

# CITY OF NORTH PLATTE

## AFFORDABLE HOUSING PLAN

December 19, 2023



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## ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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# CONTENTS

OVERVIEW	1
STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT	3
HOUSING CONDITIONS	5
HOUSING MARKET ASSESSMENT	15
HOUSING CHALLENGES, GOALS AND STRATEGIES	21



# OVERVIEW

This plan is designed to address the requirements of LB 866 - the Municipal Density and Missing Middle Housing Act (Nebraska Statute 19-5501 to 19-5506), This plan will be updated during the development of the city's Comprehensive Plan.

The Missing Middle Act requires cities with populations of 20,000 or more to adopt an affordable housing action plan. The statute requires each plan, at a minimum, to contain the following:

1. Goals for the construction of new affordable housing units, including multi-family housing and middle housing, with specific types and numbers of units, geographic locations, and specific actions to encourage the development of affordable housing, middle housing, and workforce housing;
2. Goals for a percentage of areas in the city zoned for residential use which permit the construction of multi-family housing and middle housing;
3. Plans for the use of federal, state, and local incentives to encourage affordable housing, middle housing, and workforce housing, including the Affordable Housing Trust Fund, the Local Option Municipal Economic Development Act, tax-increment financing, federal community development block grants, density bonuses, and other non-monetary regulatory relief; and
4. Updates to the city's zoning codes, ordinances, and regulations to incentivize affordable housing.

## TERMINOLOGY WITHIN THE PLAN

There are a number of abbreviations and terminology used throughout this plan and the Missing Middle Act.

### Abbreviations

- ADA - Americans With Disability Act
- ADU - Accessory Dwelling Unit
- AMI - Area Median Income (see table below)
- CDBG - Community Development Block Grant
- HUD - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
- SID - Sanitary Improvement District
- TIF - Tax Increment Financing

### Terminology and Definitions

For purposes of the Municipal Density and Missing Middle Housing Act:

- **Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU)** means an interior, attached, or detached residential structure that is used in connection with, or that is an accessory to, a single-family dwelling and is located on the same lot or parcel as such single-family dwelling;
- **Affordable Housing** means residential dwelling units affordable to a household earning not more than eighty percent (80%) of the income limit as set forth by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development under its Income Limits Documentation System, as such limits existed on January 1, 2020, for the county in which the units are located and for a particular

HUD 2020 Income Limits	Persons In Family							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
30% AMI	\$15,450	\$17,650	\$21,720	\$26,200	\$30,680	\$35,160	\$39,640	\$44,120
50% AMI	\$25,750	\$29,400	\$33,100	\$36,750	\$39,700	\$42,650	\$45,600	\$48,550
80% AMI	\$41,200	\$47,050	\$52,950	\$58,800	\$63,550	\$68,250	\$72,950	\$77,650

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household size (the 2020 income limits are listed on page 1 for reference);

- **Cost Burdened Households** are those that pay more than 30% of their income for housing expenses.
- **Cottage Cluster** means a grouping of no fewer than four (4) detached housing units per acre with a footprint of less than nine hundred (900) square feet each and that includes a common courtyard;
- **Density Bonus** means a density increase over the otherwise maximum allowable residential density under a city's zoning codes, ordinances, and regulations;
- **Middle Housing** means:
  - a. Duplexes
  - b. Triplexes
  - c. Quadplexes
  - d. Cottage clusters
  - e. Townhouses
- **Townhouse** means a dwelling unit constructed in a row of two or more attached

units where each dwelling unit is located on an individual lot or parcel and shares at least one common wall with an adjacent unit; and

- **Workforce Housing** means:
  - a. Housing that meets the needs of working families;
  - b. Owner-occupied housing units that have an after-construction appraised value of at least one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars but not more than two hundred seventy-five thousand dollars to construct;
  - c. Owner-occupied housing units for which the cost to substantially rehabilitate exceeds fifty percent of a unit's assessed value;
  - d. Upper-story housing for occupation by a homeowner;
  - e. Housing that does not receive federal or state low-income housing tax credits, community development block grants, HOME funds or funds from the Affordable Housing Trust Fund.



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# STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT



Understanding how the public, developers and other stakeholders perceive the challenges and needs of the North Platte housing market is a key component in developing achievable goals and strategies that are embraced by the community and lead to successful outcomes.

During the initial development of the comprehensive plan, stakeholder interviews were conducted, which included housing developers, non-profit organizations, builders, local officials, Realtors, property investors and residents. The stakeholder input relevant to housing has been incorporated into the affordable housing plan.

This plan will be updated as the city's comprehensive plan is developed and additional stakeholder input is gathered.

The general themes and comments from the initial engagement process are summarized below.

## **FINDING QUALITY, AFFORDABLE HOUSING IS CHALLENGING AND AFFECTS QUALITY OF LIFE**

- The housing market in North Platte is considered tight, which means there is a very low vacancy rate and units are not readily available. In November 2023, the projected rental vacancy rate was 6.07% and the ownership vacancy rate was 0.61%.
- While housing might be available, it is expensive and the quality can be an issue, particularly rental housing.

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- Many developers and builders indicated the costs to construct housing (materials, labor, etc.) make building affordable housing a challenge without public subsidies.

## **A VARIETY OF HOUSING TYPES ARE NEEDED**

- Stakeholders felt there is strong demand for higher-density and "missing middle" housing in North Platte;
- There is strong demand across the entire housing spectrum for new housing, including rental and ownership.
- Accessible housing is a challenge to find, and assisting those residents wanting to age in place should be a priority.

## **ACTIVE MARKET ENGAGEMENT IS CRITICAL TO SOLVE THE HOUSING CHALLENGES**

- Developers felt most housing projects are not feasible without public financing such as TIF.
- As interest rates rise, single-family production may stall due to increased borrowing costs and lessening affordability; allowing builders to respond with alternative housing types such as townhomes, duplex, and triplex products

will be necessary over the next 5 to 10 years.

- Stakeholders felt North Platte was now proactive and less reactive in supporting housing construction.

## **HOUSING IS AN ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND WORKFORCE ISSUE**

- Housing is a major issue affecting talent recruitment and the ability of firms to expand.
- Business leaders expressed concern about future workforce availability, and housing shortages may cause some businesses to relocate.

## **DEVELOPING HOUSING IN NORTH PLATTE CAN BE A CHALLENGE**

- Stakeholders are concerned about the lack of land for sale, or the high costs of such land.
- Excessive public infrastructure and development requirements, such as overly wide streets, add to the cost of housing.

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# HOUSING CONDITIONS



This section examines the existing and projected housing market conditions for North Platte, with a focus on affordable and missing middle housing, at risk households and how North Platte compares to the larger State of Nebraska.

Data used in this study comes from a variety of sources including the U.S. Census Bureau, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Lincoln County Assessor, third-party vendors, and qualitative data from focus group participants.

Ultimately the demand analysis is based on several factors, including:

- Estimated vacancy rates
- Projected population and household change from third-party providers.
- Current structural conditions (structures needing to be replaced or improved)
- Estimated pent up demand

## POPULATION AND HOUSEHOLD TRENDS

Overall, North Platte has seen relatively flat growth over the past two decades, both in population and households. As table 1 illustrates, North Platte grew 3.7% between 2000 and 2010 and declined 5.4% between 2010 and 2020.

The ESRI current estimate and five-year projection anticipate a slight decrease in population and households between 2020 and 2023, and a slight decrease in overall population over the next five years.

While these projections anticipate a growth rate significantly less than historical averages, we do not anticipate North Platte losing population based on current building permit activity. However, significant changes to the economic base of North Platte and Lincoln County over the next five years will likely have an impact on the population and household growth, and ultimately housing demand.



## Current Vacancy Rates

A housing market is considered healthy when the effective vacancy rates are between 5% to 7%. This ensures an adequate product for new housing moving into a community and for existing residents to move into housing that better supports their household needs. A constrained housing market leads to price escalation, potential difficulties in attracting workers to a region, exasperating a tight labor market and hampering economic growth. The lack of available housing may also cause frustration from existing residents who may not find the desired product for their current lifestyle and may choose to leave the community in search of housing that fits their needs.

Conversely, a housing market with high vacancy rates can be problematic for a community. High vacancy rates may place downward pressure on for-sale and rental housing. While lower-cost housing is advantageous for renters and home buyers, it can result in less operating income for rental housing and less ability to borrow against a home's equity, leading to deferred maintenance and improvements.

The 2021 5-year ACS estimates North Platte's overall vacancy rate is 11.4%. However, the 2021 effective vacancy rate was 3.7%. The effective vacancy rate excludes non-full-time housing

units such as seasonal units, migrant housing and "other vacant units." The current (2023) estimated for-sale vacancy rate is 0.61%, and the estimated rental vacancy rate is 6.7%. As a comparison, the Q2 2023 average for-sale vacancy rate was 0.6% and the rental vacancy rate for the Midwest states was 6.9%.

## HOUSING AGE AND CONDITION

The housing stock in North Platte continues to age, and the share of older units is more than the state overall. As each year passes the housing stock ages, and if new units are not placed in service or existing units are not maintained or renovated, neighborhoods can deteriorate, leading to disinvestment and dissatisfaction.

As Table 2 illustrates, the number of housing units by year of construction. Over half of the structures constructed in North Platte were built before 1968, which is older than the overall state. Just over 10% of the housing in North Platte has been constructed in the past two decades.

Table 1. North Platte Population and Households

	Population	% Change	Households	% Change
2000	23,846		9,944	
2010	24,733	3.7%	10,560	6.2%
2020	23,390	-5.4%	10,202	-3.4%
2023*	23,060	-1.4%	10,078	-1.2%
2028*	22,986	-0.3%	10,103	0.2%

Source: U.S. Census, \*ESRI estimates

Table 2. Number of Units by Year Built

	North Platte		State of Nebraska	
	Units	Share	Units	Share
2020 or later	128	1.1%	1,412	0.2%
2010 to 2019	345	3.0%	62,939	7.5%
2000 to 2009	805	7.1%	95,309	11.3%
1990 to 1999	813	7.2%	95,299	11.3%
1980 to 1989	1,085	9.6%	79,856	9.5%
1970 to 1979	2,222	19.6%	132,047	15.7%
1960 to 1969	1,527	13.5%	92,043	10.9%
1950 to 1959	1,764	15.6%	78,353	9.3%
1940 to 1949	798	7.1%	39,443	4.7%
1939 or earlier	1,829	16.2%	164,101	19.5%
Total	11,316		840,802	
Median Year Built	1968		1973	

Source: 2021 ACS, City of North Platte

## HOUSING TYPE

A diverse variety of housing types within a community enables residents to more easily find housing that fits the current needs of their household. North Platte has a more diverse housing stock compared to the overall State of Nebraska. As Table 4 illustrates, approximately 66% of North Platte's housing are single-family detached units, compared to 72% in the overall state.

"Missing middle" units are also better represented in North Platte compared to the overall state. Approximately 11% of North Platte's housing meets the definition of Missing Middle Housing, compared to just under 9% within the entire state.

In addition to a variety of housing types, the diversity of bedrooms is equally important to ensure the housing stock is appropriate for the size of a community's families and households. The mix of bedroom diversity in North Platte is similar to the state overall as illustrated in Table 3.

