

LEGISLATURE OF NEBRASKA
ONE HUNDRED FOURTH LEGISLATURE
FIRST SESSION

LEGISLATIVE BILL 390

FINAL READING

Introduced by Crawford, 45; Bloomfield, 17; Chambers, 11; Coash, 27;
Davis, 43; Garrett, 3; Howard, 9; Pansing Brooks, 28;
Scheer, 19; Watermeier, 1.

Read first time January 16, 2015

Committee: Judiciary

1 A BILL FOR AN ACT relating to controlled substances; to amend sections
2 28-101, 28-401, 28-401.01, 28-405, and 71-7611, Revised Statutes
3 Cumulative Supplement, 2014; to provide for the medical use of
4 cannabidiol as prescribed; to create the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot
5 Study; to provide powers and duties for the Department of Health and
6 Human Services and the University of Nebraska Medical Center; to
7 define and redefine terms; to change schedules of controlled
8 substances under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act; to provide
9 for use of naxolone; to provide immunity from certain punitive
10 actions as prescribed; to change provisions relating to the Nebraska
11 Health Care Cash Fund; to harmonize provisions; to provide a
12 termination date; to repeal the original sections; and to declare an
13 emergency.
14 Be it enacted by the people of the State of Nebraska,

1 Section 1. Section 28-101, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
2 2014, is amended to read:

3 28-101 Sections 28-101 to 28-1357, 28-1418.01, and 28-1429.03 and
4 sections 5 to 11 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the
5 Nebraska Criminal Code.

6 Sec. 2. Section 28-401, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
7 2014, is amended to read:

8 28-401 As used in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, unless the
9 context otherwise requires:

10 (1) Administer means to directly apply a controlled substance by
11 injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means to the body of a
12 patient or research subject;

13 (2) Agent means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the
14 direction of another person but does not include a common or contract
15 carrier, public warehouse keeper, or employee of a carrier or warehouse
16 keeper;

17 (3) Administration means the Drug Enforcement Administration of the
18 United States Department of Justice;

19 (4) Controlled substance means a drug, biological, substance, or
20 immediate precursor in Schedules I to V of section 28-405. Controlled
21 substance does not include distilled spirits, wine, malt beverages,
22 tobacco, or any nonnarcotic substance if such substance may, under the
23 Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 301 et seq., as such act
24 existed on January 1, 2014, and the law of this state, be lawfully sold
25 over the counter without a prescription;

26 (5) Counterfeit substance means a controlled substance which, or the
27 container or labeling of which, without authorization, bears the
28 trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark, imprint, number, or
29 device, or any likeness thereof, of a manufacturer, distributor, or
30 dispenser other than the person or persons who in fact manufactured,
31 distributed, or dispensed such substance and which thereby falsely

1 purports or is represented to be the product of, or to have been
2 distributed by, such other manufacturer, distributor, or dispenser;

3 (6) Department means the Department of Health and Human Services;

4 (7) Division of Drug Control means the personnel of the Nebraska
5 State Patrol who are assigned to enforce the Uniform Controlled
6 Substances Act;

7 (8) Dispense means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate
8 user or a research subject pursuant to a medical order issued by a
9 practitioner authorized to prescribe, including the packaging, labeling,
10 or compounding necessary to prepare the controlled substance for such
11 delivery;

12 (9) Distribute means to deliver other than by administering or
13 dispensing a controlled substance;

14 (10) Prescribe means to issue a medical order;

15 (11) Drug means (a) articles recognized in the official United
16 States Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United
17 States, official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them,
18 (b) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
19 treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or animals, and (c)
20 substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in
21 subdivision (a) or (b) of this subdivision, but does not include devices
22 or their components, parts, or accessories;

23 (12) Deliver or delivery means the actual, constructive, or
24 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance,
25 whether or not there is an agency relationship;

26 (13) Marijuana means all parts of the plant of the genus cannabis,
27 whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, and every compound,
28 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant or
29 its seeds, but does not include the mature stalks of such plant, hashish,
30 tetrahydrocannabinols extracted or isolated from the plant, fiber
31 produced from such stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant,

1 any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or
2 preparation of such mature stalks, ~~or~~ the sterilized seed of such plant
3 which is incapable of germination, or cannabidiol obtained pursuant to
4 sections 5 to 10 of this act. When the weight of marijuana is referred to
5 in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, it means its weight at or about
6 the time it is seized or otherwise comes into the possession of law
7 enforcement authorities, whether cured or uncured at that time. When
8 industrial hemp as defined in section 2-5701 is in the possession of a
9 person as authorized under section 2-5701, it is not considered marijuana
10 for purposes of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act;

11 (14) Manufacture means the production, preparation, propagation,
12 conversion, or processing of a controlled substance, either directly or
13 indirectly, by extraction from substances of natural origin,
14 independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of
15 extraction and chemical synthesis, and includes any packaging or
16 repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container.
17 Manufacture does not include the preparation or compounding of a
18 controlled substance by an individual for his or her own use, except for
19 the preparation or compounding of components or ingredients used for or
20 intended to be used for the manufacture of methamphetamine, or the
21 preparation, compounding, conversion, packaging, or labeling of a
22 controlled substance: (a) By a practitioner as an incident to his or her
23 prescribing, administering, or dispensing of a controlled substance in
24 the course of his or her professional practice; or (b) by a practitioner,
25 or by his or her authorized agent under his or her supervision, for the
26 purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching, or chemical
27 analysis and not for sale;

28 (15) Narcotic drug means any of the following, whether produced
29 directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin,
30 independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of
31 extraction and chemical synthesis: (a) Opium, opium poppy and poppy

1 straw, coca leaves, and opiates; (b) a compound, manufacture, salt,
2 derivative, or preparation of opium, coca leaves, or opiates; or (c) a
3 substance and any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation
4 thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of the
5 substances referred to in subdivisions (a) and (b) of this subdivision,
6 except that the words narcotic drug as used in the Uniform Controlled
7 Substances Act does not include decocainized coca leaves or extracts of
8 coca leaves, which extracts do not contain cocaine or ecgonine, or
9 isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

10 (16) Opiate means any substance having an addiction-forming or
11 addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of
12 conversion into a drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-
13 sustaining liability. Opiate does not include the dextrorotatory isomer
14 of 3-methoxy-n methylmorphinan and its salts. Opiate includes its racemic
15 and levorotatory forms;

16 (17) Opium poppy means the plant of the species *Papaver somniferum*
17 L., except the seeds thereof;

18 (18) Poppy straw means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium
19 poppy after mowing;

20 (19) Person means any corporation, association, partnership, limited
21 liability company, or one or more persons;

22 (20) Practitioner means a physician, a physician assistant, a
23 dentist, a veterinarian, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, an optometrist, a
24 certified nurse midwife, a certified registered nurse anesthetist, a
25 nurse practitioner, a scientific investigator, a pharmacy, a hospital, or
26 any other person licensed, registered, or otherwise permitted to
27 distribute, dispense, prescribe, conduct research with respect to, or
28 administer a controlled substance in the course of practice or research
29 in this state, including an emergency medical service as defined in
30 section 38-1207;

31 (21) Production includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, or

1 harvesting of a controlled substance;

2 (22) Immediate precursor means a substance which is the principal
3 compound commonly used or produced primarily for use and which is an
4 immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the
5 manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary
6 to prevent, curtail, or limit such manufacture;

7 (23) State means the State of Nebraska;

8 (24) Ultimate user means a person who lawfully possesses a
9 controlled substance for his or her own use, for the use of a member of
10 his or her household, or for administration to an animal owned by him or
11 her or by a member of his or her household;

12 (25) Hospital has the same meaning as in section 71-419;

13 (26) Cooperating individual means any person, other than a
14 commissioned law enforcement officer, who acts on behalf of, at the
15 request of, or as agent for a law enforcement agency for the purpose of
16 gathering or obtaining evidence of offenses punishable under the Uniform
17 Controlled Substances Act;

18 (27) Hashish or concentrated cannabis means (a) the separated resin,
19 whether crude or purified, obtained from a plant of the genus cannabis or
20 (b) any material, preparation, mixture, compound, or other substance
21 which contains ten percent or more by weight of tetrahydrocannabinols.
22 When resins extracted from industrial hemp as defined in section 2-5701
23 are in the possession of a person as authorized under section 2-5701,
24 they are not considered hashish or concentrated cannabis for purposes of
25 the Uniform Controlled Substances Act;

26 (28) Exceptionally hazardous drug means (a) a narcotic drug, (b)
27 thiophene analog of phencyclidine, (c) phencyclidine, (d) amobarbital,
28 (e) secobarbital, (f) pentobarbital, (g) amphetamine, or (h)
29 methamphetamine;

30 (29) Imitation controlled substance means a substance which is not a
31 controlled substance or controlled substance analogue but which, by way

1 of express or implied representations and consideration of other relevant
2 factors including those specified in section 28-445, would lead a
3 reasonable person to believe the substance is a controlled substance or
4 controlled substance analogue. A placebo or registered investigational
5 drug manufactured, distributed, possessed, or delivered in the ordinary
6 course of practice or research by a health care professional shall not be
7 deemed to be an imitation controlled substance;

8 (30)(a) Controlled substance analogue means a substance (i) the
9 chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical
10 structure of a Schedule I or Schedule II controlled substance as provided
11 in section 28-405 or (ii) which has a stimulant, depressant, analgesic,
12 or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system that is
13 substantially similar to or greater than the stimulant, depressant,
14 analgesic, or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a
15 Schedule I or Schedule II controlled substance as provided in section
16 28-405. A controlled substance analogue shall, to the extent intended for
17 human consumption, be treated as a controlled substance under Schedule I
18 of section 28-405 for purposes of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act;
19 and

