AMENDMENTS TO LB 397

Introduced by Lathrop

1 1. Strike the original sections and all amendments 2 thereto and insert the following new sections: Section 1. Section 48-801, Reissue Revised Statutes of 3 Nebraska, is amended to read: 4 5 48-801 As used in the Industrial Relations Act, unless 6 the context otherwise requires: 7 (1) Person shall include an individual, partnership, limited liability company, association, corporation, business 8 9 trust, or other organized group of persons; 10 (2) Governmental service shall mean all services 11 performed under employment by the State of Nebraska, any political 12 or governmental subdivision thereof, any municipal corporation, or 13 any public power district or public power and irrigation district; 14 (3) Public utility shall include any individual, 15 partnership, limited liability company, association, corporation, 16 business trust, or other organized group of persons, any political 17 or governmental subdivision of the State of Nebraska, any public 18 corporation, or any public power district or public power and 19 irrigation district, which carries on an intrastate business in 20 this state and over which the government of the United States 21 has not assumed exclusive regulation and control, that furnishes 22 transportation for hire, telephone service, telegraph service, 23 electric light, heat and power service, gas for heating or

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1 illuminating, whether natural or artificial, or water service, or
2 any one or more thereof;

3 (4) Employer shall mean the State of Nebraska or any
4 political or governmental subdivision of the State of Nebraska
5 except the Nebraska National Guard or state militia. Employer shall
6 also mean any municipal corporation, any public power district or
7 public power and irrigation district, or any public utility;

8 (5) Employee shall include any person employed by any 9 employer;

10 (6) Labor organization shall mean any organization of any 11 kind or any agency or employee representation committee or plan, in 12 which employees participate and which exists for the purpose, in 13 whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning grievances, 14 labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours of employment, or 15 conditions of work;

16 (7) Industrial dispute shall include any controversy 17 concerning terms, tenure, or conditions of employment, or 18 concerning the association or representation of persons in 19 negotiating, fixing, maintaining, changing, or seeking to arrange 20 terms or conditions of employment, or refusal to discuss terms or 21 conditions of employment;

22 (8) Commission shall mean the Commission of Industrial
23 Relations;

24 (9) Commissioner shall mean a member of the commission;
25 and

26 (10) Supervisor shall mean any employee having authority,
 27 in the interest of the employer, to hire, transfer, suspend, lay

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1 off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward, or discipline 2 other employees, or responsibly to direct them or to adjust 3 their grievances, or effectively to recommend such action, if in 4 connection with the foregoing the exercise of such authority is 5 not a merely routine or clerical nature, but requires the use of 6 independent judgment. 7 (1) Certificated employee has the same meaning as in 8 section 79-824; (2) Commission means the Commission of Industrial 9 10 Relations; 11 (3) Commissioner means a member of the commission; 12 (4) Governmental service means all services performed 13 under employment by the State of Nebraska or any political or 14 governmental subdivision thereof, including public corporations, 15 municipalities, and public utilities; 16 (5) Industrial dispute includes any controversy between 17 public employers and public employees concerning terms, tenure, 18 or conditions of employment; the association or representation of persons in negotiating, fixing, maintaining, changing, or seeking 19 20 to arrange terms or conditions of employment; or refusal to discuss 21 terms or conditions of employment; 22 (6) Instructional employee means an employee of a 23 community college who provides direct instruction to students; 24 (7) Labor organization means any organization of any 25 kind or any agency or employee representation committee or plan, 26 in which public employees participate and which exists for the 27 purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with public employers

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AM1528 AM1528 T.B397 T.B397 DCC-05/19/2011 DCC-05/19/2011 1 concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of pay, hours 2 of employment, or conditions of work; 3 (8) Metropolitan statistical area means a metropolitan 4 statistical area as defined by the United States Office of 5 Management and Budget; 6 (9) Municipality means any city or village in Nebraska; 7 (10) Noncertificated and noninstructional school employee 8 means a school employee who is not a certificated or instructional 9 employee; 10 (11) Public employee includes any person employed by a 11 public employer; 12 (12) Public employer means the State of Nebraska or any 13 political or governmental subdivision of the State of Nebraska except the Nebraska National Guard or state militia; 14 15 (13) Public utility includes any person or governmental 16 entity, including any public corporation, public power district, 17 or public power and irrigation district, which carries on an 18 intrastate business in this state and over which the government 19 of the United States has not assumed exclusive regulation and 20 control, that furnishes transportation for hire, telephone service, 21 telegraph service, electric light, heat, or power service, gas for 22 heating or illuminating, whether natural or artificial, or water 23 service, or any one or more thereof; and 24 (14) Supervisor means any public employee having 25 authority, in the interest of the public employer, to hire, 26 transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, 27 reward, or discipline other public employees, or responsibility

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AM1528 AM1528 LB397 LB397 DCC-05/19/2011 DCC-05/19/2011 to direct them, to adjust their grievances, or effectively to 1 2 recommend such action, if in connection with such action the exercise of such authority is not a merely routine or clerical 3 4 nature but requires the use of independent judgment. 5 Sec. 2. Section 48-801.01, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska, is amended to read: 6 7 48-801.01 Sections 48-801 to 48-838 and sections 11, 12, 8 13, and 16 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the 9 Industrial Relations Act. 10 Sec. 3. Section 48-802, Reissue Revised Statutes of 11 Nebraska, is amended to read: 12 48-802 To make operative the provisions of section 9, Article XV, of the Constitution of Nebraska, the public policy of 13 14 the State of Nebraska is hereby declared to be as follows: 15 (1) The continuous, uninterrupted and proper functioning 16 and operation of the governmental service including governmental 17 service in a proprietary capacity and of public utilities engaged 18 in the business of furnishing transportation for hire, telephone 19 service, telegraph service, electric light, heat, or power service, gas for heating or illuminating, whether natural or artificial, 20 21 or water service, or any one or more of them, to the people of

22 Nebraska are hereby declared to be essential to their welfare, 23 health, and safety. It is contrary to the public policy of 24 the state to permit any substantial impairment or suspension 25 of the operation of governmental service, including governmental 26 service in a proprietary capacity or any such utility by reason 27 of industrial disputes therein. It is the duty of the State

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of Nebraska to exercise all available means and every power at 1 2 its command to prevent the same so as to protect its citizens 3 from any dangers, perils, calamities, or catastrophes which would 4 result therefrom. It is therefor further declared that governmental 5 service, including governmental service in a proprietary capacity, and the service of such public utilities are clothed with a vital 6 7 public interest and to protect the same it is necessary that the 8 relations between the public employers and public employees in such 9 industries be regulated by the State of Nebraska to the extent and 10 in the manner hereinafter provided in the Industrial Relations Act; 11 (2) No right shall exist in any natural or corporate 12 person or group of persons to hinder, delay, limit, or suspend the continuity or efficiency of any governmental service or 13 14 governmental service in a proprietary capacity of this state, 15 either by strike, lockout, or other means; and

16 (3) No right shall exist in any natural or corporate 17 person or group of persons to hinder, delay, limit, or suspend the 18 continuity or efficiency of any public utility service, either by 19 strike, lockout, or other means.

Sec. 4. Section 48-804, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

48-804 (1) The Commission of Industrial Relations shall be composed of five commissioners appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislature. The commissioners shall be representative of the public. Each commissioner shall be appointed and hold office for a term of six years and until a successor has qualified. In case of a vacancy, the Governor shall

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1 appoint a successor to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term.

2 (2) Any commissioner may be removed by the Governor for
3 the same causes as a judge of the district court may be removed.

4 (3) The commissioners shall, on July 1 of every 5 odd-numbered year by a majority vote, select one of their number as presiding officer for the next two years, who shall preside at all 6 7 hearings by the commission en banc, and shall assign the work of 8 the commission to the several commissioners and perform such other 9 supervisory duties as the needs of the commission may require. A 10 majority of the commissioners shall constitute a quorum to transact 11 business. The act or decision of any three of the commissioners 12 shall in all cases be deemed the act or decision of the commission. Three commissioners shall preside over and decide all industrial 13 14 disputes.

15 (4) The commission shall not be subject to the
16 Administrative Procedure Act.

Sec. 5. Section 48-809, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

19 48-809 The Commission of Industrial Relations is hereby 20 granted full power to commission may adopt all reasonable and 21 proper regulations to govern its proceedings, the filing of 22 pleadings, the issuance and service of process, and the issuance of 23 subpoenas for attendance of witnesses, the power to may administer 24 oaths, and to may regulate the mode and manner of all its 25 investigations, inspections, hearings, and trials. In Except as 26 otherwise provided in the Industrial Relations Act or the State 27 Employees Collective Bargaining Act, in the taking of evidence,

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the rules of evidence, prevailing in the trial of civil cases
 in Nebraska, shall be observed by the Commission of Industrial
 Relations. commission.

Sec. 6. Section 48-811, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

6 48-811 Except as provided in the State Employees 7 Collective Bargaining Act, any public employer, public employee, or 8 labor organization, or the Attorney General of Nebraska on his or 9 her own initiative or by order of the Governor, when any industrial 10 dispute exists between parties as set forth in section 48-810, 11 may file a petition with the Commission of Industrial Relations 12 commission invoking its jurisdiction. No adverse action by threat 13 or harassment shall be taken against any public employee because of 14 any petition filing by such employee, and the employment status of 15 such employee shall not be altered in any way pending disposition 16 of the petition by the commission.

17 If a change in the employment status or in wages or 18 terms and conditions of employment is necessary, a motion by either 19 party or by the parties jointly may be presented to the commission at that time and if the commission finds, based on a showing of 20 21 evidence at a hearing thereon, that the requested change is both 22 reasonable and necessary to serve an important public interest and 23 that the employer has not considered a change in the employment 24 status, wages, or terms and conditions of employment as a policy 25 alternative on an equal basis with other policy alternatives 26 to achieve budgetary savings, the commission may order that the 27 requested change be allowed pending final resolution of the pending

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1 <u>industrial dispute.</u>

Sec. 7. Section 48-813, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

4 48-813 (1) Whenever the jurisdiction of the Commission of 5 Industrial Relations commission is invoked, notice of the pendency 6 of the proceedings shall be given in such manner as the commission 7 shall provide for serving a copy of the petition and notice of 8 filing upon the adverse party. An A public employer or labor 9 organization may be served by sending a copy of the petition filed 10 to institute the proceedings and a notice of filing, which shall 11 show the filing date, in the manner provided for service of a 12 summons in a civil action. Such employer or labor organization 13 shall have twenty days after receipt of the petition and notice of 14 filing in which to serve and file its response.