Table 3. Number of Bedrooms

Bedrooms	North Platte		Nebraska	
	Units	Share	Units	Share
0	463	4.1%	17,445	2.1%
1	1227	11.0%	90,706	10.8%
2	3518	31.4%	212,612	25.3%
3	4042	36.1%	305,356	36.3%
4	1583	14.1%	159,293	18.9%
5 +	355	3.2%	55,390	6.6%
Total:	11,188		840,802	

Table 4. Existing Housing Type

	North Platte		State of Nebraska	
	Units	Share	Units	Share
Single-family, detached	7,366	65.8%	607,101	72.2%
Single-family, attached	506	4.5%	33,467	4.0%
Duplex	576	5.1%	16,113	1.9%
Tri- or Quadplex	186	1.7%	21,018	2.5%
5 to 9	339	3.0%	34,237	4.1%
10 to 19	305	2.7%	39,737	4.7%
20 to 49	218	1.9%	32,615	3.9%
50 or more	665	5.9%	30,068	3.6%
Mobile home	1,027	9.2%	26,242	3.1%
Boat, RV, van, etc.	-	0.0%	204	0.0%
Total	11,188		840,802	

Source: 2021 ACS

## COST BURDEN AND AT-RISK HOUSEHOLDS

Other key factors to examine are those households and residents at risk of entering into a housing crisis, becoming homeless, or due to income constraints not able to maintain their housing. The 2021 ACS poverty rate estimate for North Platte (13.5%) is slightly higher than the overall poverty rate in Nebraska (10.3%). Those residents tend to be the highest risk for homelessness because they are living on the financial edge and may have issues of income, food and housing insecurity.

Table 5 illustrates the number of North Platte residents or households that may be at risk or have challenges finding appropriate housing. An estimated 3,310 households (33.2%) in North Platte contain at least one member with a disability. The disability may be mobility, sensory or cognitive.

As the population ages, the number of households with a person having a disability will likely continue to grow. There will likely be increased demand for additional in-home care and there will be a need to construct or renovate existing housing to be fully accessible or visitable.

A visitable home is one that can be lived in or visited by people who have trouble with steps

or who use wheelchairs or walkers. A house is considered visitable when it meets three basic requirements:

1. One zero-step entrance
2. Doors with 32 inches of clear passage space
3. One bathroom on the main floor accessible by wheelchair.

Efforts should be made to ensure new home construction and publicly funded renovation programs work toward increasing the number of visitable homes in North Platte. The additional cost to make these improvements is small, but will pay large dividends by extending the time a person can age in place and allow mobility-challenged individuals to visit friends and family.

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development defines cost burdened households as those spending more than 30% of their household income on housing costs. Severely cost burdened households are those spending 50% or more of their household income on housing costs. Housing costs include mortgage or rent, and utilities.

As Table 6 illustrates, over 25.8% of North Platte households are cost burdened and an estimated 12.5% are severely cost burdened.

Table 5. At Risk Households

	North Platte	Share
2021 Population Below the Poverty Level	3,080	13.5%
2021 Households with 1+ Persons with a Disability	3,310	33.2%
2021 Population with a Disability	4,142	17.8%
Hearing Difficulty	1,190	5.1%
Vision Difficulty	559	2.4%
Cognitive Difficulty	1,504	6.9%
Ambulatory Difficulty	2,104	9.7%
Self-Care Difficulty	840	3.9%
Independent Living Difficulty	1,267	7.2%

Source: 2021 ACS, ESRI

Table 6. Cost Burdened Households

Cost Burden	Owner Occupied	%	Renter Occupied	%	Total	%
Greater than 30% but less than or equal to 50%	470	7.7%	890	21.9%	1,360	13.3%
Greater than 50%	415	6.8%	855	21.0%	1,270	12.5%
Not Cost Burdened	5,180	84.7%	2,295	56.4%	7,475	73.4%
No Income	55	0.9%	30	0.7%	85	0.8%
Grand Total	6,115	100.0%	4,070	100.0%	10,190	100.0%

Source: 2016-2020 Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS)

## AFFORDABLE RENTAL HOUSING

Communities can have a mismatch, or gap, between the number of units with affordable rents, versus the number of households who can afford those rents without becoming cost burdened. Table 7 estimates the number of renter households living in units that are affordable to their respective household income cohort, compared to the number of units available which are affordable for that household.

The columns are the estimated number of rental units affordable to North Platte households by income range. For example, there are an estimated 785 rental units that are affordable to

households earning less than 30% AMI.

The rows estimate the number of rental households within each income range. For example, there are an estimated 1,065 renter households who earn less than 30% AMI.

Of those 1,065 renter households, only 460 live in units that have rents affordable to those earning less than 30% AMI, 260 live in housing with rents affordable to households making between 30% and 50% AMI, 305 live in housing affordable to households making between 50% and 80% AMI, and 40 live rental housing affordable to households making between more than 80% AMI.

Table 7. Affordable Rental Units by Household Income

Household Income	Occupied Units With Affordable Rents				Total
	Less than 30% AMI	30% AMI to 50% AMI	50% to 80% AMI	Greater than 80% AMI	
Less than 30% AMI	460	260	305	40	1,065
30% AMI to 50% AMI	95	405	280	145	925
50% to 80% AMI	85	650	225	0	960
80% to 100% AMI	40	225	125	0	390
Greater than 100% AMI	105	240	304	95	744
Total	785	1,780	1,239	280	4,084

Source: 2016-2020 Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS)

Taken as a whole, Table 7 illustrates there is a likely a need for approximately 280 units (1,065 - 785) with rents affordable for those who earn less than 30% AMI. Interestingly, an estimated 105 households earning more than 100% AMI are living in units affordable to those earning less than 30% AMI. There is likely demand for step-up rental housing, which could open up lower cost units for low- and moderate-income residents.

## AFFORDABLE OWNERSHIP HOUSING

Similarly to renters, homeowners may be living in homes above or below what they can afford for their household income. Table 8 estimates the number of homeowners living in homes whose prices are affordable to their respective household income cohort.

As the table illustrates, an estimated 3,214 homeowners live in homes estimated to be affordable to households earning less than 50% AMI. Approximately 1,290 of those owners earn more than 100% AMI, or well under what they might be able to afford.

The table also indicates there is likely demand for existing homeowners looking for "step-up" housing that is newer, and with more modern amenities. There are 3,185 households earning more than 100% AMI, and most are living in homes with estimated values that are significantly lower than they can afford.

Table 8. Affordable Ownership Units by Household Income

Household Income	Ownership Units With Affordable Prices				Total
	Less than 50% AMI	50% to 80% AMI	80% to 100% AMI	Greater than 100% AMI	
Less than 30% AMI	184	115	0	85	384
30% AMI to 50% AMI	395	85	15	40	535
50% to 80% AMI	745	115	85	55	1,000
80% to 100% AMI	600	280	80	25	985
Greater than 100% AMI	1,290	1,440	215	240	3,185
Total	3,214	2,035	395	445	6,089

Source: 2016-2020 Comprehensive Housing Affordability Strategy (CHAS)

## EMPLOYMENT AND JOBS

The regional economy has a direct effect on the housing market. Job growth without the corresponding increase in housing units can create upward pressures on the housing market, leading to price inflation and dissatisfaction with the perceived value of neighborhoods. Existing homeowners during these periods of price escalation may see the upward movements of prices as a great return on their investment, while renters may see the opportunities for home ownership out of reach.

In addition, potential new residents may see high housing costs as a reason to look to other communities for employment. Conversely, if there is an economic downturn and a corresponding loss of jobs within the community, there may be downward pressures on the housing market pushing values lower because the demand has lessened. Homeowners may see this as a loss in their equity, while renter households may see this as an opportunity to move into homeownership because they were previously priced out.

Employment and jobs data for this study are derived from the Census Bureau's Local Employment Dynamics (LED) Partnership program. The LED program integrates existing data from state-supplied administrative records on workers and employers with existing censuses, surveys and other administrative records. This data provides insights into where residents within a community work, their earnings, basic demographics and industry sectors. The LED program also provides data on the types of jobs within a community and the characteristics of commuters who fill those jobs.

According to the 2020 LED, which is the most current data, there were 10,745 jobs in North Platte. Between 2012 and 2020, there was a decline of -11.3% in the number of jobs in North Platte. The decline in jobs was likely the result of the COVID-19 pandemic since the majority of job losses were in the retail and services sectors. See Table 10 on the next page.

The top five sectors with the largest growth in jobs between 2012 and 2020 included:

- Healthcare and Social Assistance (293)
- Finance and Insurance (61)
- Transportation (59)
- Arts, Entertainment and Recreation (19)
- Real Estate (15)

The top five sectors with the largest loss in jobs between 2012 and 2020 included:

- Retail Trade (-620)
- Accommodation and Food Service (-384)
- Other Services (-265)
- Professional, Scientific and Technical Services (-125)
- Administration and support (-67)

The number of employed residents remained declined at the same rate as overall jobs during that same period. In 2012, there were an estimated 10,403 employed residents, compared to 9,187 in 2020. Table 9 illustrates the top five North Platte resident employment sectors.

There are significant economic development projects underway in North Platte and we expect the employment numbers will rebound quickly as those businesses come on line, and employment in service sectors rebounds from the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Table 9. Top Five Resident Employment Sectors

	Jobs	Share
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,786	19.4%
Retail Trade	1,312	14.3%
Accommodation and Food Services	1,071	11.7%
Educational Services	739	8.0%
Public Administration	608	6.6%

Source: U.S. Census 2020 LED Program

Table 10. Jobs in North Platte by Industry Sector

	2020		2016		2012		Change 2012-2020	
	Count	Share	Count	Share	Count	Share	Count	%
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	10	0.1%	31	0.3%	46	0.4%	-36	-78.3%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	0	0.0%	30	0.2%	30	0.2%	-30	-100.0%
Utilities	85	0.8%	99	0.8%	92	0.8%	-7	-7.6%
Construction	518	4.8%	682	5.6%	536	4.4%	-18	-3.4%
Manufacturing	171	1.6%	216	1.8%	179	1.5%	-8	-4.5%
Wholesale Trade	370	3.4%	380	3.1%	390	3.2%	-20	-5.1%
Retail Trade	1,647	15.3%	1,908	15.6%	2,267	18.7%	-620	-27.3%
Transportation and Warehousing	691	6.4%	663	5.4%	632	5.2%	59	9.3%
Information	134	1.2%	201	1.6%	182	1.5%	-48	-26.4%
Finance and Insurance	463	4.3%	420	3.4%	402	3.3%	61	15.2%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	128	1.2%	130	1.1%	113	0.9%	15	13.3%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	327	3.0%	385	3.1%	452	3.7%	-125	-27.7%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	35	0.3%	33	0.3%	38	0.3%	-3	-7.9%
Administration & Support, Waste Management and Remediation	204	1.9%	220	1.8%	271	2.2%	-67	-24.7%
Educational Services	721	6.7%	1,038	8.5%	986	8.2%	-265	-26.9%
Health Care and Social Assistance	2,615	24.3%	2,672	21.8%	2,322	19.2%	293	12.6%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	121	1.1%	206	1.7%	102	0.8%	19	18.6%
Accommodation and Food Services	1,287	12.0%	1,697	13.8%	1,671	13.8%	-384	-23.0%
Other Services (excluding Public Administration)	378	3.5%	395	3.2%	540	4.5%	-162	-30.0%
Public Administration	840	7.8%	856	7.0%	846	7.0%	-6	-0.7%
Total	10,745		12,262		12,097		-1,352	-11.2%

Source: U.S. Census 2020 LED Program





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# HOUSING MARKET ASSESSMENT



The demand for additional housing in North Platte is strong, and the need exists for both new ownership and rental housing units. The addition of new housing can be completed through new construction, or the substantial rehabilitation of units not currently on the market.

According to the 2021 5-year ACS, the current estimated rental vacancy rate is 6.70% and the estimated ownership vacancy rate is 0.61%. The overall effective vacancy rate is approximately 3.07%.

The effective vacancy rate is a measure of the actual number of vacant properties that are available for sale or rent. A healthy housing market should have an effective vacancy rate of between 5% and 7%. Below, we discuss the

potential housing demand and production needs to achieve an effective vacancy rate between 5% and 7%.