20 (b) Controlled substance analogue does not include (i) a controlled
21 substance, (ii) any substance generally recognized as safe and effective
22 within the meaning of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C.
23 301 et seq., as such act existed on January 1, 2014, (iii) any substance
24 for which there is an approved new drug application, or (iv) with respect
25 to a particular person, any substance if an exemption is in effect for
26 investigational use for that person, under section 505 of the Federal
27 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355, as such section existed on
28 January 1, 2014, to the extent conduct with respect to such substance is
29 pursuant to such exemption;

30 (31) Anabolic steroid means any drug or hormonal substance,
31 chemically and pharmacologically related to testosterone (other than

1 estrogens, progestins, and corticosteroids), that promotes muscle growth
2 and includes any controlled substance in Schedule III(d) of section
3 28-405. Anabolic steroid does not include any anabolic steroid which is
4 expressly intended for administration through implants to cattle or other
5 nonhuman species and has been approved by the Secretary of Health and
6 Human Services for such administration, but if any person prescribes,
7 dispenses, or distributes such a steroid for human use, such person shall
8 be considered to have prescribed, dispensed, or distributed an anabolic
9 steroid within the meaning of this subdivision;

10 (32) Chart order means an order for a controlled substance issued by
11 a practitioner for a patient who is in the hospital where the chart is
12 stored or for a patient receiving detoxification treatment or maintenance
13 treatment pursuant to section 28-412. Chart order does not include a
14 prescription;

15 (33) Medical order means a prescription, a chart order, or an order
16 for pharmaceutical care issued by a practitioner;

17 (34) Prescription means an order for a controlled substance issued
18 by a practitioner. Prescription does not include a chart order;

19 (35) Registrant means any person who has a controlled substances
20 registration issued by the state or the administration;

21 (36) Reverse distributor means a person whose primary function is to
22 act as an agent for a pharmacy, wholesaler, manufacturer, or other entity
23 by receiving, inventorying, and managing the disposition of outdated,
24 expired, or otherwise nonsaleable controlled substances;

25 (37) Signature means the name, word, or mark of a person written in
26 his or her own hand with the intent to authenticate a writing or other
27 form of communication or a digital signature which complies with section
28 86-611 or an electronic signature;

29 (38) Facsimile means a copy generated by a system that encodes a
30 document or photograph into electrical signals, transmits those signals
31 over telecommunications lines, and reconstructs the signals to create an

1 exact duplicate of the original document at the receiving end;

2 (39) Electronic signature has the definition found in section
3 86-621;

4 (40) Electronic transmission means transmission of information in
5 electronic form. Electronic transmission includes computer-to-computer
6 transmission or computer-to-facsimile transmission;

7 (41) Long-term care facility means an intermediate care facility, an
8 intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities, a
9 long-term care hospital, a mental health center, a nursing facility, or a
10 skilled nursing facility, as such terms are defined in the Health Care
11 Facility Licensure Act;

12 (42) Compounding has the same meaning as in section 38-2811; and

13 (43) Cannabinoid receptor agonist shall mean any chemical compound
14 or substance that, according to scientific or medical research, study,
15 testing, or analysis, demonstrates the presence of binding activity at
16 one or more of the CB1 or CB2 cell membrane receptors located within the
17 human body.

18 Sec. 3. Section 28-401.01, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
19 2014, is amended to read:

20 28-401.01 Sections 28-401 to 28-456.01 and 28-458 to 28-462 and
21 sections 5 to 11 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the
22 Uniform Controlled Substances Act.

23 Sec. 4. Section 28-405, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
24 2014, is amended to read:

25 28-405 The following are the schedules of controlled substances
26 referred to in the Uniform Controlled Substances Act:

27 Schedule I

28 (a) Any of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters,
29 ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, esters, and ethers, unless
30 specifically excepted, whenever the existence of such isomers, esters,
31 ethers, and salts is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- 1 (1) Acetylmethadol;
- 2 (2) Allylprodine;
- 3 (3) Alphacetylmethadol, except levo-alphacetylmethadol which is also
- 4 known as levo-alpha-acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, and LAAM;
- 5 (4) Alphameprodine;
- 6 (5) Alphamethadol;
- 7 (6) Benzethidine;
- 8 (7) Betacetylmethadol;
- 9 (8) Betameprodine;
- 10 (9) Betamethadol;
- 11 (10) Betaprodine;
- 12 (11) Clonitazene;
- 13 (12) Dextromoramide;
- 14 (13) DifenoXin;
- 15 (14) Diampromide;
- 16 (15) Diethylthiambutene;
- 17 (16) Dimenoxadol;
- 18 (17) Dimepheptanol;
- 19 (18) Dimethylthiambutene;
- 20 (19) Dioxaphetyl butyrate;
- 21 (20) Dipipanone;
- 22 (21) Ethylmethylthiambutene;
- 23 (22) Etonitazene;
- 24 (23) EtoXeridine;
- 25 (24) Furethidine;
- 26 (25) Hydroxypethidine;
- 27 (26) Ketobemidone;
- 28 (27) Levomoramide;
- 29 (28) Levophenacylmorphane;
- 30 (29) Morpheridine;
- 31 (30) Noracetylmethadol;

- 1 (31) Norlevorphanol;
- 2 (32) Normethadone;
- 3 (33) Norpipanone;
- 4 (34) Phenadoxone;
- 5 (35) Phenampromide;
- 6 (36) Phenomorphan;
- 7 (37) Phenoperidine;
- 8 (38) Piritramide;
- 9 (39) Proheptazine;
- 10 (40) Properidine;
- 11 (41) Propiram;
- 12 (42) Racemoramide;
- 13 (43) Trimeperidine;
- 14 (44) Alpha-methylfentanyl, N-(1-(alpha-methyl-beta-phenyl)ethyl-4-
- 15 piperidyl) propionanilide, 1-(1-methyl-2-phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido)
- 16 piperidine;
- 17 (45) Tilidine;
- 18 (46) 3-Methylfentanyl, N-(3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-piperidyl)-N-
- 19 phenylpropanamide, its optical and geometric isomers, salts, and salts of
- 20 isomers;
- 21 (47) 1-methyl-4-phenyl-4-propionoxypiperidine (MPPP), its optical
- 22 isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
- 23 (48) PEPAP, 1-(2-phenethyl)-4-phenyl-4-acetoxypiperidine, its
- 24 optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;
- 25 (49) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl, N-(1-(1-methyl-2-phenethyl)-4-
- 26 piperidinyl)-N-phenylacetamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts of
- 27 isomers;
- 28 (50) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl, N-(1-methyl-2-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
- 29 piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts
- 30 of isomers;
- 31 (51) Benzylfentanyl, N-(1-benzyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide,

1 its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

2 (52) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl, N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl)-4-
3 piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts
4 of isomers;

5 (53) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl, (other name: N-(1-(2-hydroxy-2-
6 phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide), its optical and
7 geometric isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

8 (54) 3-methylthiofentanyl, N-(3-methyl-1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-
9 piperidinyl)-N-phenylpropanamide, its optical and geometric isomers,
10 salts, and salts of isomers;

11 (55) N-(1-(2-thienyl)methyl-4-piperidyl)-N-phenylpropanamide
12 (thenylfentanyl), its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers;

13 (56) Thiofentanyl, N-phenyl-N-(1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-piperidinyl)-
14 propanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts of isomers; and

15 (57) Para-fluorofentanyl, N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-(1-(2-phenethyl)-4-
16 piperidinyl)propanamide, its optical isomers, salts, and salts of
17 isomers.

18 (b) Any of the following opium derivatives, their salts, isomers,
19 and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the
20 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within
21 the specific chemical designation:

22 (1) Acetorphine;

23 (2) Acetyldihydrocodeine;

24 (3) Benzylmorphine;

25 (4) Codeine methylbromide;

26 (5) Codeine-N-Oxide;

27 (6) Cyprenorphine;

28 (7) Desomorphine;

29 (8) Dihydromorphine;

30 (9) Drotebanol;

31 (10) Etorphine, except hydrochloride salt;

- 1 (11) Heroin;
- 2 (12) Hydromorphenol;
- 3 (13) Methyldesorphine;
- 4 (14) Methyldihydromorphine;
- 5 (15) Morphine methylbromide;
- 6 (16) Morphine methylsulfonate;
- 7 (17) Morphine-N-Oxide;
- 8 (18) Myrophine;
- 9 (19) Nicocodeine;
- 10 (20) Nicomorphine;
- 11 (21) Normorphine;
- 12 (22) Pholcodine; and
- 13 (23) Thebacon.

