the foreseeable future, 4 5 then the state shall either (a) commence the applicable civil commitment 6 proceeding that would be required to commit any other person for an 7 indefinite period of time or (b) release the accused. If during the 8 period of time between the six-month review hearings set forth in 9 subsection (2) of this section it is the opinion of the Department of Health and Human Services that the accused is competent to stand trial, 10 11 the department shall file a report outlining its opinion with the court, 12 and within twenty-one days after such report being filed, the court shall hold a hearing to determine whether or not the accused is competent to 13 14 stand trial. The state shall pay the cost of maintenance and care of the 15 accused during the period of time ordered by the court for treatment to remove the disability. 16

17 Sec. 5. Section 29-2206, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 18 amended to read:

29-2206 (1)(a) (1) In all cases in which courts or magistrates have 19 20 now or may hereafter have the power to punish offenses, either in whole 21 or in part, by requiring the offender to pay fines or costs, or both, 22 such courts or magistrates may make it a part of the sentence that the 23 party stand committed and be imprisoned in the jail of the proper county 24 until the fines or costs are paid or secured to be paid or the offender is otherwise discharged according to law if the court or magistrate 25 26 determines that the offender has the financial ability to pay such fines 27 or costs. The court or magistrate may make such determination at the sentencing hearing or at a separate hearing prior to sentencing. A 28 29 separate hearing shall not be required. In making such determination, the 30 court or magistrate may consider the information or evidence adduced in an earlier proceeding pursuant to section 29-3902, 29-3903, 29-3906, or 31

-7-

1 29-3916. At any such hearing, the offender shall have the opportunity to 2 present information as to his or her income, assets, debts, or other 3 matters affecting his or her financial ability to pay. Following such hearing and prior to imposing sentence, the court or magistrate shall 4 5 determine the offender's financial ability to pay the fines or costs, including his or her financial ability to pay in installments under 6 7 subsection (2) of this section. 8 (b) If the court or magistrate determines that the offender is 9 financially able to pay the fines or costs and the offender refuses to 10 pay, the court or magistrate may: (i) Make it a part of the sentence that the offender stand committed 11 and be imprisoned in the jail of the proper county until the fines or 12 13 costs are paid or secured to be paid or the offender is otherwise 14 discharged according to law; or 15 (ii) Order the offender, in lieu of paying such fines or costs, to complete community service for a specified number of hours pursuant to 16 17 sections 29-2277 to 29-2279. (c) If the court or magistrate determines that the offender is 18 19 financially unable to pay the fines or costs, the court or magistrate: 20 (i) Shall either: 21 (A) Impose a sentence without such fines or costs; or 22 (B) Enter an order pursuant to subdivision (1)(d) of this section 23 discharging the offender of such fines or costs; and (ii) May order, as a term of the offender's sentence or as a 24 25 condition of probation, that he or she complete community service for a 26 specified number of hours pursuant to sections 29-2277 to 29-2279. 27 (d) An order discharging the offender of any fines or costs shall be 28 set forth in or accompanied by a judgment entry. Such order shall operate 29 as a complete release of such fines or costs. 30 (2) If Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, when any

31 offender demonstrates to the court or magistrate determines, pursuant to

subsection (1) of this section, that an offender he or she is financially 1 2 unable to pay such fines or costs in one lump sum but is financially 3 <u>capable of paying in installments</u>, the court or magistrate shall make arrangements suitable to the court or magistrate and to the offender by 4 5 which the offender may pay in installments. The court or magistrate shall 6 enter an order specifying the terms of such arrangements and the dates on 7 which payments are to be made. When the judgment of conviction provides 8 for the suspension or revocation of a motor vehicle operator's license 9 and the court authorizes the payment of fines or costs by installments, the revocation or suspension shall be effective as of the date of 10 11 judgment.

(3) As an alternative to a lump-sum payment or as an alternative or in conjunction with installment payments, the court or magistrate may deduct fines or costs from a bond posted by the offender to the extent that such bond is not otherwise encumbered by a valid lien, levy, execution, or assignment to counsel of record or the person who posted the bond.

Sec. 6. Section 29-2206.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

20 29-2206.01 Installments provided for in section 29-2206 shall be 21 paid pursuant to the order entered by the court<u>or magistrate</u>. Any person 22 who fails to comply with the terms of such order shall be liable for 23 punishment for contempt, unless <u>such person</u> he has the leave of the court 24 <u>or magistrate</u> in regard to such noncompliance<u>or such person requests a</u> 25 <u>hearing pursuant to section 29-2412 and establishes at such hearing that</u> 26 <u>he or she is financially unable to pay</u>.