## NORTH PLATTE DEMAND ANALYSIS

The housing demand for North Platte is determined by four major elements: Current needs, projected household change, pent up demand, and commuter capture.

- 1. Current Needs** are the net number of housing units needed to bring the housing market into a healthy vacancy rate. It is the difference between units needed and existing units that are for-sale or for rent.
- 2. Projected Household Change** is the forecasted change in the number of households in North Platte. The five-year

projection indicates a small increase in housing units are expected.

3. **Commuter Capture** is the potential demand from those commuting into North Platte for work.
4. **Pent-Up Demand** is demand that exists within existing households whose housing situation is less than ideal. Pent-up demand is comprised of three main sources: those who are living in substandard conditions (overcrowding, poor condition, etc. ), cost-burdened households looking for a more affordable housing alternative, and lastly those households who may be looking to "move up" to a more expensive home.
5. **Pipeline Projects** are housing projects that are currently underway or in the final planning stages and likely to move forward in the next 12 - 18 months.

As Table 11 illustrates, over the next five years North Platte's population is expected to remain relatively flat and may decrease to 22,986 persons, within 10,103 households. This is a relatively flat growth prediction when the margin of error is considered and the population may in fact increase slightly.

Based on the current homeownership and rental vacancy rates, and historic absorption rates of new housing units, this population projection may be low, and North Platte might increase in both households and population. However, this growth will likely be extremely modest and economic factors such as company expansion will be a key factor.

While the number of households is projected to increase slightly, the number of vacant units is projected to continue to increase. A rehabilitation incentive program should be an element of the housing strategy to decrease the growing number of vacant structures.

Table 13 illustrates current and projected estimated households by income range. The first two columns are the 2023 HUD Area Median Income ranges and associated incomes. In 2023, 29% of the households earn less than 30% AMI, and 31% earn more than 100% AMI. As the table indicates, much of the household growth will occur in households earning over 100% AMI. However, this can change based on inflationary pressures and changes in wages throughout the area.

Table 11. Current and Projected Housing Units by Tenure

	2020 Census		2023 Estimate		2028 Projection		2023 -2028
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	% Change
Population	23,846		23,060		22,986		-0.3%
Total Housing Units	10,718	100.0%	11,456	100.0%	11,570	100.0%	1.0%
Occupied Units	9,932	92.7%	10,078	88.0%	10,103	87.3%	0.2%
Owner	6,400	64.4%	6,006	59.6%	6,082	60.2%	1.2%
Renter	3,532	35.6%	4,072	40.4%	4,021	39.8%	-1.3%
Vacant Units	786	7.3%	1,378	12.0%	1,467	12.7%	6.1%

Source: ESRI, Census

Table 12. Current Housing Needs

	Current Needs				Current Demand		
	Current Rates	Low vacancy	Average Vacancy	High Vacancy	Low vacancy	Average Vacancy	High Vacancy
Rental Vacancy Rate	6.70%	6%	8%	10%	6%	8%	10%
Ownership Vacancy Rate	0.61%	1.0%	1.5%	2%	1.0%	1.5%	2%
Effective Vacancy Rate	3.07%						
For Sale Units	37	60	90	120	24	54	84
Rental Units	273	244	326	407	-29	53	134
Total Available Units	309	304	416	527	-5	106	218
Effective Vacancy Rate		3%	4%	5%			

Source: ESRI, CPI

Table 12 illustrates the current needs and demand based on existing estimated vacancy rates in North Platte. The rental housing vacancy rate is estimated to be 6.70% and the estimated homeowner vacancy rate is 0.61%.

Based on these rates, at any given time, there are approximately 37 for-sale units and 273 for-rent units available. The Current Needs columns illustrate the number of needed for sale or rental

units to satisfy the current needs by vacancy rate. In other words, it's the number of units that should currently be available in a healthy housing market.

The Current Demand columns illustrate the potential demand, which is calculated as (current needs - current supply). A positive number indicates demand for net new units, and negative number indicates a housing surplus. These needs are based on current vacancy rates.

Table 13. Median Income by Household

Area Median Income Range		Households					
		2023		2028		Change	
0% - 30%	Less than \$30,000	2,903	29%	2,719	27%	-184	
31% - 50%	\$30,001 - \$44,100	1,185	12%	1,047	10%	-138	
51% - 80%	\$44,101 - \$70,550	1,712	17%	1,633	16%	-79	
81% - 100%	\$70,551 - \$87,100	1,137	11%	1,160	11%	23	
101% - 150%	\$87,100 - \$130,650	2,222	22%	2,344	23%	122	
Greater than 150%	Greater than \$130,651	919	9%	1,200	12%	281	
	Total Households	10,078		10,103		25	

Source: ESRI, CPI

## Potential Housing Demand

There is high demand for new housing units in North Platte. Table 14 illustrates the estimated potential housing demand generated through current needs, pent up demand, and potential commuter capture.

There is an estimated potential demand for between 662 and 821 new housing units. Most of this demand is for rental housing, and it is important to note that a significant amount of demand is driven by the ability to attract existing commuters to North Platte.

The demand for additional housing over the next five years is anticipated to grow much more than the current demand, as illustrated in Table 15.

The ESRI population and household projections indicate relatively flat growth, thus the five-year housing demand projections are nearly identical to the current needs. These population projects are likely low given the current vacancy rates and historic growth. The significant growth in housing demand is driven by the anticipated jobs coming to North Platte through Sustainable Beef and other pipeline economic development projects.

Table 14. Current Housing Demand

Effective Ownership Vacancy Rate	Current Demand		
	1.0%	1.5%	2%
New For Sale Units	24	54	84
10% Substandard Ownership Units	3	3	3
5% COMMUTER CAPTURE	119	119	119
"STEP UP" DEMAND	65	65	65
PIPELINE PROJECTS	25	25	25
Potential Ownership Demand	185	150	180
<b>Effective Rental Vacancy Rate</b>			
Effective Rental Vacancy Rate	6%	8%	10%
New Rental Units	-29	53	134
15% Cost Burdened Renters	262	262	262
10% Substandard Rental Units	7	7	7
10% Commuter Capture	238	238	238
Pipeline Projects			
Potential Rental Demand	478	559	641
<b>Total Potential Demand</b>			
Total Potential Demand	662	709	821

Source: CPI

Table 15. Future Demand - 2028

Effective Ownership Vacancy Rate	2028 Demand		
	1.5%	2.0%	2.5%
New For Sale Units	24	55	85
10% Substandard Ownership Units	3	3	3
5% COMMUTER CAPTURE	174	174	174
"STEP UP" DEMAND	65	65	65
PIPELINE PROJECTS	25	25	25
Potential Ownership Demand	240	271	301
<b>Effective Rental Vacancy Rate</b>			
Effective Rental Vacancy Rate	6%	8%	10%
New Rental Units	-32	49	129
15% Cost Burdened Renters	262	262	262
10% Substandard Rental Units	10	10	10
10% Commuter Capture	348	348	348
Pipeline Projects			
Potential Rental Demand	588	668	749
<b>Total Potential Demand</b>			
Total Potential Demand	828	939	1050

Source: CPI

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## Workforce Housing Needs

The previous section discussed the overall housing demand presently and in 2028. This section examines the portion of the demand focused on workforce and affordable housing.

Workforce housing demand is similar to the overall housing demand, but accounts for households in certain income ranges. Pent-up demand is limited to those households earning over 80% AMI. Commuter capture is limited to those workers earning more than \$3,333/month for owner occupied demand, and more than \$1,251/month for rental housing demand.

Table 17 and Table 18 illustrate the potential workforce housing demand. Table 17 is the current demand; while, Table 18 is the anticipated demand in 2028.

The current potential workforce housing demand, ranges from 204 total units to 427 total units. These numbers account for between 30% to 52% of the total housing demand in North Platte.

There are currently 30 housing units within pipeline projects that meet the definition of workforce housing. There is lower demand in the rental side of the housing market.

By 2028, the estimated workforce housing demand is significantly higher. The potential housing demand is heavily influenced by the number of commuters expected when Sustainable Beef and other economic development projects come on-line.

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## Affordable Housing Needs

Affordable housing means residential dwelling units affordable to a household earning not more than eighty percent (80%) of the Area Median Income (AMI). In 2021, there were approximately 4,875 households who met this definition.

As discussed in the previous section, there are a significant number of cost burdened households, particularly rental households, and there is a lack of rental housing affordable for households earning less than 30% AMI.

There are approximately 2,950 renter households earning 80% AMI or less, and there are approximately 3,804 rental units that meet the definition of affordable housing. While there are technically enough affordable units compared to overall households, an estimated 605 extremely low-income households are living in non-affordable units.

The affordable rental housing gap is approximately 280 rental units targeted to those who earn less than 30% AMI. If additional affordable, or "step-up" units were developed, this may free up existing affordable units

Within the ownership market, there are approximately 1,919 homeowner households earning at or below 80% AMI. According to HUD estimates, within North Platte, there are approximately 5,249 occupied ownership units that are considered "affordable".

While technically there is no affordable housing "gap" in the ownership market, many focus group participants raised concerns about ongoing affordability due to high property taxes, and concerns about being able to age in place due to a lack of ADA accessible housing.

Given that nearly 1/3rd of North Platte's households have at least one person with a disability, efforts should be made to encourage accessible or visitable housing in all future developments, particularly those that receive public assistance.

Table 16. Current Workforce Housing Demand

Effective Ownership Vacancy Rate	Net Demand		
	1.0%	1.5%	2%
New For Sale Units	24	54	84
10% Substandard Ownership Units (80% AMI)	3	3	3
5% COMMUTER CAPTURE (earning \$3,333+ / month)	55	55	55
"Step Up" Demand	95	95	95
Pipeline Projects	30	30	30
Total Ownership Demand	146	176	206
<b>Effective Rental Vacancy Rate</b>			
	6%	8%	10%
New Rental Units	-29	53	134
15% Cost Burdened Renters	5	5	5
10% Substandard Rental Units	4	4	4
10% Commuter Capture (earning \$1,251+ / month)	78	78	78
Pipeline Projects	0	0	0
Total Rental Demand	58	140	221
<b>Total Potential Demand</b>			
	204	316	427

Source: CPI

Table 17. Future Workforce Housing Demand

Effective Ownership Vacancy Rate	Net Demand (2028)		
	1.0%	1.5%	2%
New For Sale Units	24	55	85
10% Substandard Ownership Units (80% AMI)	3	3	3
5% COMMUTER CAPTURE (\$3,333+ / month)	55	55	55
"Step Up" Demand	95	95	95
Pipeline Projects	30	30	30
Total Ownership Demand	147	177	208
<b>Effective Rental Vacancy Rate</b>			
	6%	8%	10%
New Rental Units	-32	49	129
15% Cost Burdened Renters	5	5	5
10% Substandard Rental Units	4	4	4
10% Commuter Capture (\$1,251+ / month)	178	178	178
Pipeline Projects	0	0	0
Total Rental Demand	155	236	316
<b>Total Potential Demand</b>			
	302	413	524

Source: CPI

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# HOUSING CHALLENGES, GOALS AND STRATEGIES



## HOUSING CHALLENGES

The housing challenges faced in North Platte are not unique, and are found in one form or another across the Midwest and throughout the country. Housing production has not kept up with demand and most markets are tight which affects economic development, community prosperity and financial security for millions of residents.

Through analysis and focus group discussions, the biggest housing challenges within North Platte include:

- High cost burden for renter households
- Difficulty finding available housing
- Lack of housing type variety
- High development costs

## ZONING FOR MISSING MIDDLE HOUSING

The map on page 22 and table 18 illustrates the major residential zoning districts where "missing middle" housing can be constructed under the current zoning regulations by-right. Approximately 40% of the land in North Platte can currently accommodate missing middle housing.