14 (c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
15 any quantity of the following hallucinogenic substances, their salts,
16 isomers, and salts of isomers, unless specifically excepted, whenever the
17 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within
18 the specific chemical designation, and, for purposes of this subdivision
19 only, isomer shall include the optical, position, and geometric isomers:

20 (1) Bufotenine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not
21 limited to: 3-(beta-Dimethylaminoethyl)-5-hydroxyindole; 3-(2-
22 dimethylaminoethyl)-5-indolol; N,N-dimethylserotonin; 5-hydroxy-N,N-
23 dimethyltryptamine; and mappine;

24 (2) 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall
25 include, but are not limited to: 4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-
26 methylphenethylamine; and 4-bromo-2,5-DMA;

27 (3) 4-methoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall include, but
28 are not limited to: 4-methoxy-alpha-methylphenethylamine; and
29 paramethoxyamphetamine, PMA;

30 (4) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxyamphetamine. Trade and other names shall
31 include, but are not limited to: 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-alpha-

1 methylphenethylamine; DOM; and STP;

2 (5) Ibogaine. Trade and other names shall include, but are not
3 limited to: 7-Ethyl-6,6beta,7,8,9,10,12,13-octahydro-2-methoxy-6,9-
4 methano-5H-pyrido (1',2':1,2) azepino (5,4-b) indole; and Tabernanthe
5 iboga;

6 (6) Lysergic acid diethylamide;

7 (7) Marijuana;

8 (8) Mescaline;

9 (9) Peyote. Peyote shall mean all parts of the plant presently
10 classified botanically as *Lophophora williamsii* Lemaire, whether growing
11 or not, the seeds thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and
12 every compound, manufacture, salts, derivative, mixture, or preparation
13 of such plant or its seeds or extracts;

14 (10) Psilocybin;

15 (11) Psilocyn;

16 (12) Tetrahydrocannabinols, including, but not limited to, synthetic
17 equivalents of the substances contained in the plant or in the resinous
18 extractives of cannabis, sp. or synthetic substances, derivatives, and
19 their isomers with similar chemical structure and pharmacological
20 activity such as the following: Delta 1 cis or trans tetrahydrocannabinol
21 and their optical isomers, excluding dronabinol in sesame oil and
22 encapsulated in a soft gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the
23 federal Food and Drug Administration; Delta 6 cis or trans
24 tetrahydrocannabinol and their optical isomers; and Delta 3,4 cis or
25 trans tetrahydrocannabinol and its optical isomers. Since nomenclature of
26 these substances is not internationally standardized, compounds of these
27 structures shall be included regardless of the numerical designation of
28 atomic positions covered;

29 (13) N-ethyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

30 (14) N-methyl-3-piperidyl benzilate;

31 (15) Thiophene analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall

1 include, but are not limited to: 1-(1-(2-thienyl)-cyclohexyl)-piperidine;
2 2-thienyl analog of phencyclidine; TCP; and TCP;

3 (16) Hashish or concentrated cannabis;

4 (17) Parahexyl. Trade and other names shall include, but are not
5 limited to: 3-Hexyl-1-hydroxy-7,8,9,10-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-6H-
6 dibenzo(b,d)pyran; and Synhexyl;

7 (18) Ethylamine analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names shall
8 include, but are not limited to: N-ethyl-1-phenylcyclohexylamine; (1-
9 phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine; N-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)ethylamine;
10 cyclohexamine; and PCE;

11 (19) Pyrrolidine analog of phencyclidine. Trade and other names
12 shall include, but are not limited to: 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)-
13 pyrrolidine; PCPy; and PHP;

14 (20) Alpha-ethyltryptamine. Some trade or other names: etryptamine;
15 Monase; alpha-ethyl-1H-indole-3-ethanamine; 3-(2-aminobutyl) indole;
16 alpha-ET; and AET;

17 (21) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphet-amine; and DOET;

18 (22) 1-(1-(2-thienyl)cyclohexyl)pyrrolidine; and TCPy;

19 (23) Alpha-methyltryptamine, which is also known as AMT;

20 (24) Salvia divinorum or Salvinorin A. Salvia divinorum or
21 Salvinorin A includes all parts of the plant presently classified
22 botanically as Salvia divinorum, whether growing or not, the seeds
23 thereof, any extract from any part of such plant, and every compound,
24 manufacture, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant, its
25 seeds, or its extracts, including salts, isomers, and salts of isomers
26 whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is
27 possible within the specific chemical designation;

28 (25) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any
29 quantity of synthetically produced cannabinoids as listed in subdivisions
30 (A) through (L) of this subdivision, including their salts, isomers,
31 salts of isomers, and nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur-heterocyclic nitrogen-

1 ~~heterocyclic~~ analogs, unless specifically excepted elsewhere in this
2 section. Since nomenclature of these synthetically produced cannabinoids
3 is not internationally standardized and may continually evolve, these
4 structures or compounds of these structures shall be included under this
5 subdivision, regardless of their specific numerical designation of atomic
6 positions covered, so long as it can be determined through a recognized
7 method of scientific testing or analysis that the substance contains
8 properties that fit within one or more of the following categories:

9 (A) Tetrahydrocannabinols: Meaning tetrahydrocannabinols naturally
10 contained in a plant of the genus cannabis (cannabis plant), as well as
11 synthetic equivalents of the substances contained in the plant, or in the
12 resinous extractives of cannabis, sp. and/or synthetic substances,
13 derivatives, and their isomers with similar chemical structure and
14 pharmacological activity such as the following: Delta 1 cis or trans
15 tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers; Delta 6 cis or trans
16 tetrahydrocannabinol, and their optical isomers; Delta 3,4 cis or trans
17 tetrahydrocannabinol, and its optical isomers;

18 (B) Naphthoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-
19 naphthoyl)indole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the
20 indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,
21 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,
22 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-
23 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
24 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or
25 on any of the listed ring systems the indole ring to any extent and
26 ~~whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent;~~

27 (C) Naphthylmethyloindoles: Any compound containing a 1 H-indol-3-yl-
28 (1-naphthyl)methane structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of
29 the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,
30 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,
31 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-

1 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
2 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or
3 on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indole ring to any extent and~~
4 ~~whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent;~~

5 (D) Naphthoylpyrroles: Any compound containing a 3-(1-
6 naphthoyl)pyrrole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the
7 pyrrole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,
8 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,
9 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-
10 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
11 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or
12 on any of the listed ring systems ~~the pyrrole ring to any extent and~~
13 ~~whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent;~~

14 (E) Naphthylideneindenes: Any compound containing a
15 naphthylideneindene structure with substitution at the 3-position of the
16 indene ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,
17 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,
18 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-
19 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
20 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or
21 on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indene ring to any extent and~~
22 ~~whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent;~~

23 (F) Phenylacetylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-
24 phenylacetylindole structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of
25 the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,
26 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,
27 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-
28 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
29 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or
30 on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indole ring to any extent and~~
31 ~~whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to any extent;~~

1 (G) Cyclohexylphenols: Any compound containing a 2-(3-
2 hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure with substitution at the 5-position of
3 the phenolic ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,
4 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group,
5 cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-
6 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
7 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not substituted in or on any of
8 the listed ring systems ~~the cyclohexyl ring~~ to any extent;

9 (H) Benzoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole
10 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an
11 alkyl, haloalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl, cycloalkylmethyl,
12 cycloalkylethyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl group, cyanoalkyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-
13 piperidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-
14 morpholinyl)methyl, or tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not
15 further substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indole~~
16 ~~ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the phenyl ring to~~
17 any extent;

18 (I) Adamantoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-adamantoylindole
19 structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an
20 alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl,
21 cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-
22 (4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-
23 morpholinyl)methyl, or tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not
24 further substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indole~~
25 ~~ring to any extent and whether or not substituted in the adamantyl ring~~
26 to any extent;

27 (J) Tetramethylcyclopropanoylindoles: Any compound containing a 3-
28 tetramethylcyclopropanoylindole structure with substitution at the
29 nitrogen atom of the indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl,
30 alkenyl, halobenzyl, benzyl, cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-
31 methyl-2-piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-

1 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
2 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, whether or not further substituted in or
3 on any of the listed ring systems ~~the indole ring to any extent and~~
4 ~~whether or not substituted in the tetramethylcyclopropyl ring to any~~
5 extent;

6 (K) Indole carboxamides: Any compound containing a 1-indole-3-
7 carboxamide structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the
8 indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl,
9 benzyl, _____cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-
10 piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-
11 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
12 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, substitution at the carboxamide group by
13 an alkyl, methoxy, benzyl, propionaldehyde, adamantyl, 1-naphthyl,
14 phenyl, or aminoalkyl group, or quinolinyl group, whether or not
15 further substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems to any extent
16 or to the adamantyl, 1-naphthyl, phenyl, aminoalkyl, benzyl, or
17 propionaldehyde groups to any extent;

18 (L) Indole carboxylates: Any compound containing a 1-indole-3-
19 carboxylate structure with substitution at the nitrogen atom of the
20 indole ring by an alkyl, haloalkyl, cyanoalkyl, alkenyl, halobenzyl,
21 benzyl, _____cycloalkylmethyl, cycloalkylethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-
22 piperidinyl)methyl, 2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl, 1-(N-methyl-2-
23 pyrrolidinyl)methyl, 1-(N-methyl-3-morpholinyl)methyl, or
24 tetrahydropyranylmethyl group, substitution at the carboxylate group by
25 an alkyl, methoxy, benzyl, propionaldehyde, adamantyl, 1-naphthyl,
26 phenyl, aminoalkyl group, or quinolinyl group, whether or not further
27 substituted in or on any of the listed ring systems to any extent or to
28 the adamantyl, 1-naphthyl, phenyl, aminoalkyl, benzyl, or
29 propionaldehyde groups to any extent; and

30 (M) Any nonnaturally occurring substance, chemical compound,
31 mixture, or preparation, not specifically listed elsewhere in these

1 schedules and which is not approved for human consumption by the federal
2 Food and Drug Administration, containing or constituting a cannabinoid
3 receptor agonist as defined in section 28-401;

4 (26) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any
5 quantity of a substituted phenethylamine as listed in subdivisions (A)
6 through (C) of this subdivision, unless specifically excepted, listed in
7 another schedule, or specifically named in this schedule, that is
8 structurally derived from phenylethan-2-amine by substitution on the
9 phenyl ring with a fused methylenedioxy ring, fused furan ring, or a
10 fused tetrahydrofuran ring; by substitution with two alkoxy groups; by
11 substitution with one alkoxy and either one fused furan, tetrahydrofuran,
12 or tetrahydropyran ring system; or by substitution with two fused ring
13 systems from any combination of the furan, tetrahydrofuran, or
14 tetrahydropyran ring systems, whether or not the compound is further
15 modified in any of the following ways:

16 (A) Substitution of the phenyl ring by any halo, hydroxyl, alkyl,
17 trifluoromethyl, alkoxy, or alkylthio groups; (B) substitution at the 2-
18 position by any alkyl groups; or (C) substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen
19 atom with alkyl, dialkyl, benzyl, hydroxybenzyl or methoxybenzyl groups,
20 and including, but not limited to:

21 (i) 2-(4-Chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known
22 as 2C-C or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chlorophenethylamine;

23 (ii) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known
24 as 2C-D or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-methylphenethylamine;

25 (iii) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known
26 as 2C-E or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylphenethylamine;

27 (iv) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-H
28 or 2,5-Dimethoxyphenethylamine;

29 (v) 2-(4-Iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known as
30 2C-I or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodophenethylamine;

31 (vi) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitro-phenyl)ethanamine, which is also known

- 1 as 2C-N or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-nitrophenethylamine;
- 2 (vii) 2-(2,5-Dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylphenyl)ethanamine, which is also
3 known as 2C-P or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-propylphenethylamine;
- 4 (viii) 2-[4-(Ethylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine, which is
5 also known as 2C-T-2 or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-ethylthiophenethylamine;
- 6 (ix) 2-[4-(Isopropylthio)-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl]ethanamine, which is
7 also known as 2C-T-4 or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-isopropylthiophenethylamine;
- 8 (x) 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine, which is also known
9 as 2C-B or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromophenethylamine;
- 10 (xi) 2-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-(methylthio)phenyl)ethanamine, which is also
11 known as 2C-T or 4-methylthio-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine;
- 12 (xii) 1-(2,5-dimethoxy-4-iodophenyl)-propan-2-amine, which is also
13 known as DOI or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodoamphetamine;
- 14 (xiii) 1-(4-Bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-aminopropane, which is also
15 known as DOB or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromoamphetamine;
- 16 (xiv) 1-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxy-phenyl)propan-2-amine, which is also
17 known as DOC or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chloroamphetamine;
- 18 (xv) 2-(4-bromo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-
19 methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-B-NBOMe; 25B-
20 NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-bromo-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 21 (xvi) 2-(4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-
22 methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-I-NBOMe; 25I-
23 NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-iodo-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 24 (xvii) N-(2-Methoxybenzyl)-2-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)ethanamine,
25 which is also known as Mescaline-NBOMe or 3,4,5-trimethoxy-N-(2-
26 methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 27 (xviii) 2-(4-chloro-2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-N-[(2-
28 methoxyphenyl)methyl]ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-C-NBOMe; or
29 25C-NBOMe or 2,5-Dimethoxy-4-chloro-N-(2-methoxybenzyl)phenethylamine;
- 30 (xix) 2-(7-Bromo-5-methoxy-2,3-dihydro-1-benzofuran-4-yl)ethanamine,
31 which is also known as 2CB-5-hemiFLY;

- 1 (xx) 2-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7-tetrahydrofuro [2,3-f][1]benzofuran-4-
2 yl)ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-B-FLY;
- 3 (xxi) 2-(10-Bromo-2,3,4,7,8,9-hexahydropyrano[2,3-g]chromen-5-
4 yl)ethanamine, which is also known as 2C-B-butterFLY;
- 5 (xxii) N-(2-Methoxybenzyl)-1-(8-bromo-2,3,6,7- tetrahydrobenzo[1,2-
6 b:4,5-b']difuran-4-yl)-2-aminoethane, which is also known as 2C-B-FLY-
7 NBOMe;
- 8 (xxiii) 1-(4-Bromofuro[2,3-f][1]benzofuran-8-yl)propan-2-amine,
9 which is also known as bromo-benzodifuranylisopropylamine or bromo-
10 dragonFLY;
- 11 (xxiv) N-(2-Hydroxybenzyl)-4-iodo-2,5-dimethoxyphenethylamine, which
12 is also known as 2C-INBOH or 25I-NBOH;
- 13 (xxv) 5-(2-Aminoprpyl)benzofuran, which is also known as 5-APB;
- 14 (xxvi) 6-(2-Aminopropyl)benzofuran, which is also known as 6-APB;
- 15 (xxvii) 5-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, which is also known
16 as 5-APDB;
- 17 (xxviii) 6-(2-Aminopropyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran, which is also
18 known as 6-APDB;
- 19 (xxix) 2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, which is also known as 2, 5-
20 dimethoxy-a-methylphenethylamine; 2, 5-DMA;
- 21 (xxx) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-ethylamphetamine, which is also known as DOET;
- 22 (xxxi) 2,5-dimethoxy-4-(n)-propylthiophenethylamine, which is also
23 known as 2C-T-7;
- 24 (xxxii) 5-methoxy-3,4-methylenedioxy-amphetamine;
- 25 (xxxiii) 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amphetamine, which is also known as
26 4-methyl-2,5-dimethoxy-amethylphenethylamine; DOM and STP;
- 27 (xxxiv) 3,4-methylenedioxy amphetamine, which is also known as MDA;
- 28 (xxxv) 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetamine, which is also known as
29 MDMA;
- 30 (xxxvi) 3,4-methylenedioxy-N-ethylamphetamine, which is also known
31 as N-ethyl-alpha-methyl-3,4(methylenedioxy)phenethylamine, MDE, MDEA; and

1 (xxxvii) 3,4,5-trimethoxy amphetamine;

2 (27) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any
3 quantity of a substituted tryptamine unless specifically excepted, listed
4 in another schedule, or specifically named in this schedule, that is
5 structurally derived from 2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethanamine, which is also
6 known as tryptamine, by mono- or di-substitution of the amine nitrogen
7 with alkyl or alkenyl groups or by inclusion of the amino nitrogen atom
8 in a cyclic structure whether or not the compound is further substituted
9 at the alpha position with an alkyl group or whether or not further
10 substituted on the indole ring to any extent with any alkyl, alkoxy,
11 halo, hydroxyl, or acetoxy groups, and including, but not limited to:

12 (A) 5-methoxy-N,N-diallyltryptamine, which is also known as 5-MeO-
13 DALT;

14 (B) 4-acetoxy-N,N-dimethyltryptamine, which is also known as 4-AcO-
15 DMT or OAcetylpsilocin;

16 (C) 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-N-ethyltryptamine, which is also known as 4-
17 HO-MET;

18 (D) 4-hydroxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine, which is also known as 4-
19 HO-DIPT;

20 (E) 5-methoxy-N-methyl-N-isopropyltryptamine, which is also known as
21 5-MeOMiPT;

22 (F) 5-Methoxy-N,N-Dimethyltryptamine, which is also known as 5-MeO-
23 DMT;

24 (G) 5-methoxy-N,N-diisopropyltryptamine, which is also known as 5-
25 MeO-DiPT;

26 (H) Diethyltryptamine, which is also known as N,N-Diethyltryptamine,
27 DET; and

28 (I) Dimethyltryptamine, which is also known as DMT; and

29 (28)(A) Any substance containing any quantity of the following
30 materials, compounds, mixtures, or structures:

31 (i) 3,4-methylenedioxymethcathinone, or bk-MDMA, or methylone;

- 1 (ii) 3,4-methylenedioxypropylvalerone, or MDPV;
- 2 (iii) 4-methylmethcathinone, or 4-MMC, or mephedrone;
- 3 (iv) 4-methoxymethcathinone, or bk-PMMA, or PMMC, or methedrone;
- 4 (v) Fluoromethcathinone, or FMC;
- 5 (vi) Naphthylpyrovalerone, or naphyrone; or
- 6 (vii) Beta-keto-N-methylbenzodioxolylpropylamine or bk-MBDB or
- 7 butylone; or

8 (B) Unless listed in another schedule, any substance which contains
9 any quantity of any material, compound, mixture, or structure, other than
10 bupropion ~~buproprien~~, that is structurally derived by any means from 2-
11 aminopropan-1-one by substitution at the 1-position with either phenyl,
12 naphthyl, or thiophene ring systems, whether or not the compound is
13 further modified in any of the following ways:

14 (i) Substitution in the ring system to any extent with alkyl,
15 alkoxy, alkylenedioxy, haloalkyl, hydroxyl, or halide substituents,
16 whether or not further substituted in the ring system by one or more
17 other univalent substituents;

18 (ii) Substitution at the 3-position with an acyclic alkyl
19 substituent; or

20 (iii) Substitution at the 2-amino nitrogen atom with alkyl or
21 dialkyl groups, or by inclusion of the 2-amino nitrogen atom in a cyclic
22 structure.

23 (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
24 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
25 any quantity of the following substances having a depressant effect on
26 the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of
27 isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of
28 isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

- 29 (1) Mecloqualone;
- 30 (2) Methaqualone; and
- 31 (3) Gamma-Hydroxybutyric Acid. Some other names include: GHB; Gamma-

1 hydroxybutyrate; 4-Hydroxybutyrate; 4-Hydroxybutanoic Acid; Sodium
2 Oxybate; and Sodium Oxybutyrate.

3 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
4 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
5 any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the
6 central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and salts of
7 isomers:

8 (1) Fenethylamine;

9 (2) N-ethylamphetamine;

10 (3) Amphetamine; amphetamine; 2-amino-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline; or 4,5-
11 dihydro-5-phenyl-2-oxazoline;

12 (4) Cathinone; 2-amino-1-phenyl-1-propanone; alpha-
13 aminopropiophenone; 2-aminopropiophenone; and norephedrine;

14 (5) Methcathinone, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of optical
15 isomers. Some other names: 2-(methylamino)-propionophenone; alpha-
16 (methylamino)propionophenone; 2-(methylamino)-1-phenylpropan-1-one; alpha-
17 N-methylaminopropionophenone; methylcathinone; monomethylpropion;
18 ephedrine; N-methylcathinone; AL-464; AL-422; AL-463; and UR1432;

19 (6) (+/-)-cis-4-methylamphetamine; and (+/-)-cis-4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-5-
20 phenyl-2-oxazoline;

21 (7) N,N-dimethylamphetamine; N,N-alpha-trimethyl-benzeneethanamine;
22 and N,N-alpha-trimethylphenethylamine; and

23 (8) Benzylpiperazine, 1-benzylpiperazine.