15 (2) The petitioner shall include its final offer, as voted by the petitioner, the governing body, or the bargaining 16 17 unit or as considered pursuant to a ratification process, with its 18 petition. The respondent shall include its final offer, as voted 19 by the petitioner, the governing body, or the bargaining unit or 20 as considered pursuant to a ratification process, with its answer. 21 Within fourteen days after filing of the answer, the parties shall 22 vote to accept or reject or consider pursuant to a ratification 23 process the other's final offer. The vote concerning the governing body's final offer shall be published on its agenda and held where 24 25 the public may attend. The commission shall not enter a final 26 order on wages or conditions of employment unless both parties have rejected the others' final offer. 27

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1 (2) (3) When a petition is filed to resolve an industrial 2 dispute, a hearing shall mandatorily be held within sixty days from the date of filing thereof. A recommended decision and order in 3 4 cases arising under section 48-818, an order in cases not arising 5 under section 48-818, and findings if required, shall mandatorily be made and entered thereon within thirty days after such hearing. 6 7 The time requirements specified in this section may be extended 8 for good cause shown on the record or by agreement of the parties. 9 Failure to meet such mandatory time requirements shall not deprive 10 the commission of jurisdiction. However, if the commission fails to hold a hearing on the industrial dispute within sixty days of 11 12 filing or has failed to make a recommended decision and order, and findings of fact if required, in cases arising under section 13 14 48-818, or an order, and findings of fact if required, in cases 15 not arising under section 48-818, and findings, within thirty days after the hearing and good cause is not shown on the record or 16 17 the parties to the dispute have not jointly stipulated to the 18 enlargement of the time limit, then either party may file an action 19 for mandamus in the district court for Lancaster County to require the commission to hold the hearing or to render its order and 20 21 findings if required. For purposes of this section, the hearing 22 on an industrial dispute shall not be deemed completed until the 23 record is prepared and counsel briefs have been submitted, if such are required by the commission. 24

25 (3) (4) Any party, including the State of Nebraska or any
26 of its employer-representatives as defined in section 81-1371 or
27 any political subdivision of the State of Nebraska, may waive such

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notice and may enter a voluntary appearance in any matter in the
 Commission of Industrial Relations. commission. The giving of such
 notice in such manner shall subject the <u>public</u> employers, the labor
 organizations, and the persons therein to the jurisdiction of the
 Commission of Industrial Relations. commission.

6 Sec. 8. Section 48-816, Reissue Revised Statutes of
7 Nebraska, is amended to read:

8 48-816 (1) (a) After a petition has been filed under 9 section 48-811, the clerk shall immediately notify the commission 10 which shall promptly take such preliminary proceedings as may be 11 necessary to ensure prompt hearing and speedy adjudication of the 12 industrial dispute. The commission shall have power and authority may, upon its own initiative or upon request of a party to the 13 14 dispute, to make such temporary findings and orders as may be 15 necessary to preserve and protect the status of the parties, 16 property, and public interest involved pending final determination 17 of the issues. In the event of an industrial dispute between an a 18 public employer and an a public employee or a labor organization 19 when such public employer and public employee or labor organization 20 have failed or refused to bargain in good faith concerning the 21 matters in dispute, the commission may order such bargaining to 22 begin or resume, as the case may be, and may make any such order 23 or orders as may be appropriate to govern the situation pending 24 such bargaining. The commission shall require good faith bargaining 25 concerning the terms and conditions of employment of its employees 26 by any public employer. Upon the request of either party, the 27 commission shall require the parties to an industrial dispute to

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1 submit to mediation or factfinding. Upon Before July 1, 2012, upon 2 the request of both parties, a special master may be appointed if 3 the parties are within the provisions of section 48-811.02. On and 4 after July 1, 2012, upon the request of either party, a resolution 5 officer may be appointed if the parties are within the provisions 6 of section 11 of this act. The commission shall appoint mediators, 7 factfinders, or special masters before July 1, 2012, special 8 masters and on and after such date resolution officers for such 9 purpose. Such orders for bargaining, mediation, factfinding, or a 10 special master before July 1, 2012, a special master proceeding 11 and on and after such date a resolution officer proceeding may be 12 issued at any time during the pendency of an action to resolve 13 an industrial dispute. To bargain in good faith shall mean means 14 the performance of the mutual obligation of the public employer 15 and the labor organization to meet at reasonable times and confer 16 in good faith with respect to wages, hours, and other terms and 17 conditions of employment or any question arising thereunder and the 18 execution of a written contract incorporating any agreement reached 19 if requested by either party, but such obligation does not compel 20 either party to agree to a proposal or require the making of a 21 concession.

22 (b) In negotiations between a municipality, municipally 23 owned utility, or county and a labor organization, staffing related 24 to issues of safety shall be mandatory subjects of bargaining 25 and staffing relating to scheduling work, such as daily staffing, 26 staffing by rank, and overall staffing requirements, shall be 27 permissive subjects of bargaining.

1 (2) Except as provided in the State Employees Collective 2 Bargaining Act, public employers are hereby authorized to may 3 recognize employee organizations for the purpose of negotiating collectively in the determination of and administration of 4 5 grievances arising under the terms and conditions of employment of 6 their public employees as provided in the Industrial Relations Act 7 and to may negotiate and enter into written agreements with such employee organizations in determining such terms and conditions of 8 9 employment.

10 (3)(a) Except as provided in subdivisions (b) and (c) of 11 this subsection, a supervisor shall not be included in a single 12 bargaining unit with any other <u>public</u> employee who is not a 13 supervisor.

14 (b) All firefighters and police officers employed in the 15 fire department or police department of any municipal corporation 16 municipality in a position or classification subordinate to the 17 chief of the department and his or her immediate assistant or assistants holding authority subordinate only to the chief shall 18 19 be presumed to have a community of interest and may be included 20 in a single bargaining unit represented by an a public employee organization for the purposes of the Industrial Relations Act. 21 22 Public employers shall be required to recognize an a public 23 employees bargaining unit composed of firefighters and police 24 officers holding positions or classifications subordinate to the 25 chief of the fire department or police department and his or her 26 immediate assistant or assistants holding authority subordinate 27 only to the chief when such bargaining unit is designated or

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1 elected by <u>public</u> employees in the unit.

2 (c) All administrators employed by a Class V school district shall be presumed to have a community of interest 3 4 and may join a single bargaining unit composed otherwise of 5 teachers and other certificated employees for purposes of the Industrial Relations Act, except that the following administrators 6 7 shall be exempt: The superintendent, associate superintendent, 8 assistant superintendent, secretary and assistant secretary of the 9 board of education, executive director, administrators in charge 10 of the offices of state and federal relations and research, 11 chief negotiator, and administrators in the immediate office of 12 the superintendent. A Class V school district shall recognize an a public employees bargaining unit composed of teachers and 13 14 other certificated employees and administrators, except the exempt 15 administrators, when such bargaining unit is formed by the public 16 employees as provided in section 48-838 and may recognize such 17 a bargaining unit as provided in subsection (2) of this section. 18 In addition, all administrators employed by a Class V school 19 district, except the exempt administrators, may form a separate 20 bargaining unit represented either by the same bargaining agent 21 for all collective-bargaining purposes as the teachers and other 22 certificated employees or by another collective-bargaining agent 23 of such administrators' choice. If a separate bargaining unit is 24 formed by election as provided in section 48-838, a Class V school 25 district shall recognize the bargaining unit and its agent for all 26 purposes of collective bargaining. Such separate bargaining unit 27 may also be recognized by a Class V school district as provided in

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1 subsection (2) of this section.

2 (4) When an a public employee organization has been 3 certified as an exclusive collective-bargaining agent or recognized pursuant to any other provisions of the Industrial Relations Act, 4 5 the appropriate public employer shall be and is hereby authorized 6 to negotiate collectively with such public employee organization in 7 the settlement of grievances arising under the terms and conditions 8 of employment of the public employees as provided in such act and 9 to negotiate and enter into written agreements with such public 10 employee organizations in determining such terms and conditions of 11 employment, including wages and hours.

12 (5) Upon receipt by an <u>a public employer</u> of a request 13 from a labor organization to bargain on behalf of <u>public employees</u>, 14 the duty to engage in good faith bargaining shall arise if 15 the labor organization has been certified by the commission or 16 recognized by the <u>public employer</u> as the exclusive bargaining 17 representative for the <u>public employees</u> in that bargaining unit.

(6) A party to an action filed with the commission 18 19 may request the commission to send survey forms or data request 20 forms. The requesting party shall prepare its own survey forms or data request forms and shall provide the commission the names 21 22 and addresses of the entities to whom the documents shall be 23 sent, not to exceed twenty addresses in any case. All costs 24 resulting directly from the reproduction of such survey or data 25 request forms and the cost of mailing such forms shall be taxed 26 by the commission to the requesting party. The commission shall 27 have the authority may (a) to make studies and analyses of and

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act as a clearinghouse of information relating to conditions 1 2 of employment of public employees throughout the state, (b) to request from any government, and such governments are authorized 3 4 to provide, such assistance, services, and data as will enable it 5 properly to carry out its functions and powers, (c) to conduct studies of problems involved in representation and negotiation, 6 7 including, but not limited to, those subjects which are for 8 determination solely by the appropriate legislative body, and 9 make recommendations from time to time for legislation based 10 upon the results of such studies, (d) to make available to 11 public employee organizations, governments, mediators, factfinding 12 boards and joint study committees established by governments, and 13 public employee organizations statistical data relating to wages, 14 benefits, and employment practices in public and private employment 15 applicable to various localities and occupations to assist them 16 to resolve complex issues in negotiations, and (e) to establish, 17 after consulting representatives of public employee organizations and administrators of public services, panels of qualified persons 18 19 broadly representative of the public to be available to serve as 20 mediators, special masters, before July 1, 2012, special masters 21 and on and after such date resolution officers, or members of 22 factfinding boards.