North Platte should increase the number of districts where missing middle housing is permitted by-right, including in the R-1 and B-1 district, especially in areas with existing public utilities. Expanding missing middle housing to the R-1 district would enable this housing type throughout most of North Platte as illustrated on page 23.



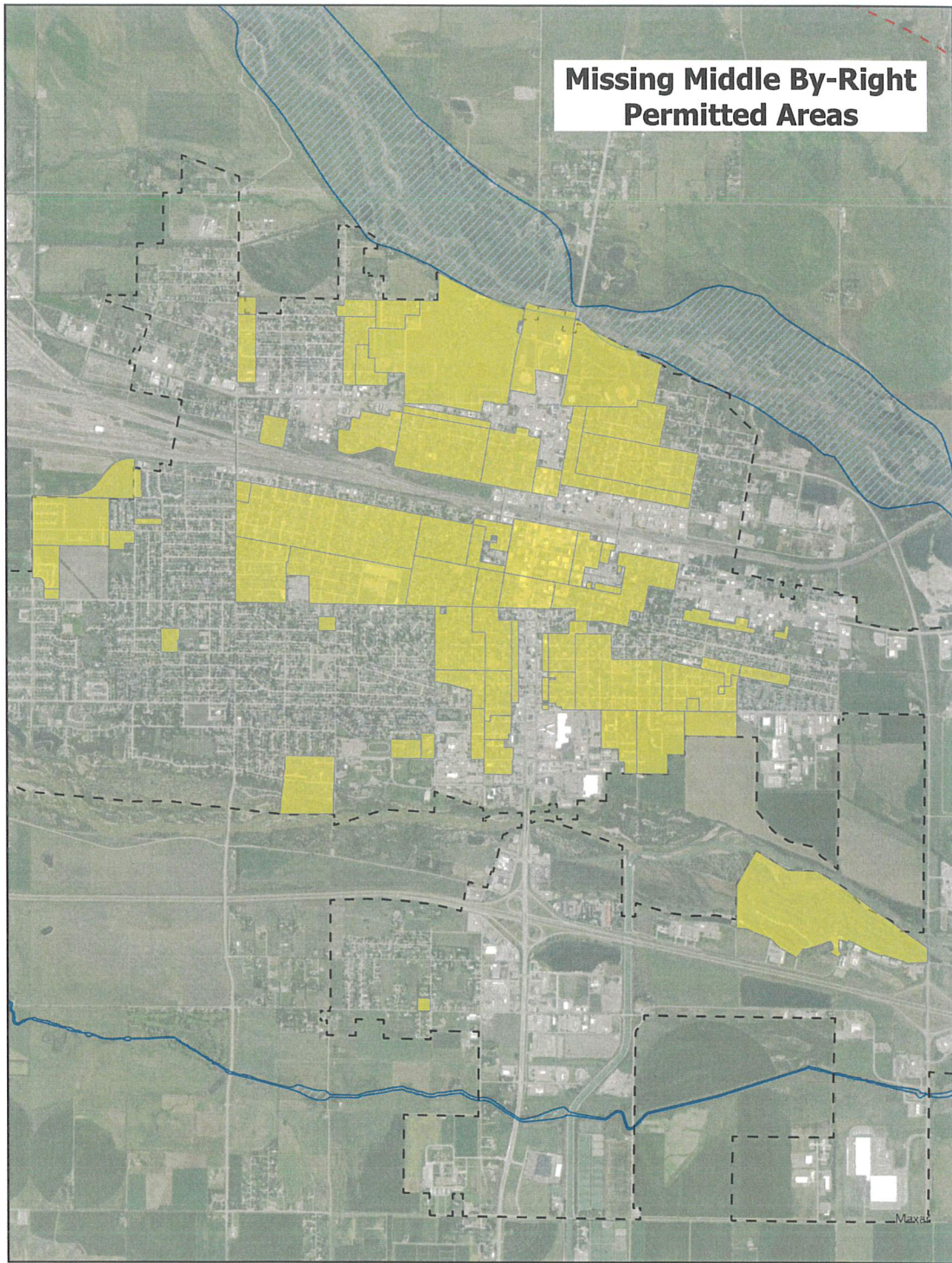
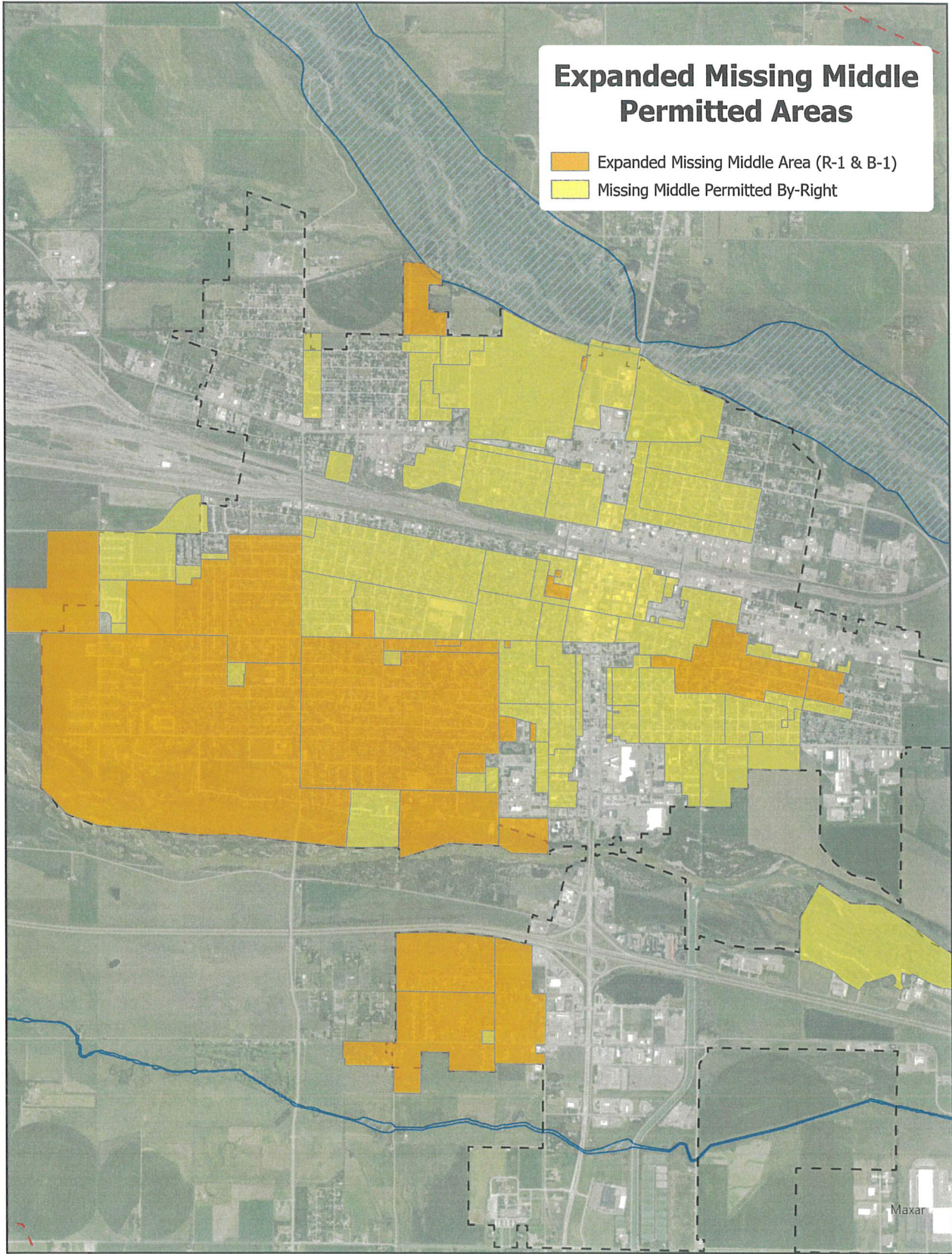


Table 18. Missing Middle Zoned Land

District	District
R-2 Dwelling District	B-T Business Transitional District
R-3 Dwelling District	B-3 Downtown Commercial District
Source: CPI	



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## HOUSING GOALS AND STRATEGIES

The housing challenges North Platte faces are not new and have taken decades to manifest themselves. The strategies outlined in this study should be re-evaluated on a regular basis to ensure resident needs are being met and the implementation of this plan is being carried out by all stakeholders in the development arena.

It should also be noted that economic cycles will play an impact in the housing market, and those cycles are often out of the control of local leaders and housing advocates and developers. .

*The goals of the strategy recommendations are to facilitate the transition to a balanced housing market that supports the needs of North Platte's households at all stages of their lives.*

**Goal #1: Increase the number and types of housing units to meet the needs of North Platte's current and future residents.**

### Outcomes:

- **Residents have access to a variety of housing options:**
  - Missing Middle housing will account for 20% of the housing types, up from 11.3% today.
- **Working households have access to housing that meets their budget**
  - 20% of new housing construction meets the definition of "Workforce housing".
- **Vacancy rates will reflect a healthy housing market**
  - Homeownership vacancy rates will be between 1.0% and 1.5%, up from 0.61% today.
  - Rental vacancy rates will be between 6% and 8%, currently 6.7%.

### Strategies:

1. Prioritize public funding for projects that incorporate affordable, missing middle and/or workforce housing.

1.1 - Consider performance requirements as a condition for TIF/Micro TIF approval such as a minimum set-aside requirement for affordable or workforce housing units.

1.2 - Incorporate missing middle housing in a portion of Rural Workforce Housing Fund applications.

1.3 - Waive building permit and tap fees for affordable housing projects which are restricted to those earning less than 80% AMI.

2. Explore creating a Community Land Trust

2.1 - Community Land Trusts are designed to ensure the long-term affordability of housing within a particular development. A community land trust is a development where the underlying land is owned, typically, by a trust or community non-profit whose mission is to create affordable housing. The home buyer owns the improvement and is usually granted a long-term lease that is at least the term of the mortgage or 99 years. The key distinction is there is a deed restriction or restrictive covenant running with the land, thus, ensuring affordability by limiting the income of the subsequent home buyers, thus ensuring long-term affordability.

The Land Trust is established to enforce the restrictions, which are civil matters and not under the jurisdiction of the City or County. In lieu of establishing a single-purpose entity for administration of the trust, that function could be carried out by the Lincoln County Community Development Corporation.

3. Explore Shared Risk Loan Pools for higher-risk workforce and affordable housing projects  
Many communities have recently funded targeted shared-risk loan pools that are used to spread the risk in emerging markets. The concept revolves around a loan fund that is seeded through contributions by local banks, businesses, or federal programs such as the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund (CDFI Fund).

Shared risk pools are designed to invest in all types of housing, not just single-family

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for-sale housing. The loan fund can invest in various housing projects as determined by a governing board. The investment capital would be structured as patient capital that is in a subordinate position to the primary debt. **This is not a grant.** The purpose of the investment is to lower the amount of primary debt the project needs to service, thus making the project more financially feasible. When a project is refinanced, in the future, the fund would recoup its investment. Alternatively, the fund could be the primary lender and each investor in the fund would only risk a pro-rata share of the investment.

4. Revise zoning regulations to encourage housing variety and affordability. While the zoning code does permit missing middle housing in some residentially zoned districts, those districts should be expanded.

North Platte should explore encouraging affordable or missing middle housing by amending the code to:

1. Permit (by-right) townhouses /duplex/ condos in R-1 and B-1 districts.
2. Eliminate residential height restrictions for principal structures.
3. Permit higher-density missing middle housing (triplex and quads) under certain conditions such as:
  - Infill lots in the R-1 and B-1 districts
  - When within 1/2 to 1-mile of an existing elementary or middle school
4. Eliminate residential parking requirements, or reduce parking requirements for units with two or fewer bedrooms to 1 space per unit.