24 (f) Any controlled substance analogue to the extent intended for
25 human consumption.

26 Schedule II

27 (a) Any of the following substances except those narcotic drugs
28 listed in other schedules whether produced directly or indirectly by
29 extraction from substances of vegetable origin, independently by means of
30 chemical synthesis, or by combination of extraction and chemical
31 synthesis:

1 (1) Opium and opiate, and any salt, compound, derivative, or
2 preparation of opium or opiate, excluding apomorphine, buprenorphine,
3 thebaine-derived butorphanol, dextrorphan, nalbuphine, nalmeferene,
4 naloxone, and naltrexone and their salts, but including the following:

- 5 (A) Raw opium;
- 6 (B) Opium extracts;
- 7 (C) Opium fluid;
- 8 (D) Powdered opium;
- 9 (E) Granulated opium;
- 10 (F) Tincture of opium;
- 11 (G) Codeine;
- 12 (H) Ethylmorphine;
- 13 (I) Etorphine hydrochloride;
- 14 (J) Hydrocodone;
- 15 (K) Hydromorphone;
- 16 (L) Metopon;
- 17 (M) Morphine;
- 18 (N) Oxycodone;
- 19 (O) Oxymorphone;
- 20 (P) Oripavine;
- 21 (Q) Thebaine; and
- 22 (R) Dihydroetorphine;

23 (2) Any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation thereof which is
24 chemically equivalent to or identical with any of the substances referred
25 to in subdivision (1) of this subdivision, except that these substances
26 shall not include the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium;

27 (3) Opium poppy and poppy straw;

28 (4) Coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation
29 of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, derivative, or preparation
30 thereof which is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of these
31 substances, including cocaine and its salts, optical isomers, and salts

1 of optical isomers, except that the substances shall not include
2 decocainized coca leaves or extractions which do not contain cocaine or
3 ecgonine; and

4 (5) Concentrate of poppy straw, the crude extract of poppy straw in
5 either liquid, solid, or powder form which contains the phenanthrene
6 alkaloids of the opium poppy.

7 (b) Unless specifically excepted or unless in another schedule any
8 of the following opiates, including their isomers, esters, ethers, salts,
9 and salts of their isomers, esters, and ethers whenever the existence of
10 such isomers, esters, ethers, and salts is possible within the specific
11 chemical designation, dextrorphan excepted:

12 (1) Alphaprodine;

13 (2) Anileridine;

14 (3) Bezitramide;

15 (4) Diphenoxylate;

16 (5) Fentanyl;

17 (6) Isomethadone;

18 (7) Levomethorphan;

19 (8) Levorphanol;

20 (9) Metazocine;

21 (10) Methadone;

22 (11) Methadone-intermediate, 4-cyano-2-dimethylamino-4,4-diphenyl
23 butane;

24 (12) Moramide-intermediate, 2-methyl-3-morpholino-1,1-
25 diphenylpropane-carboxylic acid;

26 (13) Pethidine or meperidine;

27 (14) Pethidine-Intermediate-A, 4-cyano-1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine;

28 (15) Pethidine-Intermediate-B, ethyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-
29 carboxylate;

30 (16) Pethidine-Intermediate-C, 1-methyl-4-phenylpiperidine-4-
31 carboxylic acid;

- 1 (17) Phenazocine;
- 2 (18) Piminodine;
- 3 (19) Racemethorphan;
- 4 (20) Racemorphan;
- 5 (21) Dihydrocodeine;
- 6 (22) Bulk Propoxyphene in nondosage forms;
- 7 (23) Sufentanil;
- 8 (24) Alfentanil;
- 9 (25) Levo-alphaacetylmethadol which is also known as levo-alpha-
- 10 acetylmethadol, levomethadyl acetate, and LAAM;
- 11 (26) Carfentanil;
- 12 (27) Remifentanil; and
- 13 (28) Tapentadol.

14 (c) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
15 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse
16 associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system:

- 17 (1) Amphetamine, its salts, optical isomers, and salts of its
- 18 optical isomers;
- 19 (2) Phenmetrazine and its salts;
- 20 (3) Methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers;
- 21 ~~and~~
- 22 (4) Methylphenidate; and -
- 23 (5) Lisdexamfetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers.

24 (d) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
25 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse
26 associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system,
27 including their salts, isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the
28 existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within
29 the specific chemical designations:

- 30 (1) Amobarbital;
- 31 (2) Secobarbital;

- 1 (3) Pentobarbital;
- 2 (4) Phencyclidine; and
- 3 (5) Glutethimide.

4 (e) Hallucinogenic substances known as:

- 5 (1) Nabilone. Another name for nabilone: (+/-)-trans-3-(1,1-
6 dimethylheptyl)- 6,6a,7,8,10,10a-Hexahydro-1-hydroxy-6,6-dimethyl-9H-
7 dibenzo(b,d)pyran-9-one.

8 (f) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
9 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
10 any quantity of the following substances:

- 11 (1) Immediate precursor to amphetamine and methamphetamine:
12 Phenylacetone. Trade and other names shall include, but are not limited
13 to: Phenyl-2-propanone; P2P; benzyl methyl ketone; and methyl benzyl
14 ketone; ~~or~~

15 (2) Immediate precursors to phencyclidine, PCP:

16 (A) 1-phenylcyclohexylamine; or

17 (B) 1-piperidinocyclohexanecarbonitrile, PCC; or ~~or~~

18 (3) Immediate precursor to fentanyl; 4-anilino-N-phenethyl-4-
19 piperidine (ANNPP).

20 Schedule III

21 (a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
22 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse
23 associated with a stimulant effect on the central nervous system,
24 including their salts, isomers, whether optical, position, or geometric,
25 and salts of such isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers,
26 and salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical
27 designation:

- 28 (1) Benzphetamine;
- 29 (2) Chlorphentermine;
- 30 (3) Clortermine; and
- 31 (4) Phendimetrazine.

1 (b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
2 any quantity of the following substances having a potential for abuse
3 associated with a depressant effect on the central nervous system:

4 (1) Any substance which contains any quantity of a derivative of
5 barbituric acid or any salt of a derivative of barbituric acid, except
6 those substances which are specifically listed in other schedules of this
7 section;

8 (2) Chlorhexadol;

9 (3) Embutramide;

10 (4 ~~3~~) Lysergic acid;

11 (5 ~~4~~) Lysergic acid amide;

12 (6 ~~5~~) Methyprylon;

13 (7) Perampanel;

14 (8 ~~6~~) Sulfondiethylmethane;

15 (9 ~~7~~) Sulfonethylmethane;

16 (10 ~~8~~) Sulfonmethane;

17 (11 ~~9~~) Nalorphine;

18 (12 ~~10~~) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing
19 amobarbital, secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt thereof and one or
20 more other active medicinal ingredients which are not listed in any
21 schedule;

22 (13 ~~11~~) Any suppository dosage form containing amobarbital,
23 secobarbital, pentobarbital, or any salt of any of these drugs and
24 approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration for marketing only
25 as a suppository;

26 (14 ~~12~~) Any drug product containing gamma-hydroxybutyric acid,
27 including its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers, for which an
28 application is approved under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and
29 Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. 355, as such section existed on January 1, 2014;

30 (15 ~~13~~) Ketamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of isomers. Some
31 other names for ketamine: (+/-)-2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-(methylamino)-

1 cyclohexanone; and

2 (16 14) Tiletamine and zolazepam or any salt thereof. Trade or other
3 names for a tiletamine-zolazepam combination product shall include, but
4 are not limited to: telazol. Trade or other names for tiletamine shall
5 include, but are not limited to: 2-(ethylamino)-2-(2-thienyl)-
6 cyclohexanone. Trade or other names for zolazepam shall include, but are
7 not limited to: 4-(2-fluorophenyl)-6,8-dihydro-1,3,8-trimethylpyrazolo-
8 (3,4-e) (1,4)-diazepin-7(1H)-one, and flupyrazapon.

9 (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
10 schedule:

11 (1) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing
12 limited quantities of any of the following narcotic drugs, or any salts
13 calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities
14 as set forth below:

15 (A) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of codeine per one
16 hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit,
17 with an equal or greater quantity of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;

18 (B) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of codeine per one
19 hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage unit,
20 with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized
21 therapeutic amounts;

22 ~~(C) Not more than three hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeinone which~~
23 ~~is also known as hydrocodone per one hundred milliliters or not more than~~
24 ~~fifteen milligrams per dosage unit, with a fourfold or greater quantity~~
25 ~~of an isoquinoline alkaloid of opium;~~

26 ~~(D) Not more than three hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeinone which~~
27 ~~is also known as hydrocodone per one hundred milliliters or not more than~~
28 ~~fifteen milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic~~
29 ~~ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts;~~

30 (C E) Not more than one and eight-tenths grams of dihydrocodeine per
31 one hundred milliliters or not more than ninety milligrams per dosage

1 unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized
2 therapeutic amounts;

3 (D F) Not more than three hundred milligrams of ethylmorphine per
4 one hundred milliliters or not more than fifteen milligrams per dosage
5 unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic ingredients in recognized
6 therapeutic amounts;

7 (E G) Not more than five hundred milligrams of opium per one hundred
8 milliliters or per one hundred grams, or not more than twenty-five
9 milligrams per dosage unit, with one or more active, nonnarcotic
10 ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and

11 (E H) Not more than fifty milligrams of morphine per one hundred
12 milliliters or per one hundred grams with one or more active, nonnarcotic
13 ingredients in recognized therapeutic amounts; and

14 (2) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation containing any
15 of the following narcotic drug or its salts, as set forth below:

16 (A) Buprenorphine.