27 Sec. 7. Section 29-2277, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

29 29-2277 As used in sections 29-2277 to 29-2279, unless the context
30 otherwise requires:

31 (1) Agency <u>means</u> shall mean any public or governmental unit,

-9-

institution, division, or agency or any private nonprofit organization which provides services intended to enhance the social welfare or general well-being of the community, which agrees to accept community service from offenders and to supervise and report the progress of such community service to the court or its representative;—and

6 (2) Community correctional facility or program has the same meaning
7 as in section 47-621; and

8 <u>(3)</u> (2) Community service <u>means</u> shall mean uncompensated labor for 9 an agency to be performed by an offender when the offender is not working 10 or attending school.

11 Sec. 8. Section 29-2278, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 12 amended to read:

29-2278 An offender may be sentenced to community service (1) as an 13 14 alternative to a fine, incarceration, or supervised probation, or in lieu 15 of incarceration if he or she fails to pay a fine as ordered, except when the violation of a misdemeanor or felony requires mandatory incarceration 16 17 or imposition of a fine, (2) as a condition of probation, or (3) in addition to any other sanction. The court or magistrate shall establish 18 19 the terms and conditions of community service including, but not limited to, a reasonable time limit for completion. The performance or completion 20 21 of a sentence of community service or an order to complete community 22 service may be supervised or confirmed by a community correctional 23 facility or program or another similar entity, as ordered by the court or 24 magistrate. If an offender fails to perform community service as ordered by the court or magistrate, he or she may be arrested and after a hearing 25 26 may be resentenced on the original charge, have probation revoked, or be 27 found in contempt of court. No person convicted of an offense involving 28 serious bodily injury or sexual assault shall be eligible for community 29 service.

30 Sec. 9. Section 29-2279, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

-10-

29-2279 The length of a community service sentence shall be as
 follows:
 (1) Pursuant to section 29-2206, 29-2412, or section 12 of this act,
 for an infraction, not less than four nor more than twenty hours;

5 (2) For a violation of a city ordinance that is an infraction and 6 not pursuant to section 29-2206, 29-2412, or section 12 of this act, not 7 less than four hours;

8 <u>(3)</u> (1) For a Class IV or Class V misdemeanor, not less than four 9 nor more than eighty hours;

(4) (2) For a Class III or Class IIIA misdemeanor, not less than
 eight nor more than one hundred fifty hours;

(5) (3) For a Class I or Class II misdemeanor, not less than twenty
 nor more than four hundred hours;

14 <u>(6)</u> (4) For a Class IIIA or Class IV felony, not less than two 15 hundred nor more than three thousand hours; and

(7) (5) For a Class III felony, not less than four hundred nor more
 than six thousand hours.

Sec. 10. Section 29-2404, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read:

20 29-2404 In all cases of misdemeanor in which courts or magistrates 21 shall have power to fine any offender, and shall render judgment for such 22 fine, it shall be lawful to issue executions for the same, with the costs 23 taxed against the offender, to be levied on the goods and chattels of any such offender, and, for want of the same, upon the body of the offender, 24 who shall, following a determination that the offender has the financial 25 26 ability to pay such fine pursuant to section 29-2412, thereupon be 27 committed to the jail of the proper county until the fine and costs be paid, or secured to be paid, or the offender be otherwise discharged 28 29 according to law.