(7) (a) Except for those cases arising under section 48-818, the commission shall be required to make findings of facts in all cases in which one of the parties to the dispute requests findings. Such request shall be specific as to the issues on which the party wishes the commission to make findings of fact.

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1 (b) In cases arising under section 48-818, findings of 2 fact shall not be required of the commission unless both parties to 3 the dispute stipulate to the request and to the specific issues on 4 which findings of fact are to be made.

5 (c) If findings of fact are requested under subdivision 6 (a) or (b) of this subsection, the commission may require the 7 parties making the request to submit proposed findings of fact 8 to the commission on the issues on which findings of facts are 9 requested.

10 (d) In cases arising under section 48-818, the commission 11 shall issue a recommended decision and order, which decision and 12 order shall become final within ten twenty-five days of entry unless either party to the dispute files with the commission a 13 14 request for a posttrial conference. If such a request is filed, 15 the commission shall hold a posttrial conference within ten days 16 of receipt of such request and shall issue an order within ten 17 days after holding such posttrial conference, which order shall become the final order in the case. The purpose of such posttrial 18 19 conference shall be to allow the commission to hear from the parties on those portions of the recommended decision and order 20 21 which is not based upon or which mischaracterizes evidence in the 22 record and to allow the commission to correct any such errors 23 after having heard the matter in a conference setting in which all 24 parties are represented.

Sec. 9. Section 48-817, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

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48-817 After the hearing and any investigation, the

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commission shall make all findings, findings of fact, recommended 1 2 decisions and orders, and decisions and orders in writing, which findings, findings of fact, recommended decisions and orders, 3 4 and decisions and orders shall be entered of record. Except as 5 provided in the State Employees Collective Bargaining Act, the final decision and order or orders shall be in effect from and 6 7 after the date therein fixed by the commission, but no such order 8 or orders shall be retroactive except as provided otherwise in the 9 Industrial Relations Act. In Except as provided otherwise in the 10 Industrial Relations Act, in the making of any findings or orders in connection with any such industrial dispute, the commission 11 12 shall give no consideration to any evidence or information which 13 it may obtain through an investigation or otherwise receive, 14 except matters of which the district court might take judicial 15 notice, unless such evidence or information is presented and made a part of the record in a hearing and opportunity is given, 16 17 after reasonable notice to all parties to the controversy of the initiation of any investigation and the specific contents of 18 19 the evidence or information obtained or received, to rebut such evidence or information either by cross-examination or testimony. 20

Sec. 10. Section 48-818, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

23 48-818 (1) Except as provided in the State Employees
24 Collective Bargaining Act, the findings and order or orders
25 may establish or alter the scale of wages, hours of labor, or
26 conditions of employment, or any one or more of the same. In making
27 such findings and order or orders, the Commission of Industrial

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1 Relations commission shall establish rates of pay and conditions of 2 employment which are comparable to the prevalent wage rates paid 3 and conditions of employment maintained for the same or similar 4 work of workers exhibiting like or similar skills under the same 5 or similar working conditions. In establishing wage rates the commission shall take into consideration the overall compensation 6 7 presently received by the employees, having regard not only to 8 wages for time actually worked but also to wages for time not 9 worked, including vacations, holidays, and other excused time, and 10 all benefits received, including insurance and pensions, and the 11 continuity and stability of employment enjoyed by the employees. 12 Any order or orders entered may be modified on the commission's own motion or on application by any of the parties affected, but only 13 14 upon a showing of a change in the conditions from those prevailing 15 at the time the original order was entered.

16 (2) For purposes of industrial disputes involving public 17 employers other than school districts, educational service units, 18 and community colleges with their certificated and instructional 19 employees and public employers subject to the State Employees 20 Collective Bargaining Act:

(a) Job matches shall be sufficient for comparison if (i) evidence supports at least a seventy percent match based on a composite of the duties and time spent performing those duties and (ii) at least three job matches per classification are available for comparison. If three job matches are not available, the commission shall base its order on the historic relationship of wages paid to such position over the last three fiscal years, for

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1	which data is available, as compared to wages paid to a position
2	for which a minimum of three job matches are available;
3	(b) The commission shall adhere to the following criteria
4	when establishing an array:
5	(i) Geographically proximate public employers and
6	Nebraska public employers are preferable for comparison;
7	(ii) The preferred size of an array is seven to nine
8	members. As few as five members may be chosen if all array
9	members are Nebraska employers. The commission shall include
10	members mutually agreed to by the parties in the array;
11	(iii) If more than nine employers with job matches are
12	available, the commission shall limit the array to nine members,
13	based upon selecting array members with the highest number of job
14	matches at the highest job match percentage;
15	(iv) Nothing in subdivision (2)(b) of this section shall
16	prevent parties from stipulating to an array member that does not
17	otherwise meet the criteria in such subdivision, and nothing in
18	such subdivision shall prevent parties from stipulating to less
19	than seven or more than nine array members;
20	(v) The commission shall not require a balanced number
21	of larger or smaller employers or a balanced number of Nebraska or
22	out-of-state employers;
23	(vi) If the array includes a public employer in
24	a metropolitan statistical area other than the metropolitan
25	statistical area in which the employer before the commission
26	is located, only one public employer from such metropolitan
27	statistical area may be included in the array;

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1 (vii) Arrays for public utilities shall include both 2 public and privately owned utilities. Public utilities that produce radioactive material and energy pursuant to section 70-627.02 3 4 shall have at least four members in its array that produce 5 radioactive material and energy when employees directly involved 6 in this production are included in the bargaining unit. For public 7 utilities that generate, transmit, and distribute power, the array 8 shall include members that also perform these functions. For a 9 public utility serving a city of the primary class the array shall 10 only include public power districts in Nebraska that generate, 11 transmit, and distribute power and any out-of-state utilities whose 12 number of meters served is not more than double or less than 13 one-half of the number of meters served by the public utility 14 serving a city of the primary class unless evidence establishes 15 that there are substantial differences which cause the work or 16 conditions of employment to be dissimilar; 17 (viii) In constructing an array for a public utility,

18 <u>the commission shall use fifty-mile concentric circles until it</u> 19 <u>reaches the optimum array pursuant to subdivision (2)(b)(ii) of</u> 20 <u>this section; and</u>

21 (ix) For a statewide public utility that provides service 22 to a majority of the counties in Nebraska, any Nebraska public or 23 private job match may be used without regard to the population or 24 full-time equivalent employment requirements of this section, and 25 any out-of-state job match may be used if the full-time equivalent 26 employment of the out-of-state employer is no more than double and 27 no less than one-half of the full time equivalent employment of the

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1 bargaining unit of the statewide public utility in question;

2 (c) In determining same or similar working conditions,
3 the commission shall adhere to the following:

4 <u>(i) Public employers in Nebraska shall be presumed</u> 5 <u>to provide same or similar working conditions unless evidence</u> 6 <u>establishes that there are substantial differences which cause the</u> 7 work or conditions of employment to be dissimilar;

8 (ii) Public employers shall be presumed to provide the 9 same or similar working conditions if (A) for public employers 10 that are counties or municipalities, the population of such public 11 employer is not more than double or less than one-half of the 12 population of the public employer before the commission, unless 13 evidence establishes that there are substantial differences which 14 cause the work or conditions of employment to be dissimilar, (B) 15 for public employers that are public utilities, the number of 16 such public employer's employees is not more than double or less 17 than one-half of the number of employees of the public employer 18 before the commission, unless evidence establishes that there are 19 substantial differences which cause the work or conditions of employment to be dissimilar, or (C) for public employers that are 20 21 school districts, educational service units, or community colleges 22 with noncertificated and noninstructional school employees, the 23 student enrollment of such public employer is not more than double or less than one-half of the student enrollment of the 24 25 public employer before the commission, unless evidence establishes 26 that there are substantial differences which cause the work or 27 conditions of employment to be dissimilar;

1 (iii) (A) Public employers located within a metropolitan 2 statistical area who meet the population requirements of subdivision (2) (c) (ii) (A) of this section, if the public employer 3 4 is a county or municipality, or the student enrollment requirements 5 of subdivision (2)(c)(ii)(C) of this section, if the public 6 employer is a school district or an educational service unit, shall 7 be presumed to provide the same or similar working conditions 8 if the metropolitan statistical area population in which they 9 are located is not more than double or less than one-half the 10 metropolitan statistical area population of the public employer 11 before the commission, unless evidence establishes that there are 12 substantial differences which cause the work or conditions of 13 employment to be dissimilar.

14 (B) The presumption created by subdivision (2)(c)(iii)(A) 15 of this section may be overcome in situations where evidence establishes that there are substantial similarities which cause 16 17 the work or conditions of employment to be similar, allowing the commission to consider public employers located within a 18 metropolitan statistical area even if the metropolitan statistical 19 20 area population in which that employer or employers are located is 21 more than double or less than one-half the metropolitan statistical 22 area population of the public employer before the commission. 23 The burden of establishing sufficient similarity is on the party 24 seeking to include a public employer pursuant to this subdivision; 25 and

26 (iv) Public employers other than public utilities which
27 are not located within a metropolitan statistical area shall not be

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1 <u>compared to public employers located in a metropolitan statistical</u>
2 <u>area. For purposes of this subdivision, metropolitan statistical</u>
3 <u>area includes municipalities with populations of fifty thousand</u>
4 inhabitants or more;

5 (d) Prevalent shall be determined as follows: (i) For 6 numeric values, prevalent shall be the midpoint between the 7 arithmetic mean and the arithmetic median as long as a majority 8 of the array members provide the benefit; and (ii) for nonnumeric 9 comparisons, prevalent shall be the mode that the majority of the 10 array members provide if the compared-to benefit is similar in 11 nature. If there is no clear mode, the benefit or working condition 12 shall remain unaltered by the commission;

13 (e) For any out-of-state employer, the parties may 14 present economic variable evidence and the commission shall 15 determine what, if any, adjustment is to be made if such evidence 16 is presented. The commission shall not require that any such 17 economic variable evidence be shown to directly impact the wages or 18 benefits paid to employees by such out-of-state employer;

19 <u>(f) In determining total or overall compensation, the</u> 20 <u>commission shall value every economic item even if the year in</u> 21 <u>question has expired. The commission shall require that all wage</u> 22 <u>and benefit levels be leveled over the twelve-month period in</u> 23 <u>dispute to account for increases or decreases which occur in the</u> 24 <u>wage or benefit levels provided by any array member during such</u> 25 <u>twelve-month period;</u>