## Goal #2: Improve and preserve existing affordable housing.

### Outcomes:

- Existing affordable housing will remain affordable for the most vulnerable residents.
- The overall quality of housing in North Platte will improve

### Strategies:

1. Target redevelopment strategies toward vacant and abandoned properties. The 2021 ACS indicates that of the 1,278 vacant units, 812 (63.5%) are "vacant-other". These units are neither for sale, or for rent, are likely abandoned structures, and can quickly become dilapidated which may lead to neighborhood deterioration and loss of confidence by area residents. These structures can also be rehabilitated and placed in service if the deterioration is not too far along, and should be prioritized as part of any neighborhood revitalization effort.

2. Target CDBG funds toward property improvement for low and moderate income residents. Many low- and moderate-income residents, particularly seniors, struggle to maintain their homes due to rising costs. Additionally, many older homes are not designed for those who may become physically disabled.

3. Develop programs to promote the private renovation of vacant homes. Encourage the promotion of existing programs such as FHA 203K loans. A FHA 203K loan combines the cost of the initial purchase plus the cost of renovations or expansions into one loan product that is insured by FHA. This unique loan product is particularly well suited for those interested in purchasing a vacant house, or one needing substantial renovations. The benefit of the loan product is the interest rates are fixed, and the loan amount is based on the current purchase price, plus the cost of the improvements. The program also protects lenders by allowing them to have the loan insured before the condition and value of the property may offer adequate security.

Despite the benefits, this loan product is not well utilized throughout Nebraska. Only one Nebraska lender has originated a 203(k) loan in the past 12 months:

- Castle & Cooke Mortgage, LLC - Blair

The FHA 203K loan product could be a very useful tool for those who wish to purchase and rehabilitate a home in North Platte. Since the program has not been utilized here, there will be a learning curve for all parties involved.

### Goal #3 Reduce development costs where possible.

#### Outcomes:

- **The amount of housing that meets the definition of “workforce housing” will increase.**

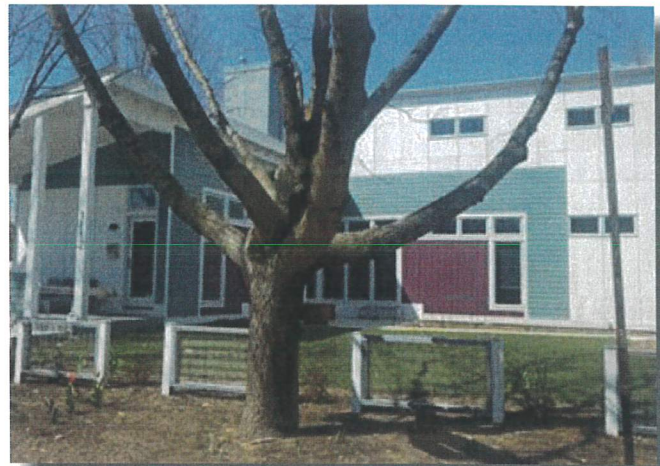
#### Strategies:

1. Explore partnerships with the Nebraska Manufactured Housing Association to work with local housing manufacturers to develop a palette of neighborhood context sensitive home plans that can be constructed on infill lots;

Today's modular and manufactured housing factories can modify almost any set of plans and home design to be constructed in an off-site manufacturing facility. Designs can be contemporary or modern. All of the pictures on this page are examples of modular homes constructed in Indiana.

One of the many concerns expressed was the high cost of construction and lack of quality subcontractors. Modular and manufactured housing (industrialized units) can help bridge this gap. Typically, there are two types of industrialized housing products: modular housing, which is constructed using a state adopted building code, and manufactured housing, which is constructed using a HUD approved building code. For the purposes of this report we will use the generic term “industrialized housing” to refer to both.

Generally speaking, industrialized housing can cost between 10% - 20% less than conventional site-built housing, and depending on the type of product, can be more energy-efficient than conventionally constructed housing.



Note however, the customization options are significantly limited, so this is probably not a product for the upper-end price points, but is a good option for entry-level and moderately priced new construction.

2. Proactively extend public utilities to reduce the costs of development and encourage development in appropriate areas. The cost of extending water and sewer utilities is expensive and significantly adds to the cost of developing land. The city could proactively finance and extend the main lines which would 1) reduce development costs, and 2) actively direct where development will occur in a more planned and orderly manner.



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## Goal #4 Improve household stability

### Outcomes:

- **The number of severely cost burdened renters are reduced**
- **Very low income households are appropriately housed and the risk of homelessness is reduced**

### Strategies:

1. Work with existing subsidized housing owners to ensure their properties are well maintained and the affordable units are preserved. Within North Platte, there are approximately 248 subsidized units within non-public housing developments that serve very low income residents and / or persons with disabilities. These developments provide housing for some of the most vulnerable populations and should be preserved.

2. Work with affordable housing developers to create additional rental housing for very-low income families.

The affordable rental housing gap is approximately 280 rental units targeted to those who earn less than 30% AMI. These households tend to be large families with one wage-earner and may be on the edge of homelessness.

Affordable housing projects seeking public assistance should have a portion of their units targeted toward this income cohort.



## Implementation Matrix

Public Policy Action Items	Partners	Funding	Timeframe
<b>Goal #1: Increase the number and types of housing units to meet the needs of North Platte's current and future residents</b>			
<b>1. Prioritize public funding for projects that incorporate affordable, missing middle and/or workforce housing.</b>	1, 2, 3, 4	1, 3	1 to 3 years
1.1 - Consider performance requirements as a condition for TIF/Micro TIF approval such as a minimum set-aside requirement for affordable or workforce housing units.	1, 4	3	1 to 3 years
1.2 - Incorporate missing middle housing in a portion of Rural Workforce Housing Fund applications.	1, 3, 4	1, 3	1 to 3 years
1.3 - Waive building permit and tap fees for affordable housing projects which are restricted to those earning less than 80% AML.	1	7	1 to 3 years
<b>2. Explore creating a Community Land Trust</b>	1, 3, 4	1, 4, 5	3 to 5 years
<b>3. Explore Shared Risk Loan Pools for higher-risk workforce and affordable housing projects</b>	1, 5	4, 5	3 to 5 years
<b>4. Revise zoning regulations to encourage housing variety and affordability.</b>	1	7	1 to 3 years
4.1 - Permit (by-right) townhouses /duplex/ condos in R-1 and B-1 districts	1	7	1 year
4.2 - Eliminate residential height restrictions for principal structures.	1	7	1 year
4.3 - Conditionally permit higher-density missing middle housing (triplex and quads) under certain conditions such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Infill lots in the R-1 and B-1 districts</li> <li>• When within 1/2 to 1-mile of an existing elementary or middle school</li> </ul>	1	7	1 to 3 years
4.4 - Eliminate residential parking requirements, or reduce parking requirements for units with two or fewer bedrooms to 1 space per unit.	1	7	1 to 3 years

### Organization:

1. North Platte
2. Lincoln County
3. Lincoln County Community Development Corporation (LCCDC)
4. North Platte CRA / Chamber & Dev. Corp.
5. Local Developers / Home Builders

### Incentive Sources:

1. General Funds
2. Bonding
3. TIF
4. Grants
5. Private Funds
6. Sales Tax/Occupational Tax
7. Non-monetary

## Implementation Matrix

Public Policy Action Items	Partners	Funding	Timeframe
<b>Goal #2: Improve and preserve existing affordable housing.</b>			
1. Target redevelopment strategies toward vacant and abandoned properties.	1, 4, 5	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	1 to 3 years
2. Target CDBG funds toward property improvement for low and moderate income residents.	1	4	1 to 3 years
3. Develop programs to promote the private renovation of vacant homes. Encourage the promotion of existing programs such as FHA 203K loans.	1, 5	5	1 to 3 years
<b>Goal #3 Reduce development costs where possible.</b>			
1. Explore partnerships with the Nebraska Manufactured Housing Association to work with local housing manufactures to develop a palette of neighborhood context sensitive home plans that can be constructed on infill lots;	1, 3, 5	1, 4, 5	3 to 5 years
2. Proactively extend public utilities to reduce the costs of development and encourage development in appropriate areas.	1	1, 2, 3, 4	3 to 5 years
3. Evaluate and streamline trade licensing requirements and processes.	1	7	1 to 3 years
<b>Goal #4 Improve household stability</b>			
1. Work with existing subsidized housing owners to ensure their properties are well maintained and the affordable units are preserved.	1, 2, 5	3, 4, 5	5 or more years
2. Work with affordable housing developers to create additional rental housing for very-low income families.	1, 3, 5	1, 3, 4, 7	3 to 5 years

### Organization:

1. North Platte
2. Lincoln County
3. Lincoln County Community Development Corporation (LCCDC)
4. North Platte CRA / Chamber & Dev. Corp.
5. Local Developers / Home Builders

### Incentive Sources:

1. General Funds
2. Bonding
3. TIF
4. Grants
5. Private Funds
6. Sales Tax/Occupational Tax
7. Non-monetary





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# APPENDIX A: FUNDING RESOURCES



The following pages layout many different funding sources available to be used for different aspects of housing and community development. In total there are 15 pages of funding; however, not all of the programs will be appropriate for North Platte.

As this study is implemented, it will be critical for the entities to take advantage of all the programs they can in order to lower the overall out of pocket costs on projects.

The list of funding sources, DOES NOT include local funding tools such as Tax Increment Financing, Sales Tax, Occupation Taxes, Revenue Bonds, and many others. Therefore, these sources are in addition to many of the local funds that could be used as well.



FOUNDATION/ DEPARTMENT/ ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF SUPPORT	DESCRIPTION	TARGET AREA	ELIGIBILITY PROCESS	DEADLINE	CONTACT INFORMATION	WEB ADDRESS
<b>Allstate Foundation</b>	Capital Program	Three (3) focus areas for community investment are: tolerance, inclusion and diversity; safe and vital communities; and economic development.	Statewide	Provides support nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations.	Grant proposals are accepted year round.	The Allstate Foundation West Central Region Grant Committee 10800 East Geddes Avenue Suite 300 Englewood, CO 80112 303.779.3769	<a href="http://www.allstate.com/foundation/funding-guidelines.aspx">http://www.allstate.com/foundation/funding-guidelines.aspx</a>
<b>American Academy of Physicians Foundation</b>	Program	Serves as the philanthropic arm of the American Academy of Family Physicians. Primary goal is to enhance health care delivered to the American people by developing and providing philanthropic resources for the promotion and support of family medicine. A variety of initiatives are supported that relate to scientific, educational, and humanitarian family medicine goals.	Statewide	Residency programs, medical residents and students, AAFP Chapters and individuals.	Grant proposals are accepted year round.	American Academy of Family Physicians Foundation 11400 Tomahawk Creek Parkway, Suite 440 Leawood, KS 66211-2672 913.906.6000	<a href="http://www.aafpfoundation.org">http://www.aafpfoundation.org</a>
<b>Anheuser-Busch Foundation</b>	Program	Supports higher education, through scholarships and mentors. Other causes include health care and human services, minority leadership and economic development, civic, cultural enrichment and environmental conservation.	Nationally with an emphasis around corporate facilities.	Primarily limited to nonprofit 501(c)(3) organizations near A-B facilities.	Grant proposals are accepted year round.	Charitable Contributions Anheuser-Busch Companies, Inc. One Busch Place St. Louis, MO 63118 Toll Free: 1.800.342.5283	
<b>AT&amp;T Foundation</b>	Program	Supports under served populations and promotes education programs that create economic opportunity. Three priority initiatives are supported that focus support. Refer to Web site for more information.	Statewide	Nonprofit organizations	Refer to Web site for details.	AT&T Foundation AT&T Public Relations Contributions Coordinator 5501 LBJ Freeway Room 300E Dallas, TX 75240	<a href="http://www.att.com/gen/corporate-citizenship?pid-7736">http://www.att.com/gen/corporate-citizenship?pid-7736</a>
<b>Ben &amp; Jerry's Foundation</b>	Capital	Supports organizations involved with early childhood development, the environment, AIDS, employment, agriculture, housing, youth citizenship, civil rights, community development, citizen participation, minorities, Native Americans, women, gays and lesbians, immigrants, economically disadvantaged people and homeless people. Special emphasis is directed toward programs designed to facilitate progressive social change and social justice.	Statewide	Giving on a national basis and to U.S. territories. No support for state agencies, basic or direct service organizations or universities programs.	Letters of interest are reviewed on an ongoing basis for grants under \$1,000. There are no deadlines for filing proposals for larger grants	Ben & Jerry's Foundation 30 Community Drive South Burlington, VT 05403 802.846.1500	<a href="http://benjerry.com/foundation/index.html">http://benjerry.com/foundation/index.html</a>