30 Sec. 11. Section 29-2412, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 31 amended to read:

1 29-2412 (1) Beginning July 1, 2018: 2 (a) Any person arrested and brought into custody on a warrant for 3 failure to pay fines or costs, for failure to appear before a court or 4 magistrate on the due date of such fines or costs, or for failure to 5 comply with the terms of an order pursuant to sections 29-2206 and 6 29-2206.01, shall be entitled to a hearing on the first regularly 7 scheduled court date following the date of arrest. The purpose of such 8 hearing shall be to determine the person's financial ability to pay such 9 fines or costs. At the hearing, the person shall have the opportunity to present information as to his or her income, assets, debts, or other 10 matters affecting his or her financial ability to pay. Following the 11 12 hearing, the court or magistrate shall determine the person's ability to pay the fines or costs, including his or her financial ability to pay by 13 14 installment payments as described in section 29-2206; 15 (b) If the court or magistrate determines that the person is 16 financially able to pay the fines or costs and the person refuses to pay, 17 the court or magistrate may: (i) Order the person to be confined in the jail of the proper county 18 19 until the fines or costs are paid or secured to be paid or the person is otherwise discharged pursuant to subsection (4) of this section; or 20 21 (ii) Enter an order pursuant to subdivision (1)(d) of this section 22 discharging the person of such fines or costs and order the person to 23 complete community service for a specified number of hours pursuant to 24 sections 29-2277 to 29-2279; 25 (c) If the court or magistrate determines that the person is 26 financially unable to pay the fines or costs, the court or magistrate: 27 (i) Shall either: 28 (A) Enter an order pursuant to subdivision (1)(d) of this section 29 discharging the person of such fines or costs; or 30 (B) If the person is subject to an order to pay installments 31 pursuant to section 29-2206, the court or magistrate shall either enter 6

1 <u>an order pursuant to subdivision (1)(d) of this section discharging the</u> 2 <u>person of such obligation or make any necessary modifications to the</u> 3 <u>order specifying the terms of the installment payments as justice may</u> 4 <u>require and that will enable the person to pay the fines or costs; and</u> 5 <u>(ii) May order the person to complete community service for a</u>

7 (d) An order discharging the person of fines or costs shall be set
8 forth in or accompanied by a judgment entry. Such order shall operate as
9 a complete release of such fines or costs.

specified number of hours pursuant to sections 29-2277 to 29-2279; and

(2) (1) Whenever it is made satisfactorily to appear to the district 10 11 court, or to the county judge of the proper county, after all legal means 12 have been exhausted, that any person who is subject to being or is confined in jail for any fine fines or costs of prosecution for any 13 14 criminal offense has no estate with which to pay such fine fines or 15 costs, it shall be the duty of such court or judge, on his or her own motion or upon the motion of the person so confined, to discharge such 16 17 person from further imprisonment for such fine fines or costs, which 18 discharge shall operate as a complete release of such fine_fines_or costs. 19

20 (3) (2) Nothing in this section shall authorize any person to be 21 discharged from imprisonment before the expiration of the time for which 22 he or she may be sentenced to be imprisoned₇ as part of his or her 23 punishment, or when such person shall default on a payment due pursuant 24 to an installment agreement arranged by the court.

(4)(a) (3) Any person held in custody for nonpayment of a fine fines
 or costs or for default on an installment shall be entitled to a credit
 on the fine fines, costs, or installment of one hundred fifty ninety
 dollars for each day so held.

29 (b) In no case shall a person held in custody for nonpayment of a 30 <u>fine_fines_or</u> costs be held in such custody for more days than the 31 maximum number to which he or she could have been sentenced if the

-13-

AM933 LB259 AJC - 04/05/2017

31

penalty set by law includes the possibility of confinement. 1 2 Sec. 12. (1) A person who has been ordered to pay fines or costs 3 and who has not been arrested or brought into custody as described in 4 subdivision (1)(a) of section 29-2412 but who believes himself or herself 5 to be financially unable to pay such fines or costs may request a hearing to determine such person's financial ability to pay such fines or costs. 6 7 The hearing shall be scheduled on the first regularly scheduled court 8 date following the date of the request. Pending the hearing, the person 9 shall not be arrested or brought into custody for failure to pay such 10 fines or costs or failure to appear before a court or magistrate on the 11 due date of such fines or costs. (2) At the hearing, the person shall have the opportunity to present 12 13 information as to his or her income, assets, debts, or other matters 14 affecting his or her financial ability to pay. Following the hearing, the 15 court or magistrate shall determine the person's financial ability to pay 16 the fines or costs, including his or her financial ability to pay in 17 installments as described in section 29-2206. (3) If the court or magistrate determines that the person is 18 19 financially able to pay the fines or costs and the person refuses to pay, 20 the court or magistrate may: 21 (a) Deny the person's request for relief; or 22 (b) Enter an order pursuant to subsection (5) of this section 23 discharging the person of such fines or costs and order the person to 24 complete community service for a specified number of hours pursuant to 25 sections 29-2277 to 29-2279. 26 (4) If the court or magistrate determines that the person is 27 financially unable to pay the fines or costs, the court or magistrate: 28 (a) Shall either: 29 (i) Enter an order pursuant to subsection (5) of this section 30 discharging the person of such fines or costs; or