26 (g) In cases filed pursuant to this subsection (2) of 27 this section, the commission shall not be bound by the usual

common law or statutory rules of evidence or by any technical 1 2 or formal rules of procedure, other than those adopted by rule pursuant to section 48-809. The commission shall receive evidence 3 4 relating to array selection, job match, and wages and benefits 5 which have been assembled by telephone, electronic transmission, 6 or mail delivery and any such evidence shall be accompanied by 7 an affidavit from the employer or any other person with personal 8 knowledge which affidavit shall demonstrate the affiant's personal 9 knowledge and competency to testify on the matters thereon. The 10 commission, with the consent of the parties to the dispute, and 11 in the presence of the parties to the dispute, may contact an 12 individual employed by an employer under consideration as an array 13 member by telephone to inquire as to the nature or value of a 14 working condition, wage, or benefit provided by that particular 15 employer as long as the individual in question has personal 16 knowledge about the information being sought. The commission may 17 rely upon information gained in such inquiry for its decision. 18 Opinion testimony shall be received by the commission based upon 19 evidence provided in accordance with this subdivision. Testimony concerning job match shall be received if job match inquiries were 20 21 conducted by telephone, electronic transmission, or mail delivery 22 if the witness providing such testimony verifies the method of such 23 job match inquiry and analysis;

(h) In determining the value of defined benefit and
 defined contribution retirement plans and health insurance plans or
 health benefit plans, the commission shall use an hourly rate value
 calculation as follows:

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1 (i) Once the array has been chosen, each array member and 2 the public employer of the subject bargaining unit shall provide a 3 copy of its most recent defined benefit pension actuarial valuation 4 report. Each array member and the public employer of the subject 5 bargaining unit shall provide the most recent copy of its health 6 insurance plans or health benefit plans, covering the preceding 7 twelve-month period, with associated employer and employee costs, 8 to the parties and the commission. Each array member shall also 9 provide information concerning premium equivalent payments and 10 contributions for health savings accounts. Each array member and 11 the public employer of the subject bargaining unit shall indicate 12 which plans are most used. The plans that are most used shall be 13 used for comparison;

14 (ii) Once the actuarial valuation reports are received, 15 the parties shall have thirty calendar days to determine whether to have the pensions actuarially valued at an hourly rate value 16 17 other than equal. The hourly rate value for defined benefit plans 18 shall be presumed to be equal to that of the array selected 19 unless one or both of the parties presents evidence establishing that the actuarially derived annual normal cost of the pension 20 21 benefit for each job classification in the subject bargaining 22 unit is above or below the midpoint of the average normal cost. 23 Consistent methods and assumptions are to be applied to determine 24 the annual normal cost of any defined benefit pension plan of the 25 subject bargaining unit and each array member. For this purpose, 26 the entry age normal actuarial cost method is recommended. The 27 actuarial assumptions that are selected for this purpose should

1 reflect expectations for a defined benefit pension plan maintained 2 for the employees of the subject bargaining unit and acknowledge 3 the eligibility and benefit provisions for each respective defined 4 benefit pension plan. In this regard, different eligibility and 5 benefit provisions may suggest different retirement or termination 6 of employment assumptions. The methods and assumptions shall be 7 attested to by an actuary holding a current membership with the 8 American Academy of Actuaries. Any party who requests or presents 9 evidence regarding actuarial valuation of a defined benefit plan 10 shall be responsible for costs associated with such valuation and 11 testimony. The actuarial valuation is presumed valid, unless a 12 party presents competent actuarial evidence that the valuation is 13 invalid; (iii) The hourly rate value for defined contribution 14 15 plans shall be established upon comparison of employer 16 contributions; 17 (iv) The hourly rate value for health insurance plans or health benefit plans shall be established based upon the 18 public employer's premium payments, premium equivalent payments, 19 20 and public employer and public employee contributions to health 21 savings accounts; 22 (v) The commission shall not compare defined benefit 23 plans to defined contribution plans or defined contribution plans

24 to defined benefit plans; and

25 (vi) The commission shall order increases or decreases
26 in wage rates by job classification based upon the hourly rate
27 value for health-related benefits, benefits provided for retirement

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1 plans, and wages; 2 (i) For benefits other than defined benefit and defined 3 contribution retirement plans and health insurance plans or health 4 benefit plans, the commission shall issue an order based upon a 5 determination of prevalency as determined under subdivision (2)(d) 6 of this section; and 7 (j) The commission shall issue an order regarding 8 increases or decreases in base wage rates or benefits as follows: 9 (i) The order shall be retroactive with respect to 10 increases and decreases to the beginning of the bargaining year in 11 dispute; 12 (ii) The commission shall determine whether the subject 13 bargaining unit's hourly rate value falls within a ninety-eight 14 percent to one hundred two percent range of the array's midpoint. 15 If the hourly rate value falls within the ninety-eight percent to 16 one hundred two percent range, the commission shall order no change 17 in wage rates. If the hourly rate value is less than ninety-eight 18 percent of the midpoint, the commission shall enter an order 19 increasing wage rates to ninety-eight percent of the midpoint. If 20 the hourly rate value is more than one hundred two percent of the 21 midpoint, the commission shall enter an order decreasing wage rates 22 to one hundred two percent of the midpoint. If the hourly rate 23 value is more than one hundred seven percent of the midpoint, the 24 commission shall enter an order reducing wage rates to one hundred 25 two percent of the midpoint in three equal annual reductions. 26 If the hourly rate value is less than ninety-three percent of 27 the midpoint, the commission shall enter an order increasing wage

rates to ninety-eight percent of the midpoint in three equal 1 2 annual increases. If the commission finds that the year in dispute occurred during a time of recession, the applicable range will be 3 4 ninety-five percent to one hundred two percent. For purposes of 5 this subdivision (2) (j) of this section, recession occurrence means 6 the two quarters immediately preceding the effective date of the 7 contract term in which net state sales and use tax, individual 8 income tax, and corporate income tax receipts are less than the 9 same quarters for the prior year. Each of these receipts shall 10 be rate and base adjusted for state law changes. The Department 11 of Revenue shall report and publish such receipts on a quarterly 12 basis;

13 (iii) The parties shall have twenty-five calendar days to 14 negotiate modifications to wages and benefits. If no agreement is 15 reached, the commission's order shall be followed as issued; and 16 (iv) The commission shall provide an offset to the public 17 employer when a lump-sum payment is due because benefits were paid 18 in excess of the prevalent as determined under subdivision (2)(d) 19 of this section or when benefits were paid below the prevalent as 20 so determined but wages were above prevalent.

Sec. 11. (1) The Legislature finds that it is in the public's interest that collective bargaining involving school districts, educational service units, and community colleges and their certificated and instructional employees commence and conclude in a timely fashion consistent with school district budgeting and financing requirements. To that end, the timelines in this section shall apply when the public employer is a school

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1 district, educational service unit, or community college.

(2) On or before September 1 of the year preceding 2 3 the contract year in question, the certificated and instructional 4 employees' collective bargaining agent shall request recognition 5 as bargaining agent. The governing board shall respond to such 6 request not later than the following October 1. A request for 7 recognition need not be filed if the certificated and instructional 8 employees' bargaining agent has been certified by the commission as 9 the exclusive collective-bargaining agent. On or before November 1 10 of the year preceding the contract year in question, negotiations 11 shall begin. There shall be no fewer than four negotiations 12 meetings between the certificated and instructional employees' 13 collective-bargaining agent and the governing board's bargaining 14 agent. Either party may seek a bargaining order pursuant to 15 subsection (1) of section 48-816 at any stage in the negotiations. 16 If an agreement is not reached on or before the following February 17 8, the parties shall submit to mandatory mediation or factfinding 18 as ordered by the commission pursuant to sections 48-811 and 48-816 19 unless the parties mutually agree in writing to forgo mandatory 20 mediation or factfinding.

21 (3) (a) The mediator or factfinder as ordered by the
22 commission under subsection (2) of this section shall be a
23 resolution officer. The commission shall provide the parties with
24 the names of five individuals qualified to serve as the resolution
25 officer. If the parties cannot agree on an individual, each party
26 shall alternately strike names. The remaining individual shall
27 serve as the resolution officer.

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1	(b) The resolution officer may:
2	(i) Determine whether the issues are ready for
3	adjudication;
4	(ii) Identify for resolution terms and conditions of
5	employment that are in dispute and which were negotiated in good
6	faith but upon which no agreement was reached;
7	(iii) Accept stipulations;
8	(iv) Schedule hearings;
9	(v) Prescribe rules of conduct for conferences;
10	(vi) Order additional mediation if necessary;
11	(vii) Take any other action which may aid in resolution
12	of the industrial dispute; and
13	(viii) Consult with a party ex parte only with the
14	concurrence of all parties.
15	(c) The resolution officer shall choose the most
16	reasonable final offer on each issue in dispute. In making such
17	choice, he or she shall consider factors relevant to collective
18	bargaining between public employers and public employees, including
19	comparable rates of pay and conditions of employment as described
20	in subsection (1) of section 48-818. The resolution officer shall
21	not apply strict rules of evidence. Persons who are not attorneys
22	may present cases to the resolution officer.
23	(d) If either party to a resolution officer proceeding
24	is dissatisfied with the resolution officer's decision, such party
25	shall have the right to file an action with the commission seeking
26	a determination of terms and conditions of employment pursuant to
27	subsection (1) of section 48-818. Such action shall not constitute

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1 an appeal of the resolution officer's decision, but rather shall be 2 heard by the commission as an action brought pursuant to subsection 3 (1) of section 48-818. The commission shall resolve, pursuant to 4 the mandates of such section, all of the issues identified by 5 either party and which were recognized by the resolution officer 6 as an industrial dispute. If parties have not filed with the 7 commission pursuant to subsection (6) of this section, the decision 8 of the resolution officer shall be deemed final and binding.