FOUNDATION/ DEPARTMENT/ ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF SUPPORT	DESCRIPTION	TARGET AREA	ELIGIBILITY PROCESS	DEADLINE	CONTACT INFORMATION	WEB ADDRESS
<b>Bernard K. and Norma F. Heuermann Foundation</b>	Program	Supports organizations engaged in activities in rural areas of Nebraska. Areas of focus include education, agriculture, children's services, mentally disabled centers and services, disabled and aging. Types of support include general/operating support, endowment funds, fellowships, research and matching funds.	Rural areas of Nebraska.	Nonprofit 501(c)(3) status. Proposals should identify a special need or project to which funds will be applied and should include objectives to be attained, people or groups who will benefit, work plans or timetables for achieving the stated objectives and any other means of support	Grant proposals are accepted year round.	Bernard K. & Norma F. Heuermann Foundation PO. Box 542080 Omaha, NE 68154-8080	No Web site available.
<b>BF Goodrich Foundation</b>	Program	Makes charitable grants for higher education and adult education and supports exhibits, concerts and other projects that enhance the civic, community and economic vitality of a region. Facilitates making of philanthropic gifts to recognized, tax-exempt organizations by individual and corporate donors.	Statewide in communities in which its employees live and work.	Primarily limited to nonprofit 501(c)(3) organizations where the company and its subsidiaries operate major facilities.	Contact for information.	Foundation Coordinator BF Goodrich Four Coliseum Centre 2730 West Tyvola Road Charlotte, NE 28217-4578 704.423.7000	
<b>Bridgestone Firestone Trust Fund</b>	Program	Supports education, health and welfare, civic affairs and arts in communities where Bridgestone/Firestone has operations.	Communities near Bridgestone/Firestone operations	Nonprofit 501(c)(3) organizations	Contact for information.	Bridgestone Americas, Inc. 535 Marriott Drive PO. Box 140990 Nashville, TN 37214 615.937.1000	firestone.com/trustfund.asp#
<b>"Build-A-Bear Workshop Foundation"</b>	Program	Committed to improving communities and impacting lives through unique philanthropic programs that help children and families, animals, and the environment. Support for health and wellness, education/literacy and disaster recovery is also considered.	Statewide	Nonprofit organizations that help children and families, animals, and the environment directly.	Grant proposals are accepted year round.	The Build-A-Bear Workshop Foundation 1954 Innerbelt Business Center Drive St. Louis, MO 63114-5760 314.423.8000	
<b>Burlington Northern Santa Fe Foundation</b>	Capita Program	Established to support organizations involved with arts and culture, education, health, mental health, hunger, human services, public policy research, civic affairs, senior citizens, Native Americans, women and homeless people	Statewide in communities in which its employees live and work.	501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations.	Contact for information.	Burlington Northern Santa Fe Foundation 5601 West 26th Street Cicero, IL 60804 817.352.3425	

FOUNDATION / DEPARTMENT / ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF SUPPORT	DESCRIPTION	TARGET AREA	ELIGIBILITY PROCESS	DEADLINE	CONTACT INFORMATION	WEB ADDRESS
<b>Cargill Citizenship Committee, Corporate Giving Program</b>	Program	Focuses primarily in three (3) areas: nutrition and health, innovation in education and stewardship of natural resources. To organize community involvement activities, many locations have established Cargill Cares Councils, formalized groups of employees that coordinate volunteer programs and direct resources to meet community needs. Enriched Communities Initiatives is one of Cargill's measures of performance. Cargill businesses also include community involvement as part of annual business plans.	Emphasis on company locations.	501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations, religious organizations and educational organizations.	Contact for information.	Cargill Citizenship Committee Department P.O. Box 5650 Minneapolis, MN 55440 952.742.2931	* <a href="http://cargill.com/commitments/community/index.jsp">http://cargill.com/commitments/community/index.jsp</a> *
<b>Carl and Caroline Swanson Foundation</b>	Program	Supports organizations active in research and charitable activities in the sectors of healthcare, education and outdoor recreation.	Statewide with an emphasis on Omaha-based organizations	Support directed towards 501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations.	Grant proposals are accepted year round.	Frederick S. Bucholz, President Carl and Caroline Swanson Foundation 4935 Battlefield Drive Omaha, NE 68152-1556 402.453.7500	
<b>H &amp; R Block Foundation</b>	Program	Emphasizes supporting programs for under served, low-income persons. Priority areas of giving are in the following areas: arts and culture programs that increase accessibility by all people; community development projects that build stable neighborhoods and communities; education organizations that offer diverse learning opportunities for all ages; and health and human services and youth development programs. Major emphasis is placed on support of activities that serve under served, low-income persons.	Communities with an H&R Block presence.	501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations and educational institutions.	Board meets quarterly. Deadlines for applications are in February, April, July and October	he H&R Block Foundation One H&R Block Way Kansas City, MO 64105 816.854.4361 foundation@hrblock.com*	<a href="http://www.hrblockfoundation.org">http://www.hrblockfoundation.org</a>
<b>Laura Jane Musser Fund</b>	Program	Assists public or nonprofit entities to initiate or implement projects in rural areas to undertake consensus-based activities in environmental stewardship or dispute resolution. The Laura Jane Musser Fund encourages communities, whether represented by local governments, state agencies, or grass-roots not-for-profit organizations, to use a consensus-based approach to environmental decision-making and use a collaborative process to involve key stake holders and local citizens in developing environmental program and policies that satisfy common interests.	Nationally with limited support available to communities in Nebraska	Nonprofit 501(c)(3) organizations, units of local government.	Deadlines different for each grant category Refer to Web site for current information.	The Laura Jane Musser Fund 318 West 48th Street Minneapolis, MN 55419 612.825.2024 ljmusserfund@earthlink.net	<a href="http://www.musserfund.org">http://www.musserfund.org</a>

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Monsanto Fund	Program	All giving falls into one or more of the four priority areas: nutritional improvement through agriculture, the environment, science education and communities.	Funding available internationally with specific interest in the Midwest	501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations	Jan. 1 & July 1	Monsanto Fund 800 North Lindbergh Boulevard St. Louis, Missouri 63167 314.694.4391 monsanto.fund@ monsanto.com	<a href="http://www.monsantofund.org">http://www.monsantofund.org</a>
Nebraska Community Foundation	Capital Program	Provides financial management, strategic development, technical assistance and education/training services to communities, organizations and donors throughout Nebraska via affiliated fund status. The Foundation does not itself provide grants, but facilitates giving through its affiliated funds; information about these affiliated funds is available on the NCF website.	Statewide	Services provided by the Foundation are available to Nebraska communities, charitable organizations and donors.	Deadlines different for each grant category. Contact for information*	Nebraska Community Foundation 650 J Street, Suite 305 P.O. Box 83107 Lincoln, NE 68501 402.323.7330 info@nebcommfound.org	<a href="http://www.nebcommfound.org">http://www.nebcommfound.org</a>
Nebraska Department of Economic Development	Capital Program	Provides grants to nonprofits, local governments and public housing authorities for a number of uses, including developing new single-family housing and low to moderate income rental units, adapting old buildings as rental housing, rehabilitating existing rental properties and administering homebuyer assistance and rehabilitation programs.	Statewide	Nonprofits, local governments and public housing authorities. Competitive funding and allocations determined by regions.	Once a year. Refer to Web site for information.	Nebraska Department of Economic Development P.O. Box 94666 301 Centennial Mall South Lincoln, NE 68509-4666 402.471.3760	<a href="http://www.neded.org">http://www.neded.org</a>
Nebraska Department of Economic Development	Planning	Funds community strategic planning; analyses of impediments and barriers to fair housing choice; neighborhood/comprehensive/ strategic development plans; functional or special studies for housing, infrastructure, community economic development, land use/ regulatory measures, main street improvement district, downtown revitalization, energy conservation and transportation; environmental, heritage tourism, and historic preservation studies; and pre-engineering studies for publicly owned water/wastewater projects. Maximum grant amounts are \$30,000 for community/unincorporated county projects and \$50,000 for multi-community, countywide or regional projects. A 25 percent match is required.	Statewide	Nebraska incorporated municipalities under 50,000 population and Nebraska counties.	As funds are available. Refer to Web site for current deadline	Nebraska Department of Economic Development P.O. Box 94666 301 Centennial Mall South Lincoln, NE 68509-4666 402.471.3760	<a href="http://www.neded.org">http://www.neded.org</a>

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<b>Nebraska Department of Economic Development</b>	Capital Program	Increases the supply and improves the quality of affordable housing in Nebraska, to improve the ability of communities to maintain and develop viable and stable economies. Funds may be used for repair, rehabilitation or reconstruction of owner-occupied homes; acquisition and/or rehabilitation or new construction of homes or affordable rental housing; and organizational operating expenses to increase the capacity of the organization to produce and develop affordable housing.	Statewide	Community-based organizations, local jurisdictions, local/regional housing authorities, community action agencies, reservation-based nonprofit organizations and for-profit entities.	Pre-applications are available in the Spring.	Nebraska Department of Economic Development P.O. Box 94666 301 Centennial Mall South Lincoln, NE 68509-4666 402.471.3760	<a href="http://www.neded.org">http://www.neded.org</a>
<b>Nebraska Investment Finance Authority (NIFA)</b>	Capital	CROWN utilizes the Low- Income Housing Tax Credit program as one financing tool as well as HOME funds, Affordable Housing Trust funds, Federal Home Loan Bank funds, local government grants and loans, and traditional development financing sources. Created as a lease-to-own housing program developed to bring home ownership within reach of very low-income households while assisting local governments in revitalizing neighborhoods. Seeks to construct housing that is decent, safe, and permanently affordable for low-income residents.	Statewide	Developers of projects that create lots suitable for affordable housing targeting incomes at or below 60% of area median income.	On-going	Nebraska Investment Finance Authority Lincoln Office (headquarters) 1230 'O' Street, Suite 200 Lincoln, NE 68508-1402 402.434.3900	<a href="https://www.nifa.org">https://www.nifa.org</a>
<b>Nebraska Investment Finance Authority (NIFA)</b>	Capital Technical	Provides low-interest rate financing for manufacturing facilities, certain farm property, health care facilities, residential rental properties, housing rehabilitation, homeownership, and wastewater treatment and safe drinking water facilities. Has authority to provide financing for public safety communications projects and administer the Federal Low Income Housing Tax Credit program for residential rental property development.	Statewide	Housing or economic development entity, profit or nonprofit, without direct access to property tax revenue streams	Refer to website for current deadlines	Nebraska Investment Finance Authority Lincoln Office (headquarters) 1230 'O' Street, Suite 200 Lincoln, NE 68508-1402 402.434.3900	<a href="http://www.nifa.org">http://www.nifa.org</a>
<b>Nebraska Investment Finance Authority (NIFA)</b>	Capital	Responding to a slowdown in infrastructure development and lot production for affordable units, NIFA created the Infrastructure Loan Guarantee Program in 1996. The program is not a direct loan program; rather, it provides a loan guarantee on all or part of a conventionally originated loan for the development of affordable, targeted lots. A loan guarantee reduces the risk to the private lender, thereby increasing the availability of funding for these types of projects.	Statewide	Developers of projects that create lots suitable for affordable housing targeting incomes at or below 150% of area median income.	On-going	Nebraska Investment Finance Authority Lincoln Office (headquarters) 1230 'O' Street, Suite 200 Lincoln, NE 68508-1402 402.434.3900	<a href="https://www.nifa.org">https://www.nifa.org</a>
<b>Ron and Carol Cope Foundation</b>	Capita Program	Supports charitable, educational, cultural and civic community programs for the residents of Nebraska, with particular interest in the community of Kearney	Contact for details regarding geographic areas of focus.	No application form required. Preference given to nonprofit cultural organizations and public agencies.	Proposals are accepted year round.	Lynne Werner Ron and Carol Cope Foundation P.O. Box 1768 Grand Island, NE 68802-1768	