-14-

(ii) If the person is subject to an order to pay installments

pursuant to section 29-2206, the court or magistrate shall either enter 1 2 an order pursuant to subsection (5) of this section discharging the 3 person of such obligation or make any necessary modifications to the 4 order specifying the terms of the installment payments as justice may 5 require and that will enable the person to pay the fines or costs; and 6 (b) May order the person to complete community service for a 7 specified number of hours pursuant to sections 29-2277 to 29-2279. 8 (5) An order discharging the person of fines or costs shall be set 9 forth in or accompanied by a judgment entry. Such order shall operate as 10 a complete release of such fines or costs. 11 Sec. 13. Section 60-4,100, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 12 2016, is amended to read: 13 60-4,100 (1) The director shall suspend the operator's license of 14 any resident of this state: 15 (1) Any resident of this state who (a) Who has violated a promise to comply with the terms of a traffic citation issued by a law enforcement 16 officer for a moving violation in any jurisdiction outside this state 17 pursuant to the Nonresident Violator Compact of 1977 or in any 18 19 jurisdiction inside this state shall be subject to having his or her 20 operator's license revoked pursuant to this section. until satisfactory 21 evidence of compliance with the terms of the citation has been furnished 22 to the director; or 23 (b) Who has violated a promise to comply with the terms of a traffic

citation issued by a law enforcement officer for a moving violation in any jurisdiction inside this state until satisfactory evidence of compliance with the terms of the citation has been furnished to the director.

(2) The court having jurisdiction over the offense for which the
citation has been issued shall notify the director of a <u>resident's</u>
violation of a promise to comply with the terms of the citation only
after <u>thirty</u> twenty working days have elapsed from the date of the

-15-

failure to comply, unless within such thirty working days the resident appears before the clerk of the county court having jurisdiction over the offense to request a hearing pursuant to subsection (3) of this section to establish that such resident lacks the financial ability to pay the citation.

6 (3) A hearing requested under subsection (2) of this section shall 7 be set before the court or magistrate on the first regularly scheduled 8 court date following the request. At the hearing, the resident shall have 9 the opportunity to present information as to his or her income, assets, 10 debts, or other matters affecting his or her financial ability to pay the 11 citation. Following the hearing, the court or magistrate shall determine the resident's financial ability to pay the citation, including his or 12 her financial ability to pay in installments. 13

14 (4)(a) Except as provided in subdivision (4)(c) of this section, if 15 the court or magistrate determines under subsection (3) of this section 16 that the resident is financially able to pay the citation and the 17 resident refuses to pay, the court or magistrate shall either:

(i) Notify the director of the resident's violation of a promise to
 comply with the terms of the citation; or

20 (ii) Postpone the hearing for a period of no more than one month 21 during which period the court or magistrate may order the resident to 22 complete such hours of community service as the court or magistrate deems 23 appropriate, subject to a total limit of twenty hours. At the end of such 24 period, if the resident has completed such community service to the 25 satisfaction of the court or magistrate, the court or magistrate shall 26 enter an order pursuant to subsection (5) of this section discharging the 27 resident of the obligation to pay such citation. If the resident has not completed such community service to the satisfaction of the court or 28 29 magistrate, the court or magistrate shall notify the director of the 30 resident's violation of a promise to comply with the terms of the citation. A hearing may only be postponed once under this subdivision. 31

(b) If the court or magistrate determines under subsection (3) of 1 2 this section that the resident is financially unable to pay the citation, 3 the court or magistrate shall either: 4 (i) Enter an order pursuant to subsection (5) of this section 5 discharging the resident of the obligation to pay such citation; 6 (ii) Postpone the hearing for a period of no more than one month 7 during which period the court or magistrate may order the resident to 8 complete such hours of community service as the court or magistrate deems 9 appropriate, subject to a total limit of twenty hours. At the end of such period, if the resident has completed such community service to the 10 11 satisfaction of the court or magistrate, the court or magistrate shall 12 enter an order pursuant to subsection (5) of this section discharging the resident of the obligation to pay such citation. If the resident has not 13 14 completed such community service to the satisfaction of the court or 15 magistrate, the court or magistrate shall notify the director of the resident's violation of a promise to comply with the terms of the 16 17 citation. A hearing may only be postponed once under this subdivision. 18 (c) If the court or magistrate determines under subsection (3) of 19 this section that the resident is financially able to pay in installments 20 and the resident agrees to make such payments, the court or magistrate