9 <u>(4) For purposes of this section, issue means broad</u> 10 <u>subjects of negotiation which are presented to the resolution</u> 11 <u>officer pursuant to this section. All aspects of wages are a single</u> 12 <u>issue, all aspects of insurance are a single issue, and all other</u> 13 <u>subjects of negotiations classified in broad categories are single</u> 14 <u>issues.</u>

15 (5) On or before March 25 of the contract year in 16 question or within twenty-five days after the certification of the 17 amounts to be distributed to each local system and each school 18 district pursuant to the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities 19 Support Act as provided in section 79-1022, whichever occurs last 20 in time, negotiations, mediation, and factfinding shall end.

21 (6) If an agreement for the contract year in question has 22 not been achieved on or before the date for negotiation, mediation, 23 or factfinding to end in subsection (5) of this section, either 24 party may, within fourteen days after such date, file a petition 25 with the commission pursuant to sections 48-811 and subsection 26 (1) of 48-818 to resolve the industrial dispute for the contract 27 year in question. The commission shall render a decision on such

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AM1528 AM1528 T.B397 T.B397 DCC-05/19/2011 DCC-05/19/2011 1 industrial dispute on or before September 15 of the contract year 2 in question. 3 (7) Any existing collective-bargaining agreement will 4 continue in full force and effect until superseded by further 5 agreement of the parties or by an order of the commission. The 6 parties may continue to negotiate unresolved issues by mutual 7 agreement while the matter is pending with the commission. 8 (8) All collective-bargaining agreements shall be written 9 and executed by representatives of the governing board and 10 representatives of the certificated and instructional employees' 11 bargaining unit. The agreement shall contain at a minimum the 12 following: 13 (a) A salary schedule or objective method of determining 14 salaries; 15 (b) A description of benefits being provided or agreed upon including a specific level of coverage provided in any group 16 17 insurance plan, a dollar amount, or percentage of premiums to be paid, and by whom; and 18 19 (c) A provision that the existing agreement will continue 20 until replaced by a successor agreement or as amended by a final 21 order of the commission. 22 Sec. 12. When determining total compensation pursuant to 23 subsection (1) of section 48-818 for a school district, educational 24 service unit, or community college with their certificated 25 and instructional employees, the commission shall consider the 26 employer's contribution to retirement plans and health insurance

27 premiums, premium equivalent payments, or cash equivalent payments

2 <u>contributions</u>, associated with providing such benefits.

3 Sec. 13. When establishing wage rates pursuant to 4 subsection (1) of section 48-818 for a school district, educational 5 service unit, or community college with their certificated and 6 instructional employees, the commission shall determine whether 7 the subject bargaining unit's total compensation falls within 8 a ninety-eight percent to one hundred two percent range of 9 the array's midpoint. If the total compensation falls within 10 the ninety-eight percent to one hundred two percent range, the 11 commission shall order no change in wage rates. If the total 12 compensation is less than ninety-eight percent of the midpoint, 13 the commission shall enter an order increasing wage rates to 14 ninety-eight percent of the midpoint. If the total compensation is 15 more than one hundred two percent of the midpoint, the commission 16 shall enter an order decreasing wage rates to one hundred two 17 percent of the midpoint. If the total compensation is more 18 than one hundred seven percent of the midpoint, the commission 19 shall enter an order reducing wage rates to one hundred two percent of the midpoint in three equal annual reductions. If 20 21 the total compensation is less than ninety-three percent of the 22 midpoint, the commission shall enter an order increasing wage rates to ninety-eight percent of the midpoint in three equal 23 24 annual increases. If the commission finds that the year in dispute 25 occurred during a time of recession, the applicable range will 26 be ninety-five percent to one hundred two percent. For purposes 27 of this section, recession occurrence means the two quarters

immediately preceding the effective date of the contract term in
which net state sales and use tax, individual income tax, and
corporate income tax receipts are less than the same quarters for
the prior year. Each of these receipts shall be rate and base
adjusted for state law changes. The Department of Revenue shall
report and publish such receipts on a quarterly basis.

7 Sec. 14. Section 48-824, Reissue Revised Statutes of
8 Nebraska, is amended to read:

9 48-824 (1) It is a prohibited practice for any <u>public</u> 10 employer, <u>public</u> employee, <u>public</u> employee organization, or 11 collective-bargaining agent to refuse to negotiate in good faith 12 with respect to mandatory topics of bargaining.

13 (2) It is a prohibited practice for any <u>public</u> employer
14 or the public employer's negotiator to:

(a) Interfere with, restrain, or coerce employees in the
exercise of rights granted by the Industrial Relations Act;

17 (b) Dominate or interfere in the administration of any18 public employee organization;

(c) Encourage or discourage membership in any <u>public</u>
employee organization, committee, or association by discrimination
in hiring, tenure, or other terms or conditions of employment;

(d) Discharge or discriminate against an <u>a public</u> employee because the employee has filed an affidavit, petition, or complaint or given any information or testimony under the Industrial Relations Act or because the <u>public</u> employee has formed, joined, or chosen to be represented by any <u>public</u> employee organization;

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(e) Refuse to negotiate collectively with representatives
 of collective-bargaining agents as required by the Industrial
 Relations Act;

4 (f) Deny the rights accompanying certification or 5 recognition granted by the Industrial Relations Act; and

6 (g) Refuse to participate in good faith in any impasse 7 procedures for <u>public</u> employees as set forth in the Industrial 8 Relations Act.

9 (3) It is a prohibited practice for any <u>public</u> employee,
10 <u>public</u> employee organization, or bargaining unit or for any
11 representative or collective-bargaining agent to:

12 (a) Interfere with, restrain, coerce, or harass any
13 <u>public</u> employee with respect to any of the <u>public</u> employee's rights
14 granted by the Industrial Relations Act;

(b) Interfere with, restrain, or coerce an <u>a public</u>
employer with respect to rights granted by the Industrial Relations
Act or with respect to selecting a representative for the purposes
of negotiating collectively on the adjustment of grievances;

19 (c) Refuse to bargain collectively with an <u>a public</u>
20 employer as required by the Industrial Relations Act; and

(d) Refuse to participate in good faith in any impasse
procedures for <u>public</u> employees as set forth in the Industrial
Relations Act.

(4) The expressing of any view, argument, or opinion, or
the dissemination thereof, whether in written, printed, graphic, or
visual form, is not evidence of any unfair labor practice under
any of the provisions of the Industrial Relations Act if such

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expression contains no threat of reprisal or force or promise of
 benefit.

3 Sec. 15. Section 48-838, Reissue Revised Statutes of
4 Nebraska, is amended to read:

5 48-838 (1) The commission shall determine questions of representation for purposes of collective bargaining for 6 7 and on behalf of public employees and shall make rules and 8 regulations for the conduct of elections to determine the exclusive 9 collective-bargaining agent for public employees, except that 10 in no event shall a contract between an a public employer and 11 an exclusive collective-bargaining agent act as a bar for more 12 than three years to any other party seeking to represent public employees, nor shall any contract bar for more than three years 13 14 a petition by public employees seeking an election to revoke the 15 authority of an agent to represent them. Except as provided in the 16 State Employees Collective Bargaining Act, the commission shall 17 certify the exclusive collective-bargaining agent for employees 18 affected by the Industrial Relations Act following an election by 19 secret ballot, which election shall be conducted according to rules 20 and regulations established by the commission.

(2) The election shall be conducted by one member of the commission who shall be designated to act in such capacity by the presiding officer of the commission, or the commission may appoint the clerk of the district court of the county in which the principal office of the <u>public</u> employer is located to conduct the election in accordance with the rules and regulations established by the commission. Except as provided in the State

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Employees Collective Bargaining Act, the commission shall also 1 2 determine the appropriate unit for bargaining and for voting in the election, and in making such determination, the commission shall 3 4 consider established bargaining units and established policies 5 of the public employer. It shall be presumed, in the case of governmental subdivisions such as municipalities, counties, 6 7 power districts, or utility districts with no previous history of 8 collective bargaining, that units of public employees of less than 9 departmental size shall not be appropriate.

10 (3) Except as provided in the State Employees Collective 11 Bargaining Act, the commission shall not order an election until 12 it has determined that at least thirty percent of the employees in 13 an appropriate unit have requested in writing that the commission 14 hold such an election. Such request in writing by an employee may 15 be in any form in which an employee specifically either requests 16 an election or authorizes the employee organization to represent 17 him or her in bargaining, or otherwise evidences a desire that an election be conducted. Such request of an employee shall not become 18 19 a matter of public record. No election shall be ordered in one unit 20 more than once a year.

(4) Except as provided in the State Employees Collective Bargaining Act, the commission shall only certify an exclusive collective-bargaining agent if a majority of the employees voting in the election vote for the agent. A certified exclusive collective-bargaining agent shall represent all employees in the appropriate unit with respect to wages, hours, and conditions of employment, except that such right of exclusive recognition shall

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not preclude any employee, regardless of whether or not he or she
 is a member of a labor organization, from bringing matters to the
 attention of his or her superior or other appropriate officials.

4 Any employee may choose his or her own representative 5 in any grievance or legal action regardless of whether or not an exclusive collective-bargaining agent has been certified. If an 6 7 employee who is not a member of the labor organization chooses 8 to have legal representation from the labor organization in any grievance or legal action, such employee shall reimburse the labor 9 10 organization for his or her pro rata share of the actual legal fees 11 and court costs incurred by the labor organization in representing 12 the employee in such grievance or legal action.

The certification of an exclusive collective-bargaining 13 14 agent shall not preclude any public employer from consulting with 15 lawful religious, social, fraternal, or other similar associations 16 on general matters affecting public employees so long as such 17 contracts do not assume the character of formal negotiations in regard to wages, hours, and conditions of employment. Such 18 19 consultations shall not alter any collective-bargaining agreement 20 which may be in effect.