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Shell Oil Company Foundation	Program	Supports organizations involved with arts and culture, education, the environment, health, children and youth, human services, community development, civic affairs, disabled people, minorities and economically disadvantaged people. Special emphasis is directed toward specific educational, environmental and quality-of-life programs that are aligned with clearly defined educational and social concerns. Giving is provided on a national basis in areas of company operations	Statewide	Nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations.	Contact for information	Shell Oil Company PO Box 2463 Houston, TX 77252 713.241.6161	<a href="https://www.shell.us/sustainability/request-for-a-grant-from-shell.html">https://www.shell.us/sustainability/request-for-a-grant-from-shell.html</a>
"Slosburg Family Charitable Trust"	Capital Program	Focuses contributions in areas of arts, culture, humanities, civil rights and liberties, community improvement and development, education, environmental quality and protection, disease prevention, health improvement and youth development.	Statewide	No application form required. Funding directed to a variety of nonprofit organizations active in charitable activities.	Letters of inquiry may be submitted any time.	D. David Slosburg 10040 Regency Circle Suite 200 Omaha, NE 68114 402.391.7900	
US Bancorp	Capital Technical	Provides cash contributions to nonprofit organizations in priority areas of affordable housing and economic opportunity, education and artistic and cultural enrichment. Support goes to communities where U.S. Bancorp is located and organizations in the community development sector.	Statewide	Section 501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations	October 1	Contact Community Relations at the closest branch	
US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Capital Planning Technical	Administers rural business, cooperative, housing, utilities and community development programs. Rural Development offers financial programs to support essential public facilities and services as water and sewer systems, housing, health clinics, emergency service facilities and electric and telephone service. Rural Development also promotes economic development by offering loans to businesses through banks and community-managed lending pools. Rural Development also offers technical assistance and information to agricultural cooperatives and rural communities.	Statewide	Rural communities with a population of less than 50,000 people and their community partners.	Programs operated continuously. Contact local office for details	USDA Rural Development Nebraska State Office Room 152, Federal Building 100 Centennial Mall North Lincoln, NE 68508 402.437.5551	<a href="http://www.rurdev.usda.gov">http://www.rurdev.usda.gov</a>
US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Capital	Funds, primarily in the form of loans to assist communities to construct, enlarge, extend or improve community facilities providing essential services to rural residents. These services include, fire and emergency, transportation and others. Day care facilities and assisted living centers are also eligible projects. Funds are allocated on the basis of poverty level. Applicants must have the legal authority to borrow and repay loans, to pledge security for loans and to construct, operate and maintain the facilities. They must also be financially sound and able to organize and manage the facility effectively.	Statewide	Public entities such as municipalities, counties and special-purpose districts, as well as nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations and tribal governments in communities less than 20,000 people.	On-going	USDA Rural Development Nebraska State Office Room 152 Federal Building 100 Centennial Mall North Lincoln, NE 68508 402.437.5551	<a href="http://www.rurdev.usda.gov">http://www.rurdev.usda.gov</a>

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US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Technical; Capital	Assists current multi-family housing loan borrowers and their tenants, single-family housing loan borrowers and grant recipients, community facilities loan borrowers and business owners who are victims of a disaster. Utility assistance for communities is also available. Funding is provided through regular USDA Rural Development programs as well as dedicated disaster-related .	Presidential disaster areas	Must be currently borrowing or receiving support from USDA Rural Development. Refer to the Web site to verify your county is covered under current programming.	Offered as required	USDA Rural Development Nebraska State Office Room 152 Federal Building 100 Centennial Mall North Lincoln, NE 68508 402.437.5551	<a href="http://www.rurdev.usda.gov">http://www.rurdev.usda.gov</a>
US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Capital	Provides capital financing for the development of housing for domestic farm laborers. Typically, loan applicants are unable to obtain credit elsewhere, but in some instances, farmers able to get credit elsewhere may obtain loans at a rate of interest based on the cost of federal borrowing. Funds may be used in urban areas for nearby farm labor. This is the only exception to the Housing and Community Facilities Programs rural service area guidelines.	Statewide	Farmers, associations of farmers, family farm corporations, federally recognized tribes, nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations, public agencies and associations of farm workers.	On-going	USDA Rural Development Nebraska State Office Room 152 Federal Building 100 Centennial Mall North Lincoln, NE 68508 402.437.5551	<a href="http://www.rurdev.usda.gov">http://www.rurdev.usda.gov</a>
US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Capital	Helps rural communities and individuals by providing loans and grants for housing and community facilities. Funding can be provided for single family homes, apartments for low- income persons or the elderly, housing for farm laborers, childcare centers, fire and police stations, hospitals, libraries, nursing homes, schools and much more	Statewide	Public entities such as municipalities, counties and special-purpose districts, as well as nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations and tribal governments.	Ongoing - refer to Web site for current application deadlines.	USDA Rural Development Nebraska State Office Room 152 Federal Building 100 Centennial Mall North Lincoln, NE 68508 402.437.5551	<a href="http://www.rurdev.usda.gov">http://www.rurdev.usda.gov</a>
US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Capital	Provides grants to sponsoring organizations for the repair or rehabilitation of low- or very low- income housing. The grants are competitive and are made available in areas where there is a concentration of need.	Statewide	State agencies, units of local government, federally recognized tribes and nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations.	Ongoing - refer to Web site for current application deadlines.	USDA Rural Development Nebraska State Office Room 152 Federal Building 100 Centennial Mall North Lincoln, NE 68508 402.437.5551	<a href="http://www.rurdev.usda.gov">http://www.rurdev.usda.gov</a>

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US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Capital Planning Technical	Targets technical assistance to help communities through strategic planning or leadership development, developing and strengthening partnerships and finding financial resources. Combines an array of resources to meet the community's needs as opposed to expecting the community to fit into a government program. Technical assistance involves helping a community bring all of their community development components (i.e., business, housing, medical, education, infrastructure, recreation, etc.) together as a team to build the community successfully.	Presidential disaster areas	Must be currently borrowing or receiving support from USDA Rural Development. Refer to the Web site to verify your county is covered under current programming.	Offered as required	USDA Rural Development Nebraska State Office Room 152 Federal Building 100 Centennial Mall North Lincoln, NE 68508 402.437.5551	<a href="http://www.rurdev.usda.gov">http://www.rurdev.usda.gov</a>
US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	Capital	Provides housing assistance to very low- and low-income applicants to purchase, build or rehabilitate a home in a rural area. Payment assistance is available to eligible applicants and may lower the effective interest rate on a mortgage to as little as one percent. For the RHS Section 502 Guaranteed Loan Program - the goal is to provide credit assistance to applicants whose income does not exceed 115 percent of the area median income. All loan processing is done in Rural Development field offices. For the Guaranteed Loan Program - the goal is to provide assistance to low- and moderate- income rural families unable to obtain credit from other sources. Loan applications are processed by private lenders, with RHS guaranteeing the lender against loss. Loans are financed at a market rate determined by the lender and have a term of 30 years.	Nationwide	Very low- and low-income rural families unable to obtain credit from other sources.	On-going	USDA Rural Development Nebraska State Office Room 152 Federal Building 100 Centennial Mall North Lincoln, NE 68508 402.437.5551	<a href="http://www.rurdev.usda.gov">http://www.rurdev.usda.gov</a>
US Department of Energy	Technical	Works with state partners, industry professionals and manufacturers to improve the energy efficiency of new and existing buildings.	Statewide	State agencies, units of local government, federally recognized tribes and nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations.	On-going	U.S. Department of Energy Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy PA.20/Forrestal Building 1000 Independence Avenue SW Washington, D.C. 20585 Toll Free: 1.877.337.3463	<a href="http://www1.eere.energy.gov">http://www1.eere.energy.gov</a>
US Department of Energy	Technical	Provides technical assistance to encourage cost-effective, durable and energy-efficient building reconstruction in the wake of disasters. The application of proven building technologies and designs can make a long-term difference in areas vulnerable to natural disasters, resulting in safer, healthier, more economically viable communities that are less susceptible to disaster.	Statewide	State agencies, units of local government, federally recognized tribes and nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations.	On-going	U.S. Department of Energy Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy PA.20/Forrestal Building 1000 Independence Avenue SW Washington, D.C. 20585 Toll Free: 1.877.337.3463	<a href="http://www1.eere.energy.gov">http://www1.eere.energy.gov</a>

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US Department of Energy	Technical	Provides technical assistance and works with states and regions to provide technical assistance and analysis support for policies, market mechanisms and programs that facilitate competitive, reliable, environmentally-sensitive, customer-friendly electric markets.	Statewide	State agencies, units of local government, federally recognized tribes and nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations.	On-going	U.S. Department of Energy Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy PA.20/Forrestal Building 1000 Independence Avenue SW Washington, D.C. 20585 Toll Free: 1.877.337.3463	<a href="http://www1.eere.energy.gov">http://www1.eere.energy.gov</a>
US Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)	Capital Technical	Supports community development corporations to assist businesses that create jobs for low-income individuals. Allocations of grants are based on a formula equation for low-income persons. Projects may include manufacturing, technology, retail, agriculture and construction sectors. Grant projects must be located in low-income communities and attract other private and public capital investment. The long-term goal is to revitalize communities through the creation of jobs for low-income individuals.	Statewide - targeted towards low-income communities.	Eligibility is restricted to private, locally initiated, nonprofit community development corporations (or affiliates of such corporations) governed by residents of the community and business and civic leaders.	Ongoing.	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families Office of Community Services Community Economic Development Program 370 L'Enfant Promenade SW 5th Floor Washington, D.C. 20447 202.401.5663	<a href="http://www.acf.hhs.gov">http://www.acf.hhs.gov</a>
US Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)	Capital Technical	Promotes and supports projects that address economic self-sufficiency for low-income persons and distressed communities by awarding funds to community development corporations (CDCs) to create employment and business development opportunities. Grants are awarded to cover project costs for business start-up or expansion and the development of new products and services. Funded projects are to create new employment or business opportunities for low-income individuals.	Statewide - targeted towards low-income communities.	Private, nonprofit CDCs experienced in developing and managing economic development projects.	Ongoing.	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families Office of Community Services Community Economic Development Program 370 L'Enfant Promenade SW 5th Floor Washington, D.C. 20447 202.401.5663	<a href="http://www.acf.hhs.gov">http://www.acf.hhs.gov</a>