17 (d) Unless contained on the administration's list of exempt anabolic
18 steroids as the list existed on January 1, 2014, any anabolic steroid,
19 which shall include any material, compound, mixture, or preparation
20 containing any quantity of the following substances, including its salts,
21 isomers, and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts of
22 isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

23 (1) 3-beta,17-dihydroxy-5a-androstane ~~Boldenone~~;

24 (2) 3-alpha,17-beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane ~~Boldione~~;

25 (3) 5-alpha-androstan-3,17-dione ~~Chlorotestosterone~~ (4-
26 ~~chlortestosterone~~);

27 (4) 1-androstenediol (3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-
28 ene) ~~Clotestebol~~;

29 (5) 1-androstenediol (3-alpha,17-beta-dihydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-
30 ene) ~~Dehydrochloromethyltestosterone~~;

31 (6) 4-androstenediol (3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene)

- 1 Desoxymethyltestosterone;
- 2 (7) 5-androstenediol (3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-androst-5-ene)
- 3 Dihydrotestosterone (4-dihydrotestosterone);
- 4 (8) 1-androstenedione ([5-alpha]-androst-1-en-3,17-dione)
- 5 Drostanolone;
- 6 (9) 4-androstenedione (androst-4-en-3,17-dione) Ethylestrenol;
- 7 (10) 5-androstenedione (androst-5-en-3,17-dione) Fluoxymesterone;
- 8 (11) Bolasterone (7-alpha,17-alpha-dimethyl-17-beta-
- 9 hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one) Formebolone (formebolone);
- 10 (12) Boldenone (17-beta-hydroxyandrost-1,4-diene-3-one) Mesterolone;
- 11 (13) Boldione (androsta-1,4-diene-3,17-3-one) Methandienone;
- 12 (14) Calusterone (7-beta,17-alpha-dimethyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-
- 13 en-3-one) Methandranone;
- 14 (15) Clostebol (4-chloro-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one)
- 15 Methandriol;
- 16 (16) Dehydrochloromethyltestosterone (4-chloro-17-beta-hydroxy-17-
- 17 alpha-methyl-androst-1,4-dien-3-one) Methandrostenolone;
- 18 (17) Desoxymethyltestosterone (17-alpha-methyl-5-alpha-androst-2-
- 19 en-17-beta-ol) (a.k.a. 'madol') Methenolone;
- 20 (18) Delta-1-Dihydrotestosterone (a.k.a. '1-testosterone')(17-beta-
- 21 hydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-en-3-one) Methyltestosterone;
- 22 (19) 4-Dihydrotestosterone (17-beta-hydroxy-androstan-3-one)
- 23 Mibolerone;
- 24 (20) Drostanolone (17-beta-hydroxy-2-alpha-methyl-5-alpha-
- 25 androstan-3-one) Nandrolone;
- 26 (21) Ethylestrenol (17-alpha-ethyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-ene)
- 27 Norethandrolone;
- 28 (22) Fluoxymesterone (9-fluoro-17-alpha-methyl-11-beta,17-beta-
- 29 dihydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one) Oxandrolone;
- 30 (23) Formebolone (formebolone); (2-formyl-17-alpha-methyl-11-alpha,
- 31 17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-1,4-dien-3-one) Oxymesterone;

- 1 (24) Furazabol (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrostano[2,3-c]-
2 furazan) Oxymetholone;
- 3 (25) 13-beta-ethyl-17-beta-hydroxygon-4-en-3-one Stanolone;
- 4 (26) 4-hydroxytestosterone (4,17-beta-dihydroxy-androst-4-en-3-one)
5 Stanozolol;
- 6 (27) 4-hydroxy-19-nortestosterone (4,17-beta-dihydroxy-estr-4-en-3-
7 one) Testolactone;
- 8 (28) Mestanolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-5-androstan-3-one)
9 Testosterone;
- 10 (29) Mesterolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-5-androstan-3-one)
11 Trenbolone;
- 12 (30) Methandienone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-1,4-
13 dien-3-one); 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione; and
- 14 (31) Methandriol (17-alpha-methyl-3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-5-
15 ene);
- 16 (32) Methasterone (2-alpha,17-alpha-dimethyl-5-alpha-androstan-17-
17 beta-ol-3-one);
- 18 (33) Methenolone (1-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-5-alpha-androst-1-en-3-
19 one);
- 20 (34) 17-alpha-methyl-3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;
- 21 (35) 17-alpha-methyl-3-alpha,17-beta-dihydroxy-5a-androstane;
- 22 (36) 17-alpha-methyl-3-beta,17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-4-ene;
- 23 (37) 17-alpha-methyl-4-hydroxynandrolone (17-alpha-methyl-4-
24 hydroxy-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one);
- 25 (38) Methyldienolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyestra-4,9(10)-
26 dien-3-one);
- 27 (39) Methyltrienolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyestra-4,9,11-
28 trien-3-one);
- 29 (40) Methyltestosterone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-
30 en-3-one);
- 31 (41) Mibolerone (7-alpha,17-alpha-dimethyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-

- 1 en-3-one);
- 2 (42) 17-alpha-methyl-delta-1-dihydrotestosterone (17-beta-
- 3 hydroxy-17-alpha-methyl-5-alpha-androst-1-en-3-one) (a.k.a. '17-alpha-
- 4 methyl-1-testosterone'));
- 5 (43) Nandrolone (17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one));
- 6 (44) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3-beta, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-4-ene));
- 7 (45) 19-nor-4-androstenediol (3-alpha, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-4-ene));
- 8 (46) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3-beta, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-5-ene));
- 9 (47) 19-nor-5-androstenediol (3-alpha, 17-beta-dihydroxyestr-5-ene));
- 10 (48) 19-nor-4,9(10)-androstadienedione (estra-4,9(10)-diene-3,17-
- 11 dione));
- 12 (49) 19-nor-4-androstenedione (estr-4-en-3,17-dione));
- 13 (50) 19-nor-5-androstenedione (estr-5-en-3,17-dione));
- 14 (51) Norbolethone (13-beta, 17-alpha-diethyl-17-beta-hydroxygon-4-
- 15 en-3-one));
- 16 (52) Norclostebol (4-chloro-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-one));
- 17 (53) Norethandrolone (17-alpha-ethyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-
- 18 one));
- 19 (54) Normethandrolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxyestr-4-en-3-
- 20 one));
- 21 (55) Oxandrolone (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-2-oxa-[5-alpha]-
- 22 androstan-3-one));
- 23 (56) Oxymesterone (17-alpha-methyl-4,17-beta-dihydroxyandrost-4-
- 24 en-3-one));
- 25 (57) Oxymetholone (17-alpha-methyl-2-hydroxymethylene-17-beta-
- 26 hydroxy-[5-alpha]-androstan-3-one));
- 27 (58) Prostanozolol (17-beta-hydroxy-5-alpha-androstano[3,2-
- 28 c]pyrazole));
- 29 (59) Stanozolol (17-alpha-methyl-17-beta-hydroxy-[5-alpha]-
- 30 androst-2-eno[3,2-c]-pyrazole));
- 31 (60) Stenbolone (17-beta-hydroxy-2-methyl-[5-alpha]-androst-1-en-3-

1 one);

2 (61) Testolactone (13-hydroxy-3-oxo-13,17-secoandrosta-1,4-dien-17-
3 oic acid lactone);

4 (62) Testosterone (17-beta-hydroxyandrost-4-en-3-one);

5 (63) Tetrahydrogestrinone (13-beta, 17-alpha-diethyl-17-beta-
6 hydroxygon-4,9,11-trien-3-one);

7 (64) Trenbolone (17-beta-hydroxyestr-4,9,11-trien-3-one); and

8 (65 ~~31~~) Any salt, ester, or ether of a drug or substance described
9 or listed in this subdivision if the salt, ester, or ether promotes
10 muscle growth.

11 (e) Hallucinogenic substances known as:

12 (1) Dronabinol, synthetic, in sesame oil and encapsulated in a soft
13 gelatin capsule in a drug product approved by the federal Food and Drug
14 Administration. Some other names for dronabinol are (6aR-trans)-6a,
15 7,8,10a-tetrahydro-6,6,9-trimethyl-3-pentyl-6H-dibenzo (b,d)pyran-1-ol or
16 (-)-delta-9-(trans)-tetrahydrocannabinol.