21 Sec. 16. <u>Changes made to the Industrial Relations Act</u> 22 by this legislative bill shall apply to petitions filed with the 23 <u>commission on or after October 1, 2011, except for petitions</u> 24 filed involving school districts, educational service units, 25 <u>and community colleges with their certificated and instructional</u> 26 <u>employees for which such changes shall apply on or after July 1,</u> 27 <u>2012.</u>

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Sec. 17. Section 79-852, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 Nebraska, is amended to read:

3 79-852 The collective-bargaining agreement of the school 4 district or districts forming the unified system or reorganized 5 school district with the largest number of teacher employees shall continue in full force and effect and govern all teachers in the 6 7 unified system or reorganized school district until replaced by 8 a successor agreement, and the teachers employed by the unified 9 system or reorganized school district and previously employed by 10 the school districts involved in the formation of the unified 11 system or reorganized school district shall automatically be 12 included in that bargaining unit but no certificated public school employee shall be compelled to join any organization 13 14 or association. If only one collective-bargaining agreement is 15 in effect in the school districts which are a part of the 16 unification or reorganization, that collective-bargaining agreement 17 shall continue in full force and effect until replaced by a successor agreement and the teachers employed by the other school 18 19 districts involved in the unification or reorganization shall automatically be included in that bargaining unit. For purposes of 20 21 the Industrial Relations Act, the unified system shall be deemed an 22 a public employer as defined in section 48-801.

Sec. 18. Section 79-2116, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

25 79-2116 Terms and conditions of employment of school
26 employees providing services for an elementary learning center
27 shall be established by the negotiated agreement of the learning

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community employing such school employees to provide services. 1 For certificated employees as defined in subdivision (1) of 2 3 section 79-824, the learning community shall be deemed to be 4 an a public employer as defined in subdivision (4) of section 5 48-801. Compensation paid to school employees for services provided to a learning community shall be subject to the School Employees 6 7 Retirement Act unless such employee is employed by a Class V school 8 district, in which case compensation paid such school employee 9 shall be subject to the Class V School Employees Retirement Act. 10 Sec. 19. Section 81-1369, Reissue Revised Statutes of 11 Nebraska, is amended to read: 12 81-1369 Sections 81-1369 to 81-1390 81-1388 shall be known and may be cited as the State Employees Collective Bargaining 13 14 Act.

Sec. 20. Section 81-1371, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

17 81-1371 For purposes of the State Employees Collective
18 Bargaining Act, unless the context otherwise requires:

19 (1) Chief Negotiator shall mean the Chief Negotiator 20 of the Division of Employee Relations of the Department of 21 Administrative Services;

(2) Commission shall mean the Commission of IndustrialRelations;

24 (3) Division shall mean the Division of Employee
25 Relations of the Department of Administrative Services;

26 (4) Employee or state employee shall mean any employee of
27 the State of Nebraska;

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(5) Employer or state employer shall mean the State of
 Nebraska and shall not include any political subdivision thereof;

3 (6) Employer-representative shall (a) for mean 4 negotiations involving employees of the University of Nebraska, 5 the Board of Regents, (b) for negotiations involving employees 6 of the Nebraska state colleges, the Board of Trustees of the 7 Nebraska State Colleges, (c) for negotiations involving employees 8 of other constitutional agencies, the governing officer or body for 9 each such agency, and (d) for negotiations involving other state 10 employees, the Governor;

(7) Grievance shall mean a management action resulting in an injury, injustice, or wrong involving a misinterpretation or misapplication of applicable labor contracts if so agreed to by the appropriate parties;

15 (8) Issue shall mean broad subjects of negotiation which 16 are presented to the Special Master commission pursuant to section 17 81-1382. All aspects of wages shall be a single issue, all aspects of insurance shall be a single issue, and all other subjects of 18 19 negotiations classified in broad categories shall be single issues; 20 (9) Mandatory topic or topics of bargaining shall mean those subjects of negotiation on which employers must negotiate 21 22 pursuant to the Industrial Relations Act, including terms and 23 conditions of employment which may otherwise be provided by law for 24 state employees, except when specifically prohibited by law from 25 being a subject of bargaining; and

(10) Meet-and-confer rights shall mean the rights of
 employees to discuss wages, hours, and other terms and conditions

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of employment with the appropriate employer-representative but 1 2 shall not require either party to enter into a written agreement. Employees afforded meet-and-confer rights shall not be entitled to 3 4 utilize the impasse resolution procedures provided in the State 5 Employees Collective Bargaining Act or to file a petition with the commission invoking its jurisdiction as provided in the Industrial 6 7 Relations Act for the purpose of obtaining an order or orders 8 under section 48-818. Meet-and-confer rights shall not apply to any 9 bargaining unit other than a supervisory unit. + and

10 (11) Special Master shall mean a factfinder chosen
11 pursuant to section 81-1380.

Sec. 21. Section 81-1372, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

14 81-1372 The State Employees Collective Bargaining Act 15 shall be deemed cumulative controlling for state employees and 16 state employers covered by such act and is supplementary to 17 the Industrial Relations Act except when otherwise specifically 18 provided or when inconsistent with the Industrial Relations Act, 19 in which case the State Employees Collective Bargaining Act shall 20 prevail.

21 The State Nebraska, its employees, of employee 22 organizations, and exclusive collective-bargaining agents 23 have all and responsibilities shall the rights afforded 24 employers, employees, employee organizations, and exclusive 25 collective-bargaining agents pursuant to the Industrial Relations 26 Act to the extent that such act is not inconsistent with the State 27 Employees Collective Bargaining Act.

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Sec. 22. Section 81-1373, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 Nebraska, is amended to read:

81-1373 (1) For the purpose of implementing the state 3 4 employees' right to organize for the purpose of collective 5 bargaining, there are hereby created twelve bargaining units for all state agencies except the University of Nebraska, the 6 7 Nebraska state colleges, and other constitutional offices. The 8 units shall consist of state employees whose job classifications 9 are occupationally and functionally related and who share a 10 community of interest. The bargaining units shall be:

(a) Maintenance, Trades, and Technical, which unit is
composed of generally recognized blue collar and technical classes,
including highway maintenance workers, carpenters, plumbers,
electricians, print shop workers, auto mechanics, engineering aides
and associates, and similar classes;

16 (b) Administrative Support, which unit is composed of 17 clerical and administrative nonprofessional classes, including 18 typists, secretaries, accounting clerks, computer operators, office 19 service personnel, and similar classes;

20 (c) Health and Human Care Nonprofessional, which unit is
21 composed of institutional care classes, including nursing aides,
22 psychiatric aides, therapy aides, and similar classes;

(d) Social Services and Counseling, which unit is
composed of generally professional-level workers providing services
and benefits to eligible persons. Classes shall include job
service personnel, income maintenance personnel, social workers,
counselors, and similar classes;

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(e) Administrative Professional, which unit is composed
 of professional employees with general business responsibilities,
 including accountants, buyers, personnel specialists, data
 processing personnel, and similar classes;

5 (f) Protective Service, which unit is composed of
6 institutional security personnel, including correctional officers,
7 building security guards, and similar classes;

8 (q) Law Enforcement, which unit is composed of employees 9 holding powers of arrest, including Nebraska State Patrol officers 10 and sergeants, conservation officers, fire marshal personnel, and 11 similar classes. Sergeants, investigators, and patrol officers 12 employed by the Nebraska State Patrol as authorized in section 81-2004 shall be presumed to have a community of interest with each 13 14 other and shall be included in this bargaining unit notwithstanding 15 any other provision of law which may allow for the contrary;

(h) Health and Human Care Professional, which unit
is composed of community health, nutrition, and health service
professional employees, including nurses, doctors, psychologists,
pharmacists, dietitians, licensed therapists, and similar classes;

(i) Examining, Inspection, and Licensing, which unit
is composed of employees empowered to review certain public and
business activities, including driver-licensing personnel, revenue
agents, bank and insurance examiners who remain in the State
Personnel System under sections 8-105 and 44-119, various public
health and protection inspectors, and similar classes;

(j) Engineering, Science, and Resources, which unit
 is composed of specialized professional scientific occupations,

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2 geologists and surveyors, and similar classes;

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3 (k) Teachers, which unit is composed of employees
4 required to be licensed or certified as a teacher; and

5 (1) Supervisory, which unit is composed of employees who6 are supervisors as defined in section 48-801.

7 All employees who are excluded from bargaining units 8 pursuant to the Industrial Relations Act, all employees of the 9 personnel division of the Department of Administrative Services, 10 and all employees of the Division of Employee Relations of the 11 Department of Administrative Services shall be excluded from any 12 bargaining unit of state employees.

13 (2) Any employee organization, including one which 14 represents other state employees, may be certified or recognized 15 as provided in the Industrial Relations Act as the exclusive 16 collective-bargaining agent for a supervisory unit, except that 17 such unit shall not have full collective-bargaining rights but 18 shall be afforded only meet-and-confer rights.

19 (3) It is the intent of the Legislature that professional 20 and managerial employee classifications and office and service employee classifications be grouped in broad occupational units 21 22 for the University of Nebraska and the Nebraska state colleges 23 established on a university-wide or college-system-wide basis, 24 including all campuses within the system. Any unit entirely composed of supervisory employees of the University of Nebraska or 25 26 the Nebraska state colleges shall be afforded only meet-and-confer 27 rights. Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, the

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<u>The</u> bargaining units for academic, faculty, and teaching employees of the University of Nebraska and the Nebraska state colleges shall continue as they <u>exist</u> <u>existed</u> on April 9, 1987, <u>plus the addition</u> <u>of Kearney State College</u>, and any adjustments thereto or new units therefor shall continue to be determined pursuant to the Industrial Relations Act.

7 (4) Except as provided in subdivision (2)(c) of section 8 85-1,119, when the institution now known as Kearney State College 9 is transferred to the control and management of the Board of 10 Regents of the University of Nebraska, any academic, faculty, and 11 teaching employees of Kearney State College who are included in 12 a bargaining unit and represented by a certified or recognized collective-bargaining agent as of June 30, 1991, shall, on 13 14 and after July 1, 1991, compose a separate bargaining unit of 15 University of Nebraska employees, and such agent shall be entitled 16 to certification by the commission for the new bargaining unit 17 without the necessity of a representation election. Any adjustments 18 to the unit or the representation thereof shall be determined 19 pursuant to the Industrial Relations Act.

20 (5) (4) Other constitutional offices shall continue 21 to subscribe to the procedures for unit determination in the 22 Industrial Relations Act, except that the commission is further 23 directed to determine the bargaining units in such manner as to (a) 24 reduce the effect of overfragmentation of bargaining units on the 25 efficiency of administration and operations of the constitutional 26 office and (b) be consistent with the administrative structure 27 of the constitutional office. Any unit entirely composed of

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supervisory employees of a constitutional office shall be afforded
 only meet-and-confer rights.