21 shall make arrangements suitable to the court or magistrate and to the 22 resident by which the resident may pay in installments. The court or 23 magistrate shall enter an order specifying the terms of such arrangements 24 and the dates on which payments are to be made. If the resident fails to 25 pay an installment, the court or magistrate shall notify the director of 26 the resident's violation of a promise to comply with the terms of the 27 citation unless the resident requests a hearing from the clerk of the county court on or before ten working days after such installment was 28 29 due. At the hearing, the resident shall show good cause for such failure, 30 including financial inability to pay. If, following such hearing, the 31 court or magistrate finds:

(i) That the resident has not demonstrated good cause for such
 failure, the court or magistrate shall either notify the director of the
 resident's violation of a promise to comply with the terms of the
 citation or postpone the hearing and order community service pursuant to
 subdivision (4)(a)(ii) of this section;

6 <u>(ii) That the resident remains financially able to pay but has</u> 7 <u>demonstrated good cause for such missed installment, the court or</u> 8 <u>magistrate shall make any necessary modifications to the order specifying</u> 9 <u>the terms of the installment payments; or</u>

10 (iii) That the resident has become financially unable to pay, the 11 court or magistrate shall enter an order discharging the resident of the 12 obligation to pay such citation pursuant to subsection (5) of this 13 section.

14 (5) An order discharging the resident of the obligation to pay a
 15 traffic citation shall be set forth in or accompanied by a judgment
 16 entry. Such order shall operate as a complete release of such payment
 17 obligation.

(6) (3) Upon notice to the director that a resident has violated a 18 promise to comply with the terms of a traffic citation as provided in 19 20 this section, the director shall send not suspend such resident's license 21 until he or she has sent written notice to such resident by regular 22 United States mail to the resident's person's last-known mailing address 23 or, if such address is unknown, to the last-known residence address of 24 such resident person as shown by the records of the department Department of Motor Vehicles. Such notice shall state that such resident has twenty 25 26 working days after the postmark date of the notice to

27 show the director that the resident has complied with the terms of such 28 traffic citation

29 . No suspension shall be entered by the director if the resident complies
30 with the terms of a citation during such twenty working days.

31 If the resident fails to show the director that he or she has complied

-18-

with the terms of such traffic citation comply on or before twenty working days after the <u>postmark</u> date of <u>the</u> notice, the director shall summarily suspend the operator's license and issue an order. The order shall be sent by regular United States mail to the <u>resident's</u> <u>person's</u> last-known mailing address as shown by the records of the department. <u>The</u> <u>suspension shall continue until the resident has furnished the director</u> with satisfactory evidence of compliance with the terms of the citation.

8 <u>(7)</u> (4) The reinstatement fee required under section 60-4,100.01 9 shall be waived if five years have passed since issuance of the license 10 suspension order under this section.

11 (8) The performance or completion of an order to complete community 12 service under this section may be supervised or confirmed by a community 13 correctional facility or program or another similar entity as ordered by 14 the court or magistrate.

15 <u>(9) For purposes of this section:</u>

(a) Agency means any public or governmental unit, institution,
 division, or agency or any private nonprofit organization which provides
 services intended to enhance the social welfare or general well-being of
 the community, which agrees to accept community service from residents
 under this section and to supervise and report the progress of such
 community service to the court or magistrate;

(b) Community correctional facility or program has the same meaning
 as in section 47-621; and

(c) Community service means uncompensated labor for an agency to be
 performed by a resident when the resident is not working or attending
 school.

27 Sec. 14. Section 60-692, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is 28 amended to read:

29 60-692 When any person fails within <u>thirty working</u> ten days to 30 satisfy any judgment imposed for any traffic infraction, it shall be the 31 duty of the clerk of the court in which such judgment is rendered within

-19-

1 this state to transmit <u>a copy of such judgment</u> to the Department of Motor
2 Vehicles <u>as provided in section 60-4,100</u> , <u>immediately after the</u>
3 expiration of such ten-day period, a copy of such judgment.

Sec. 15. Sections 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, and 17 of this act
become operative on July 1, 2018. The other sections of this act become
operative on their effective date.

Sec. 16. Original sections 25-1577, 29-901, 29-901.01, 29-1823, and
29-2412, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, are repealed.

9 Sec. 17. Original sections 29-2206, 29-2206.01, 29-2277, 29-2278,
 10 29-2279, 29-2404, and 60-692, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, and
 11 section 60-4,100, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2016, are
 12 repealed.