17 Schedule IV

18 (a) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
19 any quantity of the following substances, including their salts, isomers,
20 and salts of isomers whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and
21 salts of isomers is possible within the specific chemical designation:

22 (1) Barbital;

23 (2) Chloral betaine;

24 (3) Chloral hydrate;

25 (4) Chlordiazepoxide, but not including librax (chlordiazepoxide
26 hydrochloride and clindinium bromide) or menrium (chlordiazepoxide and
27 water soluble esterified estrogens);

28 (5) Clonazepam;

29 (6) Clorazepate;

30 (7) Diazepam;

31 (8) Ethchlorvynol;

- 1 (9) Ethinamate;
- 2 (10) Flurazepam;
- 3 (11) Mebutamate;
- 4 (12) Meprobamate;
- 5 (13) Methohexital;
- 6 (14) Methylphenobarbital;
- 7 (15) Oxazepam;
- 8 (16) Paraldehyde;
- 9 (17) Petrichloral;
- 10 (18) Phenobarbital;
- 11 (19) Prazepam;
- 12 (20) Alprazolam;
- 13 (21) Bromazepam;
- 14 (22) Camazepam;
- 15 (23) Clobazam;
- 16 (24) Clotiazepam;
- 17 (25) Cloxazolam;
- 18 (26) Delorazepam;
- 19 (27) Estazolam;
- 20 (28) Ethyl loflazepate;
- 21 (29) Fludiazepam;
- 22 (30) Flunitrazepam;
- 23 (31) Halazepam;
- 24 (32) Haloxazolam;
- 25 (33) Ketazolam;
- 26 (34) Loprazolam;
- 27 (35) Lorazepam;
- 28 (36) Lormetazepam;
- 29 (37) Medazepam;
- 30 (38) Nimetazepam;
- 31 (39) Nitrazepam;

- 1 (40) Nordiazepam;
- 2 (41) Oxazolam;
- 3 (42) Pinazepam;
- 4 (43) Temazepam;
- 5 (44) Tetrazepam;
- 6 (45) Triazolam;
- 7 (46) Midazolam;
- 8 (47) Quazepam;
- 9 (48) Zolpidem;
- 10 (49) Dichloralphenazone; ~~and~~
- 11 (50) Zaleplon; ~~and~~
- 12 (51) Zopiclone;
- 13 (52) Fospropofol;
- 14 (53) Alfaxalone;
- 15 (54) Suvorexant; and
- 16 (55) Carisoprodol.

17 (b) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
18 any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, isomers,
19 whether optical, position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers,
20 whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is
21 possible: Fenfluramine.

22 (c) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
23 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
24 any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant effect on the
25 central nervous system, including their salts, isomers, whether optical,
26 position, or geometric, and salts of such isomers whenever the existence
27 of such salts, isomers, and salts of isomers is possible within the
28 specific chemical designation:

- 29 (1) Diethylpropion;
- 30 (2) Phentermine;
- 31 (3) Pemoline, including organometallic complexes and chelates

1 thereof;

2 (4) Mazindol;

3 (5) Pipradrol;

4 (6) SPA, ((-)-1-dimethylamino- 1,2-diphenylethane);

5 (7) Cathine. Another name for cathine is ((+)-norpseudoephedrine);

6 (8) Fencamfamin;

7 (9) Fenproporex;

8 (10) Mefenorex;

9 (11) Modafinil; and

10 (12) Sibutramine.

11 (d) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
12 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
13 any quantity of the following narcotic drugs, or their salts or isomers
14 calculated as the free anhydrous base or alkaloid, in limited quantities
15 as set forth below:

16 (1) Propoxyphene in manufactured dosage forms; ~~and~~

17 (2) Not more than one milligram of difenoxin and not less than
18 twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit; and -

19 (3) 2-[(dimethylamino)methyl]-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)cyclohexanol, its
20 salts, optical and geometric isomers, and salts of these isomers to
21 include: Tramadol.

22 (e) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
23 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
24 any quantity of the following substance, including its salts:

25 (1) Pentazocine; and -

26 (2) Butorphanol (including its optical isomers).

27 (f) Any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
28 any quantity of the following substances, including its salts, isomers,
29 and salts of such isomers, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers,
30 and salts of isomers is possible: Lorcaserin ~~Unless specifically excepted~~
31 ~~or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or~~

1 ~~preparation which contains any quantity of the following substance,~~
2 ~~including its salts, isomers, and salts of such isomers: Butorphanol.~~

3 ~~(g) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another~~
4 ~~schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains~~
5 ~~any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, isomers,~~
6 ~~and salts of such isomers: Carisoprodol.~~

7 (g ~~h~~)(1) Unless specifically excepted or unless listed in another
8 schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which contains
9 any quantity of the following substance, including its salts, optical
10 isomers, and salts of such optical isomers: Ephedrine.

11 (2) The following drug products containing ephedrine, its salts,
12 optical isomers, and salts of such optical isomers, are excepted from
13 subdivision ~~(g)(1)~~ ~~(h)(1)~~ of Schedule IV if they (A) are stored behind a
14 counter, in an area not accessible to customers, or in a locked case so
15 that a customer needs assistance from an employee to access the drug
16 product; (B) are sold by a person, eighteen years of age or older, in the
17 course of his or her employment to a customer eighteen years of age or
18 older with the following restrictions: No customer shall be allowed to
19 purchase, receive, or otherwise acquire more than three and six-tenths
20 grams of ephedrine base during a twenty-four-hour period; no customer
21 shall purchase, receive, or otherwise acquire more than nine grams of
22 ephedrine base during a thirty-day period; and the customer shall display
23 a valid driver's or operator's license, a Nebraska state identification
24 card, a military identification card, an alien registration card, or a
25 passport as proof of identification; (C) are labeled and marketed in a
26 manner consistent with the pertinent OTC Tentative Final or Final
27 Monograph; (D) are manufactured and distributed for legitimate medicinal
28 use in a manner that reduces or eliminates the likelihood of abuse; and
29 (E) are not marketed, advertised, or represented in any manner for the
30 indication of stimulation, mental alertness, euphoria, ecstasy, a buzz or
31 high, heightened sexual performance, or increased muscle mass:

1 (i) Primatene Tablets; and

2 (ii) Bronkaid Dual Action Caplets.

3 Schedule V

4 (a) Any compound, mixture, or preparation containing any of the
5 following limited quantities of narcotic drugs or salts calculated as the
6 free anhydrous base or alkaloid, which shall include one or more
7 nonnarcotic active medicinal ingredients in sufficient proportion to
8 confer upon the compound, mixture, or preparation valuable medicinal
9 qualities other than those possessed by the narcotic drug alone:

10 (1) Not more than two hundred milligrams of codeine per one hundred
11 milliliters or per one hundred grams;

12 (2) Not more than one hundred milligrams of dihydrocodeine per one
13 hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;

14 (3) Not more than one hundred milligrams of ethylmorphine per one
15 hundred milliliters or per one hundred grams;

16 (4) Not more than two and five-tenths milligrams of diphenoxylate
17 and not less than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage
18 unit;

19 (5) Not more than one hundred milligrams of opium per one hundred
20 milliliters or per one hundred grams; and

21 (6) Not more than five-tenths milligram of difenoxin and not less
22 than twenty-five micrograms of atropine sulfate per dosage unit.

23 (b) Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in
24 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which
25 contains any quantity of the following substances having a stimulant
26 effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and
27 salts of isomers: Pyrovalerone.

28 (c) Unless specifically exempted or excluded or unless listed in
29 another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation which
30 contains any quantity of the following substances having a depressant
31 effect on the central nervous system, including its salts, isomers, and

1 salts of isomers:

2 (1) Ezogabine (N-(2-amino-4-(4-fluorobenzylamino)-phenyl)-carbamic
3 acid ethyl ester);

4 (2) Lacosamide ((R)-2-acetoamido-N-benzyl-3-methoxy-propionamide);
5 and

6 (3) Pregabalin ((S)-3-(aminomethyl)-5-methylhexanoic acid).

7 Sec. 5. (1) For purposes of sections 5 to 10 of this act:

8 (a) Cannabidiol means processed cannabis plant extract, oil, or
9 resin that contains more than ten percent cannabidiol by weight, but not
10 more than three-tenths of one percent tetrahydrocannabinols by weight,
11 and delivered in the form of a liquid or solid dosage form; and

12 (b) Intractable seizures means intractable, catastrophic genetic, or
13 metabolic epilepsies; Lennox-Gastaut Syndrome; epilepsies consisting of
14 drop seizures at risk for significant bodily injury; or cluster seizures
15 that result in significant life-threatening apnea after the trial and
16 failure of at least three antiepileptic therapies that directly address
17 the epilepsy in question.

18 (2) The Legislature finds:

19 (a) There are individuals in Nebraska who suffer from intractable
20 seizures and treatment resistant seizures for which currently available
21 treatment options have been ineffective. Cannabidiol shows promise in
22 treating individuals with intractable seizures and treatment resistant
23 seizures; and

24 (b) Additional study of cannabidiol for the treatment of intractable
25 seizures and treatment resistant seizures should be undertaken.

26 (3) The purpose of sections 5 to 10 of this act is to permit medical
27 professionals to conduct limited-scope, evidence-based studies exploring
28 the safety and efficacy of treating intractable seizures and treatment
29 resistant seizures using cannabidiol.

30 Sec. 6. (1) The University of Nebraska and Nebraska Medicine shall
31 be the only entities in this state authorized to produce or possess

1 cannabidiol for research for purposes of the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot
2 Study.

3 (2) Cannabidiol shall be obtained from or tested at the University
4 of Nebraska Medical Center and dispensed by the Nebraska Medicine
5 Research Pharmacy.

6 (3) Cannabidiol may only be obtained by patients with intractable
7 seizures and treatment resistant seizures and on the order of a physician
8 who is licensed to practice medicine and surgery in Nebraska and
9 designated as a medical provider under section 7 of this act and
10 administered to a patient by or under the direction or supervision of
11 such medical provider participating in the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot
12 Study.

13 Sec. 7. (1) The University of Nebraska Medical Center shall create
14 the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot Study. The pilot study shall designate at
15 least two medical providers to conduct research on the safety and
16 preliminary effectiveness of cannabidiol to treat patients with
17 intractable seizures and treatment resistant seizures. The medical
18 providers shall be physicians licensed to practice medicine and surgery
19 in Nebraska, and at least one shall be a pediatric neurologist. The
20 medical providers shall adhere to the policies and procedures established
21 by the University of Nebraska Medical Center for the pilot study.