3 Sec. 23. Section 81-1375, Reissue Revised Statutes of
4 Nebraska, is amended to read:

5 81-1375 Certified collective-bargaining agents representing bargaining units other than those prescribed in 6 7 section 81-1373 shall not utilize the impasse procedures provided for in sections 81-1380 81-1381 to 81-1385 nor file a petition 8 9 with the commission invoking its jurisdiction as provided in the 10 Industrial Relations Act. but may, for two years from April 9, 11 1987, continue to meet and confer with employer-representatives 12 regarding those employees in such units as long as no other employee organization has been certified as the exclusive 13 14 collective-bargaining agent for such employees pursuant to section 15 81-1374 and may represent individual employees on grievance 16 matters. Parties engaged in the meet-and-confer process shall not 17 be entitled to file any case with the commission to establish any rate of pay or condition of employment, except that if those 18 19 parties which meet and confer during this two-year period do not 20 reach an agreement by June 30 preceding the beginning of the fiscal 21 year, the existing agreement or contract shall be continued until 22 such time as an agreement or contract for the remainder of the 23 fiscal year has been reached.

Sec. 24. Section 81-1378, Reissue Revised Statutes of
 Nebraska, is amended to read:

26 81-1378 (1) The dates indicated in sections 81-1379
27 to 81-1384 shall refer to those dates immediately preceding the

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beginning of the contract period for which negotiations are being
 conducted.

3 (2) When any date provided in sections 81-1379 to 81-1384 4 falls on a Saturday, a Sunday, or any day declared by statutory 5 enactment or proclamations of the Governor to be a holiday, the 6 next following day which is not a Saturday, a Sunday, or a day 7 declared by the enactment or proclamation to be a holiday shall be 8 deemed to be the day indicated by such date.

9 <u>(3) The dates indicated in sections 81-1382 and 81-1383</u> 10 are jurisdictional. Failure of either party to act in a timely 11 manner shall result in a jurisdictional bar for either the 12 commission or Supreme Court.

Sec. 25. Section 81-1379, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

15 81-1379 The Chief Negotiator and any other 16 employer-representative and the exclusive collective-bargaining 17 agent shall commence negotiations on or prior to the second 18 Wednesday in September of the year preceding the beginning of the 19 contract period, except that the first negotiations commenced by any bargaining unit may commence after such September date in 20 21 order to accommodate any unresolved representation proceedings. 22 All negotiations shall be completed on or before March 15 of the 23 following year.

All negotiated agreements shall be in writing and signed by the parties. The authority to enter into the agreed-upon contract shall be vested in the following:

27 (1) For the University of Nebraska, the Board of Regents;

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(2) For the Nebraska state colleges, the Board of
 Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges;

3 (3) For other constitutional offices, the head of such
4 office;

(4) For all other agencies, the Governor; and

6 (5) For the bargaining unit, a majority of those voting 7 on ratification after notice of the contract terms is given and a 8 secret ballot vote has been taken.

9 Nothing in the State Employees Collective Bargaining Act 10 shall be construed to prohibit supplementary bargaining on behalf 11 of employees in part of a bargaining unit concerning matters 12 uniquely affecting such employees or cooperation and coordination of bargaining between two or more bargaining units. Supplementary 13 14 bargaining in regard to employees for whom the Governor is 15 the employer-representative shall be the responsibility of the 16 Chief Negotiator and may be assigned to his or her designated 17 representative.

18 Any agreements entered into pursuant to this section may 19 be adjusted after March 15 only to reflect any order issued by the 20 commission₇ the Court of Appeals₇ or the Supreme Court.

Sec. 26. Section 81-1381, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

23 81-1381 If the parties in labor contract negotiations
24 do not reach a voluntary agreement by January 1, the dispute
25 shall be submitted to a mediator mutually selected by the parties
26 or appointed by the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service.
27 Mediation may continue indefinitely at the request of either party

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or when appropriate in the judgment of the mediator. or Special
 Master. If necessary, mediation may continue after the exchange of
 final offers.

Sec. 27. Section 81-1382, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

6 81-1382 (1) No later than January 10, the parties in 7 labor contract negotiations shall reduce to writing and sign all 8 agreed-upon issues and exchange final offers on each unresolved 9 issue. Final offers may not be amended or modified without the 10 concurrence of the other party.

11 (2) No later than January 15, the parties in labor 12 contract negotiations shall submit all unresolved issues that 13 resulted in impasse to the Special Master. commission. No party 14 shall submit an issue to the commission that was not subject 15 <u>to negotiations.</u> The Special Master <u>commission</u> shall conduct a 16 prehearing conference. He or she <u>and</u> shall have the authority to:

17 (a) Determine whether the issues are ready for18 adjudication;

- 19 (b) Accept stipulations;
- 20 (c) Schedule hearings;

21 (d) Prescribe rules of conduct for the hearings;

22 (e) Order additional mediation if necessary; and

(f) Take any other actions which may aid in the disposalof the action.

The Special Master <u>commission</u> may consult with the parties ex parte only with the concurrence of both parties.

27 (3) The Special Master shall choose the most reasonable

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1 final offer on each issue in dispute. In making such choice, he 2 or she shall consider factors relevant to collective bargaining 3 between public employers and public employees, including comparable 4 rates of pay and conditions of employment as described in section 5 48-818. The Special Master shall not apply strict rules of evidence. Persons who are not attorneys may present cases to 6 7 the Special Master. The Special Master shall issue his or her 8 ruling on or before February 15.

9 Sec. 28. Section 81-1383, Reissue Revised Statutes of
10 Nebraska, is amended to read:

11 81-1383 (1) The Special Master's ruling shall be 12 binding, except that the Chief Negotiator or any other 13 employer-representative or the certified collective-bargaining 14 agent may appeal an adverse ruling on an issue to the commission 15 on or before March 15. No party shall file an appeal after March 16 15. No party shall present an issue to the commission that was 17 not subject to negotiations and ruled upon by the Special Master. 18 There shall be no change in the unresolved issues while the appeal 19 is pending.

20 (2) The commission shall show significant deference to 21 the Special Master's ruling and shall only set the ruling aside 22 upon a finding that the ruling is significantly disparate from 23 prevalent rates of pay or conditions of employment as determined by 24 the commission pursuant to section 48-818. The commission shall not 25 find the Special Master's ruling to be significantly disparate from 26 prevalent rates of pay or conditions of employment in any instance 27 when the prevalent rates of pay or conditions of employment, as

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determined by the commission pursuant to section 48-818, fall
 between the final offers of the parties.

3 (3) If the commission does not defer to the Special 4 Master's ruling, it shall enter an order implementing the final 5 offer on each issue appealed which would result in rates of pay and 6 conditions of employment most comparable with the prevalent rates 7 of pay and conditions of employment determined by it pursuant to 8 section 48-818. Under no circumstances shall the commission enter 9 an order on an issue which does not implement one of the final 10 offers of the parties. Nothing in this section shall prohibit the 11 commission from deferring to the Special Master's ruling if it 12 finds that the ruling would not result in significant disparity 13 with the prevalent rates of pay and conditions of employment as it 14 has determined pursuant to section 48-818.

15 (1) No later than March 1, the commission shall enter an
16 order on each unresolved issue.

17 (2) (a) The commission's order shall establish rates of 18 pay and conditions of employment which are comparable to the 19 prevalent wage rates paid and conditions of employment maintained 20 by peer employers for the same or similar work of workers 21 exhibiting like or similar skills under the same or similar 22 working conditions.

23 (b)(i) In establishing wage rates, the commission shall 24 take into consideration the overall compensation received by the 25 employees at the time of the negotiations, having regard to:

26 (A) Wages for time actually worked;

27 (B) Wages for time not worked, including vacations,

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holidays, and other excused time, and all benefits received,
 including insurance and pensions; and

3 (C) The continuity and stability of employment enjoyed by
4 the employees.

5 (ii) The commission shall determine whether the subject 6 bargaining unit's total compensation falls within a ninety-eight 7 percent to one hundred two percent range of the array's midpoint. 8 If the total compensation falls within the ninety-eight percent 9 to one hundred two percent range, the commission shall order no 10 change in wage rates. If the total compensation is less than 11 ninety-eight percent of the midpoint, the commission shall enter 12 an order increasing wage rates to ninety-eight percent of the 13 midpoint. If the total compensation is more than one hundred 14 two percent of the midpoint, the commission shall enter an order 15 decreasing wage rates to one hundred two percent of the midpoint. 16 If the total compensation is more than one hundred seven percent 17 of the midpoint, the commission shall enter an order reducing 18 wage rates to one hundred two percent of the midpoint in three 19 equal annual reductions. If the total compensation is less than ninety-three percent of the midpoint, the commission shall enter an 20 21 order increasing wage rates to ninety-eight percent of the midpoint 22 in three equal annual increases. If the commission finds that the 23 year in dispute occurred during a time of recession, the applicable 24 range will be ninety-five percent to one hundred two percent. 25 For purposes of this section, recession occurrence means the two 26 quarters immediately preceding the effective date of the contract 27 term in which net state sales and use tax, individual income tax,

AM1528 AM1528 T.B397 T.B397 DCC-05/19/2011 DCC-05/19/2011 1 and corporate income tax receipts are less than the same quarters 2 for the prior year. Each of these receipts shall be rate and base 3 adjusted for state law changes. The Department of Revenue shall 4 report and publish such receipts on a quarterly basis. 5 (c) For purposes of determining peer employer 6 comparability, the following factors shall be used by the 7 commission: 8 (i) Geographic proximity of the employer; 9 (ii) Size of the employer, which shall not be more than 10 twice or less than half, unless evidence establishes that there 11 are substantial differences which cause the work or conditions of 12 employment to be dissimilar; and 13 (iii) The employer's budget for operations and personnel. 14 (d) To determine comparability for employees of the Board 15 of Regents of the University of Nebraska or employees of the Board 16 of Trustees of the Nebraska State Colleges, the commission shall 17 utilize peer institutions with similar enrollments and similar 18 educational missions which may exclude land grant institutions or 19 institutions that have a medical center or hospital. Additionally, 20 the commission shall refer to peer institutions with similar 21 program offerings including the level of degrees offered. 22 (e) Any order or orders entered may be modified on the 23 commission's own motion or on application by any of the parties 24 affected, but only upon a showing of a new and material change in 25 the conditions from those prevailing at the time the original order