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US Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)	Capital Technical	Provides training and technical assistance to low -income rural communities in developing and managing affordable, safe water and wastewater treatment facilities. Activities include improving coordination among federal, State and local agencies in water waste management and providing assistance in obtaining funding for construction, upgrade and repair of facilities.	Statewide - targeted towards low- income communities.	Multi-state, regional, private, nonprofit 501(c)(3) tax- exempt organizations.	Ongoing	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Administration for Children and Families Office of Community Services Community Economic Development Program 370 L'Enfant Promenade SW 5th Floor Washington, D.C. 20447 202.401.5663	<a href="http://www.acf.hhs.gov">http://www.acf.hhs.gov</a>
US Department of Homeland Security	Technical	Provides technical assistance to encourage cost -effective, durable and energy-efficient building reconstruction in the wake of disasters. The application of proven building technologies and designs can make a long-term difference in areas vulnerable to natural disasters, resulting in safer, healthier, more economically viable communities that are less susceptible to disaster.	Nationwide	States capable of performing floodplain management activities.	On-going	Federal Emergency Management Agency (Region VII) 9221 Ward Parkway, Suite 300 Kansas City, MO 64114-3372 816.283.7063	<a href="http://www.fema.gov">http://www.fema.gov</a>
US Department of Homeland Security	Program; Technical	Supports disaster legal services that address: free legal advice and referrals, assistance with insurance claims, counseling on landlord/tenant problems, assistance with home repair contracts, assistance in consumer protection matters, counseling on mortgage foreclosure problems, replacement of wills and other important legal documents, drafting powers of attorney, estate administration, preparation of guardianships and conservatorships and referrals to local and state agencies for additional assistance.	Members of local communities impacted by Presidential declared disasters.	Victims of Presidential declared disasters who are unable to secure legal services and advice as a result of the disaster. No formal application needed.	On-going	Federal Emergency Management Agency (Region VII) 9221 Ward Parkway, Suite 300 Kansas City, MO 64114-3372 816.283.7063*	<a href="http://www.fema.gov">http://www.fema.gov</a>
US Department of Homeland Security	Technical	Provides financial payments and/or direct services, when appropriate, when there is disaster-related damage to an individual's dwelling (structural property) making the dwelling unsafe, unsanitary and unfit to occupy. Housing assistance can be used for renting a different place to live and/or repairing/replacing the damaged dwelling. (Note: FEMA may provide direct services in the form of manufactured housing units if rental resources are limited in the disaster area).	Presidential disaster areas.	Applicants must sign a declaration stating that they are U.S. citizens, non-citizen nationals or qualified aliens to be considered for IHP assistance. Other disaster- specific eligibility criteria may also apply.	On-going	Federal Emergency Management Agency (Region VII) 9221 Ward Parkway, Suite 300 Kansas City, MO 64114-3372 816.283.7063	

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US Department of Homeland Security	Capital	Enables individuals to purchase insurance against losses from physical damage to or loss of buildings and/or contents therein caused by floods, mudflow or flood-related erosion, and to promote wise floodplain management practices in the nation's flood-prone areas. In order for a community to participate in the NFIP, the community must agree to adopt and enforce floodplain management ordinances, particularly with respect to new construction. These measures take a variety of forms and generally include requirements for zoning, subdivisions or buildings and special-purpose floodplain ordinances.	States and communities located within identified floodplains	Communities that have adopted and enforce appropriate floodplain management ordinances.	On-going	In Nebraska, contact: Federal Emergency Management Agency (Region VII) 9221 Ward Parkway, Suite 300 Kansas City, MO 64114-3372 816.283.7063	
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Technical	Provides technical assistance to encourage cost-effective, durable and energy-efficient building reconstruction in the wake of disasters. The application of proven building technologies and designs can make a long-term difference in areas vulnerable to natural disasters, resulting in safer, healthier, more economically viable communities that are less susceptible to disaster	Statewide	State agencies, units of local government, federally recognized tribes and nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations.	On-going	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	Hud.gov
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Supports the rehabilitation and repair of single family properties and is an important tool for community and neighborhood revitalization and for expanding homeownership opportunities. Lenders use the Section 203(k) program in partnership with state and local housing agencies and nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations to rehabilitate properties. These lenders, along with state and local government agencies, tend to combine Section 203(k) with other financial resources, such as HUD's HOME, HOPE and Community Development Block Grant Programs, to assist borrowers. Several state housing finance agencies have designed programs, specifically for use with Section 203(k) and some lenders have also used the expertise of local housing agencies and nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations to help manage the rehabilitation processing.	Statewide	State agencies, units of local government, federally recognized tribes and nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations.	On-going	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	http://www.hud.gov

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US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Seeks to develop viable communities by promoting integrated approaches that provide decent housing, a suitable living environment and expand economic opportunities for low and moderate income persons. CPD allocates block grant and disaster recovery funding to states, large cities (population greater than 50,000) and urban counties (greater than 200,000 outside large cities).	Nationwide	States, units of general local government, federally recognized tribes, area-wide planning organizations and other qualified groups designated by or assisting one or more such governmental units.	Allocated by formula based on factors such as population, poverty and housing distress	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Provides funding for housing, economic development, public facilities and public services that primarily benefit low- and moderate-income persons, eliminate slum and blight or meet an urgent need; as determined by states, cities and urban counties. There are two CDBG programs available to local communities - Entitlement, Community funding and State administered CDBG funds. Entitlement communities have populations larger than 50,000 and demonstrate funding needs for revitalizing neighborhoods, economic development activities and providing improved community facilities and services. State administered CDBG funds are available to cities with populations less than 50,000 or counties less than 200,000. Funding from HUD is allocated by a formula based on factors such as	Nationwide	States, units of general local government, federally recognized tribes, area-wide planning organizations and other qualified groups designated by or assisting one or more such governmental units.	Allocated by formula based on factors such as population, poverty and housing distress	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Provides funding, in the form of loans, to states, cities and counties that administer CDBG funds, based on their annual CDBG allocation, for economic development projects that create or retain jobs for low- and moderate-income persons. Allocated by formula based on factors such as population, poverty and housing distress.	Statewide	States, units of general local government, federally recognized tribes, area-wide planning organizations and other qualified groups designated by or assisting one or more such governmental units.	On-going	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>

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US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Technical Assistance	Administers programming designed to improve the effectiveness of HUD grants and issues related to homelessness, affordable housing and finance and community and economic development. The intent of Community Planning and Development Programs Technical Assistance is to provide assistance for grassroots organizations that access and utilize HUD's programs and resources. Resources available from HUD enable neighborhoods and communities with the greatest need to achieve the highest level of performance and results in community development programming.	Statewide	States, units of general local government, federally recognized tribes, area-wide planning organizations and other qualified groups designated by or assisting one or more such governmental units.	On-going	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Addresses the housing needs of persons living with HIV/AIDS and their families. HOPWA makes grants to local communities, states and nonprofit, tax-exempt organizations for projects that benefit low-income persons medically diagnosed with HIV/AIDS and their families.	Statewide	States, units of general local government, federally recognized tribes, area-wide planning organizations and other qualified groups designated by or assisting one or more such governmental units.	On-going	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Provides emergency assistance to state and local governments to acquire and redevelop foreclosed properties that might otherwise become sources of abandonment and blight within their communities. NSP provides grants to every State and certain local communities to purchase foreclosed or abandoned homes and to rehabilitate, resell or redevelop these homes in order to stabilize neighborhoods and stem the decline of house values of neighboring homes.	Statewide	States, units of general local government, federally recognized tribes, area-wide planning organizations and other qualified groups designated by or assisting one or more such governmental units.	Contact for information	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>



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US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Develops viable communities by providing decent housing and a suitable living environment and by expanding economic opportunities. The state must ensure that 70 percent of its CDBG grant funds are used for activities that benefit low- and moderate-income persons over a one, two or three year time period. Under unique circumstances, states may also use their funds to meet urgent community development needs. The competitive program funds a variety of projects such as streets, sanitary sewers, water facilities, storm sewers, bridges and facilities for persons with disabilities.	Statewide	Cities with populations of less than 50,000 (except cities that are designated principal cities of Metropolitan Statistical Areas) and counties with populations of less than 200,000.	Contact for information	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Provides grants annually on a noncompetitive basis to "substantially equivalent" state and local fair housing enforcement agencies. FHAP-funded activities help protect families and individuals who believe they have been victims of discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, disability or familial status (i.e., the presence of children) in the sale, rental or financing of housing. The FHAP supports a variety of fair housing administrative and enforcement activities, including complaint processing, training, implementation of data and information systems and other special projects.	Statewide	States, units of general local government, federally recognized tribes, area-wide planning organizations and other qualified groups designated by or assisting one or more such governmental units.	Contact for information	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Makes technical assistance available to state and local agencies with civil rights concerns in HUD-assisted programs. Title VI provides for HUD's investigation and remediation of discrimination complaints.	Statewide	States, units of general local government, federally recognized tribes, area-wide planning organizations and other qualified groups designated by or assisting one or more such governmental units. Individuals who feel themselves to be a victim of housing discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin in a program receiving HUD assistance may file a complaint.	On-going	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>

FOUNDATION / DEPARTMENT / ORGANIZATION	TYPE OF SUPPORT	DESCRIPTION	TARGET AREA	ELIGIBILITY PROCESS	DEADLINE	CONTACT INFORMATION	WEB ADDRESS
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Ensures safe, decent and affordable housing, creates opportunities for residents' self-sufficiency and economic independence and assures the fiscal integrity of all program participants. Programming by PIH supports nonprofit and governmental providers of public housing projects.	Statewide	States, units of general local government, federally recognized tribes, area-wide planning organizations and other qualified groups designated by or assisting one or more such governmental units.	On-going	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Awards grants to organizations and groups through a competitive process. Funding is announced through Notices of Funding Availability (NOFAs) that describe funding available and application procedure. Many of PIH's opportunities are found within HUD's annual SuperNOFA. Programs under the PIH are the HOPE VI program, Indian Community Development Block Grant (ICDBG) program and Resident Opportunities and Self Sufficiency (ROSS) program.	Statewide	States, units of general local government, federally recognized tribes, area-wide planning organizations and other qualified groups designated by or assisting one or more such governmental units.	On-going	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Provides tenant-based rental assistance for eligible families in privately owned rental housing.	Statewide	Municipalities, HUD employees, representatives/ staff/owners of multi-family housing and public housing authorities.	On-going	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>
US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)	Capital	Gathers, validates, analyzes and scores data to assess the physical condition of all public housing and multi-family-assisted properties, financial soundness of public and assisted housing, customer satisfaction at HUD-assisted housing properties, management capabilities and income eligibility of rental subsidy recipients. (State and larger local government grantees of HUD can carry out assessment tasks and typically have local data.)	Statewide	Municipalities, HUD employees, representatives/ staff/owners of multi-family housing and public housing authorities.	On-going	Omaha Field Office Edward Zorinsky Federal Building Suite 329 1616 Capitol Avenue Omaha, NE 68102-4908 402.492.3100	<a href="http://www.hud.gov">http://www.hud.gov</a>

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United States Internal Revenue Service (Opportunity Zones)	Capital	An Opportunity Zone is an economically-distressed community where new investments, under certain conditions, may be eligible for preferential tax treatment. Localities qualify as Opportunity Zones if they have been nominated for that designation by the state and that nomination has been certified by the Secretary of the U.S. Treasury via his delegation authority to the Internal Revenue Service.	Specifically Identified Areas	Previously designated Opportunity Zone	On-going		<a href="https://www.irs.gov">https://www.irs.gov</a>