22 (2) A physician designated as a medical provider or a licensed
23 pharmacist participating in the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot Study shall not
24 be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized or disciplined in any
25 manner, or denied any right or privilege for approving or recommending
26 the use of cannabidiol under the pilot study.

27 (3)(a) A physician designated as a medical provider conducting
28 research under the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot Study shall:

29 (i) Determine eligibility for participation in the pilot study;

30 (ii) Keep a record of the evaluation and observation of a patient
31 under the physician's care, including the patient's response to

1 cannabidiol treatment; and

2 (iii) Transmit the record described in subdivision (a)(ii) of this
3 subsection to the department upon request.

4 (b) All medical records received or maintained by the department
5 pursuant to this section are confidential and may not be disclosed to the
6 public.

7 (4) The University of Nebraska Medical Center shall create a risks
8 and benefits form to be signed by the medical provider conducting the
9 cannabidiol trial and by the patient who is to be administered
10 cannabidiol or a parent or legal guardian of the patient if the patient
11 is under nineteen years of age. The risks and benefits form shall
12 document their discussion of the risks and benefits of invasive
13 therapies, including, but not limited to, neurostimulation such as vagus
14 nerve stimulation and responsive neurostimulation and epilepsy surgery,
15 including corpus callosotomy, if indicated. This form shall be completed
16 and on file with the University of Nebraska Medical Center before the
17 patient begins the cannabidiol trial.

18 (5) The University of Nebraska Medical Center shall provide a
19 document to patients who are to be administered cannabidiol or a parent
20 or legal guardian of such patients confirming participation in the
21 Medical Cannabidiol Pilot Study. The document shall include, at a
22 minimum, the patient's name, date of birth, and address, as well as the
23 name and contact information of the patient's medical provider. If the
24 patient is under nineteen years of age, the document shall also include
25 the name, date of birth, and address of the parent or legal guardian of
26 the patient. The document may be provided by the patient to law
27 enforcement agencies in order to verify participation in the pilot study.

28 Sec. 8. (1) The University of Nebraska Medical Center and Nebraska
29 Medicine, when using cannabidiol for research, shall comply with the
30 Uniform Controlled Substances Act regarding possession of controlled
31 substances, record-keeping requirements relative to the dispensing, use,

1 or administration of controlled substances, and inventory requirements,
2 as applicable.

3 (2) The University of Nebraska Medical Center and Nebraska Medicine
4 are authorized to pursue any federal permits or waivers necessary to
5 conduct the activities authorized under sections 5 to 10 of this act.

6 Sec. 9. (1) In a prosecution for the unlawful possession of
7 marijuana under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, it is an
8 affirmative and complete defense to prosecution that:

9 (a) The defendant suffered from intractable seizures and the use or
10 possession of cannabidiol was pursuant to the order of a physician
11 designated as a medical provider under section 7 of this act; or

12 (b) The defendant is the parent or legal guardian of an individual
13 who suffers from intractable seizures and the use or possession of
14 cannabidiol was pursuant to the order of a physician designated as a
15 medical provider under section 7 of this act.

16 (2) An agency of this state or a political subdivision thereof,
17 including any law enforcement agency, may not initiate proceedings to
18 remove a child from a home based solely upon the possession or use of
19 cannabidiol by the child or possession of cannabidiol by a parent or
20 legal guardian for use by the child as authorized under sections 5 to 10
21 of this act.

22 (3) An employee of the state or any division, agency, or institution
23 thereof or any employee of Nebraska Medicine involved in the research,
24 ordering, dispensing, and administration of cannabidiol under sections 5
25 to 10 of this act, including its cultivation and processing, shall not be
26 subject to prosecution for unlawful possession, use, distribution, or
27 dispensing of marijuana under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act for
28 activities arising from or related to the use of cannabidiol in the
29 treatment of individuals diagnosed with intractable seizures or treatment
30 resistant seizures.

31 Sec. 10. The University of Nebraska Medical Center shall submit a

1 report electronically to the chairperson of the Judiciary Committee of
2 the Legislature, the chairperson of the Health and Human Services
3 Committee of the Legislature, and the Clerk of the Legislature on or
4 before September 15, 2016, and each September 15 thereafter, containing
5 the following performance measures:

6 (1) The number of patients enrolled in the Medical Cannabidiol Pilot
7 Study, including the number of patients under nineteen years of age;

8 (2) The number of patients previously enrolled in the pilot study
9 and no longer receiving treatment under the pilot study;

10 (3) Any changes in intractable seizure or treatment resistant
11 seizure frequency and severity;

12 (4) Any relevant or related adverse health outcomes for patients;
13 and

14 (5) A summary of findings concerning appropriate dosing.

15 Sec. 11. (1) A health professional who is authorized to prescribe
16 or dispense naloxone, if acting with reasonable care, may prescribe,
17 administer, or dispense naloxone to any of the following persons without
18 being subject to administrative action or criminal prosecution;

19 (a) A person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to
20 experience an opioid-related overdose; or

21 (b) A family member, friend, or other person in a position to assist
22 a person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to experience an
23 opioid-related overdose.

24 (2) A family member, friend, or other person who is in a position to
25 assist a person who is apparently experiencing or who is likely to
26 experience an opioid-related overdose, other than an emergency responder
27 or peace officer, is not subject to actions under the Uniform
28 Credentialing Act, administrative action, or criminal prosecution if the
29 person, acting in good faith, obtains naloxone from a health professional
30 or a prescription for naloxone from a health professional and administers
31 the naloxone obtained from the health professional or acquired pursuant

1 to the prescription to a person who is apparently experiencing an opioid-
2 related overdose.

3 (3) An emergency responder is not subject to administrative action
4 or criminal prosecution if the emergency responder, acting in good faith,
5 obtains naloxone from the emergency responder's emergency medical service
6 organization and administers the naloxone to a person who is apparently
7 experiencing an opioid-related overdose.

8 (4) A peace officer is not subject to administrative action or
9 criminal prosecution if the peace officer, acting in good faith, obtains
10 naloxone from the peace officer's law enforcement agency and administers
11 the naloxone to a person who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related
12 overdose.

13 (5) For purposes of this section:

14 (a) Administer has the same meaning as in section 38-2806;

15 (b) Dispense has the same meaning as in section 38-2817;

16 (c) Emergency responder means first responder, emergency medical
17 technician, emergency medical technician-intermediate, or emergency
18 medical technician-paramedic licensed under the Emergency Medical
19 Services Practice Act;

20 (d) Health professional means a physician, physician assistant,
21 nurse practitioner, or pharmacist licensed under the Uniform
22 Credentialing Act;

23 (e) Law enforcement agency means police department, a town marshal,
24 the office of sheriff, or the Nebraska State Patrol;

25 (f) Naloxone means naloxone hydrochloride; and

26 (g) Peace officer has the same meaning as in section 49-801.

27 Sec. 12. Section 71-7611, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement,
28 2014, is amended to read:

29 71-7611 (1) The Nebraska Health Care Cash Fund is created. The State
30 Treasurer shall transfer (a) fifty-six million one hundred thousand
31 dollars no later than July 15, 2009, (b) fifty-nine million one hundred

1 thousand dollars on or before July 15, 2010, July 15, 2011, July 15,
2 2012, and July 15, 2013, ~~and~~ (c) sixty million one hundred thousand
3 dollars on or before July 15, 2014, (d) sixty million three hundred fifty
4 thousand dollars on or before July 15, 2015, (e) sixty million three
5 hundred fifty thousand dollars on or before July 15, 2016, (f) sixty
6 million three hundred fifty thousand dollars on or before July 15, 2017,
7 (g) sixty million three hundred fifty thousand dollars on or before July
8 15, 2018, and (h) sixty million one hundred thousand dollars ~~and~~ on or
9 before every July 15 thereafter from the Nebraska Medicaid
10 Intergovernmental Trust Fund and the Nebraska Tobacco Settlement Trust
11 Fund to the Nebraska Health Care Cash Fund, except that such amount shall
12 be reduced by the amount of the unobligated balance in the Nebraska
13 Health Care Cash Fund at the time the transfer is made. The state
14 investment officer upon consultation with the Nebraska Investment Council
15 shall advise the State Treasurer on the amounts to be transferred from
16 the Nebraska Medicaid Intergovernmental Trust Fund and from the Nebraska
17 Tobacco Settlement Trust Fund under this section in order to sustain such
18 transfers in perpetuity. The state investment officer shall report
19 electronically to the Legislature on or before October 1 of every even-
20 numbered year on the sustainability of such transfers. Except as
21 otherwise provided by law, no more than the amount specified in this
22 subsection may be appropriated or transferred from the Nebraska Health
23 Care Cash Fund in any fiscal year.

24 It is the intent of the Legislature that no additional programs are
25 funded through the Nebraska Health Care Cash Fund until funding for all
26 programs with an appropriation from the fund during FY2012-13 are
27 restored to their FY2012-13 levels.

28 (2) Any money in the Nebraska Health Care Cash Fund available for
29 investment shall be invested by the state investment officer pursuant to
30 the Nebraska Capital Expansion Act and the Nebraska State Funds
31 Investment Act.

1 (3) The University of Nebraska and postsecondary educational
2 institutions having colleges of medicine in Nebraska and their affiliated
3 research hospitals in Nebraska, as a condition of receiving any funds
4 appropriated or transferred from the Nebraska Health Care Cash Fund,
5 shall not discriminate against any person on the basis of sexual
6 orientation.

7 Sec. 13. Sections 5 to 10 of this act terminate on October 1, 2019.

8 Sec. 14. Original sections 28-101, 28-401, 28-401.01, 28-405, and
9 71-7611, Revised Statutes Cumulative Supplement, 2014, are repealed.

10 Sec. 15. Since an emergency exists, this act takes effect when
11 passed and approved according to law.