26 <u>was entered.</u>

27

(3) In cases filed under the State Employees Collective

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1 Bargaining Act, the commission shall not be bound by the usual 2 common law or statutory rules of evidence or by any technical or 3 formal rules of procedure, other than those adopted pursuant to 4 section 48-809. The commission shall receive evidence relating to 5 array selection, job match, and wages and benefits which have been 6 assembled by telephone, electronic transmission, or mail delivery 7 and any such evidence shall be accompanied by an affidavit from 8 the employer or any other person with personal knowledge which 9 affidavit shall demonstrate the affiant's personal knowledge and 10 competency to testify on the matters therein. The commission, with 11 the consent of the parties to the dispute and in the presence of 12 the parties to the dispute, may contact an individual employed by 13 an employer under consideration as an array member by telephone to 14 inquire as to the nature or value of a working condition, wage, 15 or benefit provided by that particular employer as long as the 16 individual in question has personal knowledge about the information 17 being sought. The commission may rely upon information gained in such inquiry for its decision. Opinion testimony shall be received 18 19 by the commission based upon evidence provided in accordance with 20 this subsection. Testimony concerning job match shall be received 21 if job match inquiries were conducted by telephone, electronic 22 transmission, or mail delivery if the witness providing such testimony verifies the method of such job match inquiry and 23 24 analysis. 25 (4) The commission shall file its findings of fact and

26 <u>conclusions of law with its order.</u>

27 (5) Either party may, within thirty days after the date

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such order is filed, appeal to the Supreme Court. The standard of
 review for any appeal to the Supreme Court shall be as provided in

3 subsection (4) of section 48-825.

4 (4) (6) The commission, the Court of Appeals, or the 5 Supreme Court shall not enter an order for any period which is not 6 the same as or included within the budget period for which the 7 contract is being negotiated.

8 (5) (7) All items agreed upon during the course of 9 negotiations and not subject to appeal submitted as an unresolved 10 issue to the commission shall, when ratified by the parties, 11 take effect concurrent with the biennial budget period and shall 12 constitute the parties' contract. Upon final resolution of appeals of all unresolved items, issues, the parties shall reduce the 13 14 orders of the commission, the Court of Appeals, or the Supreme 15 Court to writing and incorporate them into the contract without 16 ratification.

17 (6) The commission shall complete its deliberations and 18 issue appropriate orders by July 1 or as soon thereafter as is 19 practicable.

20 (7) The commission shall adopt expedited procedures to
 21 assure timely completion of any appeal filed pursuant to the State
 22 Employees Collective Bargaining Act.

Sec. 29. Section 81-1384, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

25 81-1384 (1) On March 16, the Chief Negotiator, any 26 appointed negotiator for the Board of Regents, any appointed 27 negotiator for the Board of Trustees of the Nebraska State

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Colleges, and any appointed negotiator for other constitutional
 offices shall report to the Legislature and the Governor on the
 status of negotiations. The Governor may amend his or her budget
 recommendations accordingly.

5 (2) If the Chief Negotiator advises the Legislature that 6 the state has appealed a Special Master's ruling, the Legislature 7 may by a resolution approved by a three-fifths vote of its 8 members by the conclusion of its regular session direct the Chief 9 Negotiator to withdraw the pending appeal and accept the terms of 10 the Special Master's ruling. This subsection shall not apply to any 11 negotiators appointed by the Board of Regents, Board of Trustees of 12 the Nebraska State Colleges, or other constitutional offices.

Sec. 30. Section 81-1385, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

15 81-1385 (1) If the exclusive collective-bargaining agent 16 appeals an adverse ruling from the Special Master on any or all 17 issues, there shall be no change in the term or condition of 18 employment in effect in that issue or issues during the pendency 19 of the appeal. Orders adjusting the term or condition of employment 20 in an issue or issues shall be effective beginning with final 21 resolution of the appeal or January 1 of the first fiscal year of 22 the contract period, whichever is earlier.

23 (2) If the employer appeals an adverse ruling from the
24 Special Master on any or all issues, there shall be no change in
25 the term or condition of employment in effect in that issue or
26 issues during the pendency of the appeal. Upon final resolution,
27 the commission, Court of Appeals, or Supreme Court shall order

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increases or other changes in a term or condition of employment to
 be concurrent with the biennial budget. Interest shall be paid by
 the state on all withheld wages or insurance premium payments.

4 When an unresolved issue proceeds to the commission, 5 there shall be no change in the term or condition of employment in effect in that issue or issues until the commission has ruled 6 7 and any subsequent appeal to the Supreme Court has been concluded. 8 Orders adjusting the term or condition of employment in an issue 9 or issues shall be effective beginning with final resolution of 10 the appeal. Upon final resolution, the commission or Supreme Court 11 shall order increases or other changes in a term or condition 12 of employment to be concurrent with the biennial budget. Interest 13 shall be paid, at the rate established by section 45-103 which is 14 in effect at the time of the final order, by the state on all 15 withheld wages or insurance premium payments.

16 Sec. 31. Section 81-1386, Reissue Revised Statutes of 17 Nebraska, is amended to read:

18 81-1386 (1) It shall be a prohibited practice for 19 any employer, employee, employee organization, or exclusive 20 collective-bargaining agent to refuse to negotiate in good faith 21 with respect to mandatory topics of bargaining.

(2) It shall be a prohibited practice for any employer orthe employer's negotiator to:

(a) Interfere with, restrain, or coerce state employees
in the exercise of rights granted by the State Employees Collective
Bargaining Act or the Industrial Relations Act;

27 (b) Dominate or interfere in the administration of any

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1 employee organization;

2 (c) Encourage or discourage membership in any employee
3 organization, committee, or association by discrimination in
4 hiring, tenure, or other terms or conditions of employment;

5 (d) Discharge or discriminate against a state employee 6 because the employee has filed an affidavit, petition, or complaint 7 or given any information or testimony under the Industrial 8 Relations Act or the State Employees Collective Bargaining Act 9 or because the employee has formed, joined, or chosen to be 10 represented by any employee organization;

(e) Refuse to negotiate collectively with representatives of exclusive collective-bargaining agents as required in the Industrial Relations Act and the State Employees Collective Bargaining Act;

15 (f) Deny the rights accompanying certification or 16 exclusive recognition granted in the Industrial Relations Act or 17 the State Employees Collective Bargaining Act; and

18 (g) Refuse to participate in good faith in any impasse
19 procedures for state employees as set forth in sections 81-1380
20 <u>81-1381</u> to 81-1385.

(3) It shall be a prohibited practice for any employees,
employee organization, or bargaining unit or for any of their
representatives or exclusive collective-bargaining agents to:

(a) Interfere with, restrain, coerce, or harass any
state employee with respect to any of the employee's rights under
the Industrial Relations Act or the State Employees Collective
Bargaining Act;

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1 (b) Interfere, restrain, or coerce an employer with 2 respect to rights granted in the Industrial Relations Act or 3 the State Employees Collective Bargaining Act or with respect 4 to selecting a representative for the purposes of negotiating 5 collectively on the adjustment of grievances;

6 (c) Refuse to bargain collectively with an employer as 7 required in the Industrial Relations Act or the State Employees 8 Collective Bargaining Act; and

9 (d) Refuse to participate in good faith in any impasse 10 procedures for state employees set forth in sections 81-1380 11 81-1381 to 81-1385.

12 (4) The expressing of any views, argument, or opinion, 13 or the dissemination thereof, whether in written, printed, graphic, 14 or visual form, shall not constitute or be evidence of any unfair 15 labor practice under any of the provisions of the Industrial 16 Relations Act or the State Employees Collective Bargaining Act if 17 such expression contains no threat of reprisal or force or promise 18 of benefit.

Sec. 32. Section 81-1387, Reissue Revised Statutes of
Nebraska, is amended to read:

21 81-1387 (1) Proceedings against a party alleging a 22 violation of section 81-1386 shall be commenced by filing a 23 complaint with the commission within one hundred eighty days of 24 the alleged violation thereby causing a copy of the complaint to 25 be served upon the accused party. The accused party shall have ten 26 days within which to file a written answer to the complaint. If the 27 commission determines that the complaint has no basis in fact, the

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commission may dismiss the complaint. If the complaint has a basis
 in fact, the commission shall set a time for hearing. The parties
 shall be permitted to be represented by counsel, summon witnesses,
 and request the commission to subpoen witnesses on the requester's
 behalf.

6 (2) The commission shall file its findings of fact and 7 conclusions of law. If the commission finds that the party accused 8 has committed a prohibited practice, the commission, within thirty 9 days of its decision, shall order an appropriate remedy. Any party 10 may petition the district court for injunctive relief pursuant to 11 rules of civil procedure.

12 (3) Any party aggrieved by any decision or order of the 13 commission may, within thirty days from the date such decision or 14 order is filed, appeal therefrom to the Court of Appeals. Supreme 15 Court.

16 (4) Any order or decision of the commission may be 17 modified, reversed, or set aside by the appellate court on one or 18 more of the following grounds and on no other:

19 (a) If the commission acts without or in excess of its20 powers;

21 (b) If the order was procured by fraud or is contrary to 22 law;

(c) If the facts found by the commission do not support
the order; and
(d) If the order is not supported by a preponderance of
the competent evidence on the record considered as a whole.
Sec. 33. Sections 11, 12, 13, and 35 of this act become

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operative on July 1, 2012. Section 33 of this act becomes operative
 on its effective date. The other sections of this act become
 operative on October 1, 2011.

Sec. 34. Original sections 48-801, 48-801.01, 48-802, 4 5 48-804, 48-809, 48-811, 48-813, 48-816, 48-817, 48-818, 48-824, 48-838, 79-852, 79-2116, 81-1369, 81-1371, 81-1372, 81-1373, 6 81-1375, 81-1378, 81-1379, 81-1381, 81-1382, 81-1383, 81-1384, 7 81-1385, 81-1386, and 81-1387, Reissue Revised Statutes of 8 Nebraska, are repealed. 9 10 Sec. 35. The following section is outright repealed: 11 Section 48-811.02, Reissue Revised Statutes of Nebraska.

Sec. 36. The following sections are outright repealed:
Sections 81-1374, 81-1380, 81-1389, and 81-1390, Reissue Revised
Statutes of Nebraska.

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